



Now in Town

A big Delegation of Goodyear Tires, hailing from Akron, Ohio, arrived in this city yesterday. All are in the best of health. They are making their headquarters with us. They want to meet every motorist in this locality to discuss, "How to Get Extra Tire Mileage." They will explain: (1) How Rim-Cutting is Ended. (2) How to Eliminate Tube Pinching. (3) How to Minimize Blowouts. (4) How to Escape Dangerous Skidding. (5) How to Lessen Tread Separation. Come in and be introduced. Meet Mr. Goodyear No-Rim-Cut, Mr. Goodyear "All-Weather" tread and other Tire Celebrities. You'll not only enjoy the meeting, but you'll profit by it immensely the next time you buy tires. Man can't know too much about tires when he's using them every day.

TATE HARDWARE COMPANY

EXCURSION

TO
Atlanta, Ga. & Birmingham, Ala.
VIA
Piedmont & Northern Ry. and Seaboard
Thursday, September 3rd, 1914

Greatly Reduced Round Trip Rates As Follows:

From	Rate Atlanta, Ga.	Rate Birmingham, Ala.
Spartanburg S. C.	\$3.50	\$6.50
Tusculum S. C.	3.50	6.50
Duncan S. C.	3.25	6.25
Greer S. C.	3.25	6.25
Chick Springs S. C.	3.25	6.25
Taylor S. C.	3.00	6.00
Greenville S. C.	3.00	6.00
Piedmont S. C.	3.00	6.00
Palmer S. C.	3.00	6.00
Williamston S. C.	3.00	6.00
Belton S. C.	3.00	6.00
Anderson S. C.	3.00	6.00
Honea Path S. C.	3.00	6.00
Donalds S. C.	3.00	6.00
Shoals Junction S. C.	3.00	6.00
Hedges S. C.	3.00	6.00

The fares for children under five years will be one half the fares quoted above.

Tickets will be sold on September 3rd on all trains scheduled to reach Greenwood S. C. before 11 a. m. Seaboard Air Line Special arrives Atlanta 3:30 p. m., arrives Birmingham 9:20 p. m.

Returning tickets will be good on all Seaboard Trains (except No. 6 scheduled to leave Birmingham at 7:15 a. m. and Atlanta at 12:10 noon) up to and including Train No. 12 from Birmingham 3:00 p. m., September 8th and Atlanta 8:55 p. m., September 7th, 1914.

For further information call on your nearest Ticket Agent or write

C. V. PALMER, G. P. A.
Greenville, S. C.

Ginning Notice!

Our gineries at the Farmers Oil Mill and the Excelsior Oil Mill have been thoroughly overhauled, and we will be glad to have you look them over.

We will gin any size bale of cotton up to 600 lbs., and wrap it, using six yards of bagging, for \$2.15 per bale. We will exchange meal for seed pound for pound, or give you three pounds of hulls for one pound of seed. You can leave your seed in our house, and haul out the meal or hulls when it suits you.

We have careful, experienced ginners, and accurate office forces, and will give your business our best attention.

Anderson Phosphate & Oil Co.
ANDERSON, S. C.

EXPERT GIVES ADVICE TO ANDERSON FARMERS

TELLS THEM OF COTTON CATERPILLAR

HERE YESTERDAY

Assistant Entomologist of Clemson Paid Visit to County To Aid the Planters Here

Answering a request for advice, made by J. W. Rothrock, farm demonstrator for Anderson county, the assistant entomologist from Clemson College came to Anderson yesterday and spent his day here, inspecting a number of the farms in the county where the cotton caterpillar has been found. Prof. W. A. Thomas, who is assistant to Prof. A. F. Conrad, was sent to Anderson and he gave the farmers many valuable suggestions as to how to stamp out the caterpillar. Accompanied by Mr. Rothrock, Prof. Thomas visited a number of farms yesterday, among these being the plantations of Bert McCulley, J. J. Martin, John T. Bolt and Fred F. Martin. On his visit to the first two farms named, Prof. Thomas found but few of the caterpillars but at the last two he found that the situation was serious.

