

YOUR DELEGATES

should not go Home without having -seen-

College View

Take them by on your way to the College.

Anderson Real Estate & Investment Co.

E. B. HORTON, Pres. L. S. HORTON, V-Pres. W. F. MARSHALL, Sec's.

Did You Ever Stop To Think

How little an Electric Closet Light would cost you... And what a great convenience it would be!

SOUTHERN PUBLIC UTILITIES CO.

ABOUT FOLKS YOU KNOW

E. C. Pillard of Greenville, was among the business visitors to the city yesterday.

A. M. Ellsbro of Jonesville, arrived in the city yesterday for a short stay.

C. A. Smith of Greenville, was among the guests registered at the Chiquola hotel yesterday.

T. G. Reillys of Greenville, spent a few hours in the city yesterday on business.

Grady Marler, a well known traveling man of Winston-Salem, N. C., was in the city yesterday.

R. H. Gossett of Atlanta, Ga., spent a few hours in the city yesterday.

W. D. Hutto, Jr., of Spartanburg, was among the business visitors to the city yesterday.

E. M. Peoples of Hampton, was in Anderson yesterday for a few hours on business.

J. W. E. McMahan of the Hopewell section, was among the visitors to Anderson yesterday.

J. M. Broyles of the Fork section, was among the business visitors to the city yesterday.

Miss Nellie Hanks has returned to the city to resume her studies at Anderson College, following a visit to her parents at Long Branch.

B. B. Martin has returned from a short business trip to Spartanburg.

L. H. Lewis of Belton, was among the well known visitors in the city yesterday.

B. F. Earle of Chester, was in the city yesterday for a few hours on business.

W. W. Owen of Belton, was among the business visitors to the city yesterday.

Floyd and Clarence Bolt of Canterville, spent a few hours in Anderson yesterday.

B. S. Brown of Sandy Springs, was a business visitor to the city yesterday.

Willie Kerr of Donalds, spent a few hours in Anderson yesterday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Y. Swift have returned to their home in Elberton, Ga., following a short visit to Mr. and Mrs. Harriett Barton.

Miss Leola Archer has returned to Anderson after a visit to friends and relatives in Jacksonville.

Mrs. L. A. Harper has returned to her home in Elberton, Ga., after a short stay in Anderson with friends.

Will Hodges of Colorado and brother, D. A. Hodges, of Starr, were visitors in Anderson yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Cobb of Belton, were shopping in Anderson yesterday.

ton, were shopping in Anderson yesterday.

H. S. Boggs of Sandy Springs, spent a few hours in the city yesterday on business.

Carl Shirley of the Long Branch section, was among the business visitors to the city yesterday.

G. B. Clark of Pendleton, spent a few hours in the city yesterday on business.

MAIN SUBJECT OF INTEREST

Repeal of Exemption Clause in Panama Canal Act

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Feb. 10.—President Wilson's desire that Congress repeal the provision of the Panama canal act, exempting American coastwise shipping from toll charges, today continued as an absorbing subject of interest in congress and there developed considerable sentiment for a democratic conference on the subject in the House as well as the Senate.

Security members of the inter-oceanic canal committee in the Senate who argued and voted for the exemption provision have taken up for serious consideration the proposal to reverse the national policy.

Those who let it be known today that their minds are open on the subject, included Senators Chilton of West Virginia and Simmons of North Carolina.

Treaty the Supreme Law "A treaty is the supreme law of the land," said Senator Chilton, "and our platform declaration for exemption from tolls of American ships engaged in coastwise trade probably ought to be read with this qualification, necessarily implied: 'If the congress can do so consistently with the supreme law of the land or with national honor.'"

"The inter-oceanic canal committee of the Senate considered this matter very carefully and decided to exempt those American vessels not belonging to transatlantic mail roads. The law was, in a way, a compromise of the conflicting views then being urged upon the committee.

From Honest Motives, "There is no room for even the suspicion that the President has any motive other than a true construction of the treaty and the best interests of the country. His judgment has been well nigh infallible. His appeal to 'stop, look and listen,' I confess, challenges my deepest interest and obliterates any pride of opinion. I do know that he wants to do right, and that he works incessantly at the risk of his health to be right all the time. No man is so wise as to exempt himself from taking the second and even a third look when Mr. Wilson, after investigation, suspects or asserts error in the situation. More especially is this true when it comes to a matter affecting our foreign relations of this particular time."



