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BANK ROBBERY FRUSTRATED

Mexicans Arrested in Plot to
Loot Bank in Phoenix, Arizona.

Phoenix, Arizona, Aug. 7.—The arrest of two Mexicans today was followed later by the capture of two that the army had frustrated a plan

to raid the banks of the city, the state capital and the militia armory and to thus procure the means to finance and arm ten thousand men for war like operations in Mexico.

The alleged plot was declared to be preliminary to a prospective counter revolution in Sonora against Carranza.

**CLEMSON MAN TELLS
OF THE COMING YEAR**

MANY IMPROVEMENTS TO BE
MADE

FACULTY CHANGES

Anderson People Hear of What
College Authorities Hope To
Accomplish During Session

(From Friday's Daily.)
A member of the faculty of Clemson college spent yesterday in the city, and while here talked very interestingly to a reporter for The Intelligencer about the plans now being made by the college for the coming session. Some changes are to be made in the faculty, and some improvements are to be made in the buildings and taken all in all, Clemson will be able to do more and better work this year than she has ever done before.

The total destruction of the college laundry by the fire last week makes it necessary to erect a temporary makeshift at the old stand, in which a limited amount of absolutely necessary laundry machinery will be installed, in order that the cadet's laundry work may be done when the college opens in September.

Meanwhile, work on a new, larger and better equipped plant will be rushed during the fall. Prof. R. E. Lee, the college architect, is busy with the plans for the new plant and the president announces that as soon as possible work will be begun so as to complete the new laundry before the bad weather of winter sets in.

President Riggs has announced the following changes in the faculty and the extension work forces: Prof. J. G. Conant, who resigned in June to engage in cotton mill work in Covington, Tenn., will be succeeded as assistant professor of yarding and of spinning by Wm. G. Blair, Jr., of Rhode Island, who is a graduate of the well known New Bedford Textile school and has wide experience in practical mill work.

L. O. Watson, who for several years has been experimental field pathologist in plant disease work done by Clemson college in cooperation with the United States department of agriculture, has been put in charge of the recently extended work along this line and will probably have headquarters at Washington part of the time and in the cotton belt some part of the time. Mr. Watson is another graduate who has done things. After graduating in the class of 1908, he engaged for a year in chemical work and after further study he returned to Clemson, an experimental field pathologist, where he has rendered great service, especially in his work on cotton wilt.

Mr. Watson's place at Clemson will be filled by another Clemson graduate of the class of 1908, C. A. McLendon, who has since his graduation, been most of the time botanist at the Georgia experiment station, where he has given much of his time to plant pathology and especially cotton disease. He will be equipped to succeed Mr. Watson.

SEWERAGE IN THE COUNTRY

One great problem peculiar to the rural districts is that of the proper disposal of organic refuse and similar waste matter. In the cities such matter is completely and satisfactorily taken care of in the modern sewerage systems, and thus the city is enabled to preserve a cleanliness which is of greatest aid in fighting disease.

When such matter is allowed to stand in the open, as every rural resident knows, it becomes a swarming place for flies and a hot bed for disease germs; it pollutes the soil and the drinking water, and is always an unwholesome and embarrassing nuisance. Such conditions are generally the cause of sickness and disease.

The Sanitary Septic Tank, especially designed along improved lines, for use in the rural districts, are manufactured by Weston & Booker, Columbia, S. C., completely solves the problem of sewage disposal for the rural homes. It is of small size, made of reinforced concrete simple, easy to install, never gets out of order nor needs attention. Placed just beneath the surface, and connected with the house by a short pipe line, it securely keeps the poisonous organic waste matter enclosed until by natural process, it disintegrates, and then seeps out into the ground, harmless in aural matter and water. There is no odor, no soil pollution. Approved by health authorities.

Its cost is small. It affords all the conveniences and the full protection of the city sewerage system. It is well worth your while to know all about this Septic Tank and you can do so by simply writing to Weston & Booker, Columbia, S. C.

SENATE ADJOURNED

Death of Mrs. Wilson Caused Abrupt
Adjournment Without Decision in
Canal Act.

Washington, Aug. 6.—The senate was about to reach a vote late today on the bill to amend the Panama canal act to admit foreign built ships to American register because of the European crisis, when the session was abruptly adjourned owing to the death of Mrs. Wilson.

Amendments have been adopted to provide that the President may, whenever in his discretion, he thinks domestic trade requires it, permit foreign ships of American register to enter the coastwise trade and to authorize the American Red Cross to charter a ship to carry the American flag. The bill probably will be passed tomorrow.

The Senate held its executive session to consider the nomination of Paul M. Warburg, of New York, and Frederick A. Delano, of Chicago, as members of the Federal reserve board.

**NO HITCH APPEARS IN
ANNEXING TERRITORY**

GREENWOOD AND ANDERSON WILLING

THOROUGH ACCORD

All Sections To Be Affected With
ing For Donalds To Join With
Anderson County

Anderson people in touch with the plan said last night that they were very well pleased indeed with the meeting which took place in Greenwood yesterday at which time plans were considered for annexing additional territory to Anderson county. It is the general opinion that the new territory will be worth a great deal to this county.

The people of Donalds township and the chambers of commerce of Anderson and Greenwood are in thorough accord on the question of annexation. Committees from the town of Donalds and sections of the township north of the town met a committee of the chamber of commerce of Greenwood Thursday morning and outlined the plans for annexing one section to Greenwood and another to Anderson.

