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AUSTRIA ASKS SERVIA TO MAKE REPARATION

AND IN CASE SHE REFUSES WAR MAY BE STARTED WITHOUT DELAY

ALL EUROPE IS SURPRISED

Austria Is Accused of Having Taken a Moment Unfavorable to Other Nations

Vienna, July 24.—All Austrian and Hungarian reservists living abroad were warned by the army authorities today to be in readiness to join their regiments in twenty four hours notice.

(By Associated Press.)

London, July 24.—European diplomacy is faced with a situation of extreme gravity in the controversy between Austria and Servia. Unless it is handled with great delicacy it is not unlikely that the others will become involved in the war. An Austro-Hungarian ultimatum to Servia, couched in tone of almost unprecedented severity and fastening on the Servian government and people responsible for the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife at Sarajevo, has been presented to Belgrade. It demands satisfaction within 48 hours.

The almost universal opinion in the European capitals is that the Servian government cannot comply with such humiliating terms as are set forth in the ultimatum, since compliance will be tantamount to an admission of Servia's guilt.

The efforts of European diplomacy should the powers fail to avert the threatened war, will be devoted to localizing it. Montenegro has asserted her readiness to support Servia in the event of an "Austrian" attack. This would certainly plunge the whole of the Balkans into hostilities. Austria counts on the neutrality of Germany and Italy, but with the possibility of Russian intervention on behalf of Servia, Austria would run great risks of risings among her own great Slav population.

A fact much commented upon by the European newspapers is that Austria has chosen a moment for the issuing of her ultimatum when President Poincaré is absent from France and two of the Balkan premiers are abroad.

Servia Will Fight.

Vienna, July 24.—Austria's note, although the preemptory character of the ultimatum and the brief time allowed to Servia to reply came as a surprise to the Austrian public, the government's action meets with universal approval.

The relations between Austria and Servia were felt to have become intolerable. It was believed in Servia that the time was ripe for the disintegration of the Austro-Hungarian Empire and that Austria would suffer running the risk of a European war. Hence the Servian statement aspired to bring Bosnian and Austrian Slav provinces under the Servian rule.

Germans and Austrians have for several years attributed the bad trade in the monarchy and the crushing taxation caused by the repeated mobilizations, to Servian hostilities and intrigues and there is a feeling of relief, therefore, that matters therefore have been brought to a head and that Servia will be settled with once and for all.

It is believed here that the Servian crown prince, who is now acting under the King's illness is under the influence of the war party and will reject the ultimatum.

An Evasive Reply.

Belgrade, Servia, July 24.—The contents of the Austro-Hungarian ultimatum to Servia became known here tonight in an Austrian newspaper report and caused a great sensation. The cabinet ministers met today and will convene again tomorrow morning. It is expected that they will decide to make an evasive reply to Austria.

Russia Stands Pat.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—At today's counsel of ministers Sergius Sazonoff reviewed the Servian crisis, War Minister Soukhomlinoff explained the condition of the Russian army and the other ministers spoke of the internal situation was not weighty enough to warrant Russia abandoning Servia to her fate. Russia, it was stated, was in far better condition than when she was in 1902, prior to the Japanese war.

It was the general opinion of the ministers that a nation with flourishing finances and such an army could not afford to permit the humiliation

MAKE APPEAL TO WITHDRAW

TOO MANY CANDIDATES IN THE GOVERNOR'S RACE

AIKEN HAS ACTED

That County Ask For a Convention To Eliminate Some of the Candidates

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

Aiken, July 24.—The following call has been issued by the Aiken county delegates to the last state convention with the object of concentrating the anti-Bleas element for governor on two or more candidates. The movement has the support of the anti-Bleas voters in this county.

To the anti-Bleas democrats of South Carolina:

It appearing to be practically the undivided opinion of those citizens of South Carolina who would redeem their state from Bleasism and all it represents to the injury of our beloved state that the political exigencies of the present gubernatorial race, as well as the patriotic considerations, imperatively demand the elimination of at least three or more of the avowedly anti-Bleas candidates of the state may not be disastrously divided against itself, thereby giving to the opposition a clear and decided advantage in view of the fact that the Bleas faction has had the foresight practically to center upon two men of pro-Bleas proclivities.

