# The Barry Dispatch Morry Dispatch. THURSDAY MORNING,

AT CONWAYBORO', S. C. BY GILBERT & DARR. TERMS.

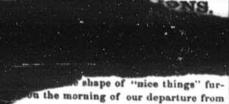
TWO DOLLARS invariably in advance. No paper will be sent out of the District, with-out the money accompanies the order. RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements inserted at Seventy-Five cents per square, (12 lines or less,) for the first sertion, and half that sum for each subsequent insertion.

The number of insertions to be marked on all advertisements, or they will be published until ordered to be discontinued, and charged

One Dollar per square for a single insertion. Quarterly and monthly advertisements will be charged the same as a single insertion, and semi-monthly the same as new

Communications recommending candidates or public office or trust—or puffing exhibiwill be charged as advertisements. res inserted gratis. Obituary notiines, will be charged at adverti-



Mr. B. J. Singleton will also accept our hanks for means to convey "our recruits," and to Messrs Charles F. Malloy, James S. Burroughs and C. Smith, are we especially indebted for the good comforts for the "inner

The gentlemen (unknown to me) who furnished watermelons, &c., is still remembered, and we hope they will "do so again."

J. H. NORMAN, Capt. Co. B. 10th Regiment S. C. V., C. S. P. A. [For the Horry Dispatch.]

Pursuant to requisition, a public meeting of the citizens of Little River and its vicinity, All Saints parish, was held at Little River, on Saturday, August 3d, 1861.

On motion, the meeting was organized by calling the Hou. Peter Vaught to the Chair, and requesting W. I. Gore, and John K. Byrne, to act as Sectaries.

The Chairman having explained the object of the meeting, a committee of eleven was appointed by the Chair, to prepare business for the consideration of the meeting.

The following gentlemen were appointed to constitute the committee : J. J. Wortham, W. A. Clardy, S. Permenter, Wm. Mathews, W. L. Dubois, Peter Vaught Jr., B. N. Ward, W. A. Bessant, J. B. Edge, Peter Cox, Sen., and J. V. Montgomery.

ter consultation, the committee through irman, J J. Wortham, Esq., subfollowing preamble and resolutions. unanimously adopted.

law has been enacted by the sembly of the State of South Caroevent the sacrifice of property, and ew of the present crisis in money matters, the continuance of the war, be it there-

of the Legislature, to use their influence to have such a law passed as wil! protect our property from sacrifice; and that we may devise other ways and means, whereby the sacrifice of property may be avoided, and see can but express our indignation at the sacrifice on July sale day, of property belonging to a member of Capt. White's company, while he was in the service of his country.

Resolved, That we request our Chairman to appoint a committee of four, to enquire of the proper authorities, if ammunition has been appropriated for the use of All Saints parish, and if said committee shall find that no such appropriation has been made, that they raise a subscription in the parish for that purpose.

In accordance with the foregoing resolution. the Chairman appointed Lieut, J. Ward, John P. Bessant, Peter . Vaught, Jr., and Samuel Permenter, a committee, to carry out said reso-

Resolved, That we request the Chairman to appoint a regular committee of fifteen, to ing suspected persons before the proper authorities, and that they be also requested to use their influence to form a Home Guard, to be composed of men not subject to do military duty, and report at our next meeting.

Agreeably to the foregoing resolution the Chairman appointed the following gentlemen a committee to carry out said resolution.

Little River .- W. A. Bessant, J. J. Litchfield .- For Waccamaw .- J.

Peter Cox. Sen. this meeting do now adjourn, a at the same place on Saturday ., to hear the report of commit-

Resolved, That the foregoing proceedings be published in the Horry Dispatch.

PETER VAUGHT, Sen., Chair's. W. I. Gong. Secretaries.

NELSON, THE TENNESSEE TEATTON, -- We have already noticed the arrest of Nelson, one of the traitors of Eastern Tennessee, but have not been able to give any of the particulars attending his capture. The Lynchburg papers of yesterday confirm the rumor of having been captured, but give no other de-

tails than that he was taken in the mountains of Virginia, while making his way to the Federal Congress, to which he claimed to have been recently elected.

