

# The Anderson Daily Intelligencer

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## PUBLICITY FOR DELIBERATIONS

### DECIDED UPON BY COMMITTEE ON INTER-OCEANIC CANALS

## TOLLS IN SENATE

### McCumber Delivered Most Extensive Argument Yet Produced In The Upper House

(By Associated Press.)  
 Washington, April 6.—Publicity for the deliberations on the Panama toll exemption repeal was determined upon today by the senate committee on inter-oceanic canals, which tomorrow will begin consideration of the controversy in all its aspects.  
 Senator O'Gorman, chairman of the committee, decided upon open sessions after a conference with his colleagues. Whether business is to be held has not been decided, but this will be terminated when the house repeal bill and various compromise senate measures are taken up formally. How long the committee will deliberate on the issue before making a report to the senate no one would predict tonight, but administration leaders let it be known that any effort to prolong the preliminary consideration would be opposed, even to the extreme of moving to discharge the committee from consideration of the subject.  
 Senator O'Gorman, leading democratic opponent of the repeal, and others who join with him in the fight, still insist, however, that there will be no effort at delay. When the issue reaches the floor of the senate, various forces at work to complicate the situation make it improbable that a vote can be reached for several weeks.

Republican Will President.  
 Senator McCumber, member of the foreign relations committee, who steadfastly refuses to join the party opposition to President Wilson's policy, addressed the senate at length today in support of the repeal bill. He flatly declared that toll exemption for American ships was a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and that it was against the spirit of the senate when the treaty was ratified. For the congress to insist upon toll exemption for American coastwise ships, he said, was to hide behind the American flag while burglarizing treasury for the benefit of a coastwise shipping trust.

Senator McCumber's argument was one of the most extensive yet presented in the senate on either side of the controversy. He talked for three and a half hours, virtually without interruption, and at the conclusion of his speech appealed to all "right thinking men in the senate" to support the lofty stand the president has taken, "regardless of party or political expediency." The galleries broke into applause as Senator McCumber sat down, and half a dozen democratic senators crowded the chamber to congratulate him.  
 The senator said he had no concern with the provisions of the democratic platform, that the question at issue was the honor of the nation. He devoted his address to the two reasons given in the president's message urging repeal, that exemption constituted a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and that it was an economic mistake.

More Cautious Than Ever.  
 Administration senators tonight seemed to be more cautious than ever that the house repeal bill would carry in the senate unopposed, maintaining that several democrats who had been classed as doubtful positively would support the president, and that the majority for repeal would be at least ten. Eight of nine republican senators now are contacted upon to support the repeal, despite the effort of their leaders to unite the minority against the measure.

Senator Brandegee, of Connecticut, at the conclusion of Senator McCumber's address today, introduced a resolution requesting the president, if not incompatible with the public interest, to give the senate all information, records and correspondence relating to negotiation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. Senator Brandegee, President Wilson told visitors today he considered that editorial expressions in the press and correspondence from disinterested observers all over the country revealed support of the administration's stand for repeal of Panama toll exemption. The president said he did not expect the question to be a campaign issue and expressed confidence for an administration victory in the senate.

Action on Representative Knowland's resolution calling on President Wilson and Secretary Bryan for diplomatic correspondence over the Panama toll exemption repeal was delayed indefinitely today in the house foreign affairs committee. Democrats of the committee will consult Secretary Bryan. Mr. Knowland reintroduced the resolution to omit reference to the president and broadened it to call for all papers relating to the interpretation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

## John Redmond, Leader of the Nationalist Party In Ireland.



Mr. Redmond Delivered an Eloquent Speech in Parliament Monday

## NAVAL OFFICERS AGAINST DECREE

### DON'T LIKE ABOLITION OF THEIR TRADITIONAL WINE MESS

### PURPOSE MAY FAIL

President Was Not Consulted—Was Purely Departmental Matter

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 6.—Secretary Daniels' order against the use of alcohol or liquors in the navy after July 1 next was generally discussed here today. The order, not only abolishes and traditional "wine mess" of the officers, but will bar all alcoholic liquors from every ship and shore station of the navy.  
 Surgeon General Braisted recommended it after an exhaustive investigation.

