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These New Suits and Dresses we are showing are unquestionably pretty—quite a variety of styles, materials and colors—yours is in stock for the price you wish to pay.

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WOOL DRESSES FOR CHILDREN
Sizes 8 to 14 years, up to \$6.50
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EVERYTHING READY-TO-WEAR
Moore - Wilson Co.

OSTEND'S FATE HANGS IN THE BALANCE

(Continued from Page One.)

chance to ride. The hotels near the quay, which remained open, were crowded with refugees who had money and who begged for the opportunity to rent even a chair.

Tuesday night brought insistent reports that the Germans would enter Ostend Wednesday at dawn, with the result that few slept. At daybreak every street of Ostend was alive with Belgians making their way to the water front. Hundreds of Fishermen took their families and friends away in their small boats, which sailed out of the shipping basin in a steady stream, loaded down with frightened women and children carrying their personal effects wrapped in tablecloths and blankets.

Failure of the Germans to arrive at daybreak afforded only a slight relief to the anxious crowds. Rumors were current that German cavalry was less than twenty miles away and the appearance of the Taube in the sky was taken as an indication that the Germans were perfecting their plan for entering the city.

Practically no government of any sort remains at Ostend. The departure of King Albert and military headquarters left only the civil guard and policemen. They are attempting to preserve order, but there is lack of direction, as the burgomaster, head of the municipal government also has left.

The crowds mass about the gangways of the vessels, making the work of embarking the refugees more difficult. Women and children are trampled in the stampede, as of frightened animals at every rumor. Bundles of clothes, trunks and bags are stacked everywhere in confusion, preventing the free movement of the crowds.

"Women and children first," is the announcement the ship officers made in Flemish and French as the gangways are lowered. This rule has been enforced for several days, but with the greatest effort; women cling to their husbands and other male relatives, defiantly blocking the gangways. All attempts to persuade the refugees to drop their bundles and hasten aboard the boats are unavailing. "It is all we have left," was the reply of an aged and infirm woman, staggering under heavy luggage.

Ostend today is amazingly unlike the gay Atlantic City of Belgium, which formerly attracted most of the fashionable pleasure-seekers of the world. The shutters are closed on the great hotels facing the splendid bathing beach. Rich and poor alike, residents of Ostend and refugees of all classes from the interior of Belgium, are huddled together.

For days the food of women and children has been bread and coffee provided by committees which are attempting to keep down the hunger of the people in spite of the fact that all ordinary activities have been suspended. Now even bread is becoming scarce. The relief boats to Folkestone are so crowded and hurried that they have little time to consider the question of meals and frequently they are unable to offer even a cold lunch to the refugees crowded into every available inch of deck space.

Marked attention is shown the wounded soldiers by the refugees, who gather about the litters on the docks and on shipboard, offering cigarettes, chocolate and any other delicacy which the most empty lunch baskets afford. Many of the soldiers speak only Flemish, while their nurses know only English or French and must rely on refugees who understand all three languages to make known the wants of the sufferers. Little children often bridge the language chasm and with rare sympathy assist the nurses.

Belgian, English and French soldiers alike have endured such hardships during the recent campaign that the uniforms of the wounded soldiers are in tatters. This is especially true of the Belgians, whose once bright red and blue uniforms are now faded and in shreds—as unkempt in appearance as their unshaved faces.

"My poor Belgian boys have such disreputable looking uniforms when they come to me," a Red Cross surgeon remarked, "that I try to get some sort of civilian clothes for them to tone them up. Of course, we cannot get new uniforms now, but the poor chaps are disheartened enough by their injuries without having to hobble about in rags."

The same surgeon said the entire Belgian army should have six weeks respite to recover from the shock of its constant service under unprecedented hardships.

The American consul, Henry A. Johnson, has the affairs of the Allies under his care and is on the docks day and night assisting his charges. Americans are not numerous at Ostend, but a few have been coming in daily from Antwerp, Ghent and Bruges. The British consul left Ostend several days ago, the consuls representing the other Allies accompanying him.

Rains last night and today intensified the sufferings of the crowds which were shoved to the very edge of the pier where they remained without shelter in the hope of catching the next boat. Several persons were pushed off the docks by the surging masses, but all were rescued.

