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ANDERSON, S. C. FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1915.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

RUSSIANS TAKE SEVERAL TOWNS

HEAVY FIGHTING GOING ON IN RUSSIAN POLAND AND GALICIA

STRUGGLING IN THE DEEP SNOW

Turkish Soldiers Kill Hundreds of Civilians, Loot and Burn Villages

While there is a lull in the west, heavy fighting is going on in Russian Poland and eastern Galicia. The Russian official dispatches report the capture of several villages and heights northeast of Przasnysz, in territory where some of the fiercest fighting of the war has occurred. Also, near the border town of Tauraggen and in East Prussia, close to Memel, battles are being fought which indicate the intention of the Russians of again forcing their way, if possible, into the country of the Germans.

Although the opposing forces in the Carpathians and East Galicia are struggling to their utmost in the deep snow and under the most trying conditions, no change worthy of note has taken place in the situation.

Austria is reported to be continuing work on fortifications along the Italian frontier, and the garrisons have been reinforced by artillery and infantry.

A large quantity of shells bound from Germany for Turkey has been held up by the Rumanian government, according to a dispatch from the Balkan agency.

Switzerland advises say that the Germans are building two strategic railroads on the Alsace-Lorraine frontier to strengthen the strassburg system of fortifications.

A Zeppelin has attacked Catania, dropping bombs with the object of destroying the railway station. This met with no success, but seven persons were killed.

Another British steamer, the Glenartney, from Bangkok for London, loaded with rice, has been torpedoed by a German submarine off Beachy Head in the English Channel. One of the crew was drowned.

The entire Sudan, including Khartum and also parts of Nubia, are held by the Dervishes, according to the story told by a German merchant who has returned to Berlin from Egypt.

The British general Hawley and almost 2,000 of his men are said to have been killed near Fashoda in December; while earlier in November Senussi tribesmen are reported to have killed two hundred Australians near the Pyramids. Railroad and telegraph lines were destroyed.

Advices received by the British foreign office say Turkish soldiers in the Urmiah district of Persia recently killed several hundred civilians and looted and burned villages.

Three steamers carrying American meat products, which had been detained by the British government for examination, have been permitted to proceed. They are the Norwegian Elsa, the Swedish Grekland and the American A. A. Raven.

The German Reichstag has adopted, without debate, the war estimates and also passed the foreign estimates.

The French chamber of deputies has unanimously passed a bill authorizing the government to raise the limit for the issue of treasury bonds from \$700,000,000 to \$900,000,000.

Owing to precarious health conditions in Serbia, an American sanitary commission under the auspices of the American Red Cross and the Rockefeller foundation shortly will begin work there to stamp out typhus.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 4.)

The Whole of the Sudan Held By the Dervishes

BERLIN, March 18.—(By Wireless.)—A German merchant who recently has returned from Egypt is authority for the declaration that the whole of the Sudan including Khartum, and also parts of Nubia are in possession of the Dervishes.

The statements of the traveler are published in the Vossische Zeitung. He describes also an engagement near Fashoda last December in which General Hawley, of the British army, and a number of other officers, together with almost 2,000 men, lost their lives.

The merchant in question relates a story of the alleged uprising of the Senussi tribesmen in November. He declares that they destroyed an Australian camp near the Pyramids on November 19, killing 200 Australians and capturing guns and provisions. Later in large force, not less than 20,000, they overpowered the entire province of Fayum and destroyed all railroads, including the Cairo-As

FOUND GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY

Against U. S. Government in Aiding to Procure a False American Passport

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, March 18.—Richard Madden and Gustave Cook, of Hoboken, were found guilty today of conspiracy against the United States government in aiding Richard Stegler, a German naval passport, to procure a false American passport. The jurors, selected for their neutral opinions, but the European war, made "a strong recommendation for mercy."

The men will be sentenced tomorrow and immediately afterward Stegler, who became a government witness, will be called for trial. His counsel announced Stegler would plead guilty and throw himself upon the court's mercy. It is expected that in asking a light sentence for Stegler, his counsel will refer to international aspects of the case not brought out in trial, but given publicity at the time Stegler was arrested.

