

The Anderson Daily Intelligence

VOLUME 1, NUMBER 218

Weekly, Established 1860; Daily, Jan. 12, 1914.

ANDERSON, S. C., SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 3, 1914.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

\$5.00 PER ANNUM

HARD FIGHTING IS AHEAD BEFORE LONG BATTLE ENDS

ALL REPORTS OF ALLIES VICTORIES SEEM TO BE PRE-MATURE

FRENCH IN ARRAS

Germans Apparently Have Failed In Efforts To Pierce Outer Line of Forts at Antwerp

London, Oct. 2.—The battle of the Aisne as it still is called, although the armies contending in it have spread far beyond that river, has been in progress just three weeks and no decision has been reached. Reports from Paris earlier in the week that the allies operations were about to succeed were premature. From all appearances there must be more hard fighting before either side gives way. The heaviest blows are being given and taken in the western area where, according to today's French official communications an extremely violent battle continues, especially in the Roye district, where the Germans have concentrated considerable forces. The communications added that the action was extending more and more northward.

Modest Account.
This, apparently, was a modest account of the northward advance of the French, for private telegrams received in London tonight announced that the French actually had reached Arras. Stubborn resistance is being offered by the Germans in the vicinity of Roye, where earlier in the battle they occupied heights which they were forced to abandon.

Along the front from the Oise to the Meuse rivers, according to the French report, only partial operations have been attempted by either side. Frontal attacks by the allies, as a matter of fact, have been discontinued, while the flanks are fighting for ascendancy.

On the allies' right the Germans have made another attempt to cross the Meuse at St. Michel, where they got across last week. The German attack to regain this ground which they had abandoned when threatened on their flank by troops from Toul, was made yesterday when they tried to throw a bridge across the river. The pontoon, however, according to the French report, was destroyed during the night. The Germans, who are supposed to have had the assistance of heavy Austrian guns, apparently have failed in their first attempt to pierce the outer line of forts at Antwerp. Official reports and statements by correspondents say that none of the Belgian forts has been damaged severely and that the German infantry attacks were repulsed with heavy losses to the attackers.

Opinion Prevails Here that the Germans at present do not intend to make a serious attempt to besiege Antwerp and that the attack they have made is to keep the Belgians within the fortresses and to stop sorties, which were disconcerting to the Germans occupying the rest of the country. Again reports are in circulation that the Germans are making preparations to evacuate Belgium, or at any rate, that portion as far east as Brussels. It is said that their force in Brussels is packing up, but such statements have been made so often that not much reliance is placed in them. Still another rumor has it that the German staff headquarters has been removed from Luxembourg to Mayence.

Greatest of Campaign.
The battle which promises to be the greatest and most important of the eastern campaign has commenced near Cracow, Galicia, where an Austro-German army, estimated to number 300,000 men, is endeavoring to check the Russian advance. This combined Austro-German army has occupied a line just inside the Russian Poland frontier from Cracow through Czestochowa to Kallaz and has had plenty of time to prepare strong defensive positions. Both sides are bringing up reinforcements. The Germans are bringing their troops from Blaruz and Bialystok, Bohemia and Moravia, and are congested with German troops and war material.

The German plan of an invasion of Russia from East Prussia has failed, according to Russian official reports, which declare the Germans got as far as the western bank of the Niemen river, but found strong Russian forces in the hills on the eastern bank. Being in low and marshy ground the Germans, according to the Russian viewpoint, were at a disadvantage and could not advance. A fight is in progress at Mirampol, near the northeastern Prussian front.

tier, with farther south in the Suwalki region, the Russians claim to have the German's retreat into disorderly flight. More heavy fighting is taking place at Augustowo 150 miles northeast of Warsaw in the province of Suwalki, where the Germans have received reinforcements and are taking the offensive. At Grajewo twenty-five miles southwest of Augustowo the Russians again have entered German territory, and at Mlawana they claim a victory over the Germans.

SOUTHERN MEN WERE APPOINTED

Class "C" Directors Chosen from Cities in States of Georgia and Alabama

Washington, Oct. 2.—Class "C" directors to represent the government in the federal reserve banks of Atlanta and Philadelphia were announced tonight by the federal reserve board. Directors of this class for five of the twelve reserve banks were named Wednesday and it is expected that those for the remaining five will be announced tomorrow, making possible the organization of the new system in the immediate future.

