# The Anderson Daily Untelligencer

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ANDERSON, S. C., FRIDAY MORNING. SEPTEMBER 4, 1914.

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### POPE'S SUCCESSOR HAS BEEN NAMED

PONTIFF WILL BE KNOWN AS BENEDICT XV

#### LONG SESSION

Since Monday Conclave Has Been Balloting Unsuccessfully-Finally Electing Cardinal Giocome Della Chiesa

(By Associated Press.)

Rome, ept. 3.—Cardinal Giacomo of Della Chiesa, archbishop of Bologna, Italy, was today elected supreme pontifi of the Catholic hierarchy in succession to the late Pope Pius X, who odded August 20. He will reign under the name Benedict XV.

The condinve of the Bacred College, whose duty it is to elect the pope, went into ression the evening of Monday, August 31. The announcement of the outcome of its deliberations was made this morning shortly after 11 o'clock.

Were Too Late.

Were To Late.

Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore, and Cardinal O'Connell of Boston, are on board the steamer Canopic, which is not due at Naples until tomorrow. They were on their way to attend the conclave. Concequently neither of them participated in the election of the new pope. Cardinal Farley, of New York reached here several days

Prince Chigi-Albani, one of the assistants to the throne in the pope's household, was hotfied at a quarter past eleven that Cardinal Della Chiesa had been elected.

had been elected.

The News Received.

At twenty minutes past eleven, Monsignor Misciatelli, subprefect of the Sacred palaces and governor of the measure that will provide \$1,000,000, from the new pope asking that the concurrent resolution provide agaings of the Baseilla of St. Peter ing for the joint nession was adeptthe upened because he purposed in a short dime to lanus his proclausation.

At this came hour eleven twenty the master of ceremonies appeared on the central balcony of St. Peter's and

Again the crowd of several thous-posed to meet the expected delicit that was caused by the falling off of the part, the benediction of the new

(Continued On Pago Four.) would not dissense itturther.

GLORY HALLELULAH!

Times are now going to be better! That may be a very startling statement but it is nevertheless a fact and Anderson business, men were rejoicing last night. All the commotion in business circles was due to the fact that Capt. John R. Anderson, superjuterdant of

due to the fact that Capt. John R. Anderson, superintendent of the Bine Ridge railroad, réceived a telegram informing him that his railroad and others have a reed to accept freight for shament to the foreign count/cles. The following is the telegram received here:

"Ambargo 528 is medified effective at once. This company vill accept freight for export to European countries through ports reached by this company provided that prior to issuance bill of lading the freight is booked and engagement made for specific sailing and confirmed by a traffic officer of this company. Bills should be endorsed to show engagement and specific sailing."

#### WAR TAX REVENUE WILL BE DISCUSSED

Congress Will Meet To Hear President's Request For Many Millions

Washington, Sept. 3 .- Congress will meet in joint session tomorrow after-

ing for the joint nession was adopt ed today in both houses? It is understood that the President

the central balcony of St. Peter's and spread out the red carpet. The great growd halow, which had been waiting for shours in the square in the expectation of the defiberations of the Sacred College, understood that a selection had been reached. The people applauded vigorously.

At twenty-five minutes before tweive Cardinal Delia Volpe appeared on the halcony with Monsigner Capeatosti bearing the pope's cross on his right, and pronounced the ritual announcing the election of Cardinal Delia Chiesa. To this he added that the new pope had chosen the name of Cardinal Delia Chiesa. To this he added that the new pope had chosen the name of Cardinal Delia Chiesa. To this he added that the new pope had chosen the name of Cardinal Delia Chiesa. To this he added that the new pope had chosen the name of Cardinal Delia Chiesa. To this he added that the new pope had chosen the name of Cardinal Delia Chiesa. will confine his message to the pre-

the new pope had chosen the name of president the framework of the tax Benedict XV. plan he and his associates have pro-

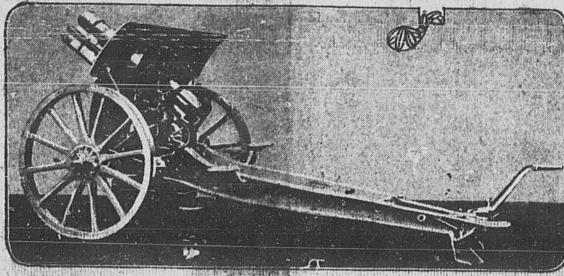
and Dersons charged and at once began, in make their way to the Basilica to hear, the benediction of the new months.

