

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS WILL BE COLLECTED ON WAR REVENUE TAX

GOVERNMENT PREPARING TO MAKE UP DEFICIENCY TO TAX LIQUORS

Caucus Has Struck Out Automobile Sales Tax, Which Would Have Yielded \$10,000,000.

Washington, Oct. 6.—Liquors would bear the heaviest burden of the \$100,000,000 war revenue tax as it is being revised by the caucus of Senate Democrats which began work today on the finance committee's draft of the bill.

The first action of the caucus was to vote an increase in the proposed extra tax on beer from 50 cents to 75 cents a barrel, to make the total tax \$1.75 a barrel, with a drawback of 5 per cent for purchase of revenue stamps in advance. The amendment urged by Senator Williams, of Mississippi, was carried by a large majority after Senator Stone had made a vigorous speech against it. A special revenue tax on rectifiers of distilled spirits of five cents a gallon also was adopted. Together the proposed taxes on liquors would yield an annual revenue of more than \$50,000,000.

Democrats of the finance committee had agreed to the 15-cent tax on a barrel of beer which would yield \$10,000,000. The further addition of a barrel by the Senate Democrats would yield \$11,000,000. With the five per cent discount for prompt payment figured, the least to be derived from beer would be approximately \$48,000,000.

The proposed tax of five cents a gallon on rectified spirits, treasury experts estimate, would yield \$5,000,000. Thus the total to be derived from liquors would be more than half the anticipated treasury deficit caused by the European war.

When the caucus convened the first amendment offered was by Senator Williams to increase the levy on beer to \$1.75 a barrel. Senator Hollis of New Hampshire, moved, as a substitute that the tax be made \$2 a barrel. This was voted down after prolonged debate.

Before any votes were taken, however, there was general discussion of the proposed tax of one cent a gallon on gasoline, the 50 cent horsepower tax on automobile sales, and the House bill tax of \$2 a thousand on bank capital and surplus. Numerous amendments were offered which were discussed in detail at the night session.

After discussion the caucus struck out the automobile sales tax which, it is estimated, would have raised about \$10,000,000.

The caucus also revised the tax on banking capital. As framed by the Senate committee the bill would have levied \$2 for every thousand of banking capital and surplus. This rate was reduced to \$1 per thousand by a vote of 26 to 11.

RESERVE BOARD MAY CREATE FUND

Bankers of Middle West Asked to Outline Plan For Raising Big Sum.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The Federal reserve board took steps today to give its approval to the plan proposed by bankers of the middle west to relieve conditions in the cotton market through a \$150,000,000 loan fund. Festus J. Wade of St. Louis, and other bankers who helped form the plan were asked to come to Washington for a conference, as such a conference, and it is possible that it will receive the approval of the board.

The board appointed Governor Hamlin, Paul M. Warburg and W. P. G. Harding members of a committee to talk with the bankers. Although board members have no knowledge of the details of the plan, it was believed tonight that in principle it was agreeable and that unless there are unlooked for obstacles it will be endorsed.

GOOD ROADS MEN ARE IN SESSION

Attendance for First Day of Appalachian Association Broke Records.

Bristol, Va., Oct. 6.—With the largest first day attendance in its history, the Southern Appalachian Good Roads Association convened here this evening for its sixth annual meeting. In calling the body to order, President N. C. read a telegram of greeting from President Wilson, in which he expressed the hope that the meeting would be a successful one in its efforts to get not only better roads in the Southern Appalachian section but

better road management and better road maintenance. The association will give special attention to the problem of connecting up highways and building them through mountain counties made so sparsely settled that outside aid is needed.

Ex-Governor John I. Cox, of Tennessee, said that after the war in Europe hundreds of thousands of people would come to this country to escape the staggering burden of paying for the war and that the Southern Appalachian region should build good roads to attract these people. Delegations are here from Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Kentucky, Virginia, Tennessee and West Virginia.

NORTHERN FIRMS ARE LENDING THEIR AID

WILL BUY COTTON IN ANDERSON COUNTY.

