

The Anderson Daily Intelligence

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ANDERSON, S. C., THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 27, 1914.

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SMITH'S MAJORITY JUMPED TO 15,000

Later Returns Showed the Splendid Endorsement of the People For Their Junior Senator. Race for Governor is Close, With Manning, Cooper and Richards In the Lead. Anderson County Gave Its Support to a Number of Good Men on Both Sides of the "Administration" Issue.

Columbia, August 26.—Ellison D. Smith has been returned to the United States senate by the democrats of South Carolina. With 125,000 votes reported, Senator Smith is leading, with approximately 15,000 majority. It will be impossible for Blease to overcome this lead.

The greatest interest centered tonight in the race for governor at 11.03 o'clock the vote stood: Robert A. Cooper 23,474; Richard I. Manning 24,075; John G. Richards 23,348.

This situation is very uncertain because one or two boxes can change the standing of the candidates. There is a bare possibility that two anti-administration candidates will be in the second race. The second primary will be held Sept 8.

Returns received tonight show that Thos. H. Peoples is leading A. G. Brice for attorney general by about 6,000. It is practically conceded that Mr. Peoples has been elected.

W. W. Moore has been re-elected adjutant general, A. W. Jones will remain as comptroller general.

B. F. Kelly and A. J. Beibea will make a second race for lieutenant governor. F. W. Shealey and C. D. Fortner will make a second race for railroad commissioner.

A report from Charleston is to the effect that R. S. Whaley has been returned to congress in the first district, defeating E. J. Dennis by a small figure.

D. E. Finley will return to congress from the fifth district.

WYATT AIKEN SEEMS SAFE

It may not be necessary to have a second primary to settle the congressional race. Wyatt Aiken appears to have been returned on the first ballot. Anderson county late returns gave Dominick a lead over Aiken, but the still later returns from Oconee strengthened Aiken by 425 votes. The surprise in this election was Pickens, which gave Aiken a clear majority over all. It may be necessary for the official returns to settle this race, but Aiken appears to be returned on the first ballot.

The last tabulation of this race is as follows:

	Aiken	D'm's	Evans	H'r'n
Abbeville	1,047	395	87	238
Anderson	3,308	3,224	58	1,059
(All but Coconee)				
Greenwood	1,033	839	521	180
Nowberry	1,545	1,543	43	89
Pickens	1,532	957	48	361
Oconee	1,921	543	77	559
	10,686	7,600	334	2,466
Total	21,086			

Necessary to a choice, 10,543. Giving Mr. Aiken 143 more than a majority of the votes accounted for.

Dr. Bolt Re-elected.

Pickens, August 26.—Unofficial returns: Aiken 1,532, Dominick 977, Evans 48, Horton 361.

O'Dell elected to the state senate.

Bolt elected to legislature. J. P. Carey, Jr. and W. L. Pickens in second race for legislature.

Stewart and Powers in second race for county treasurer. Christopher and Townes in second race for auditor. R. T. Hallam elected superintendent of education. Craig elected supervisor. Brown and Lawrence re-elected for county commissioner.

J. B. Newberry elected probate judge.

Medlin elected coroner.

Greenville County.

Special to The Intelligence

Greenville, Aug. 26.—Greenville county put an emphatic stamp upon Beasely by giving Smith a majority of about 800 votes. There are four boxes yet unaccounted for. Cooper received almost half the votes, that were cast in the race for governor. In the race for congress Joseph T. Johnson had easy sailing over Sam Nichols, of Spartanburg, the Blease candidate.

Duncan polled but a few votes. For the legislature four candidates were elected upon the first ballot, all of them being anti-Blease men, Allen R. Hawkins, J. A. McCullough, T. P. Cothran and H. H. Harris were elected. Means, Smith, Green and Oscar Mauldin will be in the second race. The latter is a Bleaseite.

J. A. Foster was re-elected county treasurer over J. H. Woodside by a large majority.

Walter M. Scott and John T. Brantlett will make a second race for judge of probate.