The Atlanta appointments tonight were: M. B. Wellborn, Anniston, Ala., chairman of the board of directors and federal reserve agent; Edward T. Brown, Atlanta, vice chairman and deputy federal reserve agent; W. H. Kettig, Birmingham, Ala., director.

MUCH COTTON BEING GINNED

Reports Show Number of Bales Second to 1911. Ginnings are About Normal.

Washington, Oct. 2.—Cotton ginning was active from September 1 to 25, a total of 2,901,556 bales having been turned out. That brought the aggregate ginnings for the year to 3,381,855 bales, according to the census bureau's second report, announced today. The periods ginnings were second only to those of the record crop year of 1911, being less than 6,000 bales lower.

In Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia and Louisiana the ginnings to September 25 exceeded those to that date in any of the past seven years. Sea Island cotton ginnings exceeded those of any year in the past seven while the number of round bales ginned showed a great decrease.

LARGE AMOUNT OF COTTON USED

Over 21,000,000 Bales Consumed During Year 1913 In Entire Country.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The world's consumption of cotton was 21,225,900 bales during the year which ended August 31, the census bureau announced today. Production of commercial cotton, exclusive of linters, growing in 1913, as compiled from public reports, documents and correspondence was approximately 28,255,000 bales of 500 pounds net. Except for the United States, cotton included in consumption figures refers almost exclusively to that used in spinning and does not include large quantities used in the manufacture of felt, hats and other articles. The number of consuming cotton spindles active during the year was 143,397,000. Approximately 30,000,000 were operated in the United States.

No Foodstuffs From Holland.
London, Oct. 2.—Holland has given assurances that it will prevent the exportation of foodstuffs from Holland to Germany or other countries at war.

Wishes Capital Changed.
Rome, Oct. 2.—A deep impression has been produced by a report circulating in diplomatic circles here that the Austrian government is urging Emperor Francis-Joseph to transfer the seat of government either to Prague or Salzburg. It is asserted that the emperor dislikes the project because of the effect it would produce throughout the empire.

TRY TO SETTLE ALL DISPUTES

CONFERENCE HELD TODAY IN MEXICO

SUPREME EFFORT

Hope That An Agreement Can Be Reached On All Matters Concerning The Middle With Mexicans.

Washington, Oct. 2.—An outline of what the immediate outcome of meetings in Mexico City and Aguas Calientes probably will be, was received here tonight by constitutionalists representatives.

The dispatches, delegates of General Carranza's faction, now in convention at Mexico City, probably will adjourn tomorrow to meet in joint session October 3 with the Aguas Calientes peace conference attended by representatives of General Villa and General Zapata as well as the Carranza faction. Officials here expect a supreme effort will be made then to settle all controversies between the several factions.

It was said the convention in Mexico City might decide to continue in session for several days but, if so, it is all probability it would adjourn in sufficient time to permit the delegate to be present at the opening of the Aguas Calientes meeting.

In the event an agreement is reached at the Aguas Calientes convention, the plan is to have the leaders of all factions proceed to Mexico City, there to designate a provisional president and arrange for elections and the establishment of a permanent government.

Official announcement today that American troops would not be withdrawn from Vera Cruz before October 11 and that no time had been fixed for the transfer of control of that port to Mexican authorities was accepted as meaning that General Funston's forces will not be ordered home until the break between Carranza and Villa had been settled and order restored in the republic.

Officials said tonight, however, that it was highly probable several detachments would be withdrawn from Vera Cruz as long as circumstances warrant. The Mexican situation was discussed today by President Wilson and Secretaries Bryan and Daniel. Reports from General Silliman on the convention in Mexico City showed that 68 out of a possible 98 delegates were in attendance yesterday and that there was a general feeling that a full representation of constitutionalist chiefs would attend the conference at Aguas Calientes, October 5, to settle differences between Carranza, Villa and Zapata.

PYTHIAN ORDER IS VERY ACTIVE

Lodges In South Carolina Preparing For A Rally Meeting Monday Night.