And it further appearing, from the outspoken expressions of that portion of the press of the state which is known to oppose Bleasism, without respect to the individual candidates of the various gubernatorial aspirants as well as similar expression from leaders of anti-Bleas sentiment in all the counties of the state, that there is urgent need for definite action on the part of somebody at this time in order that the patriotic sentiment of the state, which stands in opposition to Bleasism, may concentrate upon some one, two or three candidates or at least more than the number offered by the opposition who will be acceptable to the anti-Bleas sentiment of South Carolina, and it further appearing that unless the present number of anti-Bleas gubernatorial candidates is reduced to a practical working basis of not more than two or possibly three, the forces will have, in the coming primary an advantage which no amount of patriotism can overcome, so long as they are hopelessly divided. We, the undersigned citizens of Aiken county, and delegates to the last state democratic convention, representing our county, ourselves and others, do hereby take the initiative in inviting and calling a conference of the anti-Bleas forces of South Carolina to meet in Columbia at noon Friday, July 31st, for the purpose of taking such action in the premises as the situation seems to warrant, either by way of requesting the withdrawal from the present gubernatorial race of three or more of the avowedly anti-Bleas candidates or in recommending the candidacy of one or more of such candidates and pledging our hearty support, and that of others similarly minded to such candidate or candidates.

It is suggested, and we so recommend, that this conference, whose action shall be binding on all the anti-Bleas delegates to the last state democratic convention, with the addition of such delegates as may be chosen in mass meeting by the anti-Bleas voters of those counties which were not represented in the May convention.

It is recommended and urged further, that the six anti-Bleas candidates for governor be represented at this conference in person and by one friend and supporter from each congressional district of the state, who shall have equal voice in the conference with all others who respond to this call. This is suggested in a spirit of the utmost fairness to each and every candidate concerned and in order that no one of them may have any ground whatsoever for fearing that his interests may not be properly and fairly represented and because we earnestly and honestly consider it essential that the best manhood of South Carolina, apply itself to this vital situation without personal partisanship of any kind and with the best of motives to take the best and most practical steps for the redemption of South Carolina from misrule and one man dominion.

We appeal to all citizens of South Carolina who are opposed to Bleasism, to endorse this voluntary action of ours and to respond to this call at once, making this disposition known by letter or wire to any one of the undersigned:

Dr. W. D. Wright, Langley; H. P. Dyches, Aiken; H. B. Williams, New-

A MEMORIAL ON BONHAM'S GRAVE

Prof. Shigo, Eminent Geographer, a Profound Admirer of That Hero of Alamo

(By Associated Press.)

Tokio, Japan, July 18.—Professor Shigetaka Shigo, the eminent geographer, traveler and author, who will go to the United States this fall to address the American Historical society at Washington, D. C., will fulfill during his visit a long cherished desire to erect a memorial at San Antonio, Texas, on the grave of the famous Col. James Butler Bonham, whose gallantry in defense of the Alamo makes one of the brightest pages in American history.

Dr. Shigo's admiration of Bonham is an old story. In his youth the professor had two enthusiasms, one for the romantic record of ancient Japan, the other for the story of the United States as told by Quackenbush to successive generations of school children. The famous defense of the Texans fired his imagination and when he discovered in Japanese history an almost exact parallel in the battle of Narashino during the Tokugawa Shogunate, the ambition then grew that some day he might find a way of commemorating publicly the undying admiration which the story of the Alamo had awakened in a Japanese school boy. His scientific visit to America offers the desired opportunity.

Dr. Shigo will take with him two blocks of stone from the battlefield of Narashino. A Chinese poem he has composed in honor of Bonham will be carved on one of the stones, which will both be used over Bonham's grave.

Dr. Shigo has written to the mayor of San Antonio asking if the city will accept the memorial.

