

Selected Poetry.



TIME.

Time is drawing nearer, nearer,
While our heads are turning grey;
Tears are falling on life's mirror
Every day!

Time is closing Beauty's portals,
Flowers are blooming to decay;
Fate is delving graves for mortals
Every day!

While our pleasure-boat is rolling
Over life's eventful spray,
Funeral bells are tolling, tolling
Every day!

While the laurel-wreath is shading
O'er the fame-lit brow of clay,
Sad we see the garland fading
Every day!

Love, then take your promised treasures,
Fame is dazzling to betray;
Life is fading with its pleasures
Every day!

Hence, while all things are declaring
Death a seeker for his prey,
Let us be ourselves preparing
Every day!

Agricultural.



HOW TO FEED YOUNG HORSES.

The adult horse does not require so much of the flesh-making principle as the young and growing animal, but he seems to require a greater variety. The adult merely requires enough to replace the waste—the wear and tear of his system. If he obtains more than this, the surplus is either excreted from the body, or else stored up within the same in the form of fat; and every body knows that a fat horse, or a fat man, are not best adapted for a race, nor hard labour, but of all others (except those in a state of debility), they are most subject to acute disease. With the young and growing animal the case is different. Here we require bone, muscle, and nerve. Oats, corn, and pollard furnish the same. The colt obtains from his mother's milk all the elements of its own organisation in a concentrated form—all that seems necessary for developing bodily proportions and hereditary traits—therefore, when weaned, the colt must be furnished with the same equivalents in the form of fodder; ground oats, wheat bran, and meal. It is the young and growing animal that requires our greatest attention. If our readers desire to raise colts that shall remunerate them for the trouble and expense incurred, they must feed the same, during their minority, with a liberal hand. Any neglect at this period can never be made up in after life; the subject will always remain tank and lean—living monuments of their master's folly, or ignorance, as the case may be. In addition to the food required for the colt's growth, we must also furnish enough to supply the waste incurred by expenditure of muscular power. We all know that the young are very active and playful. Every muscular movement involves an expenditure of vital force, and thus exhausts the system; therefore in view of developing their full proportions, and promoting the integrity of the living mechanism, they must have nutritious food, and plenty of it. They are not, however, to have a large quantity at a time, but little and often; their stomach is small, not larger than that of a man. Should it be over-distended with coarse and unwholesome food, the organs of respiration and circulation become embarrassed, and the blood loaded with carbon. They require food often, because the digestive organs are very active, and soon dispose of an ordinary meal; then comes the sensation of hunger, which every one knows is hard to bear.—American Veterinary Journal.

MILLET.—To cure millet, cut it when the blossoms are closing, and make it as you would clover-hay.

MAKING BREAD.

In the first place, there are three indispensable requisites for making good bread, viz:—Good flour, yeast, and a careful hand. From three quarts of sifted flour, take one-half pint of it in a separate vessel, and scald it with boiling water; let the paste cool to blood heat, and then add one egg, one tea-spoonful of sugar, one table-spoonful of salt, one cup of new milk, one cup of well risen yeast; whip the whole well with a spoon, and then pour it into the midst of the three quarts of flour; knead it well, with as much warm water as will make it into a moderately stiff dough; let your bread rise till at least twice its size; then after again kneading a great deal; mould out your loaves or rolls into smooth, regular forms, wet them over with cold water, to prevent cracking, and set them to rise again under a clean cloth, till by touching on one side they will quiver on the opposite side, then wet again with cold water and bake immediately. If the fermentation has not arrived at this point, the bread will not be sufficiently light—if it is suffered to go beyond this point, the bread will lose its sweetness. A tin kettle with a closely fitting cover, is best to set your bread to rise in, particularly when it is set to rise over night, to be baked for breakfast in the morning. Your bread should be set to rise in a moderately warm place in winter, and a cool place in summer. I use yeast cakes, as more convenient, more easily kept sweet, and less expensive. I make them thus:—Boil as many hops as I can grasp in one hand, in a quart of water, down to three half pints, then pour it over a cupful of sifted flour, through a sieve or colander; let it get cold; then add of well risen yeast, and as much Indian meal as will make a stiff dough; set to rise; and when quite spongy and light, sift your board over with meal, make your oakes thin, and lay them on it to dry; turn them frequently while drying. After they are thoroughly dry, hang them in a clean bag in the kitchen, to insure them from moisture. Do not dry them in the sun, or near a fire; either will destroy their life. I usually put my board of yeast cakes to dry on the highest shelf in the kitchen, after sifting them over with meal, which can be shaken off with the dust which will unavoidably fall upon them.

