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MOB OF REBELS ATTACK CONSUL

AMERICANS ESCAPE FROM CANAEA, SAVE OFFICIAL WHO STAYS AT POST

WAS ROBBER BAND

Carranzaists Threatened His Life As Consular Agent Attempts To Save U. S. Property

(By Associated Press) Nogales, Ariz., April 25.—A band of armed Mexicans started from Pagonia, Arizona, 27 miles northeast of here today and while marching southward toward the border have been robbing and firing on Americans.

Consul Is Threatened. C. L. Montague, American consular agent at Cananea, a rich copper mining town 45 miles south of Naco, Arizona, telegraphed to Consul Frederick Simplich that at 5 o'clock this afternoon a mob of rebels was congregating about the consulate and speeches threatening Americans were being made.

Consul Stays At Post.

All of the Americans except Montague, however, had reached the border safely. Montague had remained to pack up the consulate archives. The dispatch read: "Am now in office attempting to pack up archives, a very large mob now on all sides of the consulate. Strong speeches being made against Americans. Some advocate breaking into consulate, others to take down American flag. I have decided not to take down the flag until 5:30, the usual time, so as not to create excitement. Do not know what the result will be."

Consul Simplich immediately wired a vigorous note to the rebel authorities at Cananea advising that American interests must be left alone.

NEW SHOE STORE FOR ANDERSON?

Report Says That Such a Venture Will Be Launched in Near Future Here

Although it has been impossible to secure a confirmation of the report, rumor has it that a splendid new shoe store is soon to be started in Anderson and that it will be located in the building on Main Street formerly occupied by Crayton's drug store. It is said that a well known Charlotte firm is behind the proposed store for Anderson and that it will be one complete shoe store in the State when the doors are opened to the public.

That the report is true seems to be shown by the statement of a well known shoe salesman in the city yesterday. He said that he had already sold a large bill of shoes to the new concern for this city and that they were also placing orders elsewhere for a very complete line.

For New Orleans Station

Washington, April 25.—The senate has agreed to the resolution reappropriating an unexpended balance of appropriations previously made for the naval station at New Orleans.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S MARINES IN FRONT

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 25.—Admiral Bagley tonight reported from Vera Cruz that he was extending his lines of bluejackets and marines further beyond the city. The battalion of marines from the South Carolina are well entrenched two and one half miles west of the city.

CONGRESS FOR WAR IN MEXICO

SPEAKER CLARK AND OTHER LEADERS MAY START STORM MONDAY

CONFER ALL DAY

If Huerta Turns Down Offer For Mediation Senate May Declare War At Once

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 25.—Though the Mexican crisis has been under suppression in congress for several days while the president and his cabinet executed plans of reprisals against the defiance of General Huerta, there is an impelling undercurrent of feeling in both senate and house for a declaration of war, which was tempered somewhat tonight by the acceptance of offers of mediation from Argentina, Brazil and Chile.

Leaders in congress for several days had been discussing informally the necessity for an unequivocal declaration of war, for a sweeping campaign in northeastern Mexico and for the ultimate establishment by force of American arms of peace and constitutional government in Mexico.

No swell from the undercurrent reached the surface today, however, but members in both house and senate predicted a storm would break Monday or soon after. Speaker Clark reached Vera Cruz to support the naval forces there. Members who were most restive over the situation tonight after learning of the mediation proposals, stated that no further aggressive action toward Mexico should be forced until it becomes apparent that the good offices of the South American nations fail.

During a day devoted under the surface to a discussion of Mexico, leaders were in conference, and sentiment developed was strongly in favor of war.

In the conferences more than a dozen of the most prominent men on the democratic side participated. Speaker Clark, Majority Leader Underwood, Chairman Flood, of the foreign relations committee; Chairman Fitzgerald, of the appropriation committee, and Chairman Hay, of the military committee, figured in all of them.

The discussion was so outspoken that there was talk for a time of the appointment of a committee, to consist of Speaker Clark and Mr. Underwood, which should call upon President Wilson and inform him that the sentiment of the house was for war. Developments of the day, however, interfered with this plan and the conferences, ended without definite conclusion.

