

SITUATION IS GRAVE; TROOPS MAY MOVE AT ONCE TO HAITI

EUROPEAN POWERS ASK FOR INTERVENTION BY THE UNITED STATES

HEAVY FIGHTING IN CAPE HAITIEN

Battle Lasted Two Hours Resulting In Defeat of Rebels and Loss of Thirty-One Of Their Men

(By Associated Press)
Washington, July 22.—Pressed by European powers, the United States government has about lost patience with the various elements in the republics of Haiti and San Domingo and will demand a restoration of peace or threatened armed intervention.

Secretary Bryan will confer tomorrow with Secretary Daniels about a possible movement of marines into Haiti. Already discretionary orders have been given to Captain Russell, of the battleship South Carolina now at Cape Haitien, but final decision as to whether force is to be used by the American government has been deferred. Reports from Cape Haitien of further fighting with added danger to foreigners were regarded tonight as forecasting prompt action by the marines now being concentrated at Guantanamo.

Not only have military forces in Haiti refused to heed warnings of the American government that fighting had ceased, but dispatches tonight from Captain Eberle, of the cruiser Washington at Puerto Plata, San Domingo, reported the failure of attempts to settle the Dominican revolution by diplomacy.

The superior courts of the Republic of Haiti are reported to have entered into negotiation with the Dominican government.

Secretary Daniels decided today that the additional four hundred marines to be sent to Guantanamo for service in Haiti would be embarked from Norfolk Saturday, on the transport Hancock now enroute to Hampton Roads from Guantanamo. There are more than 500 marines at Guantanamo or on American warships in Haiti and Dominican waters.

Reinforcement could be drawn from Vera Cruz and Mexican gulf waters. There are now some three thousand marines under General Funston's command and nearly another thousand could be gathered from the warships.

Drum Head Court.

Washington, July 22.—Many Haitian rebels were executed at Cape Haitien today after government forces had defeated 500 revolutionists in a two hour street battle. The rebels entered the town early today before the garrison was awake.

Captain Russell of the battleship South Carolina reported the affair by wireless to the navy department. His dispatch said the government troops numbering 400, repulsed the attack with a loss of eight men killed. The rebels, after having 31 killed, fled in disorder. Many sought refuge in the houses, from which they were dragged and executed. Captain Russell's report concludes:

"Cape Haitien is quiet tonight after the fighting, this morning a proclamation was published by the government stating that a number of the rebels were known to be hidden in buildings inside the town, and that whoever should harbor or fail to deliver over such persons should, upon discovery, suffer death. The houses of the town were searched and a number of concealed rebels were discovered and shot. Some estimate the number shot as high as 50, but that number is not considered reasonable."

NEW ORDER ISSUED.

Checks Must be Made Payable to John E. Bruce.

(By Associated Press)
Cincinnati, O., July 22.—The National Baseball Commission today issued a notice to the president of each major league club that payment for players, purchased or drafted from minor league clubs, must be made by check payable to John E. Bruce, secretary of the National Commission, who will transmit the same, endorsed to the order of the president of the league or the interested minor league club is a member, to Secretary Farrell, who will return it to such league president.

This action is taken to afford minor leagues the opportunity to withhold any amount due from a club to its league for assessments or for other obligations to its league or to another club.

COMPLICATIONS ARE FAST ARISING

Officials Fear Trouble Over the New Regime In Mexican Capital

(By Associated Press)
Washington, July 22.—Peace in Mexico is far from assured and the complications both internal and international are rapidly entangling the situation according to the administration officials, diplomats and Mexicans of both factions here who are in direct touch with all the phases of the problem.

The United States is exerting every diplomatic influence toward harmonizing discordant elements, but certain aspects are admittedly grave. Official reports reveal that the most threatening factor is the aloofness of General Villa from the authority of General Carranza.

Foreign complications are looming up as between Mexico and England, France and Spain, and European creditors generally who had financial relations with the Huerta government. England is preparing to ask satisfaction for the killing of W. S. Benton, and France is making various protests over the killing of two French citizens at Zacatecas. The Spanish government is anxious that the Spaniards driven from Mexico be reimbursed for their losses.

The grievances of these countries are lodged against General Villa particularly and the estrangement of General Carranza with Villa has now made it difficult for the first chief to settle them satisfactorily.

No indication of Villa's attitude has come, but reliable advices to the government at Washington are to the effect that Villa has been concentrating his troops preparatory to making vigorous demands upon Carranza.

