Ohe atews and derald winnsboro, s.

## Thursday, November 8. : : : 1877

R. MBANS DAVIS, Editor

JNO. S. REYNOLDS, Assoclato Editor
Colonel Haskell delivered an able address to the pooplo of Lattrens, last week, on tho dignity of honest labor.
The Washington correspondent of The Neios and Courier says that Col. Aikon and Cain and Rainoy votod against a ropeal of tho resumption act, while Col. Evins voted for repeal. Wo biven gotton far enough in politica finances of the United States, to know which is right. It is hardly possible tl

Mas. T. B. Fraser, of Sumter, has been suggested for Associnte Justice. Major Fraser is ono of the lending lawyers of the eastern seetion; and his head is as clear as a bell. His counsols in tho State characterized by wisdom and eve ness. Major Fraser would bo an acquisition to the supreme bench but will two eastern men bo placed there? We do not favor sectional prejuclices, but the peoplo may want a general distribution.
Charleston olams that the upcountry is projudiced against her and yet when $n$ mammoth fair for the whole State is in preparation we are told that Churleston i taking no active steps to bo represented. Is that the way to restoro
friendship? If Charleston holds aloof on such ocensions, can sho bo surprised that when the up-country farmors wish supplies they sond beyond the State? We speak in a friendly spirit, for we regret extremely to see the metropolis and the back country standing apart.

The United States Semate stood, before Morton's denth, thirty-nine Republienns, thirty-three Democrats, Judge Davis, Independent and Louisiana and South Carolina not represented. It will now thirty -four Democrats and one In dopendent. Judgo Davis attends no caucuses, but often sides with the Democrats. In two years the Sonato will be Democratic any way but the admission of Spofford, Eustis and Butler would sooner make the change. It is thought that the Hayes Republicans will advocate seating theso gentlemen, because the Senate will soon be Democratic anyhow; and it would be better for the President to have the majority in that body friendly to bim, than by aiding the factious opposition of the extreme Radicale to autagonize the Democrats Hayes will present the spectacle of a President who has outlived his party.

The Judicial Elections
Apropos of the olection of judgos, the Register has examined the record and gives the proceedings of the convention that ordained the conflicting sectious of the Constitution. It says:
On page 617 of the proceedings portod as follows: "The State shall be divided into convenient circuits and for each circuit a judgo shanll bo elected by the quatified elcetors for a term of four years, and during his continuance in office he shall reside in the circuit of which he is
Mi. C. C. Bowon moved to strike the words "of the State," which wert not agreed to. Mr. C. Mr. Wilder moved to strike, out the words "qualified electors" and insort the words "by joint vote of the Gencral Assembly." Debate ensued upon
this proposition, sad quite a num. this proposition, snd quite a num-
ber of those who nfterwards bore such a conspicuous part in the
degradation of the judicinry system participated in the discussion.
The question was taken on the
the affirmative by yoas 65, nays 24.
There is nothing further coninined in the proceedings relative to the manner of yoting for circuit judges
until the final passage of Art. 4,
which we which was adopted twolvo days
after the amendment after the amondment was passed. The artiele was read by Bections,
and as ratified contains the words "joint ballot." How did this occur? It was not by authority of the con--
vention, and the only rational exvention, and the only rational ex-
planation is that the meaning of planation is that the meaning of
the torms employed was not fully the torms employed was not fully
comprohended by tho members prosent. It was only two days
before the final adjournment, and if the word "ballot" was inserted by an engrossing clek under a misapprohension of terms, the differonce
failed to attract nttention. Whether or not tho Supremo Court will entertain this conversion of terms, as material, in cousidering the
authority given by tho Constitution authority given by tho Constitution Callot, wo aro unable to conjecture. undisturbed from the time it was surreptitionsly placed there on the
final passago of tho section. although the practico has been uniform in disregarding its pres-
ence, until the Democrats came into power. It is an importint question, howerer, and the highest interests
of the State demand an carly solution. Six circuit judges are on the byen without having been chosen State Constitution, as it was adoper ed on the 14th day of April, 1869, and justice to all parties requires
that there should be no doubl as to the validity of their titles.
If six julyes were not chosen in ceordanco with the provisions of a section in the Constitution, another juige was not elected in accordance with the provisions of a aifferent section, equally plain. In names of those voting, with the candidates for whom they vote, be entered on the journal? If we are to fly in the tecth of a part of the Constitution, in whatever way the Constitution, in whatever way the
election is held, it seems to us election is held, it seems to us
better to disregard that section which is incongruous, and at variance with the whole spirit of the Constitution, as declared in the provisions for other elections.
[comanicated.]