From unces, Benediction of the new blan was estudied to produce \$100.

At fifteen minutes, before twelve the 000,000 by an additional revenue tax american ambassador reported that all americans who wished to leave had done so and he thought that funds aboard the North Carolina were sufficient for immediate needs.

In view of the delicate situation the american ambassador reported that all the first time to have a sufficient for immediate needs.

## GERMAN FIELD ARTILLERY



This gun bas new device to care for the recoll.

## CRUISER CAN'T **DELIVER GOLD**

**TURKEY WON'T PERMIT THE AMERICAN CRUISER TO** MAKE TRIP

#### WATERS ARE MINED

Straits of Dardanelle Are Unsafe For Large Ship To aPss Through

Washington, Sept. 3 .- Turkey has declined to grant the request of the United States for permission to send he cruiser North Carolina through the Dardanelles to Constantinople to deliver \$150,000 in gold deposited here for the relief of the Americans in the

Ottoman Empire.

The Grand Vizier has informed the American government that the waters of the Bardaneties are mined and that it would be unsafe for a vessel as large as the North Carolina to go large as the North Carolina to go through the straits. He declared also that it might establish a precedent for the passage of other foreign warships and suggesed that the American naval yacht Scorpion, on duty in the Turkish waters, he sent to sea to meet the North Carolina.

This was the automatical and the content of the North Carolina.

This was the substance of a long cable ram received at the white bouse and state department today from Ambassador Morganthau, the first measage from Lim in several days. The ambassador made no mention of any declarations of war, but referred to the diplomatic situation as highly critical.

ditional revenue that modifies but he then the plan of sending the Scr/plen to meet the North Carolina existed the stratght be adopted. The incident was discussed at the navy and state departments today and the North Carolina, now at Falmouth. England, will start tomorrow for the Mediterranean. She probably will touch at Italian ports and take aboard Assistant Secretary Breckenridge, reaching the Dardanelies in a week or ten days. By the time of her arrival there the official statement of the process of the cruiser away from the scene of possible saval conflicts.

The incident recalled past relations between the United States and Turkey on the passage of foreign warships through the Dardanelles. The United never has recognized the right of Turkey to close the straits to foreign warships in times of peace, although the European powers have agreed to it. The American government merely has recognized the custom of excluding foreign warships as "a usage."

Secretary of State Fish, in 1873, wrote in this connection to the Turkey.

The Turkish sination was discussed believe, notification already would today by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador and A. Rustem in neutral ports and avoid British war yes, the Turkish ambassador, and vessels.

## Flashes

SENDING REINFORCEMENTS
London, Sept. 2.—A dispatch to the
Star from Athens says:

"The Servines are sending as many
troops as possible to reinforce those
already at the River Drina. There is
no truth in the report that the Austriens are withdrawing troops from
the Servien frontier and sending them
to meet the Russians. On the contrary, Austria is sending more men
against Servia to prevent the Servians
entering Rosnia."

THINGS LOOK BLUE
Paris, September 3. Beginning tonight no persons may leave or enter
Paris between 8 pl m. and 5 a. m.,
without 2. military pass. Automobiles
may enter freely during the day, but
cannot leave without permission. Pedestrians are permitted to pass without challenge, through certain gates
while other gates are closed. People
bringing fresh registables to the city
are permitted access at half hour intervals during the foy.

WOUNDED ARRIVING
Mondon, Sept. & A. disputch to The
Evening Sews from Gopenhagen snys;
Goest anothers of wounded are arriving it Berlin today. The trains are
not enauded until after dark in order
to avoid undue curiosity on the part
of the public. The wounded are mostity from East Pressia.

"Princess Louise of Belgium, has
been ordered to leave, Vienna within
24 hours."

#### TO HELP SERVIANS

London, Sent. 2.—A dispatch to the Central News from Copenhagen says that a message received at Berlin reports the receipt of advices from Austrian headquarters stating that Russia is transporting ammanition continuously by way of the Danube to Servia. At the mouth of the Danube extensive measures are being taken preparatory to the dispatch of Russian troops to Servia.