MURDERED WOMAN WAS GOING HOME

Reconciliation With Husband Had Been Affected When Jealous Admirer Interfered

(By Associated Press)
Los Angeles, Cal., July 22.—Fears that Mrs. Edna Sykes, 27 years old, would return to Norcross, Ga., and effect a reconciliation with her husband a banker there, is believed by her friends to have led to her death yesterday at the hands of Charles H. Haag, a contractor, who then killed himself.

Mrs. Sykes recently fled suit for divorce but was said to receive \$150 monthly from her husband, and letters urging her to return, and friends said today she had decided to stop seeing Haag.

When he called at her residence and learned that she was asleep, he burst into her bedroom and shot her.

Deposition of her five year old son, Leon, awaits advices from the father.

Atlanta, July 22.—L. O. Sykes, cashier of the bank of Gwinnett, Ga., arrived here today from Norcross, Ga. and at once took steps to learn further details of the shooting and killing of his wife by a supposed jealous admirer in Los Angeles Calif. His first intimation of the tragedy came in a telegram from Mrs. Sykes' mother.

Denies Domestic Troubles.
Mrs. Sykes formerly was Miss Edna Chinn of Lexington, Ky. She had been married thirteen years. Her husband said that he knew nothing of the report that she had fled suit for divorce.

"My wife and I never had any trouble," he said.

CANAL COMPLETED

Washington, July 22.—Unofficially word has been received here that the Panama canal is ready for commercial use and that the first steamer is likely to be sent through within a few days unless Governor Goethals is instructed to the contrary by Secretary Garrison.

A message is expected from Governor Goethals at an early date announcing that the canal is ready and asking for authority to send a ship through. It is thought probable that the Cristobal, now at Colon, will be the first steamer selected. She is of 10,000 tons register and will be the largest vessel to enter the canal.

Jas. H. McIntosh Shot Early Thursday Morning

Special to The Intelligencer.
Columbia, July 23.—At an early hour this morning, Dr. Jas. H. McIntosh was shot in the abdomen while on his way home from the Columbia Hospital. The extent of the injury has not yet been determined.

A statement given out by Dr. James McIntosh, father of the wounded man, who is a prominent physician in the city of Newberry and who served as a Confederate surgeon in Kershaw's Brigade, a former president of the State Medical Society, is as follows:

"As Dr. McIntosh was on his way home at an early hour this morning, he was accosted by an unknown man who made the remark, 'I'll fix you so you won't bother Colie,' and fired. Dr. McIntosh returned the fire but the would-be assassin escaped by jumping over the wall surrounding the First Presbyterian church. Dr. McIntosh was rushed to the hospital at once and at time of going to press his condition could not be learned.

It will be remembered from accounts of the campaign meeting in Greenville last Saturday, that

J. W. Norwood quizzed the governor concerning the statement of Dr. McIntosh. To which the governor replied he would have Dr. McIntosh on the stand in Columbia Thursday, which is today. Dr. McIntosh statement was that he did not pronounce Gus Richey, recently paroled by the governor, a paralytic. Whereas the governor claimed that it was on Dr. A. B. Knowlton's and Jas. H. McIntosh's statement that Richey had been given his liberty.

The following additional particulars of the shooting were contained in the (Continued on Page Three.)

BOISTEROUS BUT THAT'S ALL

LAURENS MEETING BROKE ALL THE RECORDS FOR ATTENDANCE

SOME "HECKLING" AN

The Governor Seems To Think Some Fate Is Pursuing Him

Special to The Intelligencer.
Laurens, July 22.—The senatorial candidates were greeted by the largest audience of the campaign here today. It was estimated that more than 4,500 persons were present from the county. Hundreds came in from Spartanburg, Greenville and Anderson.

Governor Blease was the first of the speakers and he was savage in his attack on the newspapers, particularly the Columbia Record. The governor said that a banker and a mill president at Whitmire told him to "go below," and claimed that at Anderson a large stockholder in a cotton mill came on the stand with a pistol in hand and he rehearsed the Norwood incident at Greenville.

"No Blease man," he stated, "has attempted to assassinate Senator Smith. It was reported that I would be assassinated here today," claimed the chief executive. "If the assassin is here, there is nothing between me and the dirty coward. Let him shoot." Governor Blease voiced his belief in fatalism, saying that his death had been predestined for a certain way, and that nothing could change the manner of his passing.

