

The News and Herald.

TRI-WEEKLY EDITION.]

WINNSBORO, S. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1877.

[VOL. I. NO. 51.]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

25 elegant cards all styles with name 10 cents post paid. J. B. HUSTON, Nassau, Rens co., New York.

Revolver Free Seven Shot Revolver with box Cartridges. JAMES BROWN & SON, 130 and 132, Wood Street Pittsburg, Pa.

HA 1 comb oil chromo, 7x11, mounted, worth 25c., 1 pk. love cards, 1 pk. comic envelopes, 1 pack. comic cards, 1 pack scroll, 1 24 page book. All sent for only 5c. stamps, Novelty Co., Middleboro Mass.

BOOK See this. Only \$1.50 capital required to start canvassing for MARK SPAN'S NEW SOAP-BOOK. Apply with stamp to JOHN K. HOLLOWELL, 139 East Street, N. Y.

TRIFLING

With a Cold is Always Dangerous. USE

WELLS' Carbolic Tablets, a sure remedy for Coughs, and all Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Chest and Mucous Membrane.

PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.

Sold by all Druggists. C. N. CRITTENTON, 7 Sixth Avenue, N. Y.

The Black Hills.

By H. N. MAGUIRE, who has spent 12 years in this region. Latest accounts of Gold and Silver prospects, Agricultural and Grazing resources, climate, hunting, fishing, Indians, and Settlers' adventures with sheep, mining, and western life, the Waterfalls, boiling Geysers, noble scenery, immense gorges, etc. With 27 fine illustrations, and one map. Price only 10 cents. Sold by all newsdealers, or sent post-paid for 12 cents by DONNELLY, LOYD & CO., Publishers, Chicago, Illinois.

TIP TOP The Tip Top Package is the largest and best selling out. READ AND SEE. 100 Sheets Non-Pareil Envelopes, Pencil, Pen-holder, Gold-on-Pen, Set of King's Gold-Stamp Silver Buttons, Gent's Laka George Diamond Pin, Assorted Stone Ring with gold, Assorted Stone Scarf Pin, Gold-plated Wedding Ring, Set of Royal Ladies' Flowered and Silvered Hat Pins, Ladies' Fancy Set Pin and Drops, Gold-plated Collar Button, Gent's Gold-plated Watch Chain and Set of Buttons, Three Gold-plated Studs. The entire lot sent post-paid for 50 cents. ESTABLISHED IN INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS. J. BRIDE, Clinton Place, New York.

JEWELRY for all. The Eureka jewelry casket contains 1 pair gold-plated engraved silver buttons, 1 set of spiral shirt studs, 1 Gent's Im. coral pin, 1 improved shawl collar stud, one Gent's fine link watch chain, and 1 Ladies' heavy wedding ring. Price of 1 casket complete, 50 cents; 2 for \$1.00; 3 for \$1.50; 4 for \$2.00; 5 for \$2.50; 6 for \$3.00; 7 for \$3.50; 8 for \$4.00; 9 for \$4.50; 10 for \$5.00. Agents can make money selling these caskets. Send 50 cts. for sample and Catalogue. We have all kinds of jewelry at low prices.

W. COLES & CO., 116 Broadway, N. Y. City. We are the "Originals" in this business, and have no "Milton Gold" or "brass" jewelry. "This Jewelry Casket is remarkably attractive, and COLES & CO., are reliable dealers." - Boston Globe.

June 1-4w

SECOND GRAND DRAWING

Kentucky Cash Distribution Co. Louisville, Ky., June 30th, 1877.

\$310,000 CASH IN GIFTS ARMERS AND DROVERS BANK, Louisville Ky., Trans.

THE Kentucky Cash Distribution Co., authorized by a Special Act of the Legislature for the benefit of the PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF FRANKFORT, will have

The Second of the Series of Grand Drawings in the City of Louisville, Ky., Saturday, June 30th, 1877, AT PUBLIC LIBRARY HALL.

A scheme commensurate with the times.

\$60,000 for only ten.

Read the List of Gifts.

1 Grand Cash Gift, \$60,000	
5 Grand Cash Gifts, \$25,000 each	125,000
1 Grand Cash Gift, \$15,000	15,000
5 Grand Cash Gifts, \$5,000 each	25,000
5 Grand Cash Gifts, \$2,000 each	10,000
20 Cash Gifts, \$1,000 each	20,000
40 Cash Gifts, \$500 each	20,000
100 Cash Gifts, \$200 each	20,000
300 Cash Gifts, \$100 each	30,000
500 Cash Gifts, \$50 each	25,000
6000 Cash Gifts, \$10 each	60,000

5972 Cash Gifts amounting to \$310,000
Whole Tickets \$10, Halves \$5, Quarter \$2.50.
11 Tickets \$100, 331-2 Tickets \$300, 563-4 Tickets \$500.