A friend in Lynchburg has kindly furnished us with some of the details of his capture .-He was prowling among the mountains in Lee county. Virginia, with an esort of three s, when he was captured by a Gen. Zollicoffer's command his way to Washington; known that the Washbut, 1 ald have adjourned before ad there, the general imington he could engaged in some nerinto Lacon Tennessee of foreign paries. He is now under a strong guard at Abingdon, Virginia, and futur closures may involve him in treasonable practices against the peace and welfare of the

gol has certainly been ordered to the

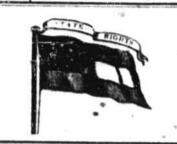
of Fortress Monroe.

Southern Confederacy, which will place him

easant predicament. - Richmond

JOSEPH T. WALSH.

Thursday Morning, August 22.



Ber The Editorial and Proprietary departments of the Dispatch, will be conducted entirely independent of each other. All communications referring to the former, must be addressed to the Editor. Financial matters. and everything connected with the business of the paper, will be conducted by the Proprietors, or Mr. N. G. Osteen, who will transact any business during their absence from

> to return our thanks to our office.

A large and well filled holl of cottor has been received by us from the plantation of Capt. Henry Buck. It bespeaks an abundant picking in the winter, and we are informed it will be for the benefit of the Confederate States Government.

We would say to our subscribers that none of them can be more inconvenienced, or troubled, because of the necessity of issuing only a half sheet of the Dispatch, than its Editor. It has been very perplexing to edit so small a sheet as the Dispatch, even at its fullest size; but it is doubly so, to edit a half sheet. However, there is no help for it, and we must not grumble.

#### Watermelon Syrup.

Mrs. Anna Benson will please accept our thanks for lbe sample of Watermelon Syrup, received by us last week. It was certainly a delightful delicacy, as well as a curiosity of home manufacture.

Wolf, Wolf. In connection with the groundless, yet ex citing rumors, of this week, we would kindly impress upon our readers the moral of the story of the she boy and the wolves. f the war are sufficient to try our souls, without adding to them, startling rumors a ick which must only have their or med and nervous minds, and which on, and industriously circulate uce and instigate the very evil so much dreaded.

### The "Horry Volunteers."

It is with deep regret that we have learned that many of our brave men in the above named corps, have suffered greatly from the exposures of camp life. Our correspondent L. reports the death of our excellent young and opposed to the war now being waged by friend, Jno. R. Dorman, and others we fear the President and his atvisors, against the have followed him to the gloom of the grave. Resolved, That we request our fellow-citi- They have yielded up their lives in their Frederick, Maryland, on the 5th inst., and it Resolved, That we request our fellow-citizens to meet us in Conwayboro', on the first country's defence and their names will be re-was resolved that the State Convention meet destroyed. The United States forces just Monday in September, that we may instruct corded in Liberty's story. The glory of their in the city of Baltimore on Tuesday, the 10th Capt. Grafty, killed; Gen. Sweeney, woundhad fallen on the battle field amidst the din Cannot General Beauregard secure for the and clash of arcis. We are sorry too, to learn | Convention on undisturbed session? from our correspondent, that we have unintentionally, misrepresented the position and part which were occupied and taken by our disobedience of a writ of Habeas Corpus, isvolunteers in the great battle of Manassas .-We gathered our items from telegraphic accounts, of the 7th Regiment, which in other has been instructed to defend himself against respects proved to be correct. We know that South Carolinians will occupy the post of honor, always, if they can possibly obtain it, from those in authority.

# Our Evemies. During the late wildlich it inceln's Rump

Congress, much idle twadure was indulged in, and any quantity of superfluous gas blown off by his servile worshippers. The doom of the South was proclaimed as sealed, and especially before the battle of Manassas, did the Yankee Congressmen delight to picture in gloving terms, the coming glory of the North, and to describe in words of bitter venom and hate, the complete subjugation and not permitted to converse even with his and desolation of the South. "We will subjugate and govern them as territories, if need be," grandiloquently exclaimed one of Lincoln's chosen satellites, at the same time intide P. N Ward .- For mating the possibility of reducing the South the miserable condition of the British West It will, therefore, re-assemble at Frederick. We have carnestly hoped that terance to these sentiments, might red into our hands; and then again, we have thought it would be beneath our dignity to notice, or feel at all disturbed at the velping of such hounds. Baffled rage, and impotent malice must find vent in words, and these words express the sincere desires of their filthy souls. They set forth the true aims and the real cause of the horrible war now being waged in this once happy and

