

The Anderson Daily Intelligencer

VOL. 1, NO. 68.

Weekly, Established 1880; Daily, Jan. 18, 1914.

ANDERSON, S. C., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1914.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

\$5.00 PER ANNUAL

PUBLICITY FOR DELIBERATIONS

DECIDED UPON BY COMMITTEE ON INTER-OCEANIC CANALS

TOLLS IN SENATE

McCumber Delivered Most Extensive Argument Yet Produced In The Upper House

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 6.—Publicity for the deliberations on the Panama toll exemption repeal was determined upon today by the senate committee on inter-oceanic canals, which tomorrow will begin consideration of the controversy in all its aspects.

Senator O'Gorman, chairman of the committee, decided upon open sessions after a conference with his colleagues. Whether hearings are to be held has not been decided, but this will be determined when the house repeal bill and the Panama toll exemption measure are taken up formally. How long the committee will deliberate on the issue before making a report to the senate no one would predict tonight, but administration leaders let it be known that any effort to prolong the preliminary consideration would be opposed, even to the extreme of moving to discharge the committee from consideration of the subject.

Senator O'Gorman, leading democratic opponent of the repeal, and others who join with him in the fight, still insist, however, that there will be no effort at delay. When the issue reaches the floor of the senate, various forces at work to complicate the situation make it improbable that a vote can be reached for several weeks.

Republican Wins President.

Senator McCumber, republican, of North Dakota, a member of the foreign relations committee, who stands in opposition to President Wilson's policy, addressed the senate at length today in support of the repeal bill. He flatly declared that toll exemption for American ships was a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and that against the spirit of the treaty when the treaty was ratified. For the congress to insist upon toll exemption for American ships, he said, was to hide behind the American flag while carrying treasure to the bank of a "continental shilling trust."

Senator McCumber's argument was one of the most extensive yet presented in the senate on either side of the controversy. He talked for three and a half hours, virtually without interruption, and at the conclusion of his speech appealed to all "right thinking men in the senate" to support the lofty stand the president has taken. He said the galleries broke into applause as Senator McCumber sat down, and half a dozen democratic senators crossed the chamber to congratulate him.

The senator said he had no concern with the provisions of the democratic platform, that the question at issue was the honor of the nation. He devoted his address to the two reasons given in the president's message urging repeal. The first was that the treaty was a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and that it was an economic mistake.

More Cautious Than Ever.

Administration leaders tonight seemed to be more cautious than ever that the house repeal bill would carry in the senate unopposed, maintaining that several democrats who had been classed as doubtful positively would support the president, and that the majority for repeal would be at least ten. Eight or nine republican senators now are contending upon to support the repeal, despite the efforts of their leaders to unite the majority against the measure.

Senator Brandegee, of Connecticut, a conclusion of Senator McCumber's address today, introduced a resolution requesting the president, if not incompatible with the public interest, to give the senate all information, records and correspondence relating to negotiation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. Senator Brandegee said that the repeal of the treaty would be a victory for the senate.

Action on Representative Kaneham's resolution calling on President Wilson and Secretary Bryan for diplomatic correspondence over the Panama toll exemption repeal was delayed indefinitely today in the house foreign affairs committee. Members of the committee will convene tomorrow. Mr. Kaneham reintroduced his resolution.

John Redmond, Leader of the Nationalist Party In Ireland.



Mr. Redmond Delivered an Eloquent Speech in Parliament Monday

NAVAL OFFICERS AGAINST DECREE

DON'T LIKE ABOLITION OF THEIR TRADITIONAL WINE MESS

PURPOSE MAY FAIL

President Was Not Consulted—Was Purely Departmental Matter

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 6.—Secretary Daniels' order against the use of alcohol or liquors in the navy, which will be effective July 1 next, was generally discussed here today. The order not only abolishes and traditional "wine mess" of the officers, but will bar all alcoholic liquors from every ship and shore station of the navy.

Surgeon General Bralsted recommended it after an exhaustive investigation.

While declining to discuss for publication the effect of the order, some naval officers privately expressed belief it might fail of its purpose—to prevent or decrease drunkenness in the navy. In effect the order says no more than abolishing the wine mess. No distilled spirits, wine or beer. Some officers contend it is absurd to suppose that men become drunkards on beer or champagne. They contend the prohibition that the order will transmute their normal inebriety and prevent their affording visitors from foreign navies the wines to which they are accustomed on their own vessels.

The order was hailed with joy here by the prohibition forces.

When asked today to comment on the order, President Wilson said it was strictly a departmental matter. It is understood that the president was not consulted by Mr. Daniels before he issued the order, and no one professes to know whether it had the president's approval.

Would Have Vote On Woman Suffrage

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 6.—Representative James H. McLaughlin today introduced into the house a joint resolution proposing a woman suffrage constitutional amendment, similar to one pending in the senate offered by Senator Sharkey.

The amendment would provide that, upon petition by one per cent of the legal voters of any state, participation in the next general election the woman suffrage question shall be submitted to the voters of that state, a majority decision to be final.