A dense fog last night cast further gloom over the dimly lighted piers with refugees trying to sleep. The fog guns were kept firing toward fishing boats off the reefs. Every report startled the fugitives, who were ready to believe that the expected aid of the Germans had begun.

From Nish, Servia, comes the official statement that on Sunday night the Austrians made two attacks on the extreme right wing of the Serbian front between Svornik, Bosnia, and Losizza, Servia. The attacks were repulsed with heavy losses to the Austrians, it is claimed. On Monday the Austrians attacked the Servians twice on the left bank of the Save river but were repulsed on each occasion with great loss.

London, Oct. 15.—While it fully is expected the Germans will reach Ostend and other ports in the northwest of Belgium, if they have not done so already, they will meet a stubborn resistance in their attempt to extend the right wing of their main army through Pas de Calais to the French northern ports. In fact, they have fallen back in this region in the face of the Allies' offensive.

A few days ago German cavalry were fighting as far west as Hambricq and Cassel, but today, according to the French official communication issued late today, the front of this battle extends from La Bassée through Estaires to Dailieu on the Belgian frontier, while across the border the Allies have occupied Ypres. This is a distinct gain for the Allies and shows that the German attempt

will be the more crushing in its effect the longer it is delayed."

German reports coming through Dohne say that the real struggle is just beginning and that, if necessary, 5,000,000 men can be called upon for compulsory service, while many volunteers also are available.

Vienna makes the claim that the Russians have evacuated Lemberg, while the Russians yesterday denied a similar report that they had given up the siege of Przemyśl. It would not surprise military men if the Russians withdraw from Galicia to concentrate all their forces for the supreme struggle which, with the advance of the Austro-Hungarian armies into Poland, is now upon them along the Vistula from south of Warsaw to their southern boundary.

There was every indication today that Turkey and Portugal would be drawn into the war. Portugal has not declared war on Germany, as was reported earlier in the day, but a partial mobilization of her forces will be ordered tomorrow and martial law has been declared in Portuguese Congo.

Portugal has an alliance with Great Britain, but this is purely a defensive one and was negotiated for the protection of Portugal and not with the idea that Portugal ever should be called on to come to the assistance of Great Britain. However, the sympathy of that country is known to be with the Allies and she has had some small difficulties with the Germans in Africa.

A short time ago a German officer, suspecting that the Portuguese were instigating unrest among the German natives of East Africa, raised into Portuguese Nyassa Land and killed a Portuguese sergeant and four natives.

The former German cruisers Goeben and Breslau, which sought refuge in Turkish waters when driven out of the Mediterranean by the British and French warships, may be responsible for the involvement of Turkey. Although these ships ostensibly were sold to Turkey, they still are officered and manned by Germans and have been cruising off the Rumanian and Bulgarian coasts of the Black Sea, where the Russian Black Sea fleet has been for some days. Should the Russian warships sight the Goeben and Breslau an engagement would be possible.

MARKET REPORT

New York Cotton

New York, Oct. 14.—It was rumored that balloting on Liverpool straddle cotton account which has been suspended since September 29, would be resumed today, but up to late afternoon no announcement of such action had been made by the cotton exchange.

Apart from this the day's developments were featureless, although committee work along the various lines already instituted with a view to an early reopening appeared to be progressing satisfactorily.

The census bureau report on consumption during September was considered quite bullish, but on the other hand, reports from Southern spot markets indicated a further weakening of prices, in some cases being under the six-cent level from interior Texas points.

New Orleans Cotton

New Orleans, Oct. 14.—Changes for the worst in weather conditions over the cotton belt, further stiffening of spot sales in Texas points and somewhat higher consumption figures for September from the government than generally expected, today checked the downward trend of spot prices in the local cotton market and caused a recovery to 7.30 in the price of January.

Spot cotton steady; sales on the spot 500; to arrive 100. Middling 6 3-4; strict middling 7; good middling 7 3-8; strict good middling 7 3-4, nominal.

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, Oct. 14.—Cotton, spot, in improved demand. Sales 2,300 bales, including 2,800 American on the basis of 5.30d for middling. Imports 80 bales, all American.