DEMOCRATS ASK LAW ENFORCEMENT

Race Track Gambling Is Condemned By Clubs in Oconee County On Saturday

Special to The Intelligencer. Wallhalla, April 25.—So far as known the meeting of the various democratic clubs throughout the county was without special significance. The West Union club passed various resolutions on the primary qualifications. Former bills, and the Charleston race track law violation which is as follows:

Resolved—That it is the sense of the West Union Democratic club that race track gambling be abolished within the State of South Carolina and that the executive officers of the State be required to institute such actions civil, or criminal, as may be deemed requisite or necessary to enforce the statute law of the State prohibiting the same. The laws of our State already provide fully this remedy, but we are sorry to know that South Carolina is almost alone among forty eight States of the Union, which has not banished this nefarious business from its borders.

Opposes Voluntary Bill

Austin, April 25.—Governor O. B. Colquitt today telegraphed President Wilson protesting against the volunteer army bill, which yesterday passed both houses of congress, and asking that the president withhold his signature to the measure. The measure is an "invasion of the rights of states."

MAAS MAY KILL WOMEN AND MEN

MEXICAN GENERAL HOLDS 33 AMERICANS POSSIBLY FOR SLAUGHTER

MAY KILL SEVEN

Consul Canada Appeals to Mercy Of Tyrant and Little Hope: They Will Escape

(By Associated Press) New Orleans, April 25.—Wireless advices tonight from Vera Cruz state that General Maas of the Mexican forces has found seven American prisoners guilty of certain charges and that he proposes to execute them.

Consul Canada Confirms. Consul Canada at Vera Cruz, the wireless says has notified the state department at Washington of the reported intention of General Maas to execute certain American prisoners.

It was further stated that General Maas has about thirty three prisoners, including fourteen women and seven or eight children. The consul sent a messenger to the general appealing to him in the name of humanity to release the women and children.

The nature of the charges brought against the seven Americans was not indicated by wireless, nor whether they were given a trial.

NET LOSSES NOT HEAVY ON CHANGE

Mexican Crisis and Heavy Foreign Selling Factors On the Saturday Market

(By Associated Press) New York, April 25.—There was further unsettlement today of the stock market. The movement was irregular and at times confused. While the downward movement was extended, net losses were considerably smaller than on the preceding day.

The irregularity of the movement was accounted for by the play of conflicting forces on the market. The two main factors in the weeks decline were the Mexican crisis and heavy foreign selling.

Today these influences pulled against each other. Foreign pressure was relieved, and American stocks interested, for the first time in several days, held fairly steady. On the other hand, the Mexican situation was as much of a disturbing force as before.

Preparations for war and the reported assassination of Americans in Mexico seemed to increase the probability of a serious and protracted struggle, and there was corresponding depression of sentiment at the opening, owing largely to the change of front on the part of the Great Northern holders of American securities.

Southern Pacific convertible fives when issued were sold heavily and went as low as \$9 1-2, compared with the subscription price of one hundred. Total sales of bonds (per value) \$1,400,000.

TWO STATES ARE AFTER PRISONER

D. B. Templeton Brought to Anderson, Is Also Wanted On Charge in Georgia

(From Sunday's Daily.) J. Olin Sanders, deputy sheriff for Anderson county, returned to the city last night from Abbeville where he went for the purpose of securing one, D. B. Templeton, wanted in Columbia on a charge of beating his board bill. Templeton is also wanted by the State of Georgia on a charge said to be more serious than the one he will face here.

The prisoner was captured at Abbeville yesterday by Charles Bruce, rural policeman for Abbeville county, and was held by the Abbeville officials until the Anderson officer could arrive and take him in charge.

GERMANY DEFIES HUERTA TO TEETH

DICTATOR DEMANDS LEGALIZATION OF ARMS, TOLD MUST FIGHT FOR THEM

WILSON AT WORK

President Confers With Foreign Relations Committee From Congress on Situation

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 25.—President Wilson summoned senators Shively Stone, and Lodge, of the senate foreign relations committee, and Chairman Flood and Representative Cooper of the house committee on foreign affairs to discuss the new turn in events, the first ray hope in a day of worry and anxiety over the scores of Americans held up in their flight from the Mexican capital.