Mr. Rothrock said that from what he can see, the caterpillars are sticking to the rain belt or that section of the county where rain has fallen the most during the last few weeks. So far as he knows the caterpillars have not touched the sections where it has been hot and dry.

So interested are the people of Anderson in this question that yesterday dozens of telephone calls were received in this city from farmers in all sections of the county, wanting to know what the expert from Clemson College had advised in the way of treatment. Prof. Thompson, in answer to this question, said that Prof. Conrad devised a splendid system and he gave it to a reporter for The Intelligencer in the shape of questions and answers. The method follows:

1. What is the cotton caterpillar?

An insect having the life history stages (a) eggs laid the food plants; (b) caterpillar resembling corn ear worms, which hatch from these eggs; (c) pupa; when the caterpillar becomes full grown it either folds a leaf over itself or suspends itself by a silken thread from a branch and changes to the resting or pupa; (d) moth, which comes from the pupa.

2. Why called the cotton army worm?

Because, when the caterpillars are abundant they travel in droves, and this suggests the name.

3. What are its food plants?

Cotton is the normal food plant and nothing else will be molested if an abundant supply of tender cotton can be obtained.

4. Is serious damage over large areas expected this season?

No. In many fields the parasites of this insect are very abundant, having been bred by the common grass army worm. In sections where parasites are very abundant, they should control any outbreak of the cotton army worm.

5. When first seen, what should be done?

Kill the worms as far as practicable by one or more of the methods suggested below, or others that the situation may suggest.

6. When confined to a field of cotton can they be prevented from spreading?

Yes. You can plow a deep furrow around the field and when the worms pile up in the furrow, drag a log through it. Poison the adjoining margins of the cotton fields. If a road or drive-way separates the infested from the threatened crop use drag in killing caterpillars when crossing.

7. When a crop is generally infested, what can be done?

Dust poison. 8. What are the poisons? Arsenate of lead, Paris green and London purple are the best in order named.

9. How much poison is used per acre?

About two pounds. Less for very young cotton and two and one-half to three pounds for cotton more than 3 feet high.

10. How is powdered arsenate of lead prepared for use?

It is ready for use when purchased. 11. How is Paris green prepared? By mixing it equal parts, with straked lime.

12. How is London purple prepared? Same as Paris green. It is not recommended except in extreme emergencies.

13. Is there danger of burning foliage and injuring plants? Arsenate of lead does not burn. Paris green and London purple may burn if used in excess. Therefore, powdered arsenate of lead is emphatically recommended.

14. What is a practical way of applying the poison? On small areas, dust it through a cheese-cloth bag, attached to the end of a stick.

15. What is the most practical way of dusting large areas? Two sacks and a pole carried on horseback.

16. How is this made? A strip of wood three inches wide, one inch thick and one foot longer than width of rows. Six inches from each end bore a hole one inch or more in diameter. Take two sacks of eight-ounce duck, six inches deep and 20 inches long and about the width of the strip of wood. The open edges

TWO CAUSES COMBINED IN SUICIDE SUNDAY

JOHN R. McCLELLAN TOOK HIS OWN LIFE

DOMESTIC TROUBLE

Suffering From Ill Health and Separated From Wife, Desperate Man Stabbed His Heart

Made desperate by reason of the fact that he was badly crippled by rheumatism and the additional fact that he was estranged from his wife and could effect no reconciliation with her, John R. McClellan took his own life in the Orr Mill village here Sunday afternoon about 2 o'clock.

For some time past it has been seen that Mr. McClellan was badly worried and members of his family were uneasy about him. They knew of his domestic troubles and also knew that his health was very poor and on occasions he had been heard to threaten the rash act.

The greater part of Saturday Mr. McClellan spent in sharpening his knife and Sunday morning he was even more depressed than usual. Shortly after dinner, while all the members of the family were sitting on the veranda at 45 Prince street, which is the home of Mrs. Kirby, a sister of the dead man, he remarked that he was tired of living and believed that he would end it all.