M. L. Gullick had no opposition for auditor.

SENATOR SMITH DELIGHTED.

Columbia, Aug. 26.—Senator Ellison D. Smith left this afternoon for his home at Lynchburg, S. C. He will issue a statement on the election. Of course he was delighted with the result. Governor Blease spent the day in Columbia.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT

It is Expected That Not More Than 10,000 Votes are Out.

Columbia, Aug. 26.—E. D. Smith was renominated for the United States senate over Governor Blease in Tuesday's primary by a majority of between 18,000 and 20,000, according to partially complete returns received here tonight. With a total vote of more than 123,000 reported Senator Smith received 87,634, against 52,387 for Governor Blease. L. D. Jennings polled 2,282 and W. P. Pollock 1,262.

With from 5,000 to 10,000 votes yet to be heard from, it is not expected that Senator Smith's lead can be reduced to that point where a second primary will be necessary.

Richard I. Manning, John G. Richards and Robert A. Cooper are leading in the contest for the gubernatorial nomination, although the official tabulation probably will be necessary to determine which two of the candidates will enter the second primary, September 8.

Late returns tonight indicate that all of the Representatives in Congress from this state were renominated.

Spartanburg.

Spartanburg, Aug. 26.—For the senate: Blease, 4,263; Jennings, 140; Pollock, 33; Smith, 3,402.

For Governor: Clinkcales, 4,237; Cooper, 1,000; Irby, 1,080; Manning, 325; Richards, 832. And some scattering.

Race in Laurens.

Laurens, Aug. 25.—With 11 men in the race for the legislature, Representatives Browning and Blackwell are leading with 1,550 and 1,403 votes each. R. L. Boyd and S. H. Coggans come next, with 1,256 and 1,291 respectively. O. G. Thompson has been re-elected probate judge. Ross, D. Young, county treasurer, and H. B. Humber appears to have been re-elected county supervisor. No one seems to have been elected county commissioner. The above count does not include the city boxes which have not yet been finished.

TILLMAN HAS HIS JOKE

Tillman to Blease, September, 1910. "Hon. Cole L. Blease, Newberry, S. C. Congratulations. Let the heathen rage. B. R. Tillman.

Blease to Tillman, August, 1912. "B. R. Tillman, Trenton, S. C. Let the heathen rage. They still rage. Cole L. Blease.

Tillman to Blease, August, 1914. "Hon. Cole L. Blease, Columbia, S. C. The heathen still rage but the people rejoice. See Deuteronomy, III, 2-15. Good-bye. B. R. Tillman.

(The above was sent to The Intelligence by Senator Tillman.)

STEAMER LOST IN HEAVY FOG

ELEVEN LIVES LOST IN AN EARLY MORNING DISASTER

HEAD-ON COLLISION

Captain Could Have Saved Himself But Preferred To Go Down With His Ship

(By Associated Press.)

Seattle, Wash., August 26.—Eleven lives were lost when the steel passenger steamer Admiral Sampson, of the Pacific-Alaska Navigation Company was rammed and sunk by the Canadian Pacific passenger steamer Princess Victoria, off Point No Point, 20 miles north of Seattle, early today during a fog and thick smoke from forest fires.

The Princess Victoria brought the survivors to Seattle.

Eight of the lost were members of the crew and three were passengers. Captain Moore could have saved himself, but he declared he would go down with the ship. He did.

On the Princess Victoria the Sampson's pursuer called the roll of passengers as made up by him and six persons did not respond. However, the list may have been inaccurate.

The steamship company has no record of Extra Byrne, one of those lost, and official believe he was a stowaway. The Princess Victoria took off most of those on board the Sampson while the vessels were still locked. The Princess Victoria did not pull loose until the Sampson was about to go down.

The Victoria, running 18 knots an hour, hit the Sampson abaft the beam at about a quarter angle. On her arrival she showed a large hole in her bow, and she has been laid up for repairs. The revenue cutter Unalga from Port Townsend is cruising about in the vicinity of the accident seeking bodies.

