

THE ANDERSON INTELLIGENCER

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ONLY

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More Shopping Days Before X'mas.

This is the life—and the weather.

Do your Christmas buying early—out out so much shopping.

Revised version—Won With Wilson. Senator Gore went.

It is a lucky dog that has his day in these "hard times."

We can't imagine just what a holy war would look like.

"The Sign of Three Balls," goes a headline. Triplet?

The man out of a job has a job looking for a job.

Maybe those baseball stars who jumped into politics just couldn't stand not seeing their names in the papers.

There must be very little hope in Europe, for we judge by the war news that there is little life over there.

Another queer thing is that each side fires the loss of the other in battles, but never its own.

"The bear that walks like a man" seems to be holding his own, and then some.

Do your duty by yourself and the other fellow will receive his just treatment from your hands.

The Rev. Billy Sunday doesn't let the war make any inroads in his income.

Some men seem to think that the best way to bring about prohibition is to drink all the booze.

It is only fitting that Turkey should get it in the neck at Thanksgiving time.

Our factories cannot put too much overwork filling war orders for those who've only been working part time.

No wise insurance company is writing policies at any price on the lives of Mexican generals.

We suppose Devil cake will be the official cake at the Patton-Craige-Gonzales-Booker Selwyn feast.

"Destroy the tiger"—our own headline. That's what the boys of the University of South Carolina think about it.

A dispatch from London says that singing lightness duty, Geo. but wouldn't you like to hear Col. Aftermath's duty lightened?

Holland's alarm indicates that it's losing confidence in the efficacy of the protection opening the dikes would give.

Sufficient unto the day—etc. Even if Bishop Underwood of the Seventh Day Adventists, know his prophecy that the war will be settled before a year hence, seems one that would have been better left unsaid.

An Appeal to the Tigers

For several days The Intelligencer has been appealing to the citizens of Anderson generally to come out and stand for the enforcement of law, aiding the officials in making of this a clean city for the sake of the boys and girls who are to be the men and women of the greater city which we shall have tomorrow. That our efforts have been appreciated is shown by the many kind remarks heard on the stand The Intelligencer has taken. Public sentiment has been aroused, and a determination formed to make Anderson "dry," as it should be under the law.

What we wish to do this morning is to appeal to the illicit dealers in alcoholic beverages, and endeavor to get them voluntarily to give up their business and ally themselves on the side of law and order. Many of these are sons of Anderson who have mistakenly fallen in the way of trying to make their living in this way, and have no desire, we are sure, to do any wrong. They have just been going on a little deeper, till they have gotten so deep that they feel they cannot stop. Then, too, there is some money to be made at it, a big profit on each sale, and the temptation to grow rich (?) fast gets hold of them, and they argue that their way of making money is no worse than the methods employed by other business men. Doubtless every seller of beverages now under the ban, can recount a dozen different transactions by men prominent in business life which they would claim to be as bad or worse than to have made the money by selling liquor.

Another feature which they think adds respectability to their business is the number of men who stand well apparently in the community and patronize them. This is, alas, too true. Attorney Sullivan yesterday announced as his reason for not pressing a case against one of the defendants was that he would have to put up as witnesses some young men and boys, and that he would rather forego a conviction than to subject these boys to the humiliation of testifying. "Humiliation of testifying!" Think of it, will you? These young men should feel deeply grateful that Anderson has a conscientious and Christian prosecuting officer who feels so keenly for the young men of the city that he will not press a case to keep them from testifying in public. How humiliated these young men should feel this morning, that they have aided a fellow citizen to violate the law, and that he stands "humiliated" by the indictment of the court, while they, through the grace of charity, are permitted to go free. Of a truth there could be no blind tigers if there were no patrons of their business, and the man who patronizes a blind tiger has a degree of guilt.

Our appeal this morning, therefore, is to both these classes. First, to the dealer in the illicit sale of alcoholic beverages to cease, and find some respectable way of making a living. Second, to the patrons of these places, to cease buying from them, and thus make it impossible for them to become violators of the law. Another appeal we would make is to the class of citizens who are in favor of obedience to the law, not to judge these offenders too harshly, but to add them in starting right, if possible, and assist them in becoming desirable and useful citizens of "My Town." Let us all realize that everyone "Can do better in Anderson."