From those at tonight White House conference it was learned that while the president was not sanguine of the success of the intermediation plan, he felt it to be the duty of the American government to avail itself of the offer of the three great South American countries. It was suggested that the interim of negotiations, even though they might be unproductive, might serve to repress anti-American outbursts and afford an opportunity for Americans to depart from Mexico.

The president and the subject under consideration most of the day with Secretary Bryan and other members of the cabinet. The matter had been informally discussed by the three diplomats among themselves and the joint note was presented in person to Mr. Bryan early today. Late in the afternoon the president and Secretary conferred about the reply and it was transmitted to the diplomats at the state department just as the president began his conference at the White House with the leading democratic and republican members of the congressional committee in charge of foreign affairs.

Decline to Be Quoted. The senators and representatives declined to be quoted but those who discussed it believe it was right for the United States to accept good offices, though not agreeing in advance to any cessation of its preparations for emergencies.

The feature of the plan which some of the president's visitors lauded was the fact that the United States was joining hands with three big nations of this hemisphere, emphasizing Pan-American solidarity and a principle of the Monroe Doctrine, and at the same time showing to Central and South America as a whole the peaceful intentions of the American government.

The fact that Argentine, Brazil and Chile have stood with the United States in refusing to recognize the Huerta government is an element in the situation which rose conspicuously to the front.

ARREST OF MARINES MADE BY MEXICANS

Story Told in Private Letter Of One Of the Victims To His Relatives

(By Associated Press) St. Louis, April 25.—A story of the arrest of the United States marines at Tampico, Mexico, which precipitated the present Mexican crisis, is contained in a letter received here today by Mrs. John H. Hayden from her brother, James Coffey, a sailor on the gunboat Dolphin.

The letter was written at Tampico, April 14, and describes the arrest of the marines of the gunboat Dolphin as follows: "The other day we went ashore, ten of us, and the paymaster, to get supplies. As we got too far down the river, as soon as we hit the bank the federal army captured us and we were flying the American flag, too. They held us prisoners about fifteen hours. Our captain came over and got us. They took the American flag off our boat and threw it overboard. They thought the paymaster was a relative of Ex-President Madero. "The soldiers certainly did rave. He sent word to the Mexicans to offer an apology and fire a salute of twenty-one guns to the American flag or he would blow the city of Tampico up. Two Mexican officers came aboard and apologized, but they wouldn't fire the salute. The admiral told them to fire it within 24 hours; but nothing stirring. He gave them a twenty-four hour extension. Word was sent here from Washington that if he didn't receive word from Washington by 6 P. M. last night we were to take the city. "We were all ready for action. We had 4,000 sailors ready to land from the ships."

WILSON ACCEPTS PEACE PROGRAM

BRAZIL, ARGENTINA AND CHILE TO MEDITATE BETWEEN TWO NATIONS

ACCEPTANCE NOTE

Mexico May Upset Plans, But U. S. Government Is Willing, Says the President

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 25.—President Wilson tonight announced he had accepted an offer from Brazil, Argentina and Chile to use their good offices in an attempt to bring about a peaceful and friendly settlement of the difficulty between the United States and Mexico.

The offer was formally submitted by the three South American envoys to Secretary Bryan and laid before the president.

The President's Acceptance. Reply of the president, made through the secretary of state of the diplomatic representatives, was as follows: "The government of the United States is deeply confident of the friendliness, the good feeling, and the generous concern for the peace and welfare of American manifested in the joint note just received, tendering the good offices of your governments to effect if possible a settlement of the present difficulty between the government of the United States and those who now claim to represent our sister republic of Mexico."

"Consensus of the purpose with which the proffer is made, this government does not feel at liberty to decline it. Its chief interest is in the peace of America, the cordial intercourse of her republics and our people, and the happiness and prosperity which can spring only out of frank mutual understanding of the friendship which is created by common purposes. The generous offer of your governments is therefore accepted."

"This government hopes most earnestly that you may find those who speak for the sober elements of the Mexican people willing and ready to discuss terms of satisfactory and therefore permanent settlement. If you should find them, willing this government will be glad to take up with you for discussion in the frank and most conciliatory spirit any proposals that may be authoritatively formulated and will hope that they may prove feasible and prophetic of a new day of mutual cooperation and confidence in America."