Following the order issued some days ago by Hon. H. K. Osborne, of Spartanburg, Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, lodges of this order in all parts of the State are planning to hold a meeting next Monday night to discuss things or the good of the order and to try and devise ways and means for making the order a still greater factor in South Carolina.

Chitqua lodge is to meet Monday night at 8 o'clock, at which time there will be ritualistic work, addresses by the members and other interesting features and the evening will be concluded with a smoker. This is in line with the meetings to be held all over the State on that night. Next Sunday night at 8 o'clock Dr. W. H. Fraser, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Anderson, will speak in his church to the Knights of Pythias on the subject of "Peace," at which time every K. of P. will be expected to be present and members of all other fraternal orders will also be heartily welcomed. This service is to begin at 8 o'clock and will be interesting.

What Would You Do?

There are many times when one man questions another's actions and motives. Men act differently under different circumstances. The question is, what would you do right now if you had a severe cold? Could you do better than to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy? It is highly recommended by people who have used it for years and know its value. Mrs. O. E. Sargent, Peru, Ind., says, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is worth its weight in gold and I take pleasure in recommending it." For sale by Evans' Pharmacy. All dealers.

THE SECOND LARGEST YIELD FROM COTTON

CROPS OF 1911 ONLY LARGER THAN THIS YEAR

GOOD PER CENT

Reports Indicate Yield of 200 lbs. of Lint Per Acre or 15,300,000 Bales for the Season.

Washington, Oct. 2.—A forecast of 15,300,000 five hundred pound bales of cotton as the 1914 crop was made today by the department of agriculture's crop reporting board in the season's final reporting which showed a condition on September 25 of 75.5 per cent of normal.

That quantity of cotton makes this year's crop second in point of size ever grown in the United States. The record is 15,693,000 bales grown in 1911. Last year 14,650,000 bales were grown and in 1912 there were 13,703,000 bales.

The September 25 condition indicated a yield of about 200 pounds of lint per acre, which, applied to the estimated area planted, 36,960,000 acres, would produce 15,468,000 bales. An average of one per cent of the acreage is abandoned each year. Allowing for that the condition of the crop indicates a total production of 15,300,000 bales.

Conditions by states: Virginia, 80. North Carolina, 79. South Carolina, 72. Georgia, 81. Florida, 81. Alabama, 78. Mississippi, 67. Louisiana, 68. Texas, 70. Arkansas, 69. Tennessee, 70. Missouri, 72. Oklahoma, 80. California, 96.

Artillery Duel at Rheims.

London, Oct. 2.—A dispatch from Rheims to the Exchange Telegraph company dated Wednesday says: "Rheims was the scene of a fierce artillery duel this morning. During the bombardment the American consul, William Bardel, had a narrow escape. A shell wrecked half of his residence over which the stars and stripes were flying."

German Ships Sunk.

London, Oct. 2.—A Bordeaux dispatch to Lloyd's Agency says it is officially announced there that a French gunboat has sunk two German auxiliary ships, the Rhos and Holokito.

The great battle of the Aisne which has been in progress three weeks, has not been decided.

The fiercest fighting is taking place in the western arena, where an extremely violent battle continues, especially in the Roye district, in which the Germans have concentrated considerable forces.

The action appears to be extending more and more northward.

On the left wing of the allies, one of the French detachments which came out of Arras, department of Pas de Calais, has fallen back a little toward the east and north of that city, according to a French official announcement.

The allies have made progress in front of Albert, north of the Somme, according to the latest official announcement in Paris. Between Foye and Lasigny the Germans have directed violent attacks against the allied line, but these attacks, says the French war office, have broken against the French and British resistance.

Along the rest of the front is said to prevail. It is officially announced in Paris that no enemy remains on the left bank of the Meuse in the neighborhood of St. Michel, twenty miles southeast of Verdun. The first attempts of the Germans to pierce the outer line of forts at Antwerp appear to have failed. None of the Belgian forts have been severely damaged, it is stated in a French official report, and the German infantry attacks have been repulsed with heavy losses to the invading forces. On the other hand, an official statement issued in Berlin says the siege of Antwerp is making progress.

Reports are being circulated again to the effect that the Germans are preparing to evacuate Belgium, or at least that portion as far east as Brussels.