prosperous land. For political and commercial supremacy, they would make blood to flow like water. For gain and to satisfy a devilish ambition, they would desecrate and convert into a howling wilderness, one of the most highly favored sections of God's Earth; and they invite a half civilized and degraded people to assist them in the horrible work of its destruction and ruin. But thanks to an Almighty Power, and to the mighty efforts of the gallant sons of the South, our bitter foes, are much less likely now, than ever before, to achieve the they are now reeling under heavy blows administered by the help of God-blows, which we trust will, in a measure at least, bring them to their senses.

#### The Horry Rebels. owing is a special dispatch to the

Horry (S. Mebels, Capt. Alston, one hundred strong, have arrived here, but on account

## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Lincoln's Rump Congress has adjourned to meet again in December next, after having adopted a scheme by which it is hoped money may be raised to support his government .-Many bills were passed, among the most important of which are the bills relating to the direct and income tax ; the revised tariff ; inereasing the regular United States army to 40,000 men; authorizing the President to call out 500,000 volunteers; defining and punish- was arrested on the Africa just as she was on ing certain conspiracles; increasing the medical corps of the navy; creating the office of Assistant Secretary of the Navy ; providing for the suppression of rebellion; for the better organization of the marine corps; fixing the compensation of the officers of the revenue marine; regulating the navy rations; providing for the appointment of Assistant Paymasters in the navy; increasing the pay of the regular army and volunteers two dollars per month; providing for the confiscation of property used for rebellious puposes; suspending the Sub-Treasury system, by allow-ing the public money to be deposited in State banks, besides several appropriation bills and the other it is supposed will die. other measures of less importance. The joint resolution to legalize the war measures adopted by the President previous to the assembling of Congress failed to pass the Senate, no wor having been taken on them previous to the final adjournment.

President Davis has approved an Act of ongress, making an appropriation of \$1,000,-000 to sustain the Missouri troops now cooperating with the Confederate troops in the redemption of that State. Also, an Act authorizing the President to accept the services of 400,000 additional volunteers for the public defence. Also, an Act authorizing the President to issue his Proclamation, requiring all citizens of the United States, now in the Confederate States, to depart within forty days from the date of the Proclamation, unless they make a declaration of their intention to become citizens, and to acknowledge the authority of the Government.

The Paris correspondent of the London Post says that the British and French Governments are corresponding relative to American affairs, and will probably unite in a policy similar in all respects.

imilar in all respects.

A correspondent writes to the Pichmond Enquirer, correcting the statement that Gen. Beauregard had borne forward the flag of the Hampton Legion. He says: "The honor properly belongs to Lieut. G. W. Lester, of the "Davis Guards," who, when the order for charge was given, bore the Palmetto colors about fifteen paces in front, calling on South Carolina to follow, which was promptly done. Corporal O'Connor, of the Washington Light Infantry, was the next to take it, and he it was who waved the first Southern flag over Sherman's Battery.

Anderson, of Sumter notoriety, has determined to take the field. He says the Union men of Kentucky are calling him.

The War Department has received official advices of the battle near Springfield and the death of Gen. Lyon.

A meeting of those members of the Legislature of Maryland who are in favor of peace Southern Confederate States, was held in death is perhaps even greater, than if they day of September next, at 11 o'clock a. m --

> A writ of attachment has been issued against Col. Burk, requiring him to show cause for sued for the Baltimoreans now confined in Fort Lafayette, Col. Burk Commandant. He arrest, by the arch usurper, Lincoln.

> The great Chicago Wigwam in which Lincoln was nominated, was struck by lightning on the 3d instant. It is somewhat remarkable that the electric fluid in its course struck

> the bust of Lincoln, shattering it to atoms. A wanderful cave, glittering with stalactite and stalagmite formations, and abounding with cool and sparkling pools, has been discovered near Cave City, Ky., and is attracting much attention from the curious and scientific. It is called Osceola.

