

Those independent gubernatorial candidates in Mississippi and Virginia don't seem to be making much noise.

Since people have been so anxious to marry Governor Hampton off, it may gratify them to learn that he is traveling in company with the Misses Everts. Among the eleven daughters of the Secretary of State, he ought certainly to get suited.

The Democrats of New Jersey have nominated Gen. G. B. McClellan for governor. There were a number of aspirants for the position, but he was chosen on the first ballot. This is a capital selection. McClellan is known and honored everywhere as a brave and skillful soldier, while he has since the war kept himself aloof from political juggling.

The Massachusetts Republicans have renominated Governor Rice. There is no reason why he shall not be elected, though by a reduced majority.

The Impending Conflict.

The extra session of Congress in October will be anxiously awaited by politicians. The organization of both branches of that body will take place then, and the extent of the opposition to Hayes and his Southern policy will be developed. The administration is naturally anxious, and is waiting to see what will be the attitude of the South. Hayes wants to break up the solid South. But competent judges think he has taken a bad way to do it. Instead of filling the Federal offices with conservative Southern men, he has suffered all the patronage to fall into the hands of the same old Radical gangs that have already prostituted their power. Louisiana has been given over to the returning board, and this has antagonized the other Radical faction; so that it is prophesied that Packard and Kellogg in their fight over the administration will receive strong Southern Radical support.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald speaks as follows on the complication:

It is the intention of these men to represent to their friends that the condition of Louisiana is no better than it was under Kellogg; that the negroes have no rights; that "men are killed just the same;" and that Nichols is a weak man, incapable of ruling the State. In fact it would not be surprising to see an attempt made to hoist the "bloody shirt" once more, and certainly if any Northern senators are inclined to do so they will find ready and efficient help in Southern Republicans.

In the Senate, when it meets, Kellogg, from Louisiana, and Corbin, from South Carolina, will appear for their seats, and there is likely to be a sharp and prolonged contest over these men. The Senate is now so closely divided that the Republicans will not willingly surrender even one vote. They are likely to lose Patterson, of South Carolina, and if he should come to grief the Legislature would elect a Democrat in his place. If Louisiana should have two Democratic senators and South Carolina the same, the senate would stand thirty-seven Democrats, thirty-eight Republicans, and Judge Davis, an independent. It stands now thirty-nine Republicans, thirty-three Democrats, an independent, and three contested seats. Judge Davis, it is thought, will generally vote with the Democrats on great measures, and especially on the admission of Southern senators, and Mr. Morton's illness reduces the available Republican vote by one. It is plain the Republicans will do their utmost to put in the Republican contestants from South Carolina and Louisiana. To do otherwise would be to give up their control of the senate. But it is believed here that the President does not favor the admission of Kellogg and Corbin. It is remembered that Senator Morton, who acted as the President's friend at the extra session in March, put off both their cases, he being chairman of the committee on elections. It is certain that the Democrats will make a vigorous struggle against the admission of Kellogg or Corbin, as men who do not in any way represent their States.

There is thus reason to expect a bitter and prolonged struggle over these contestants, which will begin as soon as Congress meets, and will not easily be settled. And it would not be surprising if this contest should open up the whole Southern settlement, and be made the occasion for a general attack on the President and his policy by the combined senatorial army of sore-heads.

Freight Discrimination.

Messrs. Editors:

All parts of our State except those accessible to competing points are suffering from the unwise and unjust discrimination in freights upon our railroads. This gives rise to the belief among many that certain sections of the State would be better off without railroads, and among others to the wish now generally expressed to build competing roads. I am sure this is not the remedy, for we have enough railroads for the present and some years to come, in the impoverished condition of the people. A railroad is only a necessity when under proper management it will pay a dividend to its stockholders. This rule might prove that in this State there are already too many railroads, but that they do not pay I think in most cases results from mismanagement. The South Carolina Railroad has for years been in the hands of a set of Bourbons or worse, and the other roads leading to Columbia are in the hands of sharpers. Extravagant salaries and insane efforts to secure through business, with a reckless disregard of the interests of the sections through which they pass, are among the causes of the failure of these roads. Railroads, just as any local enterprise, in order to build up and enrich the community, should be profitable to their stockholders, and when, under honest economical management, they are not thus profitable, they ought to shut up shop. They have the natural right to charge for their services enough to effect this end, even should people be compelled for economy to return in some cases to the old wagon road. For the laborer is worthy of his hire. We have no right to complain of high charges if the work is done as cheaply as can be justly afforded, but we do claim that no railroad should have the power to build up or destroy towns at pleasure, and to paralyze the industry of an entire State. This power they ruthlessly exercise by their freight discriminations, and it should be restricted by the Legislature. The evil has been removed in the North-west by enactments requiring that all freights shall be charged in exact proportion to the weight and the number of miles transported. Without going entirely this far, I think we may accomplish the end by for bidding a greater charge for any distance than for a longer distance. This will place all intermediate points upon an equitable footing with terminal points, and at the same time permit the transaction of through business. Thus a railroad might or might not charge more for freight from Charlotte to Augusta than from Charlotte to Winnsboro, but it would be prohibited from charging less. I trust that a searching investigation will be made into the affairs of the railroads by the Legislature, and that the unscrupulous men who now manage them will be shorn of their power.