Captain Moore, of the Sampson, directed the rescue of the passengers. The Sampson dived to the bottom, bow foremost. Captain Moore ran to the stern and waved his hand as he was carried down with his ship.

Many of the Sampson's passengers were asleep at the time of the accident and were rescued only partly clad. Some of the passengers and crew jumped overboard and were picked up by the Victoria's lifeboats.

AUSTRIA AND JAPAN

The Two Fighting Nations Are Now At War

Manchester, Mass., Aug. 26.—Dr. D. T. Duma, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to the United States, today announced that he had received a wireless message via Sayville, L. I., from the Hungarian secretary of foreign affairs saying that the Emperor has commanded the Austrian cruiser, Kaiserin Elizabeth at Tsing Tau to take up the fight with the German navy. Diplomatic relations are now broken off.

The attacking Austrian forces are joining with the German troops of the Vistula river. "On August 23 near Krasni (in Russia) Poland, 20 miles to the north of the Galician frontier, the Austrian forces repelled strong Russian forces and drove them toward Lublin, capturing their horses and taking 300 Russian prisoners of war.

"Russian forces have plundered and burned entire villages in a barbarous manner."

PHILIPINE INDEPENDENCE

President Wilson is Anxious to Get the Measure Through This Session

Washington, Aug. 26.—The pending administration Philippine bill was urged as an imperative necessity and in accord with the Philippine sentiment in a favorable report filed with the House today by the insular affairs committee. The measure would liberalize the government of the Philippines and declares the intention of the United States to recognize the independence of the Philippine people as ready to establish a stable government.

BELGIANS HOLD GROUND.

Ports at Namur Are Intact and Force Germans to Retire.

(By Associated Press.)

London, Aug. 27.—1:20 a. m.—The following official announcement has been made at Antwerp, according to the Reuters correspondent there:

"The Belgian operations have succeeded in the double object of diminishing the German entrenchments and drawing the German troops on the line between Malines and Brussels and thus reducing pressure on the French positions. We have compelled the fourth German division, which was advancing southward, to retrace its steps. The fourth Belgian division at Namur has fulfilled its task, arresting the German column and allowing the Belgians to retire on the French line.

"The Namur forts are still holding out."

ON THE WAY HOME

Steamer Will Sail from Rotterdam With 3,000 Passengers

Rotterdam, August 26.—The steamship Rotterdam will sail for the United States Saturday with almost 3,000 passengers.

The American consul general at this port, Soren Listoe, has been endeavoring to prevent small steamship companies here advertising alleged steamship accommodations for stranded Americans. These concerns plan to put as many as 250 passengers on a 4,00 ton vessel not built for passenger traffic. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, the American minister, has made representations to the government on this score.

BIG EVENT COMING.

Preparations Being Made to Choose Successor to Pope.

Rome, Aug. 26.—Preparations for the conclave to choose a successor to the late Pope Plus X continued today. The sixth congregation of the cardinal was held and several newly arrived members of the Sacred College took part.

One of them, Cardinal Cavalcanti, archbishop of Rio Janeiro, said he already had called for home from Europe when the news of the Pope's death reached his steamer by wireless. The cardinal summoned another steamer by wireless and was transferred at sea and brought to the continent.

The congregation today took the oath of secrecy. Anna Sarto, sister of Pope Plus, who was prostrated by her brother's death, has recovered and expects to leave soon with her sister to live in Possagno.

PEACE IN MEXICO

Villa and Carranza Will Not Get Into A Scrap

Washington, Aug. 26.—Paul Fuller, of New York, it is predicted, probably will be the next ambassador to Mexico, reported to President Wilson today that there was little danger of a conflict between Villa and Carranza and that the prospects for continued peace in Mexico were bright.

Mr. Fuller probably will leave for Mexico again shortly as an unofficial representative of the American government.