Drawing Positively June 30th, 1877.
And Every Three Months Thenceforth.

CERTIFICATES OF SUPERVISORS OF DRAWING.

This is to certify that the first drawing of the Kentucky Cash Distribution Company took place on the 6th of December, in Major Hall, Frankfort, Ky., in our presence and under our immediate supervision.

We further state that every ticket and part of ticket, which had been sold, were represented in the wheel, and that the drawing was fairly and honestly conducted. We further state that we had no interest whatever in the enterprise, nor any connection with the same, except in the character of supervisors, whose sole duty was to protect the interest of the ticket-holders and to preside over the drawing.

Hon. Alvin Duvall, late Chief Justice Supreme Court of Kentucky.
James G. Dudley, Chairman Board of School Trustees.
Grant Green, Cashier Farmers' Bank of Ky.
Hon. S. I. Major, Public Printer State of Ky.
Hon. Thomas N. Lindsay, President of the Farmers' Bank of Ky.
Hon. Thomas C. Jones, Clerk of Sup. Court of Ky.
Judge H. A. Thompson, Presiding Judge Franklin county court.
James G. Crockett, clerk Franklin county court.

Remittances can be made by Mail, Express, Draft, P. O. Order or Registered Letter, made payable to G. W. Barrow & Co.
All communications and orders for tickets should be addressed to

G. W. BARROW & CO.,

General Managers, Courier Journal Building, Louisville, Ky.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

may 8-if
Shirts | Shirts | Shirts |
WAMSUTTA Muslin and 2200 Linen, at \$8.00 per half dozen.

Percale and Calico at \$6.00 and \$9.00 per half dozen.

J. F. McMASTER & CO.

THE BALL STILL ROLLS ON

—AT THE—

GRAND CENTRAL

Dry Goods Establishment

—OF—

McCreeery & Brother

COLUMBIA, S. C.

THE success attending the disposal of our magnificent stock, which we put upon the market early this season at such low figures, convinces us that the public appreciate our efforts to supply them with the newest and most stylish goods.

Buying as we do from the first hands and for cash, enables us to offer

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS.

We are now receiving a new and elegant stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS
BOOTS, SHOES,
Hats and Caps.

which will be sold at the same low ruling popular prices. We expect to do a LIVE PUSHING BUSINESS, and bargains will be offered daily.

"A word to the wise is sufficient."

30 Samples sent on application and expressage paid on bills over \$10.

McCreeery & Brother,

Grand Central Dry Goods Establishment.

T. A. McCreeery. B. B. McCreeery.

B. A. Rawls. Wm. Horkan.

feb 20

SPRING GOODS

—FOR—

1877.

To-day the campaign's fairly closed,
The lucky man is he
Who takes his seat on the 4th of March
Our President he'll be:
And now the next best thing
Just suited to our mind,
Is where to get the cheapest goods—
The best of goods to find.

My friends and I went out one day,
Some New Spring Goods to buy
And we resolved, before we went,
The different stores to try.
We wandered Winnsboro all around
Until our feet were sore,
And found the very place, at last,
T'was SOL WOLFE'S New Cash Store.
Of Hats, Clothing and Boots and Shoes,
The latest to our view—
The very best styles of Dress Goods,
And Prints so cheap and new.
So then, my good friends, one and all,
Now is your time to try
What Bargains you can get of me—
Or, you need not buy of SOL.
feb 17

LOOK!

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!!

WE have just received a stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER

prints of the best brands at 8 1/2 cents.
4-4 Cambrics at 10 cents.
Centennial Stripes at 12 1/2 cents.

ALSO,

A full stock of Shirtings, Shootings and Drilling at low figures.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

We have just received a large and complete stock of Spring and Summer Cloth which we will sell as cheap as any one.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

Gents' and Youths' Felt and Straw Hats of all kinds and at any price.

CASSIMERES! CASSIMERES!!

We have just received a full stock of Cassimeres from the Charlottesville Mills.

—ALSO—

Tweeds, Cottonades, Jeans, etc.

J. F. McMASTER & CO

IMPORTANT

—TO—

GARDENERS

—AND—

AGRICULTURISTS!

—O—

Emperor William Cabbage.

THE best, largest, hardiest and most profitable variety of WINTER CABBAGE known in Europe, and imported to this country exclusively by the undersigned, where, with little cultivation, it flourishes astonishingly, attaining an enormous size, and selling in the market at prices most gratifying to the producer. In transplanting, great care should be used to give sufficient space for growth. Solid heads the size of the mouth of a flour barrel, is the average run of this choice variety. One package of the seed sent post paid on receipt of 50 cents, and one 3 cent postage stamp. Three packages to one address \$1 00 and two 3 cent stamps. Twelve packages sent on receipt of \$3 00.