The penalty for the offense is a maximum of two years in prison, \$10,000 fine or both. Cook was accused of inducing Stegler to Madden, and Madden of furnishing Stegler with his birth certificate to enable him to procure the passport in Madden's name.

Fourteen University Professors Resign

(By Associated Press.)
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, March 18.—Fourteen State university professors resigned today as a result of the attitude of the board of regents in upholding President J. T. Kingbury's dismissal of four professors and his denouement of the head of the English department recently. Other resignations are expected.

Feeling throughout the State has been strong since the dismissals. The fact that all the five men affected are non-Mormons led to a belief that religious or political considerations caused the action.

Fires at Deserter Wounds Blind Peddler

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, March 18.—Sergeant Henry Witting, of the 84th coast artillery, U. S. A., fired four steel-jacketed bullets from an automatic pistol at a deserter whom he was pursuing at 38th Street and Broadway today, and wounded a blind peddler, the deserter, Joseph Fleischman, and Charles Hunt, of Washington, D. C.

In the general rush of the maniac crowd for shelter, several persons trampled upon the wounded peddler. He was hurried to Bellevue, while the sergeant and his prisoner were taken to a police station. Sergeant Witting was charged with felonious assault and parole in army custody to appear in court tomorrow.

Denies Receiving Letters

NORFOLK, Va., March 18.—Captain Max Thierichsen, of the German auxiliary cruiser Eitel Friedrich, which arrived in Newport News a week ago, stated tonight that he had not received any letters from persons threatening to destroy his ship.

Captain Killed

HALIFAX, N. S., March 18.—Captain J. W. Hatherly, commander of the Allen liner Mongolian, was killed aboard his ship here yesterday when a wire hoist broke, striking him on the head.

Discover New Cases

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 18.—State and federal authorities who had believed the foot and mouth disease in this section had been checked discovered today that a herd of 480 cattle and 280 hogs at a Louisville distillery had become infected.

WILL INSPECT PRISON CAMPS

REPRESENTATIVES OF U. S. DISTRIBUTE SUPPLIES TO WAR PRISONERS

FROM THEIR OWN GOVERNMENTS

Belligerent Governments Will Allow Prisoners to Furnish Statements of Treatment

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, March 18.—An arrangement between Great Britain and Germany and Austria by which representatives of the United States will inspect and report upon alien prison camps in those countries, and distribute to prisoners supplies from their own governments or other sources, was announced tonight by the state department, and it was stated that through the good offices of the American government similar arrangements were under contemplation between Russia and France and Germany and Austria.

The agreements are based upon recommendations in a report by Chandler P. Anderson, formerly counselor of the state department, who conferred with the foreign office of Great Britain, Germany and Austria last November and visited some of the detention camps in those countries.

The departments statement in part follows: "Through the good offices of the United States an arrangement has been entered into between Great Britain and Germany and Austria-Hungary and a similar arrangement is under contemplation between Germany and Austria-Hungary and Russia and France by which representatives of the United States in those countries will be authorized to inspect and report upon prisoners' camps and distribute to the prisoners the supplies from their own governments and from other sources."