PORTER A. WHALEY, Secretary of the Anderson Chamber of Commerce and of the Local Committee

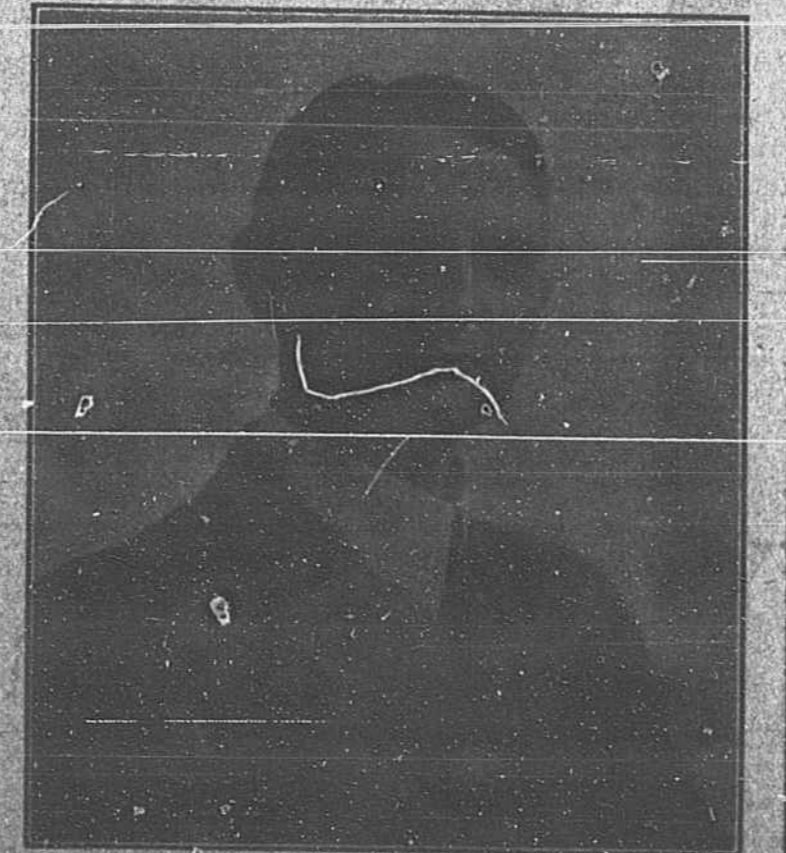
LIKE CAESAR'S WIFE PRIMARY SHOULD BE

THUS THINK MANY LEGISLATORS, BUT OPINION HAS NOT CRYSTALLIZED AS TO WAYS AND MEANS—FINANCIAL ALIGNMENT WHEN VOTE IN HOUSE COMES IS INDICATED

Columbia, Feb. 10.—The biggest question which confronts the general assembly now is that of raising South Carolina primary elections to the enviable position occupied by Caesar's wife. In the senate the Nicholson primary election bill was considered last week. For the purpose of simplifying the measure and at the same time removing features which senators in favor of purifying the primary elections objected to strenuously, the Nicholson measure was referred to a special committee, which reported a special bill last Thursday.

Come Contradictions. In the House, the judiciary committee has a primary reform bill around which the fight for making the primary elections above suspicion has continued so far. From the trend of the debate on the measure has taken in the House, it seems probably that a factional line-up will come when the question of passing the judiciary committee's bill is put to a vote. It is not explained why the members of the house who have shown unwavering loyalty to the administration, in the matter of supporting vetoes and advocating the policies of the chief executive, oppose the primary reform bill of the judiciary committee, after the statement, made on the floor of the house by Mr. Stevenson of Chesterfield, that with the co-operation of the governor he drew up the judiciary committee's bill and that practically every idea on the subject advanced by the chief executive had been incorporated in the bill.

The opposition to the programme of primary reform in the house has been predicated so far chiefly on the argument that the primary election of 1912 was fair and free from fraud. Administration men opposing judiciary committee's bill do so on this ground and allow to pass unchallenged, the statement by Mr. Liles of Orangeburg that he had been informed that in his speech from the state house, steps a day or so after the last primary election the governor had declared



F. M. BURNETT, Chairman of the Y. M. C. A. of Anderson and Chairman of the Local Committee

given a certificate stating the facts as to age and place of residence.

If for any cause a voter is denied the right of registration by any board the bill gives him the right to appeal to any circuit judge and to the supreme court.

Important Sections. Probably the two most important sections in the judiciary committee's bill are Nos. 8 and 9 which follow in full.