#### TURKS ARE MOBILIZING

Petrograff, Sept. 2.—Turkish mobili-Lation on the Porsian boundary line is slow. Many christians and Aurds have refuesd to join the movement. The Turks are feelbly enrolling all persons of military sge.

There has been a serious conflict between Turks and Armenians at Bit-lis, Turkish Armenia.

#### SWEDES ARE ANXIOUS . London. Sept. 3. Telegraphing from StockNoim The Star correspon-

AND STILL THEY LEAVE Havre, vin Paris, Sept. 3—The Uni-ted States cruiser Tennessee salled from here today for Falmouth. She

Secretary of State Fish, in 1873, wrote in this counser, on to the Turkish wrote in this counser, on to the Turkish and French ambassadors. From Turkish cheels it was learned that the first techaration of war not time of peace is a serious question. The right, however, has for a long time been claimed and been sanctioned by treafies between Turkey and certain European states. A proper occasion may arise for us to dispute the applicability of the claim to the United States men of war. Meanwhile it is desmed expedient to the desired of the description of the British and French ambassadors. From Turkish and that the first techaration of the British and French ambassadors. From Turkish and French ambassadors. From Turkish and that the first techaration of war probably would by against Russia, and that the first techaration of war probably would by against Russia, and that Turkey's delay in announcing her intentions was due to her desire to complete military preperations. The Turkish arrhansador and Turkey's delay in announcing her intentions was due to her desire to complete military preperations. The Turkish arrhansador and Turkey's delay in announcing her intention of the British and French ambassadors. From Turkish and French ambassadors and that the first techaration of war in the first tracky's delay in announcing her intentions was due to her delay in the first tracky's delay in announcing her intentions was due to her delay in the first tracky's delay in announcing her intentions was due to her delay in the first tracky and that the first tracky and the first tracky and the first tracky and the first trac wrote in this connect on to the Turkish government:

The abstract right of the Turkish government to obstruct the maxigation of the Davignelles even to vessels of war he time of peace is a serious question. The right, however, has for a long time been claimed and been sanctioned by treaties between Turkish and that Turkey's delay in announcing her mission was due to her desire to complete military preparations. The Turkish anhiesander and Turkish anhiesander and Turkish anhiesander and that he believed 500,000 or possibly a million men had been enrolled. He reiterated that the mobilization was not aimed at Greece or Bulgaria.

Officials have have agreed that the imminance of war in Turkey made it similarly expedient at this time for the American government not to pressible request that the North Carolina with the allies. If the intended to stand by Gassay and American gives the stand gives the stand

#### PARIS IS CALMLY FACING OUTCOME

Moving of the French Government to Bordeaux Causes Little Excitement

Paris, Eupt. 3.—Paris again today showed its remarkable adaptability to circumstances. Though all allusions to such a contingency had been strictforbidden in the new papers, that he government would be transferred to Bordeaux was an open secret sev-eral days ago among the journalists and the public officials and in the mili-

tary circles.

Among these persons the effect of the announcement has been largely discounted. The public, after its first discounted. The public, after its first surprise, is viewing the situation with composure and tonight there seems to be a better feeling all around! Military secrets are being well guarded and all reference to them is largely speculation; but it is a reasonable supposition that General John a prefers to accept a decisive battle agginst the Germans in front of the forts and the entrenched camp at Paris.

"The Temps this afternoon printed another article in which it predicted final success for the allies."

another article in which it predicted final success for the silies.

The Liberte quotes an English officer who arrived here today form Plerrefittee, 28 miles: southeast of Pau, as saying he was wounded in a ficree battle near Compignie in which the Germans were driven back severat times with heavy losses. He said the French and English offensive was successful over a front of several successful over a front of several miles, the Germans retreating toward

#### AMIENS, FRANCE CAPITULATES

Germans Met With No Resistant In Occupying the French

London, Sept. 3.—A dispatch from were taken so the lated Tuesday, September 1, declares that the Germans have taken possession of Amiens after three day's

The dispatch to the Daily Mail from The dispatch to the Daily Mail from Amiens adds that the success of the Germans at Morculi made the aspture of Amiens certain. The entry was not contested. The mayor after receiving a German envoy announced the surrender of the city and urged the citizes to make no disturbance.

from StockNolm The Star correspondent says:

"Great anxiety is felt in the Swedish capital because of his efforts Germany is making, as shown by articles in the Germany is making, as shown by articles in the Germany. The object sought is to weaken the Russian attack in East Prassia by means of a Swedish attack on Fintand."