"The basis of this arrangement is, briefly as follows: (1) Each of the belligerent governments undertakes to furnish for the information of the others a complete statement of its policy with regard to the treatment of prisoners, with full details showing the supplies furnished and the conditions of their life during internment, supplemented by copies of orders and instructions issued to the commandants of the prisoners' camps; (2) The belligerent governments will permit the representatives of the United States in each country to have access to the prisoners and will allow the prisoners to furnish statements about their treatment, the conditions of life and requirements which they wish to have communicated to their own government. It is understood that the United States in undertaking this work, assumes no responsibility of any kind beyond the mere transmission of the statements and the distribution of supplies furnished, as above indicated, in accordance with such restrictions and regulations as are imposed by the governments concerned. In addition to the arrangements thus adopted, these governments have under consideration further arrangements for the exchange and release of detained enemy aliens, which arrangements, and the respective positions of the belligerent governments with respect thereto are understood to be as follows: (3) The German and Austro-Hungarian governments are prepared to agree to the reciprocal release of civilians over the age for compulsory military service under their respective laws, which in Germany is 45 years, but in Austria-Hungary 42 years of age. The British government has refused as yet to reduce the age below 55 in the case of Germany and 50 in the case of Austro-Hungary, but this question has been under consideration and may be reconsidered. (4) Both sides have expressed a willingness to agree to an exchange, man for man, of civilians of military age on the lists to be proposed on each side for the approval of the other. (5) The British and German governments are disposed to observe the provisions of articles 6 and 7 of the 14th Hague convention of 1907 regarding the crews of enemy merchant ships captured by a belligerent, but there has been a difference between the two governments as to the meaning of these provisions. The German government interprets these articles as meaning that the crews of captured ships are not only to be released from imprisonment, but permitted to return to their own country without hindrance if they so desire under parole against employment in any service connected with the operations of the war. The British government, on the other hand, interprets these provisions as merely restricting the operation of parole in Great Britain of the crews of captured merchant ships. (CONTINUED ON PAGE 4.)

ORDERS SPECIAL TERM OF COURT

WILL CONTINUE ONE WEEK IF NECESSARY, TO TRY CHARLIE LOGAN

MURDERER OF MRS. M. E. SCOTT

The Negro is in Penitentiary for Safe Keeping—Other News From the Capitol City

(Special to The Intelligencer.)
COLUMBIA, March 18.—At the earnest request of Solicitor Cooper, Governor Manning has ordered a special term of court for Abbeville county, to begin on Thursday, April 8, and to continue for one week, if necessary, to try the negro Charlie Logan, who killed Mrs. M. E. Scott at Lowndesville early Tuesday morning. The negro is in the penitentiary at Columbia for safe keeping. Under the law, a special term can not be held under 20 days after the crime is committed.

Writ of Habeas Corpus Signed

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, March 18.—A second writ of habeas corpus, through which counsel for Harry K. Thaw expect to bring the question of his return to Matteawan before the appellate division of the supreme court, was signed tonight by Justice Bijur, of the supreme court. The hearings on the previous writ, which was to have been tomorrow, will be continued one week, it was announced today after a conference of counsel representing all sides.

COUNCIL TO ISSUE \$83,000 OF BONDS

TO BE USED IN DEFRAYING CITY'S PART OF COST OF STREET PAVING

BIDS TO BE OPENED MARCH THE 31st

At Special Session Aldermen Yesterday Ordinance Providing for Issuance of Bonds Were Adopted

An ordinance providing and directing the city council of Anderson to issue and sell coupon bonds of the par value of \$83,000, to be known as "permanent street improvement bonds" and to be used in the payment of the city's one-half of the cost of laying street paving in the city, was adopted yesterday afternoon at a special session of the aldermen held at 5 o'clock.

Receive Bids March 31. The ordinance further provides that bids for the purchase of the bonds shall be opened and the bonds sold on March 31, next, or on some convenient date thereafter, if the council should deem it advantageous to the city's interests, at the city hall. The bonds will be of \$1,000 denomination each and shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually. The term of the bonds and the prevailing rate of interest are points which will be determined after bids are received on 30, 40 and 50 year term bonds, at interest of 4, 4 1/2 and 5 per cent. The ordinance in full is published in another column of The Intelligencer this morning, in the nature of a legal advertisement.

City's Bond Limit. It had been generally supposed that city council would authorize the issuance of bonds to the amount of \$100,000. It developed on examination, however, that the city's bond margin was but \$83,000. Consequently bonds exceeding that amount cannot be issued and sold.