Some Analyses of Election Returns

It appears from the Associated Press dispatches in The Intelligencer this morning that the Democratic Party has suffered a serious loss in the House of Representatives and in State officers in many Northern and Eastern States. Just what this loss is can now only be estimated since returns from the rural districts in many States may later and in all probability will change the results. The returns however so far indicate these results.

1. Failure of the Progressive Party to make good and hold anything like its percentage of votes as in 1912, it dropping way behind in all parts of the country except in California, where the personality of Governor Johnson seems to have kept the movement alive and elected Johnson Governor for the third successive time. No longer is the influence of Roosevelt sufficient to create a third major party. It is dying and will probably be buried by the time of the Presidential election of 1916. It has of course as an inter-party movement a great work yet to perform. It must not be forgotten that the advent of the Progressive Party in 1912 assured the election of Wilson.

2. That throughout the great manufacturing districts of the North and East, a variety of conditions, over which the Democratic party has had little to do, has sent it down to disastrous defeat, the party losing many congressmen in all the New England States, New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Ohio. Republican governors generally were elected. The cause of this is undoubtedly the effect of the tariff and conditions of unemployment brought about to an alarming extent by the European War, exaggerated by the leaders of the Republican Party. Mr. Wilson and his party were not responsible, but the voters evidently looked at what they thought were conditions and eliminating causes, "knifed" the Democratic ticket.

3. The reactionaries had their day again, in the elections of Penrose in Pennsylvania, Wm. B. McKinley in Illinois, Uncle Joe Cannon in the same State and Roger Sullivan, (Democrat) in Illinois. Reactionaries in both parties were generally successful. The Progressive movement, including Women's suffrage, prohibition and various new measures seem to have been uniformly defeated, especially in the East, though in the mining State of Nevada Woman's suffrage seems to have won. That is good. It is to be regretted that the prohibition issue in Ohio was so intermixed with other issues that the "Home Rule for City" issue, a wet measure, carried. The "wet" interests generally oppose Woman's suffrage, accounting for its defeat in Ohio and elsewhere.

4. General dissatisfaction with the tariff on sugar in the Third District of Louisiana, which comprises the great sugar parishes has resulted in the election of a Progressive congressman from the Pelican State. This district is located just west of New Orleans and composes the backbone parishes (counties of the sugar belt in the State.) It is the district which for many years has controlled Louisiana politics. It has a very large Cajun (French) population and also many Italians. It is one of the richest and most progressive district in the whole South. It was an exception to the real inroad into the Solid South made by a party other than the Democratic in 25 years.

5. Democratic Party seems to have about split even on the Senatorial contests. It will still control both branches of Congress, but by very reduced majorities. The Solid South, Far West and parts of the East composed of the large cities seem to have saved the Democratic Party from the loss of both the Senate and the House. The Democratic Party held its own in the large cities in the East and North.

The cry of "calamity" was raised throughout the industrial districts of the North and East; men were told that times were bad because the Democrats controlled the country. And the voters took not into consideration a world-wide condition of depression which a war such as the world has never seen could but have brought on, mattering not who may have controlled congress. Business really is not bad in the North; and it is an open secret that thousands of men were purposely kept out of work, to be immediately employed after the elections, for the purpose of assisting in overthrowing the Democrats. This was largely the case in the smaller manufacturing cities. It was a part of the work of the reactionaries within the Republican Party. It has worked. But it has not hurt Wilson nor the interests and ideas he represents. It is safe to assert that had the Republican Party been in power last Tuesday instead of Mr. Wilson's followers that the present world-wide conditions would have swept the Republican Party to humiliating defeat. The Democratic Party lost much but it did save light and control of the country. The Republican Party could not have done so.

With conditions as they were, the country is to be congratulated on the showing Mr. Wilson's party made. For never before was a political party put to such a test. That some went back on it was to have been expected. That thousands rallied to its cause under trying conditions unaccountable for except upon the basis of worldwide conditions is the real test and therefore the real glory of Democracy. She can always count on enough to do the right because it is right.

THE PUBLIC DEFENDER

The public defender is needed equally as much as the district attorney.

The original theory of the law regarding the latter is that he is consigned to act as a minister of justice in assisting the trial judge to apply equally either vindication or conviction. However, in practice, he works almost solely to secure the conviction of the defendant in the case. This imposes a hardship upon the innocent man, in any walk of life, whose detained purse will not permit the retaining of a lawyer to conduct a proper line of defense to offset the efforts of the district attorney. Many times in such cases as the above, the public is prejudiced against the defendant for no material reasons. Because the prosecutor is working so diligently to secure conviction, then, in their minds, the man before the bar must be guilty. It is only just and right that the office of Public Prosecutor should be established universally and thereby the scales of Justice may be weighed evenly, side for side.