Predicting that he would be elected to the Senate and making his usual attack against Senator Smith, Governor Blease concluded his speech by eulogizing Thomas B. Crews and John M. Cannon, both deceased.

L. D. Jennings, the second speaker, was received with cheers, he calmly discussed the record of the chief executive and he was heard attentively by the audience.

After paying his respects to the governor's pardon record, Mr. Jennings asked: "Would you get rid of the negro mail clerks by tying them at the end of a hemp rope?"

"Yes, yes," replied a number of voices. "Well, I am sorry for you," replied Mr. Jennings, "and I am glad that the balance of South Carolina does not believe that way."

W. P. Pollock, the next speaker, was merciless in his arraignment of the record of Governor Blease. Blease hecklers howled at him throughout his speech, but he finished under difficulties. "Those howling men were said to be from Anderson, Spartanburg and other counties. A tense moment in his speech was when Mr. Pollock held up the torn red union-republican ticket and announced that the name of J. P. Gibson was on it.

"It is a lie," cried a man in the audience. Several policemen surrounded the man and acting chairman Browning told the heckler he must be quiet.

"A man can't come to my face and say that I am a liar, unless he desires to take the consequences," replied Mr. Pollock. "It's only a coward who stands back and insults a gentleman."

Mr. Pollock then offered to withdraw from the race if Mr. Gibson's name was not on the ticket.

Senator Smith, the last speaker, was heckled by a small clique, said to be from Anderson county, as he began and he demanded a respectful and quiet hearing from the audience, addressing his remarks to the chairman. The howlers then quit. Senator Smith did not depart materially from the cotton speech.

Chairman Browning had a turbulent, record breaking crowd to control and attention was given to all the (Continued on Page 7)

SOUTHERN RY. INVESTIGATION

ARGUMENTS PRO AND CON ARE SUBMITTED TO THE COMMITTEE

AN EXAMINATION MUCH

Charges Made By Dulaney Will Be Taken Up By Attorneys For the Road

(By Associated Press)
Washington, July 22.—Charges that the Southern Railway had been imposed upon much as the New Haven is said to have been through the unloading upon it of broken lines of rail at various stations, and a new unexpected feature today to the investigation being made by a Senate sub-committee into alleged discriminations against Southern ports in the coal rates.

B. L. Dulaney of Bristol, Va.-Tenn., made the charges in connection with an explanation of why he believed the Morgan interests dominated the Southern Railway and directed the action of its officials. He finished his direct statement to the committee today. He will be cross examined tomorrow by attorneys for the Southern Railway.

Mr. Dulaney said that he once offered to sell the control of the Virginia and Southern Railway to the Southern for \$500,000. A bond issue of \$1,000,000 stood against the line. His offer was refused, he said, but later Henry K. McHarg sold the line to the Southern for about \$5,500,000 with a profit estimated at \$4,000,000.

The Knoxville and Bristol Railway sold to the Southern for \$500,000. Mr. Dulaney said, was offered for \$40,000 and he did not buy because he did not think the line was worth that much.

Must Have Relief.

Mr. Dulaney testified at length in support of his charge that coal is being diverted from Southern ports.

"Coal operators are robbed of the right to do a normal business," he said. "Unless some relief be granted it will be necessary for independent operators to give up their efforts. They cannot meet such unfavorable conditions."

He testified that he sold the Black Mountain Railway, a short line tapping the Black Mountain Field to the Virginia and Southwestern Railway, providing that the Louisville & Nashville Railway should have the use of the line. This was done, the witness said, to preserve two outlets to the South for his coal.

Mr. McHarg failed to advise the Louisville and Nashville of the agreement, he added, and was very angry when Mr. Dulaney gave the information. Rates have now been arranged Mr. Dulaney declared, so that the Louisville and Nashville cannot move coal from the Black Mountain field, south of east of Middleboro, a coal field having Black Mountain coal from the Southern field by way of the Louisville and Nashville.

A number of similar statements were introduced by Mr. Dulaney in support of his contention that interlocking directorates in New York arrange and dictate rates.

FATALITIES FROM HEAT

Chicago, July 22.—Six deaths and as many prostrations were reported here today as a result of the intense heat. Two of them were suicides believed to have been the result of mental derangement because of the heat. The temperature here was 96 degrees.