Section 8. On the first day of August of each election year the board of primary registration shall file the registration books of such parties as have their voters registered under this act with the clerk of court of the county, and they shall be disposed of by him as follows: One book for each voting precinct shall be delivered to the chairman of the executive committee for the county for such party, and by him delivered to managers of election for the respective voting precincts, and shall be the precinct rolls for the primary elections for that year, and no man who is not enrolled on said books shall be entitled to vote in the primaries of that party. The duplicates of said books shall be kept on file in the clerk's office as a record and with them the poll lists coming from the respective voting precincts shall be filed immediately after the official count for each precinct is made by the county committee. No vote shall be counted from any precinct unless the return shall be accompanied by a poll list of all the voters, certified to by the managers, or a majority of them, of said precinct.

Section 9. The precinct registration books shall be kept open to the inspection of the public at all times, and any names placed on said list may be challenged up to the tenth day of August of each election year, and if the challenge is sustained by the board the name challenged shall be stricken off the books, and the board shall have access to and have authority over the books to that extent up to the delivery of the duplicate to the county chairman, which shall be done on the 15th of August of each election year. From the board's ruling on such challenge either party may appeal in the manner provided in section 1 of this act, and the circuit judge shall hear all appeals provided for in this act, but on the evidence before the board certified up, and determine the issues as such cases are decided and his decision shall be final, and retain the name on the list or strike it off as the case may be, until the same is reversed by the supreme court.

The primary election bill of the judiciary committee provides a fine of not more than \$500 or imprisonment for not more than six months for persons who violate its provisions, except as regards swearing falsely which is declared punishable under the common law.

Purging Rolls. Section 14 of the bill in regard to purging the registration books and the disposition of them after primary elections follows:

Section 14. No general registration shall be required in years subsequent to the first registration, but all new voters must register, and all parties changing from one voting precinct to another and all names of those dead or removed must be stricken off each election year and the books shall only be opened for registration in years not election years for the month of July. When the final primary election is held in any year the duplicate books is held by any year shall be returned to the chairman of the party of the county and by him filed with the clerk of the court to be by him delivered to the board of primary registration at the beginning of the next registration period, along with the duplicate on file with them, both of which shall be corrected and in both of which new voters shall be enrolled as herein provided.

Differences Between Bills. The chief difference between the special primary reform bill reported by the special committee from the senate and the primary reform bill introduced by the judiciary committee of the house is that the former does not provide a special board of primary registration but leaves the enrollment of voters to the secretaries of clubs of a certified list of the citizens enrolled to vote in the primary. The senate bill provides for the remuneration of club secretaries who enroll voters.

The primary reform bills in the senate and in the house are alike in that they both provide for duplicate rolls of the votes at every precinct one of which is to be used as the precinct roll and the other to be filed with the clerk of court. Provides a Check. The importance of this provision can be readily understood since the duplicate roll of each precinct in the hands of the circuit court provides a check for the polling lists at each precinct. When it set out to investigate the alleged fraud in the primary election of 1912 the special committee from the state democratic executive committee was seriously hampered in its work by the failure or refusal of various precinct managers to return their precinct rolls and polling lists. The duplicate precinct rolls in the hands of the clerks of court will safeguard primary elections by providing a means of checking the polling lists.

JOHN EVERS OUT.

Will be Succeeded as Manager by Hank O'Day

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Johnny Evers will not be manager of the Chicago National League club this year, according to a statement given out in President Murphy's office here today. It was said that Evers will be succeeded by Henry (Hank) O'Day, umpire and former manager of the Cincinnati club.

The statement given out in the Chicago National League president's office was dated as from New York.

Delegates to The Interdenominational State Sunday School Convention,

Anderson and Anderson County people bid you welcome. We hope every minute of your stay will be pleasant.

In this good store you'll find many conveniences. You have a special invitation to make use of them at any time.

Moore-Wilson Co.

GET HERE

at any cost get here Thursday morning at nine o'clock for at that time we open the grandest 10 day 12th Anniversary Sale in the history of this great business.

Special attractions are named in our big ad for every day, but there will be many surprises in store for you.

THURSDAY

- 36 inch light Percal... 5c yard
27 inch 15c Madras, one pattern only... 5c yard
20c Nainsook, 10 yard bolt for... \$1.19
45 inch best 25c Nainsook 12 yd bolt \$1.98 bolt
45 inch best 25c Mercerized Lingerie only 15c yd
27 inch 25 to 35c white Flaxon only... 15c yd
27 inch best 25c Flaxons only... 15c yard
360 all silk Messaline Petticoats best \$2.50 value, up stairs, only... \$1.19 each

SATURDAY

400 Ladies' \$1.00 to \$1.50 House Dresses, all sizes, only... 79c each

These are just mile stones pointing to the many thousands of good things in every nook and corner of this great store. If you don't know ask George and be here everyday of this great sale.

The Bee Hive

G. H. BAILES, Prop.