## TRLAL TVSTICES

## Messrs. Editors:

Public attention seems of late to have been particularly drawn to y statute trinl justices been said and written concerning the system of the administration of tho laws by trial justices, and loubtless good gromads havo ex. isted for all the complaints that have been made in regard to the system, or rather to the abuses that have grown upon it. It is a
well established principle that well established principle that
courts of justice are created primarily to punish evil-doors, and no tribumal so crented can accomplish its mission miless directed intelligently, and with an eye single to its original design. This lends me to remark that no systom inaugu rated for the purposes just outignorant and uninformed persons Nor can the trial justice system ever bo brought to subserve the object of its conception so long as men are appointed to the office of trial justice simply because they are good, honest, clover fellows, without regard to the question of their fitness for the position. It is preposterous to say that tho laws
can bo intelligently and properly administored by men who on the day bofore thair induction into oflice did not know the difference between the Revised Statutes and Homer's Ilind. It is equally absurd to supposo that a man, wholly macquainted with tho rules of ovidence, can conduct the judicial trial of a person accused of a crime, whero frequently questions aro sprung touching the ndmissibility and competency of testimony. It does not follow from this reasoning appointted trial justices, but it do follow that intelligent, well -ducat ed mon only should have confided to them so rosponsible o who have the capacity to take in knowledge and upon the legal sarily requisite to the proper ad-
ministration of tho office. $A$ trial
justice need not be a practising justice need not bo $\AA$ practising
attorney, but he certainly should possess, or subsequently acquire, from the slo logal imformation, both from the statutes and from text-
books. If ho is totally ignorn tho laws ho is totally ignorant of and has neithor the desire nor the ambition to inform himself, then he is committing a crime ngainst society in accepting a position in wo much responsibility.
Forbeur: then, Messrs. Editors, to condemn a system that has not the a a fair trial. Rather expose Let the incompeteney of those who vainly attempt to alminister the laws under it be fully laid hare. If
it can be demenst.ated that persons possessing the requisito qualifications cen not bo formd to condact
the system properly, th:en abolish the system properly, then abolish
it alfogether. There is no doubt but that it hats been a great burden upon most communities, not of
itself, but because of its abuses. If these ean not bo remediod,
erase it from tho statute book.

## An oriental traveiler deseribes this

busy sceno witnessed on historio hoyes: "Our stemerer handed on a beach whieh was the port of Anti-.
oeh, where the disciples were first town Christians. There was no no wharf. The passengers ned the
merchandise were pui ashore in merchandise were put ashore in
lighters, which ram up into the sand. A troop of camels, with their driv-
ers, hay on the beach, ready to transers, lay on the beach, ready to trans
fer tho goods into the interior. boxes marked 'Dr.J. C. Aver \& Co., Lowshi, Mass., U. S. A, showing
that they centained medicines mid and whence they cane. These backs of camels, for transportation
to Antioch. Thus the skill of west semds back its remedies to heal he maludies of populations that on spiritual manat came."- Wire

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Biy O. R. Tllompson, lisq, Probute Julle.
W mereas, Robert Halsell hath of administration of tho ostate and offects Poter Halsoll, deceused:
aneso nre thereforo to cito and nalm inish of the said Peter Halsell, deecessed, that HiProbato, to be held at Farriold Court House, s. C.,on the 21st day of November
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oodock in tho forenoon, to show causo, if

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$\mathrm{Y}^{0 \mathrm{O}}$ nro horoby requirod to nipenar at





Given ander my hand nnd sonl, this
4th day of October. A. D. 1877 .

TO the defondants Daniel W. Gladden

Jano Mingo his wifo
$\int_{\text {netion, of thinch tho summons in thi }}^{\text {AKF net }}$

Court, At, Winnsboro, in tho county o
Finirfol, in tho Stato of South Carolin


oot 9-x1nwo

weekly edition,

WINNSBORO, S.

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