Another Ordinance. Prior to the adoption of the ordinance above mentioned, council adopted an ordinance "to provide for the payment of the cost of permanent improvements on the streets of the city of Anderson, S. C., by laying upon the owners of property immediately abutting on the streets as improved an assessment in proportion to the frontage of such property, declaring a lien upon such property for the payment of the assessment, etc."

Traffic Regulations. When the resolutions mentioned above had been adopted council received a report from the police committee with reference to the congestion of traffic at the new passenger station of the Blue Ridge depot. The committee recommended to enforce the traffic regulations in regard to the matter, that is, not allow mail or express wagons to stand in front of the station for longer at a time than 15 minutes; not allow teams to be backed up to the curb with the horses' heads turned into the street, but make them stop facing north and south; not allow the soliciting of patrons by hackmen, etc.

Sidewalk Paving Ordered. Council authorized the street committee to have the city engineer proceed with the laying of certain sidewalks about the city as soon as work now under way on River street is completed. A section of the north side of West Whitner street, between the Intelligencer building and the telephone building, and a section in front of Mr. J. P. Catlett's place were ordered paved. A section of sidewalk where the new entrance to Hotel Chiquola is being constructed was ordered improved, and the sidewalk in front of the Crison drug store.

OPERATIONS SUSPENDED

Turks Are Profiting By Respite to Repair Their Batteries and Forts

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, March 18 (3 a. m.).—An Athens dispatch says the allies' naval operations at Smyrna, Asiatic Turkey, have been temporarily suspended, and the Turks are profiting by his respite to repair their batteries and forts. They are pursuing the same course also at the Dardanelles and on either shore of the Sea of Marmora.

There are about 180,000 Turkish troops west of Constantinople, according to latest information reaching Athens. Forty thousand are on the Gallipoli peninsula; 20,000 in European Turkey, and the rest on the Asiatic side of the Dardanelles.

It is reported in Paris the Turks are placing guns on the principal heights surrounding Constantinople.

Will Participate in Council of War

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, March 18 (3:35 p. m.).—The Evening News prints a dispatch from Copenhagen saying Emperor William and General von Falkenhayn, chief of the German general staff, arrived today at the German army headquarters near Lille. Their visit, the News states, is for the purpose of participating in a council of war.

Called Before Governor

Richland County Dispensary Board Questioned

The Richland county dispensary board was called before Governor Manning this afternoon and questioned about complaints that flagrant nepotism had been shown by them in the election of dispensers. This they denied, except in the case of Ben Harrison, the Assembly street dispenser that they were responsible for all appointments they made, and that they must be careful to keep within the law and to name only efficient men. He told them that he would not commission Thompson, the dispenser at Eastover in this county. Only two members of the board, J. F. Verner and J. W. H. Duncan, were present. The other member, S. T. Wesberry, was out of the city. The governor told the board that he would call them back for further admonition when Mr. Wesberry returns.

Hampton County Sheriff Calls on Governor Regarding Law Enforcement

Sheriff J. B. Lightsey of Hampton county was here today to see Governor Manning regarding law enforcement in that county. He brought encouraging reports and said that although his county was surrounded by three "wet" counties he was doing all he could to stamp out the blind tigers. He is determined to enforce the "gallon a month" act, and only last Saturday arrested a negro named Dent Bryant who had gotten more than one gallon. The sheriff wants some instructions about having the records of shipment by the express companies filed in his office Monday so he can check them and see who is getting more than the gallon a month. Sheriff Lightsey is probably the youngest sheriff in the State, being only 22 years old. He beat four opponents last summer.

Will Appear Before Governor

Sheriff W. W. Hucksback of Kershaw county who has been ordered to show cause before Governor Manning why he should not be relieved from office because of his alleged failure to enforce the liquor laws has written a letter to the governor in which he says that he will be present on the date set for the return. He says that he is at present sick at his home.

Appointment Held Up

Letters and telegrams are continuing to reach the governor's office regarding the proposed appointment of Harry A. Dargan as clerk of court for Greenville county. Some of them are favorable to Mr. Dargan and some are against him. The appointment has been held up indefinitely. Many applications for appointment as sheriff of Abbeville county are reaching the governor by mail, telegraph and telephone. The governor has not yet received the resignation of Sheriff C. J. Lyon, who was appointed United States marshal of the Western district.