Dry Goods

New York, Oct. 14.—Cotton goods market today were being revised to a basis of lower cost cotton. Yarns were dull and weak. Sweater yarns were active. Laces were quiet. Embroideries showed improvement.

Cotton Seed Oil

New York, Oct. 14.—Cotton seed oil was about steady for nearby deliveries. Distant months, however, were lower despite the firmness in land. This was due to freer and cheaper crude offerings, bear pressure in January and falling sales. November closed 3 points higher and other months were unchanged to 4 points net lower.

Sales 1,400 barrels. Spot and October 5.20a5.40; November, 6.35a6.50; December, 5.35a5.57; January, 5.45a5.64; February, 5.52a5.65; March, 5.55a5.67; April, 5.80a5.81; May, 5.93a5.94. Total sales 16,100.

Weekly Cotton

Washington, Oct. 14.—Cotton consumed during September was 415,194 bales, exclusive of hsters, compared with 442,475 in September last year, the census bureau announced today. Consumption for the two months ending September 30 was 798,874 bales, against 874,750 last year.

Cotton on hand September 30 in manufacturing establishments was 536,088 bales, compared with 621,531 a year ago, and in independent warehouses 1,501,536, compared with 1,235,175 a year ago.

"Loyalty"

The Intelligencer is informed that one day last week a representative of some out of town shoe firm or concern held an "At Home" affair at one of the principal hotels of the city, and in the expression of the street—"mopped up."

Now what particular merit, or points of distinction did these shoes possess that the lines of shoes handled by our local merchants does not possess?

Are you aware of the fact that practically every standard line of shoes made in America, is on sale in Anderson, and in sufficient assortments to give anyone a good selection?

It's dollars to doughnuts that every dollar spent with this out-of-town concern was earned in Anderson. Then why send it away from home on such a long journey that its chances of ever returning to Anderson are practically nil?

The slogan "Anderson is my Town" typifies the community spirit. It is the greatest asset that any community can have; without it, no town or city can ever attain the growth that its natural advantage would warrant. How much "Community Spirit" has the person who earns his or her money in Anderson and spends it outside the city, when it could just as well have been spent here?

The Intelligencer will wager that there was not a single value offered, nor a single style shown, or any particularly narrow lasts displayed that the Anderson merchants could not, or would not get for any customer that asked for it.

Let's cut this sort of stuff out, and all pull together.

—Sasseen, the Ad Man.

DIPHTHERIA SCARE AT WALTHALLA

Several New Cases Reported. Other News Notes From Neighboring City.

Walhalla, Oct. 14.—The diptheria situation here continues about the same as for the past two weeks, there being occasional cases reported. Little Miss Claire Sloan, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. B. F. Sloan, who was a recent sufferer, is now entirely well and the quarantine has been raised on this home. Little Carolyn Rogers was taken suddenly ill Sunday night, and it was found that diptheria had developed quickly in this case. The home was quarantined immediately. The little girl is getting along nicely, practically all traces of the disease disappearing after 36 hours, during which time diptheria antitoxin was administered. The home of Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Abbott has also been quarantined, their son Ben being sick of diptheria. The situation has not been deemed of such serious nature at present to close the public schools.

Protracted services were begun in the Walhalla Baptist church last Sunday and they are being largely attended, especially at the night services. Music is being furnished by a selected choir, which has been under the training of Chas. F. Hérick for some time. Rev. T. L. Smith, the pastor, is being assisted by Rev. H. M. Fallow, of the New Westminster Baptist church, who is doing all the preaching for the series of meetings. He is giving his audiences strong and practical sermons at every service and much interest is being manifested from the beginning. The morning services begin at 10 o'clock and close promptly at 11 o'clock, while the

night services begin promptly at 7.30. The public is earnestly urged to attend, and the members of all denominations are invited to take part in the services.

Mrs. J. C. Keys, of Charlotte, N. C., is spending some days of this week in Walhalla visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. S. K. Denny. Her many friends here will be interested in the information that she will hereafter be closer to her old home, as she will reside at Clemson College for the present with her son, S. Clare Keys, who has been elected to a position as book-keeper at the college. He has been holding this position since last May.