While declining to discuss for publication on the effect of the order, some naval officers privately expressed belief it might fall of its purpose—to prevent or decrease drunkenness in the navy. In effect the order does no more than abolish the wine mess. No distilled spirits are sold in the wine mess—only wines and beer. Some officers contend it is absurd to suppose that men become drunkards on beer or champagne. They express the opinion that the order will trespass their personal liberty and prevent their affording visitors from foreign navies the wines to which they are accustomed on their own vessels.

The order was hailed with joy here by the prohibition forces.  
 When asked today to comment on the order, President Wilson said it was strictly a departmental matter. It is understood that the president was not consulted by Mr. Daniels before he issued the order, and no one professes to know whether it had the president's approval.

## Would Have Vote On Woman Suffrage

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 6.—Representative Falmer of Pennsylvania today introduced into the house a joint resolution proposing a woman suffrage constitutional amendment, similar to one pending in the senate offered by Senator Shafrath.  
 The amendment would provide that, upon petition by eight per cent of the legal voters of any state participating in the last general election, the woman suffrage question shall be submitted to the voters of that state, a majority decision to be final.

He introduced the resolution to omit reference to the president and broadened it to call for all papers relating to the interpretation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

## EDUCATORS OF SOUTH CONVENE

### VIRTUALLY ALL LINES OF HUMAN ACTIVITY ARE REPRESENTED

### CONVENTION CITY

Louisville A Populace Assembling Ground for Various Bodies This Week

(By Associated Press.)

Louisville, Ky., April 6.—Hundreds of men and women visitors, representing virtually all lines of human activity in the South, are in Louisville, and others are arriving on every train to attend the seventeenth annual sessions of conference for education in the south, comprising various organizations working to uplift country life, and the annual convention of the Southern Educational Association, opens here tomorrow and will continue through Friday. Delegates are here from sixteen southern states.

The conference for education in the south opens tomorrow morning in the First Regiment Armory, in which exhibits have been arranged to represent a model rural community, and where instruction and demonstrations will be given as to the best methods of organizing and conducting farmers clubs and co-operative projects, rural schools and churches, boys and girls clubs, country homes, and various other interests embraced in rural community life. Demonstrations also will be given in domestic science, community hygiene and health and home building.

The general conference will embrace the following sections: Farmers, business men, country women, country preachers, country doctors, editors and boys and girls clubs.

## DOORS THROWN OPEN YESTERDAY

### Handsome Glenn Street School Begins Sessions With 600 Pupils on the Roll

The handsome new Glenn street school was opened here yesterday morning, over 600 pupils being enrolled at this time and of that number more than 400 reported for duty at 9 o'clock when the school was formally opened to order.  
 This makes the sixth white school within the city limits, aside from the two negro schools and is one of the handsomest in the city. The erection of the school building proper cost \$9,510.82, while plumbing and heating arrangements represent an added expenditure of \$2,013. The site cost approximately \$6,000, making an entire outlay of about \$17,500. There are 3,500 white pupils in the city schools of Anderson.

## NEW HOTEL IS TO BE BUILT

### IF ANDERSON PEOPLE WILL COME TO TAW AND LEND AID

### BY RICHMOND MEN

### A. Schilleter Offers To Lease \$110,000 Hostelry For Ten Years If Built

Coming to Anderson from Richmond, Va., for the purpose of making the city a hotel proposition, Clarence Vaden and E. R. Brown yesterday put it right square up to the people of Anderson as to whether or not they desired a splendid hostelry, to be complete in every respect and worthy of a city of Anderson's importance. The two Richmond men were in close conference here all day yesterday with leading business men of the city concerning the proposition and they offer, if the co-operation of Anderson people is secured, to put up here a modern hotel in every respect to cost not less than \$110,000, including site.  
 The proposition is that Clarence Vaden will loan \$45,000 toward the construction of a building and that E. R. Brown will invest \$20,000 for the same purpose provided the Anderson people will invest their money in such a venture. They were interested through Chan S. Bryan, the architect of the theater proposition.  
 A. Schilleter, of Clemson College was also in the city yesterday and the statement made with authority that Mr. Schilleter will lease the new hotel for a period of 10 years if it is built. This understanding was reached at a conference between Messrs. Brown, Vaden and Schilleter held yesterday afternoon. Mr. Schilleter will probably not return into the city.