TWO FIRMS HELP

Victor Talking Machine Company Has Authorized Anderson Man to "Buy-a-Bale" Here.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) Two well known Northern business houses have agreed to lend their aid in the "Buy-a-Bale" movement which has been launched for the purpose of helping the cotton farmers of the South.

C. F. Spearman of the firm of Willis & Spearman, Anderson representatives of the Victor Talking Machine Company, yesterday received a letter from that company in which the big firm instructed him to buy a bale of Anderson cotton for them at 10 cents per pound. The letter which Mr. Spearman received, similar to that sent to the other several thousand Victor dealers in the cotton belt, says: "You may buy from a producer in your locality, for our account, a bale of compressed cotton of approximately 500 pounds in weight, to grade 'middling' or better, at 10 cents per pound.

"You are to ship the bale, via freight, to the Victor Talking Machine Company, care of Northwestern Warehouse, North Penn Junction, Philadelphia, Pa."

When the fact is considered that this well known company has hundreds of foreign agencies it will be seen that this involves a tremendous expenditure on the part of the Victor company.

For every 50,000 shells purchased from the E. Du Pont de Nemours Powder company the firm will purchase one bale of cotton in the section where the powder is sold, according to a story recently carried in the Charlotte Daily Observer. This will mean of course that this firm will purchase several bales in Anderson for the dove squirrel, rabbit and quail hunters will burn much good powder during the coming season.

The story as carried by the Observer follows: "Mr. William C. C. Vanneman, the North Carolina agent for the E. du Pont de Nemours Powder company, with headquarters in Charlotte, has received official notice from his company that it has been instrumental in taking about 6,000 bales of cotton off the market from customers at 10 cents a pound, the amount of money being invested on properly handled warehouse certificates. Mr. Vanneman has also received word from the jobbers in the trade that beginning October 1, the firm will buy a bale of cotton at 10 cents for every 50,000 shells of powder, either smokeless or black that is bought in the cotton growing States.

"This is merely an instance of the interest that continues to be manifested in the buy a bale movement which is still being rapidly pushed throughout the South. Southern newspapers contain elaborate accounts of large corporations coming into the movement and so far as the local situation is concerned, Mr. C. C. Hook, president of the Greater Charlotte club, states that he proposes to continue identification of the club with the proposition for the reason that interest in the buy and hold proposition seems to be at its height.

HOME, SWEET HOME

No More Will U. S. A. Hear of W. Rustem Bey.

New York, Oct. 6.—A Rustem Bey, Turkish ambassador to the United States who announced recently he would return to his country because of obstructions raised by the administration at Washington to certain of his passport, boarded the steamer Stamboul, sailing tomorrow for Naples.

Democrat's Science at Anderson College. Several ladies of the city have indicated their intention of attending the class in Domestic Science provided for them at Anderson College. The class will meet once a week, probably on Monday or Tuesday afternoon the cost for attending this course for a half year is \$12.50, the students to pay for the material used.

NO REASON FOR "TIGHT" MONEY

McADOO NOW IS AFTER SOME OF THE PEOPLE.

WHO ARE HOARDING

Secretary Says There Is No Reason Why Conditions Should Not Be Normal.

Washington, Oct. 6.—"There is evidence in some quarters that individuals and corporations are hoarding money; it is just as reprehensible for them to do so as it is for the banks," declared Secretary McAdoo of the treasury department, in a statement issued tonight.

"There is no reason," he continued, "why people should not deposit money in the banks in the usual way and with absolute confidence, and there is no reason why business should not be conducted in a normal way."

The statement says the following rates have been charged by banks except in exceptional cases: In New York, 6 per cent; Chicago, 7 per cent; St. Louis, 6 and 7 per cent; Boston, 6 per cent; Philadelphia, 6 per cent.

The statement announces that no more lists of banks carrying excessive reserves will be made public for the present because there is evidence that a more liberal disposition is being manifested.

"I have a long list," it goes on, "which are holding excessive reserves and I shall not hesitate to publish it."

"In a number of places which have been brought to my notice the interest rate has been put up arbitrarily by the concerted action of the banks. There is no justification for high interest rates. There is no real reason for tight money in this country."