During the resolution to null referendum to the president and introduced it to null the papers relating to the interpretation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

EDUCATORS OF SOUTH CONVENE

VIRTUALLY ALL LINES OF HUMAN ACTIVITY ARE REPRESENTED

CONVENTION CITY

Louisville A Populace Assembling Ground for Various Bodies This Week

(By Associated Press.)

Louisville, Ky., April 6.—Hundreds of men and women visitors, representing virtually all lines of human activity in the South, are in Louisville, and others are arriving on every train to attend the seven-month annual session of the Southern Educational Association, which opens tomorrow and will continue through Friday. Delegates are here from sixteen southern states.

The conference for education in the south opens tomorrow morning in the First Regiment Armory, in which exhibits have been arranged to represent the rural community, and where instruction and demonstrations will be given on the best methods of organizing and conducting farmers' clubs and co-operative projects, rural schools and churches, boys and girls clubs, and homes, and various other interests embraced in rural community life. Demonstrations also will be given in domestic science, community hygiene and health, and home building.

The general conference will embrace the following sections: Farmers, business men, country women, country teachers, country doctors, editors and boys and girls clubs.

DOORS THROWN OPEN YESTERDAY

Handsome Glenn Street School Begins Sessions With 600 Pupils on the Roll

The handsome new Glenn street school was opened here yesterday morning over 600 pupils being enrolled at this time and of that number more than 400 reported for duty at 8 o'clock when the school was formally called to order.

This is the eighth white school within the city limits, aside from the two negro schools and one of the handiwork in the city. The erection of the school building proper cost \$2,416.25, while plumbing and heating arrangements represented an added expenditure of \$2,612. The site cost approximately \$2,000, making an entire outlay of about \$7,000. There are 2,500 white pupils in the city schools of Anderson.

NEW HOTEL IS TO BE BUILT

IF ANDERSON PEOPLE WILL COME TO TAW AND LEND AID

BY RICHMOND MEN

A. Schilleter Offers To Lease \$110,000 Hotel For Ten Years If Built

Coming to Anderson from Richmond, Va., for the purpose of making the city a hotel proposition, Clarence Vaden and E. R. Brown yesterday put it right square up to the people of Anderson as to whether or not they desired a splendid hotel, to be complete in every respect and worthy of a city of Anderson's importance. The two Richmond men were in close conference here all day yesterday with leading business men of the city concerning the proposition, and they offer, if the co-operation of Anderson people is secured, to have a modern hotel in every respect to cost not less than \$110,000, including site.

The proposition is that Clarence Vaden will loan \$45,000 toward the construction of said building and that E. R. Brown will loan \$20,000 for the same purpose, provided the Anderson people will loan their money in such a venture. They were factored through Charles A. Bryan, the architect of the plan. A. Schilleter, of Richmond College, was also in the city yesterday and the statement is made with authority that Mr. Schilleter will lease the new hotel for a period of ten years if it is built. This understanding was reached at a conference between Messrs. Brown, Vaden and Schilleter held yesterday afternoon. Mr. Schilleter will probably have the plan of the hotel.

The Richmond men told a reporter for The Intelligencer last night that they also with more capital and business energy than Anderson seems to possess, and that they would have no hesitancy in investing their money here.

The deal is now practically closed, and there is little doubt as to where but \$100,000 to be raised, that the proposition will be accepted by business men of Anderson when it is laid before them. With Mr. Schilleter's vote and willing to take a share of the hotel when it is completed and the Richmond men ready to finance the deal there can be no question of failure to enter into this deal.

EVERY SPANIARD BEING EXPELLED FROM MEXICO

Rebels Ousting Them as Undesirable Aliens—The Jesuits Will Also Be Expelled

(By Associated Press.)

Jaurez Mexico, April 6.—Northern and Central Mexico, it is said, are being thoroughly cleared of Spanish residents by the Constitutionalists. The latest news of wholesale expulsion of Spaniards was brought here by General Eulalio Gutierrez, commander of rebel forces in the state of Chihuahua.

"We have expelled every Spaniard from this part of the State who we control," said the general today, "and we control all of it except the capital and the city of Matamoros. I estimate that nearly 1,000 Spaniards have been deported in the last two months."

Every consideration has been shown them, General Gutierrez said. They have been given plenty of time to carry away with them their household effects and other possessions, but not one has been permitted to remain inside the rebel lines.

Justification for the expulsions, it is said, is found by the Constitutionalists in the fact that the Spaniards are the "pernicious foreigner" in which the Mexican authorities are right to deport undesirable aliens.

General Gutierrez followed up his story of the Spanish expulsions by a thrust against the Jesuits in Mexico. "And the Jesuits come next," he said. Already, it was learned, numbers of Catholic priests have been forced to leave the country in which the Gutierrez men are operating. Many of the deported priests were said to be Spaniards, but a number of Mexican Jesuits.

General Carranza today confirmed the report that General Vile had ordered the expulsion of Spaniards at Torreon.

The order was to have been issued today, but it was reported the necessary trains were not available.