On the 14th inst., the Hon. Chas. J. Faulkner, late U S. Minister to France, was arrested immediately on his arrival from Europe

The Legislature of Maryland, on the 7th instant, adjourned over till Tuesday, the 17th of September. An effort was made, but failed, to hold the next session at Annapolis .-

# GALVESTON ROMBARDED

On Saturday, 3d instant, the blockading quadron exchanged five or six shots with the batteries on Galveston Island, doing no damage on either side. On the following Monday afternoon, the gun-boat South Carolina moved from her usual station, to a point almost within rifle shot of the batteries which defend the city of Galveston. The batteries having opened, the steamer answered by throwing shells over the city, which exploded in the air, doing no material injury. One shell exploded among some lookers on near the batteries, killing one and wounding two or three. Some fourteen shots in all were exchanged, when the steamer withdrew. It is believed that she was struck on the side, and her pivot gun capsized. Great indis nation is expressed at this outrait attempt to bombard the city without no

TALK OF ATTACKING CHARLESTON The New York Herald says: "A caufious and wise policy seems to govern the action of consummation of their malicious desires, and General McClellan, and it is not likely that any attack upon the rebel position at Manassas will be renewed until the army under his command is thoroughly organized and put upon a proper war footing, a consummation which is being rapidly and effectively arrived at. There has been considerable discussion among military men in Washington within the past few days as to the propriety of MELDON, N. C., August 15, 10 P. M,-The attacking Charleston by sea, with a view to divert the forces of the rebels from their position in Virginia, where they have manifestly of there being no connection they will camp concentrated their largest army. It was bere till morning. All are well and in high thought that such a movement would be an excellent piece of strategy in the present con-

dition of affairs, yet it is not very probable that it will be adopted."

BATTLE AT CHARLESTON, MO. MEMPHIS, August 15 .- A dispatch from Hickman, Kentucky, says that a battle has taken place at Charleston, Mo., between the Confederate forces under Gen. Jeff. son, and the Fremonters. The lat-

driven back after a severe loss. Mr. Robert Mure, of Charleston, passing as a courier of the British Consul of New Orleans, the point of leaving for Europe. Several pawas also bearer of dispatches from the Confederates.

A sad casualty occurred on the Blue Ridge Road on Thursday the 8th instant. As a party was on their way to visit the campy when about a mile and a half from Anderson Village the engine ran over a cow, which threw the engine from the track. Judge Munro's son Edwin, was standing in the door of the car, and was crushed so seriously as to cause his death in an hour afterwards. Two negroes were also injured-one is dead and The Wilmington Journal of the 15th inst.

Soldiers are every day passing Kilmington, on their way to Virby number went through yesmanly, if not wholly, from the cot-We think that the complaints about South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama not dowg their duty in the way of troops is a mistaks. We have seen them go through rapidly, and Louisiana has not been wanting; and they will send more, good men who make their mark. The time is rapidly coming when Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas, Alabama and Louisiana will be even more the seat of war than Virginia, and when the "Cotton States" will be thrown on the defensive themselves, to prevent the capture of their great marts, and defend their rivers and communications. They will want one hundred thousand men a least after the first

### [From Dispatches to the Associated Press. ] The Great Battle near Springfield. THE ENEMY'S ACCOUNT.

LOUISVILLE, August 14 .- The following is the official report of the fight near Springfield, on Saturday last, as brought to St. Louis by one of Gen. Lyon's Aids to Gen.

Gen. Lyon, in three columns under himself, Gen. Seigel and Major Sturgis, attacked the enemy at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 10th, nine miles Southeast of Springfield. The engagement was severe. Our (U.S.) loss is about eight hundred killed and wound Gen. Lyon was killed in a charge at the head of his column. Our force IU. amounted to eight thousand, including two thousand of the H. Guard. The enemy's loss is reported theavy, including Gen. McCulloch taken prisoner.