AND STILL THEY LEAVE

Havre, via Paris, Sopt. 3—The United to make no disturbance. "It was 7 o'clock Sunday evening." says the Mail's correspondent, "when a party of Uhians entered Amiens. After a brief reconnoissance they returned accompanied by an envoy bearing a white flag. The latter interviewed Mayor Figuet at the town hall. After an hour's discussion the mayor appeared in front of the town hall with trumper are and officially announced that the citizens make no disturbance. "Later the mayor and the municipal counselors drove out in carriages to

counselors drove out in carriages to pay a formal visit to the German commander, who told them that they would be held responsible with their lives for the good conduct of the cit-

would be held responsible with their lives for the good conduct of the citizens.

"The Germans thereupon went to the town hall where they hauled down the Franch flag and hoisted the German colors. The German troops began after entering the city at midday Monday singing as they came, "Die Wacht Am Rhein." and "Deutschland Uber Allen.

"No time) was wasted. however, as the orders were to move swiftly out to the high roads to Paris. Only a few men were left to guard the city. The only casualties in connection with the German eccupation were those of a chauffeur who was shot at the gate because he did not stop quickly enough at order of the sentry and threat of a local sausage-maker, who got into a war of words with some troopers.

"When the Germans entored Amiens the Franch retired to Picquigny (8 miles northwest of Amiens) blowing up both bridges over the Somme,"

## ANDERSON ENDED HER

O DISTANCES IN WAR ZONE

The following table of railway distances may be helpful towards an intelli-gent reading of the dis-

Paris-Brussels, 200 miles. Paris-Namur, 191 miles. Brussels-Liege, 33 miles. Brussels-Namur, 34 miles Verdun-Metz, 42 miles. Paris-Verdun, 175 miles. Paris-Nancy, 220 miles. Nancy-Strassburg 74 miles. Paris-Belfort, 275 miles. Belfort-Muelhausen, 31

miles. Muelhausen-Basel 21 miles Muelhausen-Colmar,

miles. Colmar-Strassburg, miles

Basel-Strassburg 89 miles 000000000000000000

#### FLOOD SWEEPS MANILA

Philippine City Visited by Disasterous Flood Causing Death

vhose name is not given was drown-

houses, were destroyed in Manila, and and the girl could not its fours the rapid work by insular government started over the farm and Miss Lot

room of the street railway and power company. From 1 a. m., September 2 no cars were operated until the night of the third.

EULA SMITH COMMITTED SUICIDE AT COUNTRY HOME YESTERDAY

#### LEFT SHORT NOTE.

Employed a Shot Gun To Commit Rash Act and All of Left Breast Was Blown Away By Its Discharge

After telling her mother and sisters that she did not care for any dioner yesterday, pretty Eula Smith, the 18 year old daughter of Mrs. V. S. Smithdisappeared from the house. An
hour later members of the family began to search for her and she was
found in a pool of her ewn blood,
about one quarter of a mile from the
home. She had committed suicide, using a single barrelled shot gun and
death had been instantaneous.

All the membes of the Smith family came to Anderson yesterday from
their home, which is about six miles
from the city in the Prospect section
of the county, and Miss Eula cooked
the dinner. Shortly after 2 o'clock
her mother and sisters returned from
the city spa the dinner was served. year old daughter of Mrs. V. S. Smith

the city and the dinner was served.
The girl explained that she did not

asterous Flood Causing Death and Destruction.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Seven Filipinos and one American were drowned in a flood which swept Manila after a few minutes got up and went into the house. This was the last time that any member of the family saw her alive.

When the noon meal was finished, and shortly before 3 o'clock, the moth-cording to a message today from Governor General Harrison. During en inquired where Esia was and she the forty eight hours ending at midnight Tuesday 16.4 inches of rain fell. The lower section of Manila was flooded to a depth of from three to five feet during high tide yeaterday.