The Moffet registering machines have been introduced into nearly all the bar-rooms in Richmond. The liquor dealers have abolished the credit system, and now do business only on a cash basis. A State official who is known throughout the Commonwealth of Virginia, went into a saloon last Monday and called for a glass of lager. It was delightfully cool and he was about three minutes in swallowing it, after which he wiped his lips with his handkerchief and eyed the barkeeper suspiciously. "You forgot to turn the crank," said he, quite sternly. "Yes, but you have forgotten to pay me," was the response. A five cent piece rang on the counter, the bell sounded, the door moved, and the barkeeper announced that the public debt of Virginia had been reduced half a cent.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

At last accounts, Sherman was the only cabinet officer left in Washington.

Tweed is telling his story to a commission in New York. He implicates prominent Democrats and Republicans.

Republican Ohio clerks in Washington have been ordered to go home and vote. They are not anxious to do so.

Secretary Thompson is showing up a number of fraudulent contracts made by Secretary Robeson, of the navy, just before leaving Grant's cabinet.

An American builder took a contract to build a three-story house in St. John in four days of last week or no pay. Appropriately, this live builder's name was Live.

President Hayes recently visited Morton at his bedside, and kissed him twice. It will be remembered that Beecher and Tilton likewise kissed.

The American rifle team again beat the British team at Creedmoor, by 92 points, making the unprecedented score of 3460 points out of a possible 3600.

President Hayes had a reception in Louisville, Ky., on the 17th. Rev. Dr. Stuart Robinson delivered the address of welcome. Governor Hampton was present, on his way home.

Ex-Senator Sawyer, of this State, is on trial, with others, in Washington, for conspiracy and for passing fraudulent claims. Two claims of \$57,000 for abandoned cotton are involved.

The Mormon apostles have received a new revelation from Heaven. It is a tame affair, and reflects no credit on its author. The gist of the revelation is that the apostles are to "run the machine."

Since Adelina Patti has been worsted in her divorce suit, she is being universally snubbed. Not long since she was the most petted of all the prima donnas.

The commission to Sitting Bull, after leaving Fort Shaw, the last outpost, must travel two hundred miles over the country before reaching his supposed present rendezvous.

The Cuban patriots recently received a cargo of arms and munitions. The departure of the vessel was reported by Spanish spies, who are in Southern ports, but too late to have the vessel intercepted.

Stanley has written another letter to the New York Herald. He has reached the mouth of the Congo. In three years he has traversed thousands of miles, fought thirty-two battles with the savages, discovered the source of the Nile, and played the mischief generally.

Mrs. Myra Clark Gaines, apparently tired of waiting for compromises with the possessors of her property in New Orleans, has just sent out writs of possession for five different pieces of property on Rampart street, and intends, it is said, to send out others soon.

The colored people of North Carolina are to hold a delegate convention in Raleigh on the 18th of October to devise plans for their educational, material and moral advancement as a race, which, the call says, "are and should be at this juncture paramount to all other issues."

Nearly a dozen of the strikers who bore a conspicuous part in the late railroad riots are now in prison in Warren county, N. J., awaiting trial. One and all they profess the sincerest penitence, and regret the folly which made them the dupes of mischievous men, who have abandoned them to their fate. They are thoroughly cured of striking.

The granting of divorces has been a very profitable branch of business in Utah, and, it is needless to say, has been attended with more looseness, irregularity and infamy than in any other portion of the country. The proceedings now on foot in the United States courts at Salt Lake will have the effect of exposing the whole system, and if, as is expected, they will also expose the persons in different parts of the country who availed themselves of the rascality and corruption existing there it will be only what they observe.

Winnsboro Hotel.

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public that he has removed to that large and commodious Brick Hotel, located in the centre of business, where he is prepared to accommodate the public with clean and well furnished rooms, and a table supplied with the best that the market affords. He intends to deserve and hopes to receive the public patronage. M. L. BROWN, Proprietor. January, 8, 1877.-4t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Most Excellent Remedy.