This statement is corroborated by a prison-

Seigel retreated to Springfield at three o'clock on the 11th, and continued to retreat on Rolla, bringing off his baggage trains and in specie from the Springfield Bank. llowing intelligence from Rolla, Mo., , was furnished by an eye witness

pringfield Sanday morning. The from six in the morning until two ernoon. The Southerners charged Totters battery three times. Lyon fell early in the action. Seigle had a severe struggle, and left three out of four guns on the field,

ed in the leg; Col. Mitchel, seriously; Major Shepperd, slightly. Of the regular forces, Capt. Plummer, wounded seriously: Capt Miller, Capt. Cavender, Capt. Burk, Col. Deitzler and Capt. McFarland, seriously. Five Lieutenants were killed. General

Price, of the Confederates, was not killed. It was runored on the field that Gen McCulloch was killed, but the rumor was

On Saturday night Mr. Wincher left Springfield with ambulances, to see about the tien. Lyon's body had been treated with

great respect by the Southerners Gen. Freemont has telegraphed to the Government, saying that Lyon is killed, and Seigle in full retreat followed by the enemy. He unges the Government to send forward

every available man. Gentlemen who have arrived at Louisville from St. Louis say that Fremont, in order to check the dangerous enthusiasm of the people, was compelled to consent to the publication of falsehoods regarding affairs in South-western Missouri. The rout there is regarded as a total annihilation of the United States forem. After blowing up the powder magazines and destroying other property. Seigel left, and on Sunday night encamped thirty

miles this side of Springfield. The United States forces at St Louis have aken possession of the l'olice Office. The Home Guards are under arms. stood that Gen. Fremont will declare martial He has borrowed \$250,000 from the St. Louis Banks. Heavy siege guns are being mounted commanding the approaches to the

Later advices state that Gen. Fremont has the City and County of St. Louis artial law W. McKinney has been appointed

a Marshal fact of McCulloch's being either wounded or captured, has not been confirmed

RICHMOND, August 16 .- The glorious news

From Special Dispatches to the Charleston Mercury.] The Battle at Lovettsville.

of the brilliant exploit of Gen. N. G. Evans, in completely cutting off a large body of the inviders, is fully confirmed by official despatches received at the War Department to-The particulars do not differ substantially from the account I sent the Mercury yesterday. The brigade of Gen. Evans consisted of the 8th Virginia Regiment and the 17th and 18th Mississippi Regiments. The Howitzer Battery, from this city, was also in-cluded in his command. The enemy's force nsisted of 1700 men, a portion of Gen. inks' army on the upper Potomac and were admirably equipped and provided in every re-The fight occurred at Lovettsville, a

small town in Loudon county, about twelve miles northwest of Leesburg, and distant only about six miles from Gen. Banks' Headquarters at Harper's Ferry. The enemy crossed the Potomac late on Monday evenings During that night a great rise in the river took place, and all the neighboring fords were quite mpassable It was in this condition that Gen. Evans brought up his three regiments to attack the enemy. So skillfully was his advance planned, that our loss, in killed and wounded, was less than 20; while the enemy's loss, in killed, exceeded 200. The number of prisoners taken is nearly 1500, with a

incoln's Assistant Secretary of the Navy eforts that he has engaged a hundred vessely sist in the enforcement of the revenue

ramsportations, arms, etc.

# LATEST BY MAIL.

Last nights mail brought us no Charleston

[Associated Press Dispatches. 7 From Europe.

The London Times is bitterly sarcastic on the battle of Bu? Run. The same paper in dulges in some hard cracks on the Southern

The Times fears that the question of the blockade of the Southern ports will lead to

difficult complication. Lord Palmerston has declared that the entrance by any duty-paying vessel at any blockaded port, wipes out the blockade. A belligerent may seal all ports, but when it lets in a single vessel the right to blockade it

The London Herald says that when Napo geon heard of the result of the battle of Bull Run, he resolved to recognize the Confede-

The news from Missouri is to the effect that he Federal forces are doing their best to escape the clutches of McCulloch and Hardee. The Richmond Dispatch says that the state-ment that Gen. Seigle's location is unknown at St. Louis, confirms our belief that his com-mand has been captured by Gen. Hardee. Confederate masked batteries are gradelearing the Potomac of Lincoln's with

ers. The Pocahontas and an armed out were roughly handled on Friday last,

Lincoln has issued a proclamation declaring all commercial intercourse with the secceded States unlawful. Goods going to or coming from them, either by land or water, without Chase's special permit, are forfeited: also any vessel or vehicle conveying the same or persons to or from said States ; and that from and after fifteen days from the issuing of the proclamation, all vessels or ships belonging, n whole or in part, to the citizens or inhabitants of the said seceded States, found at sea or in any of the United States, will be for-

We are indebted to Lieut. J. R. Beaty, for an opportune supply of Charleston papersthus remedying the mail failure.