TURKEY IS ON VERGE OF WAR

MAY AT ANY MOMENT JOIN IN THE EUROPEAN WAR

FEELING IS ACUTE

Allies Are Worried Over Presence of German Cruisers in Turkish Waters—Stay Significant

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 26.—Tension is so acute in Constantinople that diplomats there fear Turkey may at any moment be drawn into the general European war on the side of Germany and Austria.

A strict censorship has been placed on newspapers in Turkey, which are now controlled by the military, and are being used, according to diplomatic speeches here, to create strong pro-German feeling.

The Turkish cabinet is wavering between a declaration of war and the preservation of neutrality. Diplomatic representatives of the various powers in constant conference with the Turkish government, Great Britain endeavoring to persuade the Ottoman Empire should mobilize to prevent invasion by Russia.

Feeling is most acute overentry into the Dardanelles of the German cruisers Goeben and Breslau. Great Britain, Russia and France ten days ago requested that if these ships were purchased by Turkey, the crews be sent to either Germany or Austria and promised them safe conduct. Today many of the German sailors are still on board and 150 or more are said to have been distributed among the Turkish torpedo boats.

The British government is observing these incidents with much disfavor and the situation has been aggravated by the inability of several English merchant ships to pass through the Dardanelles and return after the Grand Vizier had given the requisite permission. Subordinate officials disobeyed the instructions in a way as yet unexplained.

Great Britain has let it be known that if the Goeben and Breslau enter the Mediterranean with German crews aboard, they will be fired on by the English fleet.

Neither Great Britain nor Russia has assumed a threatening attitude diplomatically, hoping to persuade Turkey to remain neutral. A few days ago the Russian ambassador was requested to cease using the wireless on a Russian vessel in the harbor. He acquiesced.

Developments in Turkey were generally discussed today in official circles. The Turkish ambassador here had a long conference with Secretary Bryan, chiefly concerning the alleged statement with which American ambassador Morgenthau had been credited in some published reports. Later Mr. Bryan issued a statement saying the story that Mr. Morgenthau had predicted a massacre of Christians was untrue.

Mr. Morgenthau's recent telegrams, it is understood, reported conditions as much relieved, though a week ago there was some apprehension over the position in which the Americans might be placed if the war extended to Turkey.

The cruiser North Carolina will go to Constantinople with gold for the Americans. Many Jews in Palestine are destitute and an appeal has been made to Jewish charities in America. Temporary relief has been provided by Mr. Morgenthau personally for the Americans. He raised \$75,000 by subscription, but has advised the state department that additional funds are necessary.

CONFLICTING REPORTS FROM THE FIRING LINE

Flashes

ONLY VAGUE RUMORS ARE AVAILABLE OF GREAT BATTLE

ACTUAL FACTS HARD TO GET

Many Days May Pass Before Results of Greatest Battle in Worlds History is Known

So far as can be gleaned from official announcements the great battle line along the French frontier and in Belgium continues to be the scene of engagements between the opposing armies.

The nature of these engagements and their result have not been made public beyond admission by the French war office that in the north the French and British lines have been moved back a short distance, as has the French right in the region of St. Die. The French troops on the offensive between Nancy and Vosges, are said to be making headway.

From Antwerp comes the announcement that the Belgian troops have compelled the fourth German division, advancing southward, to retrace its steps. It is added in the official statement that the fourth Belgian division at Namur has fulfilled its task of arresting the German column and allowing the Belgians to retire on the French line.

The French ministers under Premier Viviani presented their resignation collectively to President Poincaré because they believed that in the present circumstances the ministry should have a wider scope and comprise the best of all the republican groups.

Premier Viviani, at the request of President Poincaré, immediately formed a new cabinet in which Alexandre Millerand took the place of Adolphe Messimy as minister of war and Theophile Delcassé assumed the portfolio of foreign affairs, which previously was held by M. Viviani himself. The new cabinet includes ex-Premiers Briand, Doumergue and Ribot.