The Filipines were lost from over was going an a tap with this turned canoes and the American whose name is not given was drown.

rapid work by insular government and districts and city authorities prevented loss of life. Five thousand women and children were removed in rowboats to higher ground.

In several districts of the city bridges and streets were damaged and the water flooded the furnace room of the street railway and power fire.

Santta a sister of the dand girl, after walking down a path by the side of the woods, happened to see something smouldering in the woods to one side of the path and when she present on the body of her sister, leaves and part of the girl's ciething being on fire.

ROYALTY VISITS WOUNDED
London, Sepi. 2.—King George and
Queen Mary today visited a London
hespital, White Chapel, where the soldiera wounded in the battles in France
are being treated. There were 306
men in this hig hospital, to which they
were taken so that they might be near
their relatives.

The king and queen gave minute attention to the accommodations provided.
They conversed freely with the wounded and expressed pleasure at the care
being bestowed on them.

Every mamber of the famility was all
most prostrated and they could do
but little but the farm beil was sounded and neighbors gatheres in. Dr.
J. O. Sanders was summoned from
it was found that the girl had necured her brother's single barrelled
shot gun and had gone into the woods,
placing one end of the gin against a
small tree, she tied the trigger with a
piece of hemp. She then stretched
herself-on the ground and pressed
against the rope with one foot, holding
the other end of the rope in her hand.
The gun fired, the entire charge taking effect in her left breast and peritrating the heart. The phy-lotan

(Continued on Page Seven)

## As Germans Advance News Becomes More Lacking In Detail

(By Associated Press)

As the lines around Paris tighten and the German forces draw closer to the French capital, the official statements regarding the progress of the war grow briefer and are more and more lacking in

So far as the public is concerned little activity is known as to how the armies in the fielding are faring. Most of the information made public from official quarters is of a negative character, for instance the announcement of the French war office that there has been no contact with the German forces in the region of Complegne and Senells, since Wednesday and that the situation in the northeast has not changed.

The two towns are respectively 45 miles and 32 miles nor heast of the French capital and they appear to mark the points nearest

Paris to which the German advance guards have approached.

With the removal of the government to Bordeaux all efforts around Paris have been directed to preparations for the threatened investment of the capital by the Germans. In addition the French authorities have ordered aeroplane patrols to guard against any further raids by German aviators. A number of French aeropines are continually flying in the neighborhood of Paris and others kept in readiness to attack any of the German airmen who appear in the

The attitude of Turkey is awaited with anxiety and a Petrograd (St. Petersburg) dispatch says she is mobilizing on the Persian boun-

dary, but slowly.

Another list of British casualties, officially reported at London, numbers casualties at 5,228, of whom 470 are killed and wounded and 4,758 are missing. The list shows a large percentage of of-

## European War Bulletins; Latest News of All The Important Happenings

Suppressed News.

Paris, Sept. 3.—11.45 a.m. Delayed—In an official statement issued today the war office says:

"There has been no contact with the German forces in the region of Complegne and Senlis since yesterday. Precautions have been taken to stop any offensive movement of the enemy.

Measures have been taken to provide for the pursuit of German aeroplanes, especially those of the armored type, which will be prevented from flying over Paris.

"The situation in the northeast is the same as yesterday."

#### Japs Land Troops.

Chefoe, China, Sept 3.—5.20 p. m.—Japan landed 4,500 additional men at Lung Kow today. Of these forces 500 men are maines, the others being soldiers.

Lung Kow is a new Chinese port, situated 100 miles north of Tsing Tau in Kiao Chow.

Between 10,000 and 15,000 Japanese troops had been landeed at Lung Kow previous to today. The Japanese control the telegraph lines out of Lung Kow.

#### Shells Played Have

London, Sept 3.—8,40 p. nr.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Amsterdam says:

"The hombardment of Mallens yesterday lasted two hours, nearly 200 shrapnels exploding in the town. Much damage was done.
The church (the famous Cathedral of Saint Rombold) is in The and

its beautiful stained glass windows and its famous chimes were de-

(Continued on Page 7.)