JUST RETURNING FROM WAR ZONE

Arthur McGere, Who Left Paris On August 30, Tells of What He Saw in the Old World.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) An interesting visitor to Anderson recently was Arthur McGere of Atlanta, who has just returned from a trip abroad. He tells a number of interesting stories of what he saw while in Germany and France and describes in a very vivid manner the hardships which he was forced to undergo.

Mr. McGere says that he was in Paris when the war broke out and he made at once for Switzerland after finding that he could secure no passport in Paris. He caught a train which ordinarily makes the trip to Berne in nine hours, yet he was on the way over 36 hours on this trip and said that the discomforts were awful. He had forethought enough to provide himself with 18 hard-boiled eggs and a goodly supply of rolls before he started on the journey and he says that he would have suffered terribly from hunger had he not provided himself with the food.

He narrates that coming home on a steamer conditions were as bad as they had been in the foreign countries. He could not secure a state room and was forced to sleep in a steamer chair on deck coming home and together with some several hundred other passengers, over 200 of whom were women, he spent each night on the open deck.

Mr. McGere says that there are three possibilities for an early ending of the war and only three that he could see after making investigations before his departure. He says that either the entrance of Italy into the conflict, the elimination of Austria or the assassination of the Emperor and Crown Prince of German would terminate the war-fare. He does not see any possibilities of an early conclusion of the war except these.

SOUTH IS AFTER FOREIGN TRADE

Anderson Will Probably Send One or More Delegates to Conference in Atlanta.

Anderson manufacturers and business men are somewhat interested in a conference which is to be held October 13 and 14 in Atlanta, at which time plans will be discussed whereby the South may be able to get a portion of the foreign trade, now opening up to this country. W. L. Brisse, as chairman of one of the Anderson chapters of commerce committees, has received the following letter from the Atlanta chamber of commerce:

"The Atlanta Chamber of Commerce has called a conference on foreign trade to meet in the Chamber of Commerce building in Atlanta October thirteenth and fourteenth, and we expect to have here railroad presidents, government experts who are familiar with trade customs of South and Central America, and representatives of banks doing business there, together with railroad officials of the southeastern territory."

"The final day will be devoted to group meetings of manufacturers in particular lines, who will discuss problems pertaining to their lines. The second day will be a general meeting in which all sections will

come together to deal with common problems of export trade.

"We earnestly ask your presence, and will ask you to do us the courtesy" send by return mail, in the enclosed stamped envelope, a list of the leading manufacturers of your neighborhood whom you can probably recall by memory by reason of their prominence, who are financially strong enough and so situated that they might be interested in foreign trade.

"Kindly send the list by return mail so that we can notify each of these gentlemen personally, sending him an invitation.

"Yours very truly,
"W. G. COOPER,
"Secretary."

Obituary.

Under any and all circumstances, death is sad, but it is doubly so when it comes into a home and lays its cold and icy hand upon one who is so much the idol and pet of the entire family and friends as was the case with Vernon Monroe Martin, the five years and six months old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Martin, who departed this life at 1:30 o'clock Friday, September 25, 1914. Little Vernon had been a sufferer for four years with typhoid fever. It was known from the first, that his was a desperate case. The fond parents have the consolation of knowing that with him it is well, while the little boy rests in the family cemetery by the side of grandfather and grandmother the little spirit has taken its flight back to the God who gave it where it is sweetly resting in the arms of Jesus who said, "Suffer little children and forbid them not to come unto me for such is the kingdom of Heaven."

Dear parents, in this your sad bereavement look not with a despairing eye upon the future but put your trust in Him "who doeth all things well" and when the last trump shall sound you shall be gathered together around the bright and beautiful throne of God in one grand reunion where all will be free from pain and anguish and where no more sad farewells shall be known.

Dear Vernon now has left us our loss we deeply feel. But 'tis God that has bereft us. He will all our sorrows heal.

He has left this world of sorrow, Nevermore to walk alone, In the dreary paths of darkness, But has gone to a brighter home. He was loved by all who knew him, Yes the idol of his home, But God saw fit to take him To help adorn his blessed throne. Would we call him back? No, never, For he shines in heaven above, Where he'll rest in joy forever With the Father whom we love. No, no, we loved little Vernon Too well to wish him here, For he has joined the Heavenly choir, And we ought not to shed a tear.