DISCOVERY IN BAKING.

A correspondent of the Scotsman, writing from Munich, says:—"I have visited Professor Leibig, and seen his admirable lecture-room and laboratory, models for imitation in other countries. He told me that in England the bakers used a quantity of alum in making bread. It is employed to make the bread white, moist, and soft. It acts by coagulating the gluten of the wheat, but it is deleterious in its effects. He has discovered that water saturated with lime, produces the same whiteness in bread, the same softness, and the same capacity to retain moisture; while the lime removes all acidity from the dough, and supplies an element needed in the structure of bones, which is deficient in wheat, and still more so in rye. I ate bread made of it in his house; it was excellent. He uses five pounds of water saturated with lime, to nineteen pounds of flour. No other change is necessary in the process of baking. The lime coagulates the gluten as effectually as alum does. The bread weighs well, and the bakers consequently approve of it. He allowed me to report the discovery at discretion."

CORN COBS.—The truth will soon be out, and farmers who have been seized with such a terrible fit of economy in the use of corn cobs will have to yield to the light of common sense and reason. Dr. Charles T. Jackson of Boston informs the Patent Office people that he has analyzed the corn cob, and finds that it contains four and a half parts in one hundred of nutritive matter, consisting of gum, starch, and dextrine. From this it appears that it is of scarcely more value to consume as food than as fuel. This analysis being correct, no good farmer can afford to spend his time in soaking and salting and grinding corn cobs, any more than he could afford to grind sugar maple trees into saw dust, and feed it to his cattle. Better by far use that time in sowing corn broadcast, or in drills, for fodder, with the absolute certainty of good results in feeding; than to resort to doubtful expedients to economize food.

Ginger Beer.—Two gallons of ginger beer may be made as follows:—Put two gallons of cold water into a pot upon the fire, add to it two ounces of good ginger, and two pounds of white or brown sugar. Let all this come to the boil, and continue boiling for half an hour. Then skim the liquor, and pour it into a jar or tub, along with one sliced lemon, and half an ounce of cream of tartar. When nearly cold, put in a teaspoonful of yeast to cause the liquor to work. The beer is now made; and after it has worked for two days strain it and bottle it for use. Tie the corks down firmly.

Leaf Manure.—If you have a large pile of leaves, which you would convert into manure, adopt the following process:—Slake fresh lime with brine, till it falls to a powder. Turn your leaves with a fork, and sprinkle this powder evenly among them, at the rate of four bushels to a cord of leaves. Turn the heap now and then, and you will soon have noble manure. Nothing is better applied to fruit trees.—Horticulturalist.

DIRECTORY.

- TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF CHERAW: W. L. T. Prince, Intendant; E. J. Waddill, R. A. Kendall, John Lynch, W. J. Vereen, Thomas H. Tomlinson, Clerk; J. E. Matheson, Marshal; M. H. Davall, Teller. Meets 1st Saturday in each month.
MERCHANTS BANK OF SOUTH CAROLINA, AT CHERAW: J. C. Cott, President; A. Macfarlan, D. Malloy, J. Eli Gregg, W. Godfrey, C. Coker, Henry McIver, W. Godfrey, Cashier; J. E. Matheson, Clerk; M. H. Davall, Teller. Discount day, Thursday.
"THE BANK OF WADESBORO', N. C.": W. R. Leak, President; G. W. Little, S. W. Co's, Thos. R. Mason, P. Richardson, Jos. White, P. G. Smith, H. H. Hammond, Cashier; N. Beverly, Clerk. Discount day, Tuesday.
CHERAW AND DARLINGTON RAIL ROAD COMPANY: A. Macfarlan, President; S. S. Solomon, Chief Engineer; J. H. McIver, Secretary and Treasurer; J. A. Inglis, Solicitor; E. J. Waddill, Freight and Ticket Agent.
THE COURTS OF LAW, S. C., SIT FOR CHESTERFIELD: 1st Monday in March and October; 2nd Monday in March and October; 3rd Monday in March and October; 4th Monday in March and October. Return day 15 days before each Court.
THE COURTS OF EQUITY, S. C., SIT FOR CHESTERFIELD: Tuesday after 1st Monday in February; Friday after 1st Monday in February; 2d Monday in February; 2d Monday in February; Friday after 2d Monday in February.
SUPERIOR COURTS OF N. CAROLINA: FOR ANSON COUNTY: 2d Monday in March, and September.
COUNTY COURTS OF N. CAROLINA: FOR ANSON COUNTY: 2d Monday in January, April, July, and October.
SOLICITOR OF EASTERN CIRCUIT, S. CAROLINA: Henry McIver, Esq.
DISTRICT OFFICERS, S. C.: CHESTERFIELD: W. R. Hancock, Sheriff; J. C. Craig, Clerk; J. C. Craig, Coroner; J. C. Craig, Commissioner in Equity; J. C. Craig, Ordinary; J. S. Miller, Tax Collector.
WADESBORO: J. W. Henagan, Sheriff; P. H. Bolton, Clerk; J. H. Ervin, Coroner; J. H. Ervin, Commissioner in Equity; E. P. Ervin, Ordinary; A. J. Stanton, Tax Collector.
DARLINGTON: D. S. Law, Sheriff; E. B. Brown, Clerk; W. H. Wiggins, Coroner; T. C. Evans, Commissioner in Equity; J. J. Russell, Ordinary; T. Atkinson, Tax Collector.
MARION: E. Goddard, Sheriff; E. B. Wheeler, Clerk; S. H. Brown, Coroner; C. D. Brown, Commissioner in Equity; E. B. Wheeler, Ordinary; R. Gregg, Tax Collector.
COUNTY OFFICERS OF N. CAROLINA: A. C. Moore, Sheriff; J. H. Hays, Clerk Superior Court; J. White, Clerk County Court; W. E. Troy, Master in Equity.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MERCHANTS BANK, S. C. CHERAW, June 26th, 1856. THE Directors of this Bank have declared a dividend of Six Dollars per Share for the last half year, payable on and after the 1st July, ensuing. W. GODFREY, Cashier. 4-3t.

Notice! ALL persons having demands against the estate of DANIEL ODOM, deceased, are hereby notified to present them legally attested within one year from this date, and those indebted are notified to make payment. GEO. W. McIVER, Executor. July 1st, 1856. 4-1m.

FLOUR ON CONSIGNMENT. 41 BAGS SUPERFINE FLOUR, ON consignment, for sale low, in lots to suit purchasers. D. MALLOY. July 1st, 1856. 4-2t.

CABINET SHOP. THE Subscriber having located himself in Cheraw, and having made arrangement with Mr. Wm. T. Moore, for the upper part of his Shop at the Foundry, will carry on the Cabinet Business, and repair Furniture and all other kind of work that is in his line of Business, and hope by strict attention and good work, to merit a share of the patronage of the citizens generally. Also, Furnerals served at short notice. W. T. BIRCHMORE, Cheraw, S. C., July 1st, 1856. 3-1m.