About that time later he arose and saying that he did not feel very well he walked to a rear room in the house and within a few minutes the going to Rock Hill and taking the children with her while Mr. McClellan remained in Anderson. A few weeks ago he made a trip to Atlanta and when he returned from that city he was more depressed than before and steadily grew more morose until he decided on the fatal step Sunday.

Mr. McClellan was 46 years of age and was well known in all parts of the city. He had many friends in Anderson and the funeral yesterday was attended by hundreds of people. The interment took place at Silver Brook cemetery.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"I advised the boys when they enlisted for the Spanish war to take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with them, and have received many thanks for the advice given," writes J. H. Houghland, Eldon, Iowa. "No person whether traveling or at home should be without this great remedy." For sale by all dealers.

are tacked to the ends of the strip (called pole) and these can be filled with poison through the auger hole in the ends of the pole. A funnel can be used to advantage.

17. How large an area can a man poison in a day?

With the apparatus for poisoning two rows at a time, carried on horseback (as explained in question No. 16) one man can poison 20 acres per day.

18. Is there any danger of poisoning stock?

Yes. After one or two heavy rains there is practically no danger, nor after an interval of about three weeks. The only case of stock-poisoning known are those where poison was wanted in filling sacks and stock broke into the field.

19. Do these poisons aggravate wounds or sores on man or animals? Sometimes they do. Before using the poison it is well to cover open sores or to wash them well after work is done.

20. How can I prevent the mule from eating poison cotton? Muzzle the mule.

21. Will poison blown on the mule be injurious to the animal? Wash the mule after the work is done.

22. Using the stick and bag method, how do I know when I am using the right amount? By weighing the pole and sack before and after dusting a known area. Use good judgment. A small variation is immaterial.

23. When is the best time to dust? In the morning when the dew is on and no heavy wind.

24. May the sacks touch the foliage when dusting? No. It interferes with the amount passing out of the sack. When the leaves are moist it will clog the sack.

25. How can I regulate the amount of poison dusted? By judiciously varying the amount of jarring of the pole.

26. Is it important that the poison be dusted uniformly? Yes, it is very important.

27. It is necessary to repeat the dusting immediately after a heavy rain? It is rarely necessary with arsenate of lead, but Paris green and London purple wash off easily. These poisons must be dusted after rain.

28. When an army worm or caterpillar is not threatening the crop, should they be destroyed by poison or otherwise? Every time. This is to reduce as far as possible the generations which are to follow.

THEATRE IS AT LAST BEING CONSTRUCTED

CONTRACT WAS LET TO AN ATLANTA FIRM

WORK UNDERWAY

Richmond Architect Came To Anderson and Conferred With Promoters, Letting Contract

The contract for the construction of the Anderson Theatre was let yesterday afternoon to the S. W. Atkinson Co., of Atlanta, Ga., for \$39,967.00. A special meeting of the board of directors was called for 3:30 p. m., when the revised plans as submitted by Chas. K. Bryant of Richmond were accepted without change.

President J. S. Fowler of the Anderson Development Co., the holding corporation, then announced the appointment of a building committee composed of Messrs. Rufus Fant and R. R. King, he to be included, that being the desire of the entire board. The contract was signed at the office of T. Frank Watkins, attorney for the corporation late yesterday afternoon.

The contractors, S. W. Atkinson Co., have built many theatres, they making a specialty of that class of construction. They recently completed a large new theatre in Birmingham. Mr. James Rooney, of Richmond, representing the contractors, is in the city and stated to a representative of The Intelligencer last night that he would begin work at once and push the building to completion as rapidly as time and energy would permit. He will let a sub contract for the excavation today, the same to be pushed through it is hoped by the latter part of the week; in the meantime all material will begin to be assembled.

The building which is to be constructed will be the very latest thing in opera house construction and the finest, largest and most costly theatre building in the state of South Carolina. Its seating capacity will be slightly less than the Academy of Music in Charleston, but in all other respects it will be a much better building than the Charleston structure. There is at present no theatre in the entire Piedmont that can compare in any way with the new and imposing structure which the Anderson enterprise let the contract for yesterday. Its construction should mean that Anderson will become the headquarters in upper South Carolina for all the very best attractions.