—Mrs. H. L. Cobb and Mrs. W. C. Barnett

Starr News.

Townville Items

Townville, Oct. 5.—Yesterday being the day set apart by the president of these United States as a day of prayer for peace and harmony among the nations of Europe, it was observed both in morning and afternoon by our people. In the afternoon at the Methodist church the Rev. W. S. Myers took for his text Isaiah, 2:4. He also gave an outline on the blackboard showing the cost of war by giving the cost of one 26,000 ton battle ship and what could have been done with that money couldn't have been used in the markets of trade; saying with that money 14,000 boys and girls could be given a college education for 4 years at \$500.00 per year each; or there could be built 1,400 churches at \$200,000 each; or could be purchased 7,000 farms at \$4,000.00 each; or there could be built a macadamized road from New York to Atlanta, and many other illustrations were used showing that the rights of men and the right of nations ceased when the rights of others were interfered with.

After the sermon there was a nice collection taken which will be forwarded to the widows and orphans of the European war zone.

Rev. and Mrs. W. T. Hollingsworth are visiting in the Roberts section. Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Ashbill visited friends at Seneca this week.

Rev. and Mrs. W. S. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Ligon, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Ashbill, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Boggs and Messrs. Frank Hawkins and Paschal Grubbs were visitors in Anderson last week.

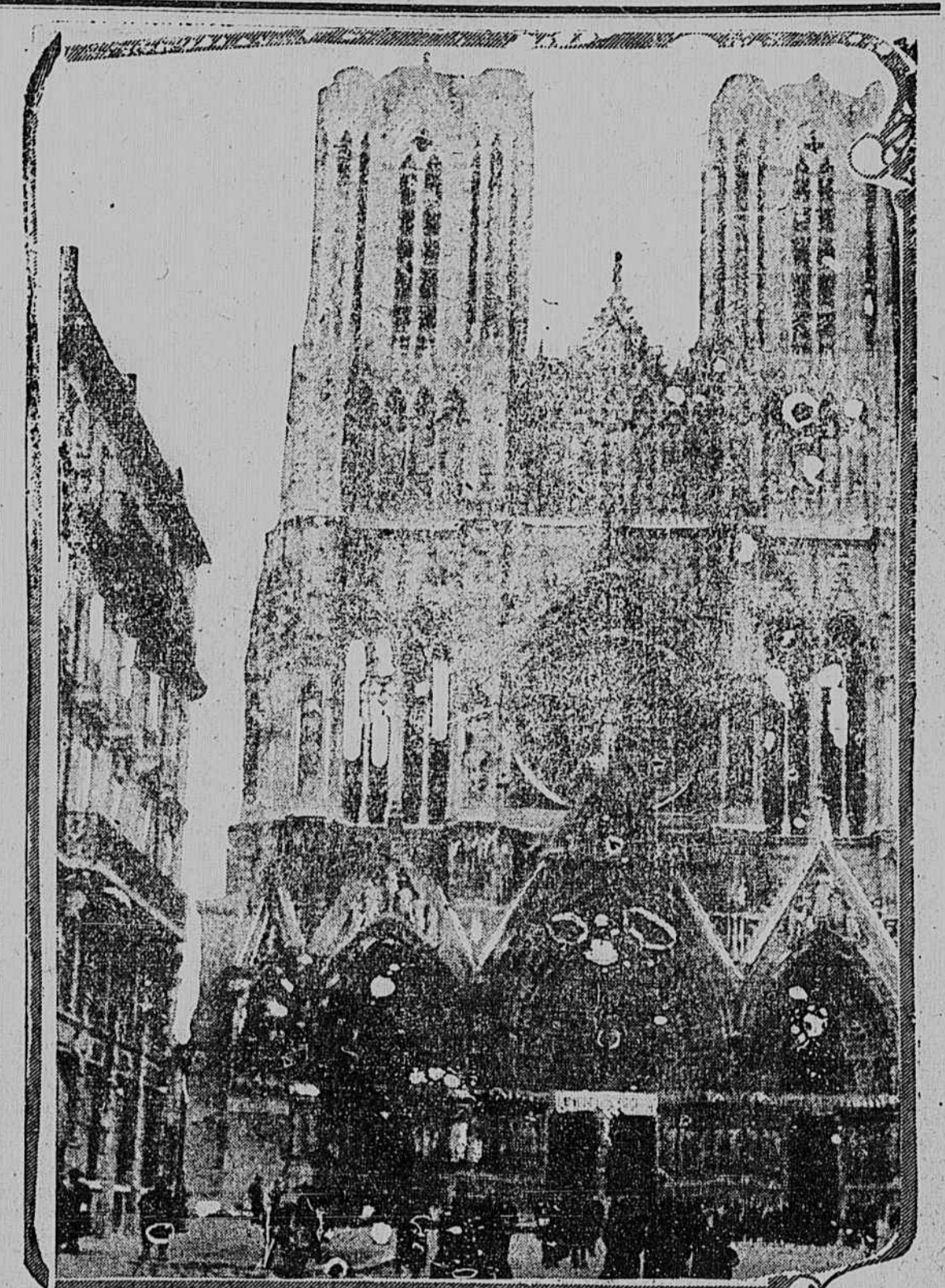
Misses Carrie Steward, Campbell, Nell Kellert, Fountain Inn and Joan Kinnelly, Greenwood are here as teachers in the public school for this year.