Will Protest Itself. "This government feels bound in candor to say its diplomatic relations with Mexico, being for the present severed, it is not possible for it to make sure of an uninterrupted opportunity to carry out the plan of intermediation which you propose. It is of course possible that some act of aggression on the part of Mexico might oblige the United States to act to the upsetting of the hopes of peace, but this does not justify us in hesitating to accept your generous suggestion."

ENGLAND WINS RELAY

Race Was One Mile and Victors Had Narrow Margin.

Philadelphia, April 25.—Oxford University of England today won by one foot the four mile international college relay championship on Franklin Field. It was the most sensational finish ever seen here in that great event.

MILL MEN MEET IN METROPOLIS

National Association Of Cotton Mill Men Now in Session In New York City

(From Sunday's Daily.) B. B. Gossett, one of Anderson's foremost cotton mill men, left yesterday afternoon for New York city where he goes to attend the annual meeting of the National Association of Cotton Mills. Mr. Gossett is much interested in the questions to be considered at this meeting. The connection will hear an address delivered by James P. Gossett of Williamston on important cotton mill questions. James D. Hammett, another prominent cotton mill man of Anderson, was once president of this association of cotton mill men.

BRYAN DENIES HE WILL QUIT

FRICITION IN CABINET REPORT OVER HIS PEACE VIEWS RUMORED

VIEW OF OTHERS

Secretary of Navy Says Newspapers Owe It to Public Not to Spread the Error

(By Associated Press) Washington, April 25.—Secretary of State Bryan today emphatically denied widespread and persistent reports that he would resign from the cabinet. When informed of published reports that he would relinquish his post should war be declared against Mexico Mr. Bryan said: "The subject of my resignation has never been discussed with anybody nor thought of by me."

White House Approach. White house officials pointed to the general denial issued a few days ago of the story that Secretary Bryan would resign, saying that statement was sufficient to cover all rumors of cabinet dissension. They said they did not regard it as necessary to repeat the denial with each published report.

Outside of the white house there has been considerable discussion of the individual views known to be held by members of the cabinet on the present situation. None of these is said to be serious or approaching any breach in the president's official family, but there have natural differences of opinion as to what aggressive measures should be pursued.

Asked for all views. The president himself, it is said, has invited the candid expression of suggestions from his cabinet. He has attempted a middle course between those who favor a quickly aggressive policy and those who believe war can be best avoided by patient observation and carefully deliberated action.

Persons close to the administration described the divergence of views as the product of natural differences among those charged with responsibility for executive action. Officials point out, for instance, that the war department is naturally anxious to take every reasonable precaution with its military forces and the navy is bending its energies likewise to perfecting its preparations for actual warfare.

They say also that the state department, which is directly responsible for relations with other foreign governments, and which is trying through diplomacy to prevent aggressive movements which might aggravate action by the Constitutionalists, and the Mexican people as a whole, is busily occupied in friendly repression of the spirit of its allied departments. All the cabinet secretaries themselves denied that there is any serious division and point to their close and frequent conferences as evidence of their cooperation.

The rumors of Mr. Bryan's intention to retire from the cabinet in various contingencies are ascribed by his friends to sentiments uttered by the secretary early in his incumbency. Among other things, in speaking of the subject of universal peace, he has said there would be no war while he was secretary of state. The secretary's purpose, it is explained, was to emphasize his general conviction that the growing feeling of disapproval of warfare could be relied upon to prevent the country from drifting into war.

Secretary Daniels, in discussing newspaper reports of cabinet friction said: "There is not now, and never has been the slightest dissension in the cabinet. At a time like this my private judgment as a newspaper man is that the press owes it as a patriotic duty not to spread such reports."

ANTI-ADMINISTRATION

Will Probably Be the Line up of the State Democratic Convention.

Columbia, April 25.—Reports from over the state, while incomplete, indicate that the State Democratic convention will be composed largely of men who do not stand with the present "administration" at the State capital. There were no features of note except that in some counties clubs passed resolutions requesting the State convention to do something to protect the primary from any charges or suspicions of fraud.