FOUR CITIES

Anderson is in the thick of a strenuous campaign to drive out blind tigers from that town. The Charleston grand jury has brought to the attention of county and city officers there as to the enforcement of the laws against illegal liquor selling. In Columbia the merchants are bringing pressure to bear upon the municipal authorities to enforce the law against blind tigers. The Columbia merchants are not emphasizing the moral as much as the business aspects of the situation. They assert that blind tigers seriously interfere with the legitimate business of a town in which they are allowed to flourish. We are uncertain as to Anderson, but we assert without fear of contradiction that blind tigers conduct their business with greater impunity in Charleston than anywhere else in the State—possibly in this whole country. And Columbia, illegal liquor selling is far more common and defiant than in Greenville.

But while Anderson is taking a decided forward step and great pressure is being brought to bear in Columbia and Charleston to have the authorities suppress the blind tigers, Greenville seems to be in danger of going the other way.

We have as good a police commission as any city in South Carolina and it has done splendid work but that work is being badly hampered by a reactionary city council. The commission asked for an appropriation for enforcing the law against blind tigers, an appropriation without which that work cannot be properly done, and showed from past records that the fees of blind tigers resulting from work done with that appropriation will in all probability aggregate several times its amount. But the appropriation was denied. No satisfactory explanation of the denial has ever been made. Economy? Where is the economy in view of the certainty that the fines resulting from work done with the appropriation will exceed its amount? But, if it were otherwise, if the cost of that appropriation will keep down blind tigers, it is worth making. Columbia merchants assert that blind tigers injure legitimate business. Can anybody successfully controvert their contention? Who is true of Columbia is true of Greenville.

The refusal of city council to properly sustain the police commission is a step backward. There is no remedy, probably, until the next city election, which fortunately is not so far off. Greenville must be kept up to a high record of law enforcement, because it is right to have such a record and because such a record is a valuable business asset.—The Greenville Piedmont.

Jerusalem isn't in the war zone, but its people are said to be facing starvation because the war has stopped the stream of tourists.

If this guy who's advising everybody to collect a library doesn't watch out he'll be accused of getting a rake-off from book agents.

They had a fair in Gaffney last week, and we'll bet that Col. Ed. DeCamp is still looking at the place where the lady high diver performed.

We notice that Bob Gonnaies modestly (?) refrains from alluding to "officer 35" of the Columbia police force.

Bishop Shepard, of the M. E. church, says he sees God's hand in the war. If he'll look close he'll also see the devil's claws.

Neither Taft nor Roosevelt has O. K.'d the claim of Secretary Houston, that Wilson ranks next to Washington in the list of Presidents.

You have heard, I surmise, of the man with the nose; But the world's looking for The man with the dough.

The State wants to know where the old-fashioned paragrapher is who once got off merry squibs about Villa's battalions. Well, one of them is in the w. k. burg of sq. means.

In view of the records of many, it seems only natural for a Mexican to accuse others of selling out their ideals.

A SPLENDID MOVE.

The city officials of Anderson have launched a determined move against the blind tigers of that city. Detectives were secured from Atlanta and a number of cases against alleged tigers were made out. In some of the cases convictions have been secured.

Anderson is to be congratulated upon this move on the part of her city officials. While it may never be possible to wholly stamp out the illicit sale of whiskey, just as it is not possible to stamp out murder, it is possible to reduce it to a minimum and that should be the aim of the officials of every city. There is no excuse for the open sale of whiskey by tigers in any city or community. We do not even except Charleston. If the proper effort was made the blind tigers could be stamped out of Charleston just as they have been stamped out of Greenville.

It is gratifying to note that the good people of Anderson are standing squarely behind the city officials in their effort to rid the city of the whiskey shops. This ought to encourage and help the officials. Anderson people will find their city a much cleaner place in which to live with the tiger eliminated; they will find a great decrease in crime and a more wholesome atmosphere.

In Gaffney, too, an effort is being made to stamp out the illicit sale of whiskey and we trust that it will meet with great success. The people of the Cherokee capital should uphold their officials. We commend Mayor Littlejohn and the chief of police of Gaffney for their efforts and assure them of the sympathy of the good people everywhere in their efforts for a clean city.