A Homestead for \$10 \$310,000 worth of Farms and Building Lots, in the Gold Region of Virginia, Culpeper Co., to be divided amongst 10,200 subscribers, on the 17th of September, 1856, for the benefit of Port Royal Female Academy. Subscriptions only ten dollars each; one half down, the rest on the delivery of the Deed. Every subscriber will get a Building Lot or a Farm, ranging in value from \$10 to \$25,000. These Farms and Lots are sold so cheap to induce settlements, a sufficient number being reserved, the increase in the value of which will compensate for the apparent low price now asked. Ample security will be given for the faithful performance of contracts and promises. More agents are wanted to obtain subscribers, to whom the most liberal inducements will be given. Some Agents write that they are making \$200 per month. Advertising will be done for every Agent where possible. For full particulars, Subscriptions, Agencies, &c. apply to E. BAUDER, Port Royal, Caroline Co., Va. July 1st, 1856. 4-1d.

TURNER'S Ginger Wine. HIGHLY recommended for sharpening the Appetite, invigorating the entire system, and restoring to perfect health and strength, all unfortunate sufferers with dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, &c. Also, TURNER'S GINGER BRANDY, together with a full assortment of FINE BRANDIES, Old Rye Whiskey, Gin, Fresh Cider, and Spiced Oysters, &c., for sale by WELLS & BROTHER, Cheraw, S. C., June 24th, 1856. 3-1f.

J. L. CLICKENER, Architect & Builder, DARLINGTON C. H., S. C. PLANS, specifications and estimates furnished at the shortest notice. N. B.—He also deals in Hardware, Glass of all descriptions—plain, ornamental and stained.—Paints, Oils, Varnish, Sash, Blinds and Doors, Iron and Marble Mantles, Counter Tops and Iron Fences, &c. Persons wishing to purchase will do well to give me a call. Orders left with RACE, DEWEY & CO., Cheraw, S. C., will be attended to. June 9th, 1856. 1-1f.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS! The FAYETTEVILLE and FAIR BLUFF STAGE leaves Fayetteville Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays at 1 o'clock, P. M., Fair Bluff Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 2 P. M. Fare \$4.00. The CONWAYBORO' and FAIR BLUFF STAGE leaves Fair Bluff Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 o'clock, A. M., and returns the alternate days. J. W. STEAGALL. June 10th, 1856. 1-1f.

FOR RENT, THE STORE HOUSE on Front street, formerly occupied by John A. Moore. Apply to THREADGILL & KENDALL, Agents. 16th June, 1856. 2-1f.

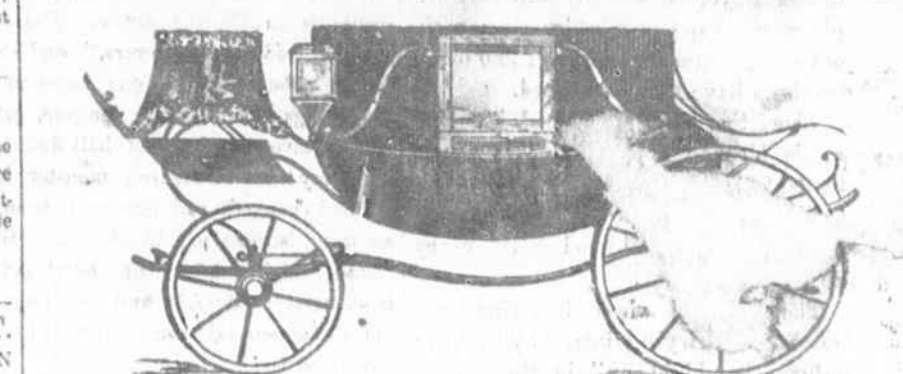
I AM Agent for the sale of SCOTT'S LITTLE GIANT CORN AND COBB MILLS, and will deliver them here to order at the Charleston retail price. K. T. MORGAN, Commission Agent. Cheraw, S. C., June 16, 1856. 2-1f.