James Butler Bonham was a brother of the late Gov. M. L. Bonham of this state and an uncle of Gen. M. L. Bonham of Anderson. Col. Jas. B. Bonham practiced law at Pendleton before he went to Texas.

MORE OFFRES OF REWARDS

FOR THE ARREST OF MAN WHO TRIED TO KILL DR. MCINTOSH

McINTOSH

PHYSICIANS M A D N E W FEATURES

And Give Out Indignant Statements Denying Stories That Are Afloat

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

Columbia, July 24.—Many wild rumors have been circulated in South Carolina in connection with the shooting of Dr. James H. McIntosh. The talk in many sections of the state is that he was not shot or that he shot himself.

Taking notice of these rumors, physicians of Columbia in charge of the case issued a statement showing conclusively that Dr. McIntosh was shot and badly hurt.

The Columbia medical society, at a meeting today, authorized a reward of \$500 for the apprehension of the guilty party or parties. The following statement was issued:

"This is to certify, that about 2 a. m. last Thursday morning, July 23, I was called to the Knowlton hospital to operate upon Dr. James H. McIntosh of Columbia for a wound of the abdomen. I immediately called Dr. S. E. Harmon, also of Columbia, to assist me at the operation. When I arrived at the hospital I found Dr. McIntosh in bed and examined him. I found he had a pistol wound in the abdomen and advised immediate exploratory operation. As soon as the necessary preparations could be made Dr. McIntosh was placed upon the operating table and the anaesthetic was administered by Dr. Edith Welborne of Columbia. The wound of entrance was on the right side of the abdomen, just below the margin of the ribs and was surrounded by a powder burn of considerable extent. The wound of exit was about six inches from the wound of entrance and about on the same level with it. Upon incision, I found that the peritoneum had not been penetrated by the bullet. Dr. McIntosh had been instructed by me not to undergo the mental exertion of making a statement to the newspapers.

"Signed: Geo. H. Bunch, M. D. physician in charge."

"I of my own personal knowledge know that the facts stated in the above statement are correct."—Samuel B. Harmon, M. D.

The following physicians were present at the operation upon Dr. McIntosh:

I certify that I was present at the operation upon Dr. James H. McIntosh and I have read the statement of Drs. Bunch and Harmon and can affirm that the same is correct.—William Weston, M. D.; R. G. Blackburn, M. D. Dr. Blackburn is an assistant physician at the state hospital for the insane, appointed by a Bleas board of regents. He is a supporter of the governor.

Misses Bertie E. May and Mary B. Turpin, nurses at Knowlton's hospital, signed statements that they are nurses on the case of Dr. McIntosh and that he was shot.

Dr. George H. Bunch, physician in charge of the case, said tonight that Dr. McIntosh would be sufficiently recovered tomorrow to give a statement to the press covering the details of the attack upon him.

Dr. R. A. Lancaster, the first person to get to Dr. McIntosh, has made a statement as finding Dr. McIntosh lying on the ground, after hearing the shooting and calls for help.

Some time before the shooting Dr. McIntosh happened to be passing the First Presbyterian churchyard and discovered a man lying on the ground in the shadows. The man was drunk. Dr. McIntosh took the unfortunate man home and was returning along Marion street when just as he came within the glare of the arc light in front of the Woodrow memorial chapel, a man darted out from behind a tree and ordered "hands up!"

For the moment Dr. McIntosh, as he told those who came to his assistance, threw up his hands. But as quickly he came down with them and grabbed the pistol of his assailant and struggled with him. It was then that the assailant fired the only shot he did fire, and the one which wounded Dr. McIntosh. Dr. McIntosh fell. His assailant ran and was leaping the wall of the churchyard when the physician fired twice at him, and three times immediately after to attract attention. The doctor called for help and fired once more. As his assailant was going over the wall, Dr. McIntosh heard him call back: "Now you won't bother Colie tomorrow" or "Now Colie won't be bothered with you tomorrow."

holland; J. C. Hutson, Aiken; B. F. Holley, Aiken; Dr. J. H. Burnett, Graniteville; Thos. W. Davies, Beech Island; John G. Chafes, Aiken; L. J. Williams, North Augusta, Aiken county delegates to the state convention.