M. CAILLAUX STILL ON STAND

IS THE CENTRAL FIGURE IN THE TRIAL OF HIS WIFE

MUCH SYMPATHY

Caillaux Touched By Attitude of Many in Court As Day's Session Ends

(By Associated Press)
Paris, July 22.—Joseph Caillaux, former premier, was again today a central figure in the trial of his wife, Mme. Henriette Caillaux, charged with killing Gaston Calmette, editor of the Figaro. The court room was crowded to its utmost capacity in the expectation of sensational revelations arising from M. Labori's closing ultimatum of last night when he declared he would refuse to plead unless a full statement regarding documents which, it was alleged, was important enough to crush Caillaux.

On the opening of court the procurator general said he was authorized by the government to declare the documents referred to in yesterday's testimony did not exist. Instead, therefore, of utterly discrediting the ex-premier, the incident ended in his triumph.

Exciting Scene.

An exciting scene was created during today's session of the trial when, following the testimony of George Prestat, brother-in-law of the slain editor, and chairman of the Figaro company, M. Caillaux demanded of Maitre Chenu, counsel for the Calmette heirs, if he took full responsibility for a statement he made concerning the testimony yesterday of M. Caillaux.

M. Caillaux's question caused scenes of intense excitement during which Judge Louis Albaladejo severely reprimanded the spectators.

The incident was preceded by a statement on the witness stand by M. Prestat to the effect that the Figaro had never been in the pay of foreign banks. He denied that the Germans ever had held a majority of the shares as had been alleged.

M. Caillaux had drawn closer to the bar in order to hear the testimony of M. Prestat. Maitre Chenu, commenting on the testimony of M. Prestat, said: "I will add that it does not become M. Caillaux to come here and soil the grave his wife made."

M. Caillaux, in a state of extreme agitation, exclaimed: "Since I must take notice of what this lawyer has said, I will ask him if he will take personal responsibility for his words."

When the ensuing excitement had died down, M. Chenu replied: "I take the entire responsibility. You cannot menace me here. You doubtless do not know the temper of the man whom you address."

Mme. Caillaux before today's session had a long conference with Blenvenu Martin, the French minister of justice, Fernand Labori, her counsel, and Jules Kerbaux, the procurator general in charge of the prosecution.

Fictitious Documents.

Senator Martin, who is acting minister of foreign affairs, was up most of the night, and an active interchange of telegrams took place between him and Premier Rene Viviani, now in Russia with the president. M. Caillaux and M. Labori made a vehement demand that public documents mentioned yesterday as having been in the hands of Calmette be produced in court. It was said yesterday that the documents had been handed to Prestat.

When the court came to order today, however, the procurator general rose and said: "I am authorized by the government (Continued on Sixth Page.)"

PEACE AND PLENTY IN OLD MEXICO IS SURE TO COME SOON

A FIST BATTLE AT RIDGELAND

Several Real, Human Blows Are Passed—Mr. Hunter Laughs at Threats

(By Associated Press)
Ridgeland, July 22.—The county seat of Jasper, the baby county in South Carolina, furnished the first fist fight of the state campaign. It was a real fight and several real blows were passed between R. A. Bennett and E. L. Cooler, voters in attendance upon the meeting. No one was seriously injured.

There were about 300 voters present, and the speeches were cut short to allow the candidates to take the train for Walterboro where the meeting will be held Thursday. The speaking Friday will be in Charleston.

"I warn you now that if you continue these fiery attacks, as sure as there is a God in Heaven, I will put you out of the race," was the fiery statement buried at J. A. Hunter, candidate for lieutenant governor, by C. D. Fortner of Spartanburg who is seeking the office of railroad commissioner.

Mr. Hunter merely laughed and said that Mr. Fortner "was too insignificant to answer even." The announcement of allegiance to the governor by John G. Richards was coolly received. There was not a ripple of applause. All the candidates made their usual speeches and were attentively received by the voters.

Sniff's Claim Victory.

Atlanta, July 22.—A prediction that the next national democratic convention will insert in its platform a "policy women" plank was made today by Miss Kate Gordon of New Orleans in her address before the annual convention here of the Georgia Woman Suffrage Association. "The victory is already won," said Miss Gordon. "Our purpose now is to see whether we shall get suffrage through the states, as we should, or by amendment to the constitution."

ON TRIAL FOR LIFE, COMMITS SUICIDE

Alleged Murderer Cuts Throat With Steel Shank Taken From His Shoe

(By Associated Press)
Boston, July 22.—Lawrence Robinson, who was placed on trial here Monday for the murder of Police Inspector Thomas J. Norton, committed suicide in his cell during last night.

He cut his throat with a steel shank which he had removed from one of his shoes.