The Richmond men told a reporter for The Intelligencer last night that they had never seen a town of this size with more bustle and business energy than Anderson seems to possess, and that they would have no hesitancy in investing their money here.  
 The deal is now practically closed, and there is little doubt as there was but \$15,000 to be raised, that the proposition will be accepted by business men of Anderson when it is laid before them. With Mr. Schilleter ready and willing to take charge of the hotel when it is completed and the Richmond men ready to finance the deal there can be no question of failure to enter into this deal.

## EVERY SPANIARD BEING EXPELLED FROM MEXICO

### Rebels Ousting Them as Undesirable Aliens—The Jesuits Will Also Be Expelled

(By Associated Press.)

Juarez Mexico April 6.—Northern and Central Mexico, it is said, are being thoroughly cleared of Spanish residents by the Constitutionalists. The latest news of wholesale expulsion of Spaniards was brought here by General Eufalio Gutierrez, commander of rebel forces in the state of San Luis Potosi.

"We have expelled every Spaniard from that part of the State which we control," said the general today, "and we control all of it except the capital and the city of Matuhuala. I estimate that nearly 1,000 Spaniards have been deported in the last two months."

Every consideration has been shown them, General Gutierrez said. They have been given plenty of time to carry away with them their household effects and other possessions, but not one has been permitted to remain inside the rebel lines.

Justification for the wholesale deportation, it is said, is found by the insurgent chiefs in article 23 of the Mexican constitution—the famous "pernicious foreigner" law—which gives Mexican authorities in right to deport undesirable aliens.

General Gutierrez followed up his story of the Spanish exodus by a threat against the Jesuits in Mexico. "And the Jesuits come next," he said. "Already, it was learned, numbers of Catholic priests have been forced to leave the country in which the Gutierrez men are operating. Many of the deported priests were said to be Spaniards, but a number of Mexican descent.

General Carranza today confirmed the report that General Villa had ordered the expulsion of all Spaniards at Torreon.  
 The exodus was to have been begun today, but it was reported the necessary trains were not available.



Underwood Forces Claim His Election as United States senator over Richmond Pearson Hobson.

## LOST LIVES BY POISONOUS GAS

### NINE WORKMEN IN CAISSON DIES OF GASE ORIGIN OF WHICH IS UNKNOWN

## ALL ARE WHITE MEN

### One Man Attempted to Rescue A Companion and Was Overcome

(By Associated Press.)

Memphis, Tenn., April 6.—Nine lost their lives today and nine others narrowly escaped a like fate when a shaft leading to the underground workings in the foundation of the Harahan Railroad bridge, being constructed across the Mississippi river here, became filled with poisonous gases. Eight men suffocated while descending the shaft to take their places in a caisson ninety feet below the surface, and the ninth man, Peter Watson, a watchman, lost his life in an attempt to rescue his comrades. Those rescued were at work in a compartment adjoining the gas filled shaft. They were hauled to the surface through an opening used to send material to the workmen.

All of the dead were white men. Those rescued are negroes.  
 Divers, protected from the poisonous fumes by their armor, recovered all of the bodies.

Officials of the company, constructing the bridge stated tonight that they had been unable, so far, to definitely determine the cause of the gas formation.  
 The accident occurred about one hundred feet inland on the Arkansas shore of the river. The first intimation those at the top of the shaft had that the men had been overcome was when no report came from the descending crew. Watson volunteered to go to the aid of the men and was overcome while descending the shaft. The shaft was then filled with water and the negroes were hauled to the surface in bucket through the supply shaft. Before the last man was started for the top, water had reached his waist. He was a shift foreman, who refused to leave until the others of his crew had been hauled to safety.

## Bryan Continues Indisposed.

Washington, April 6.—Secretary Bryan was still confined to his home tonight, suffering from an affection of bronchial tubes and grip. Although his condition was reported improved, upon the advice of his physician the secretary will remain home for several days.

## WILL EXPEDITE FORMAL STEPS

### HAVE NO EXPECTATION OF FACING FINANCIAL CRISIS

## SOON NAME BOARD

### Administration Will Do Utmost To Push Organization Of Banking System

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, April 6.—Every effort will be exerted by the Federal reserve bank organization committee to have all banks expedite the formal steps necessary to put the new currency system in operation.