Married, at the residence of the officiating minister, Rev. J. A. Bond, near West Union, on Sunday afternoon last at 4 o'clock, Miss Dora Lee, of the Pleasant Ridge section, and Marvin Browning, of near Westminster. The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Reuben Lee, while the groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Browning. The young couple have the best wishes of numerous friends.

Rev. G. M. Wilcox is spending this week in Sumter, where he is in attendance upon an important Presbyterian meeting. His family are visiting relatives at Richland during his absence. Wade C. Hughes, Esq., who is engaged professionally at Pickens this week, expects to join Rev. Mr. Wilcox in Sumter if possible, going as a delegate from the Walhalla Presbyterian church.

Miss Minnie Burton, who has been spending some time in Atlanta, where she has just completed a course at one of the business colleges of that city, returned to Walhalla last week and is with her mother, Mrs. C. A. Burton. She has numerous friends here who are pleased to welcome her back.



STYLE

Is the word of significance in FALL SHOES FOR WOMEN

With the short skirt mandate long ago predicted, shoe manufacturers had their cue. Fall shoes are made to show—to be seen at their best.

The highly approved styles are shown at Geisberg's. It's wise to have your choice while you may, it is our pleasure to show them all.

GEISBERG BROS. SHOE CO.

Under Masonic Temple, Shoes That Satisfy.

Coming Back

Dr. Williamson Cannot Return to Anderson for Meeting and Instead Dr. White Comes.

The letter, a part of which is copied below, was received by Dr. Vines, pastor of the First Baptist Church a few hours ago, and necessarily was a shock and disappointment, since all Anderson people remember with keenest delight Dr. Williamson's visit to us and his powerful addresses. But after thinking who was the man who could take this place and delight all our people, we naturally turned to Dr. John R. White, pastor of the Second Baptist church of Atlanta. Dr. White needs no introduction since he held a meeting with us a few years ago, and was the speaker at the first commencement of Anderson College and on every occasion Dr. White has more than delighted all who had the good fortune to hear him.

That the public may fully understand the spirit of Dr. Williamson's visit, below is a part of his letter. All will regret his sickness and hope for a speedy recovery and that we may have him some other day.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 10, 1914.

Rev. J. F. Vines, Anderson, S. C.

Dear Brother Vines:

I have no words in which to express my deep regret that I shall be unable to keep the engagement.

When I came home from my vacation I thought I would be able to continue my work at full steam, but the doctor says I must for some time decline all speaking engagements, except my Sunday services. I have been overtaxing myself for several years. The first real rest I ever attempted was this summer. Each of the other vacations have been wholly devoted to unusually heavy duties, so the doctor thinks I must have practically absolute rest.

You must know how keenly I regret this because I have looked forward to it the entire year. I shall want to fit the entire year. I shall we have had.

I hope you will be able to secure a substitute, or to arrange the matter without much inconvenience to yourself. Please let us consider this simply as a postponement as I shall never be happy until I have a week with you to try out some of the things we had in mind.

Sincerely your friend,

(Signed) W. J. WILLIAMSON

When Dr. Vines called Dr. White and told him the conditions and asked him to take the place and hold this series of meetings, the response over the phone was: "I could not refuse Anderson people anything they asked of me, and I will be there Monday, Oct. 19th, in time for the evening service." So what seemed to be a calamity has made us sad that Dr. Williamson could not be with us, we are glad, however, that Dr. White can come again.

The public is cordially invited to come and worship with us at 10 o'clock each morning and 7:30 each evening.

The Day In Congress

Washington, Oct. 14.—SENATE: met at 11 a. m.

Resumed debate on war tax bill. Senator Hoke Smith introduced cotton bond plan as amendment.

Finance committee Democrats agree to eliminate proposed tax on proprietary medicines.

Foreign relations committee failed to get quorum for consideration of Nicaraguan treaty.

Adopted conference report on Alaska coal land leasing bill.

Recessed at 5:42 p. m. until 11 a. m. Thursday.

HOUSE: Met at noon.

Passed Philippine ultimate independence bill by a vote of 211 to 59.

Adjourned at 6:09 p. m. until noon Thursday.

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