Read what a well known Garrett Co. Marylander says of the EMPEROR WILLIAM Cabbage:

BLOOMINGTON, GARRET Co., Md., Jan. 22, 1877.

MR. JAMES CAMPBELL, 66 Fulton St. N. Y.

Dear Sir:—I bought some seed from you last spring, and it was good. Your Emperor William Cabbage suits this climate well. On a mountain side the seed you sent me produced Cabbages weighing thirty pounds each.

Very truly yours,

JAMES BROWN.

I am Sole Agent in the U. S. for the famous

Maidstone Onion Seed.

from Maidstone, Kent Co., England, producing the most prolific and finest flavored Onions known and yielding on suitable soils from 800 to 900 bushels per acre, sown in drills. Mr. Henry Colvin, a large market gardener at Syracuse, N. Y., writes, "Your English Onion Seed surprised me by its large yield, and the delicious flavor of the fruit. I could have sold any quantity in this market at good prices. My wife says she will have no other onions for the table in future. Send me as much as you can for the enclosed \$5.00."

One package of seed sent on receipt of 50 cents and one 3 cent postage stamp, three packages to one address \$1 00 and two 3 cent stamps. Twelve packages sent on receipt of \$3 00.

My supply is limited. Parties desiring to secure either of the above rare seeds, should not delay their orders. All seed WARRANTED FRESH AND TO GERMINATE. Cash must accompany all orders. For either of the above seeds, address

JAMES CAMPBELL,

may 1-x16m 66 Fulton St. N. Y.

SOMETHING NEW.

I have just received some very fine old Corn Whiskey, Peach and Apple Brandy, from Stone Mountain, Georgia, and Lincoln county, Virginia, and various other grades of Western Rye Whiskeys, North Carolina Corn and Rye Whiskeys, Domestic and Imported Wines and Brandy.

—ALSO—

A large stock of bottled goods, consisting of Champagne, Lager Beer, for family use, Ales, Porters, Soda Water &c. One barrel fresh Newark Cider on draught. Cool drinks of all descriptions. Tobacco, Cigars, &c.

—AT OUR HOUSE—

J. D. McCARLEY,

may 3 Proprietor.

McMaster & Brice

DESIRE to call the attention of the public to their large stock of Spring and Summer Goods which they are selling at remarkably low figures.

Best Prints, 8 1/2 cents.
4-4 Cambrics, 10 cents.
Figured Lawns, 12 1-2 cents.
White Piques, 12 1-2 cents.

They have just received a fresh supply of Ladies' Collars and Cuffs, Neck ruffling Silk Ties, Embroidery, Striped, Checked and Plain Nainsooks, Hosiery, Gloves, Fans &c, which they sell as low as can be bought anywhere.

They have a nice line of Ladies' Dress Goods, consisting of Alpaca, Iron Frame Grenadine, Mohairs, Wash Poplins &c.

The gentlemen are especially invited to examine their Stock of Cassimeres, Shirts, Socks, Drawers, Gloves, Felt and Straw Hats, &c.

They think they can offer the best selection of Clothing, at the lowest prices ever offered in the

may 5 CITY.

THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY.

—O—

HOW IT IS VIEWED BY DIFFERENT PARTIES.

What a Wise Correspondent of the New York Herald Thinks He Knows.

Washington Correspondence N. Y. Herald.

It is no longer denied here that there is a great deal of dissatisfaction, and even demoralization in the Republican ranks, in almost all the States; one sees and hears enough evidence on the subject to enable him to make a study of it; and I think it would be a mistake to believe all the grumbling to come from the office-seekers and professional politicians. These two classes are the most furious; they feel and say that they have been swindled by the President; that had they suspected what his policy would be they would have taken very good care he should not get into the White House. Indeed, very prominent and influential men of this kind do not hesitate to own to you in private discussion that they never believed Mr. Hayes was elected; they did not believe that he carried Louisiana, and they are the less reconcilable on this account, for they feel that they carried their candidate in in defiance of the right and now get nothing, not even thanks, for doing so. It is amusing to see the rage of these disappointed political speculators who find themselves caught in a trap of their own making.

But it is not the politicians alone who grumble. In such States as Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, in some parts of New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois, the rank and file of the party, the honest voters in the rural districts, are amazed and indignant at the President's Southern policy. These simple souls cannot see why "the South" is less dangerous now than it was during the presidential campaign, when every Republican stump speaker assured them solemnly that the Union was never in greater peril. In the Northwest the farmers and country people generally believed what Blaine and Bristow, Ingersoll and Morton and the army of orators sent out by Secretary Chandler told them about the South; they took it all for gospel truth, and voted for Hayes to save the Union and keep down the rebels; in fact they were quite ready for a new war rather than not put in Mr. Hayes, and now they see their President acting as though the South was an integral and harmless part of the Union, and they do not understand it.