SENATE WORKS ON WAR BILLS

REDUCED THE TAX ON GASOLINE

WILL TAX AUTOS

May Place Tax On All Negotiable Paper and Will Leave Tax On Barrels Of Beer

Washington, Oct. 2.—Reduction of the proposed tax on gasoline in the war revenue bill from two to one cent a gallon, and imposition of a tax of fifty cents per horsepower on automobile sales were agreed to today by Democrats of the senate finance committee. They plan to complete their revision of the house bill by tomorrow night.

The committee will have before it tomorrow a sub-committee recommendation that the proposed tax of \$2 a thousand on bank capital and surplus be eliminated and that there be substituted a stamp tax on checks, drafts, certificates of deposit and other negotiable paper. The tax of deposits, etc., two cents for each \$100. From this, it is estimated, the revenue would be about \$10,000,000 a year.

It was also agreed to retain the proposed increased tax of fifty cents a barrel of beer in the house bill with the understanding, however, that a further increase of 25 cents might be made should the committee find it necessary to raise more revenue after it has completed consideration of all sections of the bill.

The proposed tax of 20 cents a gallon on sweet domestic wines and 12 cents on dry wines, the committee agreed to revise, retaining the house rate on sweet wines, but reducing the dry wine tax to 8 cents.

The committee's action on gasoline and automobiles occasioned considerable surprise, as the general expectation had been that an automobile tax would be substituted for the gasoline tax. The one cent gasoline will bring revenue amounting to \$10,000,000.

The proposed 50 cents per horsepower on automobile sales will not effect persons owning automobiles but will be levied only on sales. There is a provision, however, that whenever a manufacturer already has contracted to sell automobiles at a certain price, the tax shall be paid by the jobber or dealer.

The stamp tax, including the insurance taxes, tobacco dealers tax and other features of the bill will be considered tomorrow.

CITY IS IMPROVING STREETS AND DRAINS

COUNCIL HELD SHORT BUSINESS SESSIONS

STREET MATTERS

Gave City Engineer Authority to Place Drains on Certain Streets and Heard Railroad Question

The regular monthly meeting of the Anderson city council will not take place until next Tuesday night, but a short business meeting of that body was held Thursday morning for the purpose of hearing reports on matters relative to street improvements.

At the meeting the city engineer was instructed to build a drain on Calhoun street from Creswell street for a distance of 320 feet. He was authorized to purchase the necessary material at once and to complete the work as quickly as possible.

It was also decided to build a storm sewer on White street, leading from River street, same to be done at once. The city engineer received the matter of building the storm sewer from South Main street, under the property of the Charleston & Western Carolina railway, where the new freight terminal are being erected, to Peoples street, just in the rear of this property. It will be remembered that this matter has excited considerable discussion, between council and the railroad and at one time it was feared that a law suit might be required to Engineer Sanders reported yesterday that he had completed the plans and specifications for the building of the drain and has forwarded them to the officials of the road at Augusta. If the plans meet with the approval of the railroad the work will soon be underway and will be completed rapidly as possible.

It was said at this meeting that the work of the telephone company, placing their lines under ground would be completed in a few days, and

ALLIES CONTINUE TURNING MOVEMENT ON GERMAN RIGHT

WILL ORGANIZE COTTON STATES

Resolution Asks For 50 Men In Every Section Where Cotton is King.

New Orleans, La., Oct. 2.—Presidents of the local cotton exchange, board of trade, association of commerce and several bankers and cotton dealers, at a conference here today, formulated a plan of action which they hope will give impetus to the campaign for reduced cotton acreage next year and aiding the cotton planter now.

The idea, as expressed in resolutions, is to first form a ways and means committee composed of fifty well known men from every section of the country. This committee will be instructed to organize an executive committee to immediately begin an educational campaign.

It is hoped, according to the resolution, in this manner "to bring into play all business and financial forces of the country in a systematic effort to restore the purchasing power of the cotton growing states at the earliest possible moment."

WOMEN TO WEAR GOWNS OF COTTON

Miss Guernsey Has Plan to Popularize Wearing Cotton Apparel.