No Notice of Resignation

The governor said today that he had not received any notice of the resignation of Congressman Jos. T. Johnson of the Fourth district, who has just been named judge of the Western district by President Wilson. When his resignation is received the governor will be in power to order a special election to fill the vacancy.

Go to Washington

State Warehouse Commissioner J. L. McLaurin left tonight for Washington. (CONTINUED ON PAGE 4.)

WILL RETURN EVIL FOR EVIL

GERMANS TO BURN THREE VILLAGES FOR EVERY ONE DESTROYED

FRENCH SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES

Aviators Drop Bomb on Seminary Killing Two Children, Ten Wounded

(By Associated Press.)
BERLIN, March 18 (via London, 3:40 p. m.).—The war department gave out this statement today: "A French advance against our position on the southern slope of the Lorette hill was repulsed. 'Partial French attacks in Champagne, north of La Meuse, were brought to a standstill by a counter attack. A fresh French attack which was begun there last night has been repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy. 'In the Argonne yesterday the fighting abated. French aviators threw bombs on the undefended Alsatian town of Schlettstadt. Only one bomb took effect, falling on a seminary conducted by women teachers, killing two children and severely wounding ten. In reply German aviators last night dropped bombs of big size on the fortress of Calais. 'Russian attacks on German positions between the Pissa and Orzyo rivers in northern Poland as well as northeast of Przasnysz continued yesterday without success. West of the Skwa River we took 900 prisoners of war and east of the Skwa 1,000 prisoners and four machine guns. 'Hordes of the Russian imperial militia gained a cheap victory by invading the most northern corner of East Prussia in the direction of Memel. They pillaged and burned villages and estates. As a retaliatory measure Russian towns occupied by us will be compelled to pay large sums. For every village burned down by these Russian hordes on German territory, and for each estate destroyed three villages or estates on Russian territory occupied by us will be sacrificed to the flames. All damage caused by fire in Memel will be answered by the destruction by fire of Russian government buildings at Suwalki and other provincial capitals in German hands."

No Information Concerning Vessel

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, March 18.—No information will be made public by the United States which might aid British and French cruisers waiting off the Virginia capes to catch the German converted cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich in case he ever commences should decide to make a dash from Newport News.

Only 300 of 1,400 Survive

LONDON, March 18 (3:45 a. m.).—Evidence is accumulating of the heavy British losses in the recent fighting in Flanders. Lord Hamilton, addressing a meeting in London last night, said that the papers were not giving full lists of the losses. His own regiment, the Grenadier guards, he declared, lost their colonel and 16 officers killed and wounded, and of 1,400 men, the finest in the army, only 300 survived.

Typhus Fever Claims 60,000 Victims in Serbia

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, March 18 (6:50 p. m.).—Appalling stories of conditions in Serbia were told here today by Ernest Becknell and Henry James, Jr., of the war relief committee of the Rockefeller foundation, after a tour of inspection through that country. Typhus, most deadly of the several epidemics in Serbia, already has caused the death of 60 out of 400 native doctors, they said. Foreign Red Cross units have suffered great losses. Two American and one British units have had to suspend regular work. Nine American nurses and two physicians have contracted typhus. The commissioners first visited Nish, Belgrade, and Uskub, the three most populous towns. They learned that typhus, typhoid fever, cholera, smallpox, diphtheria, scarlet fever and recurrent fever existed in more or less epidemic form. The largest number of cases is of recurrent fever, but that seldom is fatal.

Sanitary Commission Organized

WASHINGTON, March 18.—An American sanitary commission, organized under auspices of the American Red Cross and the Rockefeller foundation, soon will be at work in Serbia fighting to suppress typhus fever, which already has claimed 60,000 victims. The Red Cross announced today \$50,000 had been furnished for carrying on this work.