The building contracted for yesterday will be 171 feet long and 82 feet wide; will contain three stores and an arcade in front, theatre in rear, with offices or apartments upstairs. It will be constructed as is well known on West Whitaker at the intersection of Peoples street.

The campaign which has finally resulted in securing for Anderson this magnificent building, with one exception, the most costly edifice in the entire city, has been underway for more than eight months. It is the outcome of a committee meeting of the entertainment committee of the chamber of commerce, held last December, when that committee outlined plans to build in Anderson a theatre building, a corporation called the Anderson Theatre Co., capitalized at \$20,000, organized, the same corporation was later dissolved and a new corporation called the Anderson Development Co., with a capital of \$20,000 organized. Hon. J. S. Fowler was elected president of this latter company, and under his personal supervision, the stock was sold. More than 100 public spirited Andersonians purchased stock in the corporation, a splendid tribute to the enterprise and public spirit of our city. Secretary Whaley calls South Carolina's most progressive city. Referring to the matter yesterday afternoon, shortly after the contract was signed, Rufus Fant, who also had much to do with the successful launching of the plans, stated that it had been one long, hard, uphill fight, but it was now all over except the building of the structure.

Mr. Rooney, who will have charge of the construction work here, has located at the Hotel Chiquita and started work already, as heretofore stated, to push construction through. The building will be ready for occupancy on or about February 15th, 1915.

A MAN KILLED BUT NO WORD WAS PASSED

USUAL HOMICIDE AMONG NEGROES SUNDAY

ROCK WAS WEAPON

Jim Emmerston Dies As Result of Concussion of Brain and Ulysses Davis Is In Jail

Without uttering one word of explanation or giving any reason for the act, a negro said to have been Ulysses Davis, walked up to Jim Emmerston, another negro, and struck him in the back of the head just behind the left ear with a rock. Emmerston fell to the ground and within less than 20 minutes.

The affair took place in North Anderson Sunday night, just in front of Martin's store and occurred immediately after church. Irene Dean, Adeline Owens, Mack Lewis, and Jim Emmerston were all going home from church, according to the testimony of a man suddenly passed the two in the rear and when he reached Emmerston and the negro woman with him, Davis is said to have drawn back his arm and struck the Emmerston negro a terrific blow. Following that it is alleged that he rushed to a buggy, which was standing some little distance away from the scene, and as he climbed in he asked "Who said that I wouldn't do it?"

Immediately following the affair a telephone message was dispatched for Dr. N. A. Jenkins, a negro doctor, and he rushed to the scene. He made an examination but could not determine what was responsible for the negro's death and in turn Dr. S. C. Bredin was summoned. That physician aided in performing an autopsy and it was then found that death was due to concussion of the brain. Dr. Jenkins arrived about 10 minutes before death occurred.

Coroner Hardin yesterday morning summoned a jury and an inquest took place, resulting in the following verdict: "We find that Jim Emmerston came to his death from a blow inflicted with some blunt instrument by the hands of Ulysses Davis."

The Anderson county officers went on the trail of Davis Sunday night and yesterday morning about 2 o'clock he was arrested at his home on J. B. Watson's plantation and was brought to this city and placed in jail. He stoutly maintains that he knows nothing of the affair and was not present when it occurred.

A Lame Back-Kidney Trouble Causes Bladder Trouble to Give you a lame back, and even worse, if not checked. Mrs. H. T. Straygne, Gainesville, Ga., was fairly down on her back with kidney trouble and inflamed bladder. She says: "I took Foley Kidney Pills and now my back is stronger than in years, and kidney trouble and painful bladder sensation have entirely gone." Good druggists are glad to sell Foley Kidney Pills because they always help. They contain no habit forming drugs. Evans' Pharmacy, agents.

LAP IS ELECTROCUTED.

George King Steps on Live Wire at Greenville.