London reports that Togoland, the German possession on the African west coast, has surrendered unconditionally.

A Bucharest report says that Tarnopol, an important town in Galicia, has been occupied by the Russians, while the Russians themselves claim they have driven the Austrians back to the Fiver Zola Iapa, thirty miles west of Tarnopol and about fifty miles east of Lemberg, the Galician capital.

Direct dispatches from Tsing-Tau, capital of the German protectorate Kiaochow say that there is no evidence yet of Japanese warships or field troops in that neighborhood.

London, Aug. 27.—2:22 a. m.—A closer veil than ever seems to be drawn over the progress of the war. Little news has come to hand concerning the operations on either front. The Russians, however, appear to be continuing their advance in East Prussia towards Posen, with the Germans in retreat.

The only news from the French side is that French troops were attacked along the Alsace-Lorraine line but repulse all attacks successfully. There is no indication that the German attack was in any great force but, if it was, the French success shows that they now are in a strong position along this frontier from

(Continued on Page Four.)

RUSSIA IS TAKING NOTICE

London, August 26.—The Reuters Telegram Company correspondent at St. Petersburg says the Russian authorities are abolishing previous restrictions against prayer meetings by Baptists and that the Baptists are opening hospitals in Kiev, Odessa and St. Petersburg.

RUSSIANS ARE WINNING

St. Petersburg, Aug. 26.—The Germans in Ebling district of West Prussia, near the Vistula river, are fleeing westward before the Russian advance.

SERVIANS LOSE VERY HEAVILY

In Taking Territory From the Austrians—4,000 Prisoners Were Captured

(By Associated Press.)

London, August 26.—With the re-occupation of Shabats, by the Servians says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Cetinje, Montenegro, the 4,000 prisoners have been doubled. 4,000 additional men having been captured between Losauza and Shabats during the servian march to occupy the latter town.

The Servian casualties in retaking Shabats are admitted to have been very heavy.

ARE AFTER CRUISER

German Cruiser Has Three War Dogs On Lookout for Her

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 26.—The naval department here tonight confirmed a dispatch from the Pacific that the German cruiser Leipzig was seen recently at the northern end of Vancouver Island. It is believed that the cruiser expected to meet a collier steaming the line or that the German had planned to intercept a British steamer and empty her bunkers.

Three cruisers are after the Leipzig. They are the Canadian cruiser Rainbow, the British cruiser Newcastle, and a Japanese cruiser which recently arrived at Vancouver.

ARMS CONFISCATED

(By Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 26.—United States customs authorities seized 1,250 rifle cartridges on board the Ward Line steamer Olinda before she sailed for Havana today. Four of the Olinda's crew and the keeper of a small wafer front shop were arrested, accused of a conspiracy to export ammunition to Cuba without properly labelling and packing it.

Could Stop the War Then Why Don't We

New York, Aug. 26.—The United States government could stop the European war by placing an embargo on food products, it was asserted today at District Attorney Whitman's John Doe investigation into the increased cost of living since the conflict began. James Ward Warner, president of the New York Produce Exchange, and George Zabinski, resident manager for Minneapolis flour manufacturers, each said the end of warfare abroad must result if America ceased exporting to the belligerent nations.

There is a big demand for flour in foreign countries, according to these witnesses, with a heavy demand, too, in domestic markets. Mr. Zabinski said there is a shortage of 400,000,000 bushels in the Russian wheat crop. He declared the United States could dispose of its entire flour output to France, England, Greece and Turkey at any reasonable price and receive payment in gold before the staple was put aboard steamships.

Not only would war in Europe end if an embargo was placed on American products, Mr. Zabinski and Mr. Warner agreed, but normal markets would be established at home and the prices here go down.

Mr. Warner said the Grain Exporters' Association of Minneapolis did not attempt to fix prices. Ralph L. Carl, assistant New York manager for a Minneapolis milling company, declared there was no combine to fix prices. He believed there was a possibility of wheat going higher.