The crusade against blind tigers should spread all over the State. The sale of whiskey should be stopped in South Carolina. Whiskey and hard times do not go together.—The Spartanburg Journal.

THE BELTON FAIR

There are fairs and fairs. Some are held for the benefit of "horse races"—some for the benefit of the fair association—some for the benefit of fake side-shows and gambling schemes which on some rings or put your money on the "lucky turn of the wheel," and once and a while you run across one where the social and educational features reign supreme! We have often asked: "Did you ever attend the fair at Belton, S. C.? It is great." So we determined to be on hand the 21st day of October, 1914. In the morning at 7 o'clock, all was quiet in the streets and square at Belton. By eight o'clock some few farmers were to be seen driving in with their buggies, or wagons. Some with a pig in a crate, others with chickens in a coop; many with some farm crop, as wheat, oats, corn, cotton stalks, turnips, potatoes and so forth and so on. By nine things were lively—men, women and children poured in from every direction. By ten o'clock five thousand people were present 100 horses, mules and colts for the show ring, 50 head of Jersey cattle, 21 exhibits of hogs, a house full of farm products as fine as mother earth knows how to grow; poultry and pets of all kinds and all good things to eat. The house with four rooms fitted with such—needlework, flowers, cakes and candy goods as would be a credit to any State fair. The judges were busy trying on the blue and red ribbons. The cheerful thousands surged from one place of exhibit to another. No fees for admission. The progressive people of Belton have made up a purse of over \$800.00 with which to pay the premiums. Busy and happy was the day. By four o'clock some began to leave for their distant homes. By six o'clock everything was quiet and the great crowd and show were quiet. "Like the Arabs, they have their stolen away." My! But it was indeed a County Fair, the greatest we have ever seen. We did not see a single faker; not even one of the agricultural junk dealers that you so commonly see plying their trade. We have always known Anderson county was great but we were not prepared to see so great a fair gotten together and all for one day.—The Southern Cultivator.

OUR DAILY POEM

The Day You Left Home. Remember the day that you bade them good-bye.

With a smile on your lips—if a tear in your eye The world—you were going to meet it alone. Conquer and tame it, and make it your own. The old folks know—and they grieved to part— That the world is heedless and hard of heart; But it's fit for youth to bid home good-bye. With a dream of fame and a head held high.

Oh, yes, you remember, whatever your lot— For the day you left home is never forgot; And whether you failed—as the world is or won— The old folks at home always trust in their son. Fame, glory or riches, or none, it's the same In their eyes; if their son has no blot on his name. Yes, remember the day that you bade them good-bye, And so live you'll return with your head held as high.

Wyoming (By Associated Press.) HELENE, Wyo., Nov. 4.—Republican State Headquarters late conceded the election of J. B. Kendrick, Democrat, and Progressive, for governor.

Will Take Official Oath. HELENE, Mont., Nov. 4.—Returns from scattered precincts in Montana show the vote on the woman suffrage amendment to be so close that the official count will be necessary to determine the result.

ELECTION NOTES

One of the great surprises of yesterday's result was the "come back" of our old foe Uncle Joe Cannon of Danville, Ill. Uncle Joe and his famous cigar will once more furnish us with the old brand of news about the ruin of the country by the Democrats. Surprise Number Two came with the news that "Son-in-Law Nick" is also a come-back and that the house of "Teddy" will be represented again in the big show at Washington.

The sugar planters of the third district in Louisiana have, according to the latest advice, about put across Martin, the Progressive candidate for congress, thereby showing the administration at Washington that they are awful sore.

Hooper, the orphan governor of Tennessee, has been defeated by a man named Rye—No, thanks, I like Bourbon for mine.

Roger Sullivan of Illinois, was elected over Senator Sherman, who no doubt thinks the same as the late General did about war.

Although the Democrats lost quite a number in the lower house of congress they have no kick coming as there was almost quite too many of them at the capitol and a Republican was getting to be so scarce that the paymaster had almost forgotten there was such a party in existence, and the Democrats will now have somebody to romp on when Uncle Joe, Bill McKinley, Nicholas and a few more show up on the job.

Governor David I. Walsh, of Massachusetts, showed that he still has a hold on the voters of that great state by handing a solid defeat to Ex-Congressman Samuel McCall and Joe Walker, former speaker of the Massachusetts house, who headed the Bull Moose ticket. Joe has a tinge of Sulzer in his make-up; it's his third try for the job—all failures.

Now Obey the Law.