New York, October 2.—(FOLLOW WASHINGTON.)—A movement to aid cotton, by popularizing wearing gowns was started here today when Miss Florence Guernsey, president of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs, issued an appeal to 100,000 members of the federation to purchase such a gown and wear it at the peace demonstration to be held during the week of October 5.

Miss Guernsey announced she would offer resolutions at the convention of the New York State Federation of Women's Clubs, which meets at Bingham on October 29 and at the New York City Federation convention, which meets on October 30, urging all women to join in the movement.

Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, endorsed Miss Guernsey's plan.

GERMANS GIVE THEIR VERSION

Germans Using Heavy Artillery at Many Points and Repulse Allies.

Berlin, Oct. 2.—(By Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—According to announcement made here today the great battle in France is still undecided. The Germans are described as hammering the French positions at numerous points by their heavy artillery.

The attempts of the allies to break through the German lines are said to have been repulsed. The heaviest losses have been in the Argonne region. The Germans are asserted to be making steady progress.

In the fighting before Antwerp the German artillery is reported as having silenced two of the Belgian forts. German troops are said to have captured thirty aeroplanes sent from France to Belgium.

In the eastern arena of the war the Russian offensive movement from the Niemen river against the Germans in the province of Suwalki is declared to have failed. It is officially reported that the Russian fortress at Osowetz, in Russian Poland, was bombarded by the Germans until September 5.

The fighting in France the siege of Antwerp and the offensive operations under General Von Hindenberg all going on at the same time are taken in Berlin to indicate that the German army is not lacking in men.

HUNDREDS OF GERMAN PRISONERS TAKEN AT EVERY POINT

EVENTUAL VICTORY

Allies Feel That Their Success in Keeping Germans Back Assures Victory.

On the Battle Front, Via Paris, Oct. 2.—A thrill was in the air all along the extended lines today. The French and British troops who for more than a fortnight have been in the closest contact with the Germans, felt they had accomplished their hard task of preventing the Germans from breaking through the human barrier erected between them and Paris, their main objective, and that this meant eventual victory for the allies.

The lines of trenches make the battle front appear like deeply scarred fields. The allies, who quickly learned the lesson of burrowing, face the Germans within a quarter of a mile at some places. Their field entrenchments offer admirable shelter from the German artillery, which consequently reduces their casualties and permits the allies to await in comparative safety the German attacks, which must be made across the open and often at terrible cost.

The fury of the German onslaught was unabated today especially on the western wing, but their every effort was met with vigor by the allies, who seemed to vie with each other in using all their strength and courage against the attackers.

The scene of the most violent attacks changes day by day. The Germans finding it impossible to penetrate the allied lines in the vicinity of Rheims and Soissons, quickly transported many of their divisions farther northwest and today hurled them against Roye. Again they failed, although tonight they had not ceased their efforts to batter down the resistance.

The allies' great turning movement continued today and their western wing extended toward Arras. Reports from the other end of the line on the frontier show the progress of the allies to be slow but sure. Hundreds of German prisoners fell into the hands of the allies at every point and it was remarked that the majority were Bavarians, who seem to have been prominent in the front of the German attack.

Spies are so numerous along the front that orders have been issued stating that any German in civilian dress encountered will be considered a spy and those furnishing him with clothes will be regarded as accomplices. Germans who do not surrender on the first summons will be executed.

The order says that any group of more than three armed Germans found behind the allies' lines will be considered as ghouls and shot while every person found committing robberies on the battlefields, whether civilian or soldier, will be court-martialed.

EVANGELISTS SPEAKS

Mr. Montgomery Will Conduct Open Air Service in Williamston Park.

People living in and around Williamston are much pleased by the announcement that Evangelist Montgomery is to conduct an open-air service in the Williamston park next Sunday afternoon. The service is to be held at 3:30 o'clock and special music will be furnished for the occasion.

Mr. Montgomery has announced that his subject will be "The Conservation of Our Moral and Spiritual Resources," and he invites the public to attend.

This evangelist is well known all over South Carolina and has but recently closed one of the most successful meetings in Columbia, that the city ever knew. He should be greeted by a large audience tomorrow.

Russians Lead Attack.
London, Oct. 2.—The Home correspondent of Reuters says news received in the Italian capital from Russian headquarters declares that Przemysl, Galicia, has been attacked by the Russians on all sides.