Mr. Leard Moore visited relatives in the Friendship section this week. Misses Ruth and Lola O'Neal of O'Neal ferry visited their mother this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Snelgrove of near Seneca visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Johnson this week-end. Rev. W. B. Hawkins was in Anderson this week.

Miss Tallulah Moore went this week-end at Oakway. Dr. John Heller and family of Seneca spent Sunday here with his mother, Mrs. Elias R. Heller.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Heller of Sandy Springs visited here last week. Notwithstanding the European war and hard times, today the Townville public school opened under very favorable auspices. The opening and religious exercises were conducted by



FIRST PHOTOGRAPH SHOWS RHEIMS CATHEDRAL DAMAGED, NOT DESTROYED.

Here is the first photograph to reach this country of the cathedral at Rheims after it had been shelled by the Germans, three weeks ago. The Germans took as their provocation for making the cathedral their target, the alleged fact that the French were using the cathedral towers as observation posts. The historic edifice was bombarded despite the fact that two Red Cross flags were displayed, one from each of the towers. Many wounded Germans being treated by French surgeons inside the cathedral were killed by the shells of their countrymen. This picture shows daylight showing through the towers where the roof of the cathedral was carried away by the enemy's fire.

FOLKS MUST HELP THE TRADE BODY

In Asking for Payment of Dues, Chairman of Chamber of Commerce Is Very Optimistic.

"That times are not good, yet far from bad" is the statement made by the chairman of the executive committee of the Anderson chamber of commerce in a letter written to all members of the association yesterday. The letter manifests an optimistic view and says: Dear member:

We enclose herewith statement covering balance in full of your subscription as made by you, on October 1st. Times are not good, but they are not bad, and the work of 'telling about' Anderson must go on with increased instead of diminished effect. Do business, the cotton situation will take care of itself, and it is not such a big factor anyhow in the real business of diversified Anderson.

"We believe this organization has made good, and that the visible and invisible, direct and indirect, results of its endeavors, may be seen on all hands. Our year was half over on October 1st. We operated the organization more economically than any other organization in the State in a city of our size, and with the income. We should close the fiscal year February 1st, 1915, without indebtedness. We urge you to send in check for dues promptly, so that we may have no financial difficulties in the way of continuing to assist in building up Anderson. Your subscription is an asset to you as a factor in Anderson's progress."

"Thinking you and congratulating you on your part in making Anderson 'worth while,' we are, Yours to serve, By J. D. Hammett, Chairman, Anderson Chamber of Commerce."

"Altogether," Porter A. Whaley "Secty."

RETURN TO PARIS LONDON, Oct. 7.—3:45 a. m.—The French government will return to Paris on Wednesday or Thursday, according to the Paris correspondent of the Express who makes this announcement on a high authority.

FOLEY CATHARTIC TABLETS