The plans is to give Greenwood county 23 square miles, which will include the town of Donalds, and to let the remainder of the township, which is about 15 square miles located between Donalds and Honca Path go to Anderson county. The people of Donalds are willing to make the division and those who favor going to Anderson county do not object to Donalds coming into Greenwood. The Anderson chamber of commerce also favors the division. Percy A. Whaley, the secretary having wired approval this morning.

Since a change in the original plans have been made and a new survey will have to be made. As soon as this is completed, which will be in a short time, the two elections will be held and everything will be put in shape to bring the question before the Legislature in January. Members of the committee who were in Greenwood Thursday stated that both elections would carry without a disconcerting vote and that the two petitions will be signed by every freeloader in each division.

**WORDS OF CHEER
TO THE FARMERS**

Great Financier Is Very Optimistic
In His Views of South's
Welfare

New York, August 6.—According to telegrams received by New York banks and bankers today, cotton planters in the south are much alarmed over the foreign situation in its relation to their interests. Some of the telegrams stated in substance that a continuance of the war would reduce the demand for cotton by fully 35 per cent. In response to one of these communications, A. Harton Hepburn, chairman of the Chase National bank, has sent the following telegram to Congressman Underwood at Washington:

"The south is unnecessarily alarmed over the prospective reduction in demand for and price of cotton in view of the general European war. European manufacturers may not quote the usual amount of cotton but American manufacturers will require it all.

"It is inevitable that all over-seen trade of Germany will be at the mercy of any nation which first seeks it and can best serve the former patrons or Germany. Of all nations the United States is in the best position to take and hold the trade. Merchants, manufacturers, bankers and statesmen should work together for that purpose. "First liberalize our shipping laws. Germany supplied the coarse and cheaper cotton trade of Mexico and Central and South America, Africa, Asia and the Orient generally. "There will be no embargo on the commerce of the Pacific. Our cotton should go abroad not as raw material but as a finished product, and when the war of Europe is over, we should hold largely the trade that now is waiting to fall into our hands."

**EXHIBIT WILL BE
BROUGHT HERE**

State Has Consented To Furman
Smith Bringing Williamston
Exhibit Here For Week

Through the efforts of Furman Smith, Hon. E. J. Watson, commissioner of agriculture, has consented for Mr. Smith to bring the pure food exhibit and a portion of the agricultural exhibit from Williamston to Anderson. Mr. Smith will be in Anderson this afternoon and will pick up the articles that he desires for the exhibit here and for the next week they will be on display at his place of business on West Benson street.

This exhibit is furnished by the state of South Carolina and has been on display at Williamston during the farmers chautauque. It is one of the most complete ever sent out by this state and a feature of the exhibit is the oat display, among which is to be found the Anderson county prize-winning oats.

Mr. Smith believes that a number of Anderson county people will be interested in the exhibits and will come to see them.

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**CONTRABANDS OF
WAR SPECIFIED**

Great Britain Issues Proclamation
Naming the Articles Classed
As Contraband

Washington, August 6.—Great Britain's contraband of war proclamation was cabled to the state department today by Ambassador Page. It placed arms, ammunition and all distinctly military supplies on the list of "absolute" contraband; and designated food, grain, money, horses and general supplies as "conditional" contraband, subject to seizure, and to the contraband laws when intended for use of a power with which Great Britain is at war.

The proclamation follows the usual lines, and those issued by other powers involved in war probably will be virtually identical.

It names the following absolutely contraband:

1. Arms of all kinds and their component parts.
- Two. Projectiles, charges and cartridges of all kinds and their distinctive component parts.
- Three. Powder and explosives especially prepared for use in war.
- Four. Gun mountings, limber boxes, limbers, military wagons, field forges and their distinctive component parts.
- Five. Clothing and equipment of a distinctly military character.
- Six. All kinds of harness of a distinctly military character.
- Seven. Saddle, draught and pack animals suitable for use in war.
- Eight. Articles of camp equipment and their distinctive component parts.
- Nine. Armor plates.
- Ten. Warships, including boats and their distinctive component parts, of such a nature, that they can only be used on a vessel of war.
- Eleven. Aeroplanes, airships, balloons and air craft of all kinds and their distinctive component parts.

The following will be treated as conditional contraband:

1. Food stuffs.
2. Forage and grain suitable for feed for animals.
3. Clothing, fabrics for clothing and boot and shoes suitable for use in war.
4. Gold and silver in coin or bullion paper money.
5. Vehicles of all kinds available for use in war and their component parts.
6. Vessels, craft and boats of all kind, floating docks, parts of docks and their component parts.
7. Railway material, both fixed and rolling stock, and material for telegraphs, wireless telegraphs and telephones.
8. Fuel lubricants.
9. Powder and explosives not specially prepared for use in war.
10. Barbed wire and implements for fixing and cutting same.
11. Horse shoes and shoeing materials.
12. Harness and saddlery.
13. Field glasses telescopes chronometers and all kinds of nautical instruments.

RIGID EXAMINATION

To Prevent Infringement of Neutral
ity Laws Passengers Are
Closely Watched.

Halifax, N. C., Aug. 7.—The examination of passengers on the Mauritania was so strict the work of transferring them to the shore today proceeded very slowly. Passengers, natives of countries hostile to Great Britain went through another examination by the government officials after they had been passed by immigration authorities. One Austrian was held. Most of those who passed the examination tonight left on a special train for Boston.

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