BITTER TALKS AT LEXINGTON

JENNINGS MADE A SEVERE ARRAIGNMENT OF GOV. BLEASE

BLEASE

NEW FEATURES

Bleas Accuses Francis H. Weston Of Abusing the Privilege of His Office

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

Lexington, July 24.—The senatorial meeting here today was marked by the bitterest speech of the campaign. This vitriolic utterance was from L. D. Jennings who said the present chief executive during the last three and one half years "has made the filthiest and most diabolical record ever made by a white man in South Carolina."

"The governor," he added, "has debauched the state worse than Chamberlain, Scott and Moses of radical times combined."

When he was speaking the governor said that he never spoke to his opponents, his reference being to Messrs. Jennings and Pollock. Alluding to them the governor said "When men appear on the platform to spew out filth against a gentleman, I don't notice them. I never pay any attention to any men who put themselves on a plane with John T. Duncan and Barney Evans."

Mr. Jennings answered this by saying that he would suffer his right hand to be paralyzed and his tongue to cleave to the roof of his mouth before he would speak to a man with such a filthy record. "And if I should speak to him," this candidate went on, "I hope my wife and children will desert me." The governor's record was "as filthy as the nest of a carrion crow," Mr. Jennings concluded.

W. P. Pollock, the first speaker was little less bitter in his denunciation. When this candidate was drawing the "blisters" on the administration followers, there was much heckling and angry retorting, the Bleas faction trying at times to keep what the speaker was saying from being heard. To one of these Mr. Pollock replied, "Yes, hollow for Bleas now and two years hence you will be like Peter of old, you will declare you never knew him."

Another was told that the Bleasites would be buried August 25 with faces down. This he explained would be done so that "if you scratch out you will scratch out in hell." This speaker told the audience that if the roll of delegates to the state democratic convention of last May should be examined, "it will be found that there were members of the Lexington delegation who were on the Bull Moose ticket with John C. Capers and other negroes." The Lexington delegation to the last state convention was reported to be for Bleas.

If the governor should go to the United States senate, Mr. Pollock continued he could not work in double harness with anyone. He said the governor was "out of joint" with every department of the national government with which he had any dealing, that he was working against Senator Tillman who had stood four square to the world and would neutralize the senator's good work so that the state would be practically without representation.

Mr. Pollock again today measured by the carload the more than 900 negroes pardoned, saying that "there would be about enough to make up the biggest negro excursion in South Carolina."

Senator Smith said today that he was in the campaign to take care of his own record, and not to attack others. "I am not going around," he explained, "picking out the rotten spots in any man's character. I have not started a campaign of vilification and abuse. I am not here to hold up any man's pitiable failure, but here to hold up E. D. Smith's magnificent success."

The speech of Gov. Bleas was marked by his compliments to The Columbia State, which he paid, though he apologized for doing so. "For once in my life I want to thank The State, and I hope lightning won't strike me for doing so. I want to thank The State for once being fair to me in printing this morning the record in the Richey case."

This is the home of State Senator W. H. Sharpe, who is state chairman of the Bleas organization.

Today the governor said that one representative from each county composed the executive committee. Under each county committee, he added was a suborganization, with one or two members from each club in the county.

Francis H. Weston, recently appointed United States Attorney, was charged today by Bleas, with attempting to disrupt the democratic party in South Carolina. "How long, I wonder," the governor asked, "will Mr. Wilson, allow to be violated that democratic doctrine of Grover Cleve-

ARBITRATION FAILED; ULSTER MAY GO TO WAR

THE SITUATION APPEARS TO BE MORE CRITICAL THAN EVER

TROOPS READY TO MAKE DASH

Sir Edward Carson Is Holding the Uulsterites In Readiness For Defense

(By Associated Press.)

Belfast, July 24.—Official announcement today of the failure of the Buckingham palace conference on home rule, caused no excitement here as telegrams from the Ulster leaders had been received previously.