I AM Agent for the sale of GEORGIA COTTON GINS, and will deliver them here, to order, at the factory price. K. T. MORGAN, Forwarding Agent. Cheraw, S. C., June 16, 1856. 2-1f.

SANDERS' COTTON GINS! WE are agents at this place, for the sale of Sanders' Cotton Gins, and will deliver them here, to order, at the factory price. All orders left with us will be forwarded and promptly attended to. We have one of them on hand which can be seen by calling on THREADGILL & KENDALL. 20th June, 1856. 2-1m.

FOR Sale, 2000 GBS. NORTH CAROLINA BACON. 500 lbs. Leaf Lard, 50 barrels extra family Flour, Corn and Peas. By THOS. H. TOMLINSON. June 9th, 1856. 1-1f.

CHERAW COACH MANUFACTORY.



THE undersigned are carrying on the COACH and CARRIAGE making business in all its branches, near the Southern terminus of Kershaw street, and adjacent to Mr. W. T. Moore's Foundry, and are prepared, with GOOD WORKMEN AND MATERIALS, to fill all orders sent them to the entire satisfaction of their patrons. They also, keep on hand CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGLES and SULKIES of the latest styles, which they will sell at reasonable prices. Repairing done neatly and promptly, and all their work warranted for one year. They will pay the freight upon any Job of theirs, the value of which is over fifty dollars, if to be delivered at any station on the Cheraw and Darlington Railroad. RACE, DEWEY & CO. June 9th, 1856. 1-1c.

CARDS.

J. A. & W. C. Inglis, ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, CHERAW, S. C. Practice in Chesterfield and the adjoining Districts. Office on Market street, between Front and Second streets. 2-1y.

William L. T. Prince, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY. Practices in the Courts for Chesterfield, Marlborough, Darlington and Marion Districts. Office at CHERAW, S. C. KENAN T. MORGAN, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, CHERAW, SOUTH CAROLINA.

RESPECTFULLY tenders his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for the liberal patronage he has received in the above line of business during the past few years, and hopes, by his strict personal attention, not only to merit, but receive, a more liberal share, the ensuing season. He will forward goods which may come by the Rail Road consigned to him, from the Depot, when requested, and the owners shall be notified of their arrival here. Cheraw, S. C., June 13, 1856. 2-1f.

A CARD. THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks to his North Carolina friends and customers, for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him, and he will endeavor, by personal attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same, he also pledges himself to use every exertion to promote the interest of those who entrust their business to his care. THOMAS H. TOMLINSON. Cheraw, S. C., June 9, 1856. 1-1f.

L. J. COXE & Co., DEALERS IN HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES. CANDIES, FRUITS, PRESERVES, SEGARS, TOBACCO, &c. Next door South of the Brick Store, Front Street, Cheraw, S. C. June 10th, 1856. 1-1f.

Thomas H. Tomlinson, Forwarding and Commission MERCHANT, CHERAW, S. C. WILL give his personal attention to all business entrusted to his care. June 9th, 1856. 1-1f.

Medical Copartnership. THE undersigned have entered into a Copartnership in the practice of Medicine, under the name and style of MALLOY & COIT. They are also associated in the sale of Drugs, Medicines, &c., and will occupy the old stand of Dr. A. Malloy, where they may be found at any time, when not professionally engaged. A. MALLOY, D. G. COIT. Cheraw, S. C., June 10, 1856. 1-1f.

DENTISTRY. THE subscribers have associated themselves together in the practice of DENTISTRY under the name and style of GULICK & ROBBINS. Signed J. W. GULICK, M. D., W. B. ROBBINS, D. D. S. N. B. Dr. GULICK would respectfully inform his friends and patrons that he will attend as faithfully as ever to the practice of medicine, and will be found at his Drug Store or at Moore's Hotel, when not professionally engaged. J. W. GULICK. Cheraw, S. C., June 10th, 1856. 1-1f.