THE COUNTRY VOTERS.

Whatever trouble the President may experience from the disgust of the simple minded country voters will be of his own making, of course. He was silent all the summer and fall, while the orators who urged his election told the country that the Union was in danger from the South. The farmers and country people swallowed all this frothy champagne trash, and are naturally alarmed now to see the President "go back on the country"—for that is what it means to them.

"It is a very dangerous thing to deceive the people," remarked one of the most experienced politicians of Washington the other day. "What they once believe, they hold fast to. The old Democratic party made this mistake. They howled for the Union during many years and told the people that those dreadful Republicans would break down the constitution and dissolve the Union, and when, after all this Union saving nonsense, the biggest part of the Democratic party turned against the Union in 1861, the people did not hesitate five minutes, but sat down on the Democrats and smashed them."

POLITICIANS BELLICOSE.

There seems to be a good deal of truth in this. The President will presently find the people on his side; but he can hardly help retaining the enmity of a large part of the politicians. The Republican party leaders have ceased to be a compact and harmonious body. The voters who "believe in it" are all right; but the leaders are jealous of each other, ready to tear each other to pieces; each extremely anxious for patronage to maintain himself and break down his rivals; and there is hardly a Northern State in which

two or three Republican factions are not at loggerheads. The party has been in power so long that it has two sets of natural leaders; the old men, who hang on, and have got used to public life, and who will not give up if they can help it, and the younger generation, who are ambitious and very tired of waiting. There are not officers enough to go around, and there are lots of enmities and grudges.

Thus we may frequently hear here discussions among New York politicians who frequently visit us which show that New York Republicanism is, even more than that of Pennsylvania, frothing at the mouth. There is a pretty general determination to drive Mr. Conkling out of public life at all hazards, but when that is done the family will be no happier. Morgan, Dix, Evarts, Curtis—all want to get ahead, and each has a faction at his back. You can scarcely pick out a Northern State where a similar process of disorganization is not going on in the party. In Indiana the Morton men and the Harrison men are fiercely opposing each other. In Ohio the venerable Taft hopes to be nominated as an opposition Republican, and his followers and those of Stanley Matthews are making each other unhappy. In Illinois the party some time ago got so tired of Logan that it did not wait for the new policy of Hayes to split open in the back. In Massachusetts there are—reports here say—renewed evidences of a wide split between the Butler-Simmons and the anti-Butler-Simmons Republicans.

When Blaine was here the other day he told his friends that the Republican party was as good as dead. "That man has ruined us," he said, nodding toward the White House, and he thought himself lucky to have a full senatorial term to serve out. But behold, Mr. Eugene Hale comes out as an "unhesitating" supporter of the administration, and report says that Mr. Frye is of the same mind with Mr. Hale, and this makes a row even in Maine.

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

So far as the Democratic party appears here it is also splitting up into two camps. There are a few prominent Democrats who are determined to oppose the President in every way; they say he is a "fraud," and can do nothing good; it is a duty to make him unhappy, to place obstacles in his way, to make him feel that he has no right in the White House, and their policy is to regard all he does with suspicion; to attempt extreme legislation of different kinds, and, in short, to be irreconcilable. But a much larger proportion of the Democratic leaders are of a different mind. They say that they will support the President cordially in all good measures; that party spirit shall not lead or drive them into any blundering or unpatriotic course; that they will hold friendly relations with him, but that they will ask no favors of him, and will at the election strive to vote down every Republican candidate who did not protest against the frauds and wrongs of the election and the electoral count. They do not deserve to be in public life, and it is our duty to punish them. That is the platform of the more sensible and the more numerous faction. It has at least a method in it.

THE PRESIDENT'S CHANCES.

Looking the whole field over, it is plain that the President will get abundant support for any policy which is right. What he may lack among the Republicans he will get from the Democratic side. He moves slowly, and is not likely to attempt very much at any time; he has no private axes to grind, and will not feel insulted or embarrassed if the Senate should refuse to confirm some of his nominations. He is not scheming for another term, and has never contracted the habit of rewarding either personal or political favorites, and the opposition Republicans will find in him very much like a greased pig—hard to hold on to. He probably knows that whatever he does with the officers will make a howl among the politicians, if he gets competent men in office he believes he has done his duty to the country, and he does not appear to think that he owes any duty to the politicians. He is not unwilling to oblige them if it comes in his way; he is naturally an amiable man, and he is too old a party politician not to know what patronage means; but Congressmen and others will find that if they recommend bad men they will be exposed without mercy, and that the President means to take the whole country into his

Continued on fourth page