Robinson was accused of shooting Norton while resisting arrest on June 19. The officer was attempting to arrest him at the request of the Michigan authorities, Robinson being wanted in Grand Rapids for the alleged killing of three clerks in a jewelry store during a robbery.

STILL FIGHTING

Mexico City, July 22.—General Antonio Rojas, a former revolutionist leader who later became a Federal chief, revolted today with 200 men of the Federal troops stationed at Tacuiba, a suburb of the capital. The military authorities at once dispatched a detachment of the 19th regiment in pursuit. Rojas and his men were overtaken in the Santa Fe hills and 50 of the mutineers were captured and brought here. General Rojas and General Alarista, with about 100 men escaped and are being closely followed by the government troops.

First Train to Coast.

The officials of the Mexican Railway announced tonight that the gap in the railway line outside of Vera Cruz had been repaired and the first trains since April 20 would arrive in Vera Cruz tomorrow morning.

Late this afternoon Federal troops were still holding Xochimilco, a suburb against Zapata troops with a slight chance of the village being taken.

Fighting was said to be going on tonight to the south of Tlalpa fifteen miles from the capital with the Federals reported to have the advantage.

Eight trains loaded with troops arrived here this afternoon from Queretaro. The government expects to bring into the city about 40,000 men inside the next 24 hours. War minister Velasco declined to state the reasons for this concentration.

CONSTITUTIONALISTS ARE ABOUT TO ENTER THE CAPITAL

GENERAL OBREGON FIRST ON SCENE

Will Be First Commander to Arrive—Has Enough Troops To Quell All Disturbances That May Arise

(By Associated Press)
Mexico City, July 22.—That an armistice between the government and the constitutionalists was signed tonight and that hostilities will be suspended at once throughout the republic was the statement given out Wednesday by General Eduardo Huertado, governor of the federal district, in the name of President Carranza.

Governor Huertado added that the peace negotiations will be advanced upon a basis of giving full guarantee to everybody.

Victoria, Mex., July 22.—General Carranza today got into direct communication with the City of Mexico through Robles Dominguez, confidential agent of the constitutionalists at the capital. Dominguez acted in the same capacity for Madero and was placed in charge of the government by Porfirio Diaz before he fled.

The impression prevailed here today that the fighting and bloodshed is at an end.

It was understood that every precaution would be taken by General Carranza, as well as by the constitutionalists in Mexico City to prevent any destruction to life or property in the capital until his arrival. News was received here that troops under command of General Panfilo Natera yesterday occupied Agua Calientes.

Mexico City, July 22.—Prospects for peace grew brighter today. The advance guard of Gen. Obregon's constitutionalists is within an hour's ride of the capital city.

General Obregon probably will be the first constitutionalist commander to arrive here. His force is believed to be sufficient to insure the capital against internal disorder or attacks by bandits now active in the south.

A majority of the Madero congressmen are here awaiting the sanction of General Carranza to re-assemble and elect a provisional president to succeed Carranza.

Discussion of the Huerta congress is considered unnecessary as the term of office of the Madero congressmen will not end until September 16 next.

It is probable that the old congress will proceed as though its deliberations never had been interrupted.

In spite of fighting during the last few days between the federals, supported by the capital police and the rebel bands which have been attacking the small towns, just south of Mexico City, the capital apparently is undisturbed. Theaters and cafes are thronged and the streets crowded. Banks are open and building operations are going on uninterruptedly. Citizens appear confident the revolution is over.

AFTER CRIMINALS

States' Attorney Weaving Net Around Murderers.

(By Associated Press)
Chicago, July 22.—Charges of police corruption and evidence to sustain his accusations that the death of a detective in a levee district fight a week ago by levee characters to murder W. C. Dannerberg, chief morals inspector were taken before a grand jury today by MacLay Hoyne, States' Attorney.

M. L. C. Furkhouer, second deputy superintendent of police in charge of the morals department, was among the first witnesses. He is believed to have told of the relations between detectives of the regular police and those in the morals department.

"Big Jim" Colosimo, cafe owner, arrested yesterday, charged with the obstruction of justice, conferred several hours with the state's attorney and later went before the grand jury after announcing that he would tell all he knew of the police shooting. Hoyne said Colosimo had not been granted immunity.

The state's attorney declared he had evidence to prove that the owners of resorts in the levee made deposits by repeated raids by Dannerberg had imported Rocco Varella, a New York gunman, for the purpose of killing the morals inspector.