Greenville, Aug. 31.—George King, the eight-year-old son of Mrs. W. L. Mauldin, was fatally killed early Sunday afternoon when he stepped on a live wire. The little boy was playing with two other children in the yard of his step-grandmother, Mrs. W. L. Mauldin, widow of the late state senator. The wire was a guy, which had come into contact with the feed wires of an arc light. In stringing the wire the feed wires had been thrown over the guy wire, which with an iron peg was fastened to a tree in Mrs. Mauldin's yard. The insulation of the feed wires wore away, the bare wire came into contact with the guy wire and then fell across the sidewalk. It lay there some time but was thrown over the fence and into the yard by a man who noticed it. He tried his cane in throwing the wire. The children came out into the yard to play, the little boy stepped on the peg which was at the end of the wire. He screamed once and fell, 2,300 volts of electricity passing through him and killing him instantly.

Dr. Mauldin, only recently married Mrs. King.

ANDERSON IS ASKED TO CONTRIBUTE \$1,000 FOR THE SOUTH CAROLINA EXHIBIT

FOR THE SOUTH CAROLINA EXHIBIT

AT THE EXPOSITION

Joint Meeting of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce and City Council Held Last Night

Anderson will be asked to contribute \$1,000 as her share toward the South Carolina exhibit for the Panama Exposition, according to plans made last night at a joint meeting of the Anderson chamber of commerce. The meeting was held in the rooms of the local chamber of commerce and was well attended. Interest was evident in the scheme and the men present enthusiastically endorsed the plan.

James D. Hammett presided over the meeting and the first speaker to address the audience was Albert Blum, special state representative for South Carolina of the Panama exhibit. Mr. Blum elaborated on the proposed plan and seemed to have all the details of the exhibit at his fingertips. He showed that the exhibit provides a splendid opportunity, from an advertising standpoint, for the people of the South and more especially for the people of South Carolina. He says that the eyes of the people of South America, Central America and the Orient are now turned in the direction of this country and that the Panama exhibit will do much toward attracting trade from those countries to the United States and to the South. In support of his statement, Mr. Blum quoted from an interview which President Harrison of the Panama Exhibit gave to the San Francisco "Call" a few days ago, in which the president said that no other section of the country has so much to hope for in the way of advertising and of results as has the Piedmont section of the South.

Mr. Blum was made a complete inspection of the exhibit of Anderson and while he had hopes to secure 1,000 feet of moving picture film of this city, he said last night that owing to the compactness of the city he will be able to display this city's advantages very nicely in 600 feet, although he would like to have more, if possible.

A. S. Farmer, special Panama Exhibit commissioner for this district, was the second speaker to address the meeting and he delivered a short talk in which he enthusiastically endorsed the proposition and stressed the value of the advertising to be secured from such an affair. He says that the time of her resources is here and he urged the acceptance of the plan providing for this city to take part.

The meeting was fortunate in having present Charles K. Bryant, of Richmond, Va., state commissioner for that state and architect for the Virginia building at the exposition. Mr. Bryant has just returned from San Francisco, where he went to let the contract for the Virginia building. He says that the Virginia people consider the exposition a great advertising possibility and they seized upon it without hesitation. A replica of Mt. Vernon, the home of George Washington, was the selection of the Virginia people for their state building and this is what Mr. Bryant is now having erected at the exposition grounds. Mr. Bryant thinks that South Carolina's exhibit may be superior to Virginia because their plan contemplates showing sides of industrial conditions, etc., whereas the South Carolina exhibit will be pictures from real life. Mr. Bryant said that he would show the feeling he entertained for the people of Anderson by subscribing to the Anderson fund and he made a very liberal subscription.

The meeting finally decided that they must raise the sum of \$1,000 toward finishing a suitable part of the exhibit for Anderson and Anderson together with the surrounding territory, will be able to furnish this sum with ease.

A committee was appointed last night to call upon the business men of the city and secure subscriptions and this committee will begin its duties today. It is believed that all of the \$1,000 will be raised before tonight.

W. R. Snow leaves today for North Georgia Agricultural college, at Dalton, Ga.