Copyright 1912, by American Press Association. Underwood Forces Claim His Election as United States senator over Richmond Pearson Hobson.

LOST LIVES BY POISONOUS GAS

NINE WORKMEN IN CAISSON DIES OF GASE ORIGIN OF WHICH IS UNKNOWN

ALL ARE WHITE MEN

One Man Attempted to Rescue A Companion and Was Overcome

(By Associated Press.)

Memphis, Tenn., April 6.—Nine lost their lives today and nine others narrowly escaped a like fate when a shaft leading to the underground workings in the foundation of the Harahan Railroad bridge, being constructed across the Mississippi river here, became filled with poisonous gas.

Eight men, autographed while descending the shaft to take their places in a caisson ninety feet below the surface, and the ninth man, Peter Watson, a watchman, lost his life in an attempt to rescue his comrades. Those rescued were at work in a compartment adjoining the gas filled shaft. They were hauled to the surface through an opening used to send material to the workmen.

All of the dead were white men. Those rescued are negroes.

Divers, protected from the poisonous fumes by their armor, recovered all of the bodies.

Officials of the company constructing the bridge stated tonight that they had been unable, so far, to determine the cause of the gas formation. The accident occurred about one hundred feet inland on the Arkansas shore of the river. The first indication of the gas was the fact that the men had been overcome when they were taken from the ascending crew. Watson, who descended to the bottom of the shaft and was overcome, was then filled with water and the bodies were hauled to the surface in buckets through the supply shaft. Before the last man was started for the top, water had reached his waist. He was a shift foreman, who refused to leave until the others of his crew had been hauled to safety.

Bryan Continues Campaign.

Washington, April 6.—Secretary Bryan was still confined to his home tonight, suffering from an infection of bronchial tubes and grip. Although his condition was reported improved upon the advice of his physician, the secretary will remain home for several days.

UNDERWOOD IS FAR IN THE LEAD

IN THE SENATORIAL RACE FROM THE STATE OF ALABAMA

HEAVY VOTE CAST

Complete Returns Will Probably Not Be Received Until Tonight

(By Associated Press.)

Birmingham, Ala., April 7.—(Tuesday)—Indications early today were that Oscar W. Underwood had triumphed over Richmond Pearson Hobson in the contest before Democratic primaries throughout the state for the nomination to the United States senate. Owing to the complexity and length of the ballots complete returns probably will not be received until tonight.

The protracted struggle for the nomination between the two distinguished candidates terminated with a record breaking vote by Alabama democrats. Interest in the contest for the short term in the United States senate, the nomination of ten congressmen, a governor and other state and county officers also brought thousands to the polls. Both Mr. Underwood and Representative Hobson were in the city tonight watching returns from the entire state. Shortly after midnight Mr. Underwood made the following statement:

"I am thoroughly satisfied with the primary election held yesterday. Representative Hobson did not volunteer any statement. When asked if he conceded the nomination of Representative Underwood he said: 'I most positively do not.'"

Incomplete returns indicated a close contest between Ray E. Chandler of Montgomery, and Francis W. Taylor of Birmingham for the nomination to the short United States senatorial term. Walter T. Brown, of Ragland, apparently was outdistanced.

The gubernatorial contest appeared to be even closer than preliminary estimates indicated. While it seemed probable that former governor J. B. Comer would receive a plurality, the hopes of his followers that he would receive a majority were considered doubtful.

Civil War An Impossibility

Speeches on Home Rule Have More Peaceful Tenor Than Heretofore

(By Associated Press.)

London, April 6.—By a majority of eight an amendment for the rejection of the home rule bill was defeated in the house of commons tonight and without division the bill was given for the third time its second reading in the house.

The amendment of the figures evoked loud cheers from the opposition, though the ministerialists, the opposition, interpreted them as a gratifying proof of a growing government majority. But the demonstration is accounted for, to some extent, by the abstention from voting of the opposition.

The speeches today were generally much more conciliatory in tone than those which marked the bill's earlier passages. John E. Redmond, the Nationalist leader, opened the debate, again held out the olive branch of Union in a speech of great eloquence, by insisting that it was impossible for him and his colleagues to agree to the permanent exclusion of Ulster, and to abandon the principle of "Ireland a nation."

Andrew Bonar Law, the opposition leader, though protesting in certain passages of his speech to no hardy any hope of a peaceful settlement, and predicting that civil war was certain if the government persisted in pushing the bill through, assured that he and his colleagues would gladly accept a proposal for the renewal of the negotiations with the government leaders, but feared that nothing would come of it.

A large gathering of Irishmen, all carrying Irish flags, assembled outside parliament tonight to celebrate the passage of the bill. They cheered wildly when the result of the vote was announced, and gave evidence to the members of the government and the Nationalist leaders as they left the house.

Police Sergeant Killed Woman. Richmond, Va., April 7.—Police Sergeant Phil L. Noker last night shot and instantly killed Mrs. Roberta Lester in her home and then shot himself, dying as he was being lifted into a hospital.