Members of the committee apparently have no expectation that there will be any financial crisis to face, requiring the assistance to banks which the reserve system will provide, but they are particularly anxious to have the twelve reserve banks in the field when crop moving time comes around next fall. They hope to be able, at that time, to demonstrate how easily and quickly the reserve system will take care of a situation which, in previous years, has caused financial worry, and which last fall led to direct loans from the United States treasury to National banks in the farming regions.

As soon as banks in any one district have subscribed the \$4,000,000 capital necessary for a reserve bank, the succeeding steps of organization will be promptly taken. The reserve bank will be given a charter, and the to elect six of the nine directors of member banks will exercise their right each reserve bank.

President Wilson, probably will name the five members of the Federal reserve board he is entitled to appoint, by the time the banks and the reserve bank charters have been granted to them. Then the administration is expected to do its utmost to push the organization of the system along. The reserve board will name three directors of each reserve bank and with this task performed the banks will be ready to operate.

Officials here were interested today in what limitations may be placed upon clearing house associations through the new system. The reserve board will have much power over such associations, but no one in authority cared today to predict how far it might go toward curtailing their activities. The board, however, is not expected to interfere with the local functions of any such association, but its action may take the line of lessening their grip, particularly in the larger cities.

## UNDERWOOD IS FAR IN THE LEAD

### IN THE SENATORIAL RACE FROM THE STATE OF ALABAMA

### HEAVY VOTE CAST

### Complete Returns Will Probably Not Be Received Until Tonight

(By Associated Press.)

Birmingham, Ala., April 7.—(Tuesday)—Indications early today were that Oscar W. Underwood had triumphed over Richmond Pearson Hobson in the contest before democratic primaries throughout the state for the nomination to the United States senate. Owing to the complexity and length of the ballots complete returns probably will not be received until tonight.

The protracted struggle for the nomination between the two distinguished candidates terminated with a record breaking vote by Alabama democrats. Interest in the contest for the short term in the United States senate, a governor and other State and county officers also brought thousands to the polls. Both Mr. Underwood and Representative Hobson were in the city tonight watching returns from the entire state. Shortly after midnight Mr. Underwood made the following statement:

"I am thoroughly satisfied in the primary election held yesterday. I volunteer any statement. When asked if he conceded the nomination of Representative Underwood he said: 'I most positively do not.'"

Incomplete returns indicate a close contest between Ray Dushon, of Montgomery, and Frank S. White, of Birmingham for the nomination to the short United States senatorial term. Watt T. Brown, of Ragland, apparently was outdistanced.

The gubernatorial contest appeared to be even closer than preliminary estimates intimated. While it seemed probable that former governor E. B. Comer would receive a plurality, the hopes of his followers that he would receive a majority were considered doubtful.

## Civil War An Impossibility

### Speeches on Home Rule Have More Peaceful Tenor Than Heretofore

(By Associated Press.)

London, April 6.—By a majority of eighty an amendment for the rejection of the home rule bill was defeated in the house of commons tonight and without division the bill was given for the third time its second reading in the house.

The announcement of the figures evoked louder cheers from the opposition than from the ministerialists, the opposition interpreting them as gratifying proof of a dwindling government majority. But the diminution is accounted for, to some extent, by the abstention from voting of the O'Brienites.  
 The speeches today were generally much more conciliatory in tone than those which marked the bill's earlier passages. John E. Redmond, the Nationalist Leader, who opened the debate, again held out the olive branch of Ulster in a speech of great eloquence, by insisting that it was impossible for him and his colleagues to agree to the permanent exclusion of Ulster, and to abandon the principle of "Ireland a nation."

Andrew Bonar Law, the opposition leader, though professing in certain passages of his speech to see hardly any hope of a peaceful settlement, and predicting that civil war was certain if the government persisted in pushing the bill through, declared that he and his colleagues would gladly accept a proposal for the renewal of the conversations with the government leaders, but feared that nothing would come of it.

A large gathering of Irishmen, all carrying green flags, assembled outside parliament tonight to celebrate the passage of the bill. They cheered wildly when the result of the vote was announced, and gave ovations to the members of the government and the Nationalist leaders as they left the house.

Police Sergeant Killed Woman.  
 Richmond, Va., April 7.—Police Sergeant Phil L. Nelex late tonight shot and instantly killed Mrs. Roberta Lester in her home and then shot himself, dying as he was being lifted into a hospital.