CHERAW Candy Manufactory. THE undersigned continues to Manufacture SEAM REFINED CANDY, of the very best materials, which he offers for sale as cheap as can be purchased in any Southern market. He also, keeps constantly on hand a large supply of NUTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, Hermetically Sealed Fruits, Jellies, Pickles, Sauces, Toys, and all articles usually kept at such places. Confectionary manufactured to order at the shortest notice. R. GRAFFT. Cheraw, S. C., June 10, 1856. 1-1f.

FRESH MEDICINES AT THE New Drug and Chemical STORE, EAST SIDE OF FRONT STREET, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

FRESH supplies have just been received, making a complete SPRING STOCK of genuine DRUGS AND MEDICINES, all of which are PURE and FRESH, and warranted, consisting, in part, of ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, SOAPS AND BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS, TRUSSES AND SUPPORTERS, GLASSWARE AND WINDOW GLASSES, PATENT AND PLANTATION MEDICINES. Particular attention is given to filling orders for Planters and Physicians, and the prices are sure to please. Prescriptions and family receipts carefully compounded, and Medicines can be obtained at all hours of the night at Dr. J. W. GULICK'S Drug and Chemical Store, Opposite the Post Office. Cheraw, S. C., June 10, 1856. 1-1f.

Court of Equity. State of South Carolina. CHESTERFIELD DISTRICT. IN view of the necessity which exists of a Special Term of the Court of Equity for said District, and by virtue of the authority vested in me for that purpose, It is Ordered, That a Special Term of the Court of Equity be holden for Chesterfield District, at the Court House, on the first Wednesday (being the third day) of September next, to continue until the business ready for a hearing be disposed of. GEO. W. DARGAN. May 25, 1856. 1-2m. I certify the above to be a true and correct copy. J. C. CRAIG, C. C. P. D. 3rd June, 1856.

NOTICE. ALL persons indebted to me, on last year's account, are respectfully requested to come forward and make immediate payment, as it is impossible for me to indulge them longer, and sustain my own business and credit. I am in hopes this advertisement will come under the observation of each of my delinquent customers, and they will respond promptly by paying up, thus saving me the unpleasant necessity of collecting by law. JAMES I. KELLY. Cheraw, S. C., June 10, 1856. 1-1f.

Drs. Gulick & Robbins, DENTAL SURGEONS, CHERAW, S. C. HAVE opened an office opposite the Merchants Bank, on Market street, and will attend to the practice of DENTISTRY in all of its branches. They will insert ARTIFICIAL TEETH in conformity with all the improvements made in this department. The continuous or solid Gum work after the plan of Dr. ALLEN will be executed in great beauty of style and finish. They purpose practicing in MARLBORO' DARLINGTON and MARION, as well as in the adjoining Counties of North Carolina. Communications addressed to us will receive immediate attention as one of us will always be in CHERAW. N. B.—I take pleasure in introducing to the citizens of Cheraw, and surrounding country, Dr. Robbins, as an accomplished Dentist, being a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Dental Surgery. J. W. GULICK. Cheraw, S. C., June 9th, 1856. 1-1f.

Drs. Malloy & Coit. DRUG STORE. JUST RECEIVED, a new supply of Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints and Painters articles, Varnishes, Window Glass, French and English Perfumery, Toilet and shaving Soaps, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Trusses and Supporters of all kinds, and a large supply of choice Toilet and Fancy articles. Orders promptly attended to. Cheraw, S. C., June 10, 1856. 1-1f.

HARRALL, HAVING determined to embark in the PROVISION TRADE solely, will, in order to dispose of the present stock, sell thereat a very small advance on first cost, for Cash. The Stock consist, in part, of Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Clothing, Hollow Ware, &c. An examination of the stock and prices will satisfy the public that there is no humbug in this advertisement. W. HARRALL. Cheraw, S. C., June 17, 1856. 2-1f.