Pink Dogwood. There is a lot of pink dogwood in bloom this spring. In some parts of the country this is never heard of, and some folks might not believe it, but there is a tree of it in full bloom on River street, within the corporate limits.

A Fort Worth (Tex.) husband was killed for resenting a joke that his wife went for beer.

PARTY CLUBS NOW ORGANIZED

ALL OVER COUNTY REORGANIZATION MEETINGS WERE HELD SATURDAY

THE DELEGATES

The Personnel of the County Conventions Will Be About As It Was 2 Years Ago

(From Sunday's Daily.) In accordance with the orders of the State democratic executive committee and in compliance with the constitution of the party, the machinery of the party was taken out of storage and put to pieces and inled up yesterday, and everything started on its way for the coming county state and congressional elections. The step taken yesterday was to reorganize the local clubs. Every democrat has a right to have his name enrolled and to take part in the deliberations of a club.

There was somewhat of apathy shown yesterday in some sections, especially in the city, and no lines of factories were drawn. Two years ago every delegate from the city, with one or two possible exceptions, was "lined up," in anticipation. Yesterday there was nothing of the kind in this city, and the indications are that the same apathy prevailed generally throughout the county.

As well as could be learned over the phone last night the list of delegates from about a score of the 63 boxes in the county was as follows:

BELTON DEMOCRATIC CLUBS Met Saturday Afternoon and Reorganized and Elected Delegates. Belton Democratic Club met Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock and reorganized and elected officers, executive committee, delegates to the county convention, registration committee and club committee as follows: W. C. Bowen, president; D. A. Geer, vice president; G. D. Harris, second vice president; Walter E. Greer, secretary and treasurer. Executive committee—J. Clyde Green.

Delegates to County Convention—J. Clyde Green, W. K. Stringer, A. S. Fant, J. G. Harris, W. J. Woodhead, J. Mack King, W. C. Bowen, B. F. Carpenter, J. T. Cox, W. H. Cobb, Jr., O. K. Poore, T. C. Poore, T. J. Cox, B. W. Harris, E. T. Brazzale, A. R. Campbell, Ross Mitchell, J. Polk Cox, John A. Horton, J. H. Harris.

Registration committee—J. G. Harris, J. K. Clement, W. F. Smith, J. T. Cox, W. P. Shiryoy.

Club Executive Committee—J. G. Harris, E. B. Rice, F. Clinkscales, W. H. Cobb, Jr., J. K. Polk, No. 8.

E. T. Tollison, president; E. W. Austin, secretary and treasurer. Executive committee—J. W. Campbell.

Delegates to the county convention—J. W. Campbell, E. T. Tollison, L. D. Blake, J. H. Williams, Walter Todd, R. W. Austin, J. S. Adams, W. A. Clement, J. D. Rodgers, C. H. Strickland, J. C. King and J. B. Mitchell.

Ward 3. J. A. Hall, president; C. B. Earle, vice president; J. S. Acker, secretary and treasurer; G. F. Wilson, member of executive committee; delegates C. W. Beatty, B. F. Wilson, T. W. Norman, E. L. Hembree, G. S. Spearis, E. W. Brown, J. A. Brock, E. man, H. H. Acker.

Ward 4. The officers were elected as follows: J. H. Godfrey, president; C. S. Sullivan, vice president, and D. O. Browne, secretary.

G. P. Browne, county and city executive committee man. C. S. Sullivan, J. J. Trowbridge, C. E. Tolly, Joe M. H. Ashley, L. N. Geer, James B. Farmer, C. F. Ross, D. O. Brown, G. P. Browne, J. H. Tate, J. H. Godfrey and J. E. Brazzale, delegates to the county convention. The members of the delegation were (Continued on fourth page.)

THIS GERMAN'S REPLY LIKE OLD HICKORY'S

(By Associated Press.) Vera Cruz, April 25.—A demand has been made on the German legation in Mexico City to surrender the arms imported for the protection of the German residents there, according to information reaching here.

Admiral Von Hintze, the German minister, replied: "If you get the gun you will have to fight for them."