ATLANTA, GA., March 12, 1870. I have examined the recipe of Dr. Field's Female Regulator, and from my knowledge of the ingredients, believe it a most excellent medicine, and well suited to that class of diseases designated. I have no hesitation in advising its use, and confidently recommend it to the public. JOEL BRANHAM, M. D. sept 11-2w

New Groceries.

Just Received! Just Received!!

- 1 Barrel Fresh Soda Crackers. 1 " " Ginger Snaps. 1 " " Lemon Crackers. 2 Boxes Robinson's Scottish Oat Meal.

ALSO,

- Sugars, Coffees, Lard, Bacon, Flour, Etc.

JUST ARRIVED.

- 1 Tierce New Rice. 1 " " Canvassed Hams, Cheap.

ALSO,

- Fresh Cream Cheese,

-AT-

J. F. McMaster & Co.

sept 20

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Apply at the office of THE NEWS AND HERALD. june 23-4t

D. R. FLENNIKEN

Advertisement for D. R. Fleniken, likely a lawyer or official.

The State of South Carolina COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD.

By O. R. THOMPSON, Esq., Probate Judge.

WHEREAS, Henry L. Elliott hath made suit to me to grant him letters of administration of the estate and effects of James R. Aiken, deceased: These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said James R. Aiken, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the court of Probate, to be held at Fairfield Court House, S. C., on the 22d day of September next, after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 7th day of September, Anno Domini 1877. O. R. THOMPSON, J. P. F. C. sept 8-1xlaw2

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Elizabeth P. Brown vs. Arthur Hayes and Thomas L. Powell.

In pursuance of an order made by the Honorable T. J. Mackey in the above stated case, I will sell before the Court House door in Winnsboro, on the first Monday in October next, for Cash the following described real estate, viz: All that plantation or tract of land containing six and four-tenths acres on which the Mill is situated, in Fairfield county, in said State of South Carolina, on Morris Creek, bounded on the west, south and east by lands of Elizabeth P. Brown, and on the north by lands belonging to Mrs. Armstrong—being a part of a tract of one hundred and three acres belonging to the said Elizabeth P. Brown, as by reference to a plat thereof made by B. H. Robertson, surveyor, April 18th, 1874, will more fully appear.

S. W. RUFF, S. F. C.

Sheriff's Office, Winnsboro, S. C., September 8, 1877. sept 11-1x2

The State of South Carolina, COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD.

In the Common Pleas.

Win. H. Lyles, Plaintiff, against Geo. W. Kirkpatrick, Defendant.

PURSUANT to the decretal order of His Honor T. J. Mackey, made in the above stated case on the 21st day of May, 1877, I will sell before the Court House door, for Fairfield County, on Monday, the 1st day of October, 1877, for cash, the tract of land described in the pleadings in the above case, viz:

All that tract or parcel of land, s. nate in Fairfield county, on Shadrach's Branch, waters of Broad River, in the fork of the public roads leading from Shelton's Ferry to Monticello, and from Chester to Ashford's Ferry, bounded on the south by lands of Estate of J. J. McMahon, deceased; on the east, by lands of Geo. W. Kirkpatrick and the aforesaid public road leading from Shelton's Ferry to Monticello; and on the west by the said public road leading from Chester to Ashford's Ferry; and containing ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE ACRES, more or less.

This land is sold subject to the lien of a mortgage debt due by G. M. Chapman to the Estate of E. F. Lyles, also to a judgment debt due by said G. M. Chapman to Thos. M. Lyles, in the whole amounting to about the sum of six hundred dollars; and any bid received will be considered as over and above that amount. The land is sold as the property of the defendant in the above entitled action.

S. W. RUFF, S. F. C.

Sheriff's Office, Winnsboro, S. C., September 5, 1877. sept 15-1tds

DUE WEST FEMALE COLLEGE.

NEXT college year opens October 1st. Faculty same as last year—full. First-class teachers of music, drawing, and painting. Location retired and healthy. Tuition and board, including fuel and washing, for college year, \$177. Extras at reasonable rates. For circular send to J. I. BONNER, President, August 1st, 1877. Due West, S. C. aug 21-x6w

MORRIS' HOTEL.

I have just finished painting, papering and thoroughly renovating my Hotel from top to bottom, and now have it in first class order and am prepared to entertain my guests with much more convenience and comfort than elsewhere. Office on first floor and opening on main street, with dining room and sample room adjoining. Every effort will be made to make my guests comfortable.

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Notice to Creditors.

IN THE PROBATE COURT, August 21, 1877.

The creditors holding claims against the estate of Henry T. Crumpton, deceased, are required by order of this court to establish their demands before me at Fairfield Court House on or before the first day of November next.

O. R. THOMPSON, Judge of Probate. aug 23-4w