Having expressed its opinion of the constitutionality of legislation designed to enforce reduction of the cotton crop, the State does not intend to discuss that phase of it further, but rather to emphasize that, the law being on the books, it is the duty of every man to obey it so long as its integrity is not successfully assailed.

Farmers, whether they usually plant three or three thousands acres, should face the fact NOW that they can not plant more than one-third of their acreage in cotton. The other two-thirds of their lands they must make productive next year; they must get crops from them next year and the sooner they set about in downright earnest, the better it will be for them.

In every county it is the duty of county officers, merchants, bankers, lawyers, school teachers, clergymen and all other leaders of the people to spread the news of the reduction law. Every county newspaper should tell of it, not once but repeatedly, and the act should be printed on placards which should be nailed to the door of every cross-roads store and school-house.

Moreover, every sheriff and peace officer true to their oaths and to the interests of their people, will let it be known that they mean to enforce the reduction law so long as law it is.—The State.

DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY REDUCED TO 23 IN HOUSE

(Continued From First Page.)

icans 4. Republicans and Democrats each gain one over Progressives. West Virginia— Democrats 3; Republicans 3; unchanged. Wisconsin— Democrats 2; Republicans 9; Republicans gain one in sixth district. Wyoming— Democrats 0; Republicans 1; unchanged.

Latest returns indicate that the senate will remain Democratic with probably an increased majority. Although there is uncertainty regarding the election in Utah and Nevada, indications are that the new senate will consist of 53 Democrats, 42 Republicans and one Progressive. The re-election of Senator Reed Smoot, Republican, of Utah, practically was assured tonight. Senator Newlands, of Nevada, seemed in danger of losing his seat to Samuel Platt, Republican.

In states where the fight was hottest victory practically was assured for Lawrence Y. Sherman, Republican, in Illinois; Hubert Work, Republican, in Colorado; James D. Phelan, Democrat in California; Benjamin F. Shively, Democrat, Indiana; Charles Curtis, Republican, Kansas; Warren G. Harding, Republican, Ohio, and Charles H. Burke, Republican, South Dakota.

Southern States. ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 4.—Twelve Southern States will send 105 Democratic representatives to the next session of Congress out of a possible 112, according to election returns tonight. This compilation shows a loss of three Democratic memberships compared with the representation in the present Congress.

Of the seven memberships which will not be held by the Democrats, six will be held by Republicans and one by the Progressives.

The opposition to the Democrats from the South will be distributed as follows:

Tennessee—Sam R. Sells, Republican, first district; Richard W. Austin, Republican, second district. Oklahoma—Dick T. Morgan, Republican, eighth district; Joseph A. Gill, Republican, first district. North Carolina—James J. Britt, Republican, tenth district. Virginia—C. Bascom Slemp, ninth district.

Louisiana—W. P. Martin, Progressive, third district.

House memberships held by Democrats in the last congressional session, but lost according to late returns, are the eighth North Carolina, the first Oklahoma and the third Louisiana.

Representative James M. Gruder, Jr., was the Democratic candidate for re-election in the tenth North Carolina district, as was Representative James M. Davenport in the first Oklahoma district. Henri L. Gueydan was the Democratic candidate in the third Louisiana district. United States Senator-elect R. F. Broussard has represented the third Louisiana district in the house.

These Southern States will return solid Democratic delegations to the house; Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, seven; Florida, four; Georgia, twelve; Mississippi, eight; South Carolina, seven; Texas, eighteen.

Democrat Re-elected.

(By Associated Press.) PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 4.—The re-election of United States Senator George Chamberlain, Democrat, was assured late today when returns from 669 precincts out of 1,467 in Oregon embracing every county in the State gave Chamberlain 32,574; R. A. Booth, Republican, 25,716; William Hanley, Progressive, 6,185.

Genuine Oliver Chilled Plows

Beware of imitation plows and extras, claimed to be genuine OLIVER, or equally good.

ALL GENUINE OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS and extra parts are manufactured only by Oliver Chilled Plow Works, South Bend, Ind. They are not, nor have they ever been manufactured at any other place. All other so-called Oliver Plows are spurious and cannot be relied upon to fit well, wear well, or do good work. So great is the popularity of these famous plows that unscrupulous and piratical parties seek to trade upon their good name by making and offering for sale imitation Plows and parts as genuine.

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Sullivan Hardware Company Anderson, S. C., Belton, S. C., Greenville, S. C.