The leading business men, clergymen, bankers and manufacturers who declared for an anti-home rule movement were unanimous tonight in endorsing the uncompromising attitude of Sir Edward Carson and Captain James Craig in demanding the total and permanent exclusion of Ulster from the workings of the home rule bill.

The Ulster provisional government awaits orders from Sir Edward and Captain Craig, who are still in London. It is believed here that the next step will be a general mobilization of the volunteer force, "as a kind of armed demonstration" which may impress the government. If the government is still unyielding, it appears certain, according to declarations by prominent Ulster men, that a provisional government will be set up before the home rule bill is passed.

The belligerent minority has desired to seize the postoffice and customs house and conduct a kind of armed republic under martial law but the conservative element in Ulster has overruled them. Belfast probably will be policed by volunteers drawn from four local regiments who will be known as the "town guard." The state regiments also will furnish a quota of ten thousand men, fully armed, for the second line fighting force.

A so-called special service corps consisting of about 40,000 men will comprise the first line of a "flying column." This force will be ready to rush to any quarter of Ulster where the nationalists defy the provisional government by rioting and reinforcing local citizen troops. It is understood the police in Belfast probably will be withdrawn if a provisional government is set up, thus leaving everything in the hands of the volunteers.

London, July 24.—Formal announcement that the Buckingham palace conference on home rule could not bridge the narrow difficulties which separated the Ulsterites and the Nationalists on the Irish home rule bill was made to King George today by the speaker of the house of commons, the Rt. Hon. James Lowther, and to the house itself by Premier Asquith.

While the failure of the king's attempt to bring about a compromise was well known Wednesday, the fact that the party leaders continued to discuss the question at issue kindled faint hope throughout the country that the deadlock might yet be broken. The definite fall of the curtain on the monarch's plan to bring face to face the two who are most responsible for the present sensational crisis leaves the country in a mood of deepest pessimism.

No one attempts to predict what the next step may be. No one sees any possibility of a settlement of the dispute unless it be by the government appealing to a verdict of the country through a general election and such step would be considered generally not a compromise but a surrender by Premier Asquith's cabinet.

THROUGH SERVICE
First Train in Many Days Makes Trip From Capitol to Coast.
Vera Cruz, July 24.—The first through train from Mexico City since the American occupation of Vera Cruz arrived here early this morning, the break in the railroad having at last been prepared. It brought a large number of adherents of the Huerta regime.

MAINE AT GIBRALTAR
U. S. Battleship to Bring Home Crew From Ship Sold to Greece.
Gibraltar, July 24.—The American battleship Maine arrived here today on her way to Villafraanca, where she is to take over on July 26 the crew of the battleship Idaho recently purchased by Greece.

DEFIANCE DANGEROUS
Cup Defender Said to be Unfit for Racial Purposes.
(By Associated Press.)
Boston, July 24.—The defiance has been abandoned as a racing boat because it would be dangerous to sail her again without further changes," said Henry Taggard, secretary of the Eastern Yacht Club, today. Mr. Taggard was the representative of the Boston members of the Tri-State syndicate which financed construction of the unsuccessful candidate for cup defense honors.

Richard I. Manning's Declaration For Law and Order Is Well Received
(By Associated Press.)
Charleston, July 24.—Charles Carroll Simms, the "original" Bleas candidate for governor, severely arraigned John G. Richards for his varying political record at the campaign meeting here today. Mr. Simms was received with much applause. The flaying of Mr. Richards appeared to have pleased the audience of 50 voters who gathered this afternoon and tonight to hear the speeches. Several of the candidates were heckled by the voters.

Race track gambling was generally discussed and the statements by candidates that the laws must be enforced were received with prolonged applause.
A. G. Brices again today charged "masterly inactivity" on the part of his opponent, Thos. E. Peoples, for attorney general.
Richard I. Manning was given an ovation when he promised to enforce all the laws if elected.
"I propose to be governor of all the people and enforce the laws," said Mr. Manning in conclusion.
Several of the voters told John C. Richards that he was a "coat tail swinger."

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