## LOST! LOST!

OST by the subscriber on the night of the 12th inst., between CAMP MARI-AND CONWAYBORO', a dark brown OVER-COAT CAPE, having small button holes worked on the upper edge.

I will satisfy the finder of the same on his returning it to me at Camp Marion, or my residence in Conway boro', or by giving me such information as to the place where I can Lieut. SAWL BELL. Camp Marion, 10th Reg't. S. C. V.

### NOTICE.

ROM and after this date the subscribers will sell goods ONLY FOR CASH OR BARTER.

COW HIDES. CORN, HAY,

WANTED. Those indebted to us will please come forward and settle, either by cash, produce or B. J. SINGLETON & CO.

NOTICE. THE KINGSTON DETACHMENT of the Waccamaw Light Artillery will take notice that on SATURDAY next, the 24th, there will be a regular drill at Conwayboro'. A full turn out is very much solicited. By order of Licut. J. CAUSEY, Commanding.

# J. A. THOMPSON, O. S.



ADJUTANT AND INSP'TOR GEN'L'S OFFICE, ) Charleston, S. C., August 13, 1861.

GENERAL ORDER No. 109.1 A LL PERSONS WHOSE BONDS ARE
IN POSSESSION IN POSSESSION of this Department, who may have given these Bonds for Arms is sued to Companies which have since dishanded, are hereby notified that such Bonds will be put in suit unless the said Arms are returned within thirty days from this date.

By order of the Governor CHARLES H. SIMONTON. Acting Adjutant and Insp'tr Gen'l of S C.

#### ATTENTION CAROLINA GREYS



AVING been received for duty in Virginia, you will report yours onwayboro', on Saturday the 24th instant. Punctual attendance required. By order of

# T. F. GILLESPIE, Captain.

TO MY CUSTOMERS.

HAVING left my business, and gone to Virginia, to help defend our country, I am compelled to adopt the CASH SYSTEM to property, at the suit of the State for Taxes. support my family, after this

My old customers can't com- Holt, as the property of Marmaduke Powell plain as they have their farms, from which to feed their families, while my dependence is only my Goods, which must bring the cash.

Mr. O. G. EATON is my authorized Agent to act in my absence, and has strict orders to sell only for cash.

The plantation and sidence of Wm. E. Hughes, containing Solderes, more or less, lying on the East side of Simpson's Creek, adjoining lands of A. J. Slandee, as his property, at the suit of the Sale for Taxes.

Persons will please give him their notes for their accounts, or Peasite let him have Bacon and Corn for lan the same.

After the war is over, and if by large amount of stores, amounttion, hope to be able to resume my

> GEO. R. CONGDON. August 15



ADJUTANT AND INSP'TOR-GEN'L'S OFFICE, ? Charleston, S. C. July 25, 1861.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 94. ALL PERSONS NOT ATTACHED TO ANY EXISTING organized Company who may be in possession of any PUBLIC ARMS are hereby ordered to deliver such Arms to some Commissioned Officer of the Best in which they may reside. Officers of Beat Companies will report the Arms so returned to them to this office.

By order of the Governor CHAS. H. SIMONTON. Acting Adjutant and Inspir Gen'l of S. C.

## NOTICE.

HE undersigned having obtained letters of administration of the estate of EZE-KIEL H. PARKER deceased, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate to nu

tate consisting of Horses, Hogs, Callie, household and kitchen furniture &c., will be exposed to public sale at the late residence of said deceased, on Thursday, the 29th instant.

Terms made known on day of sale.

J. G. POWELL, Adm'r.

### 24 SHERIFF'S SALES.

P virtue of sandry writs of Pi Fas to me directed, and lodged in my office, 1 will offer for sale before the Court House in Conwayboro' on the first Monday and Tuesday in September next, during legal sale hours, the following property to wit:

A tract of land, containing one thousand and thirty acres, more or less on Bug Swamp, adjoining Moses Tyler's land, as the property of W. F. Bryant, at the suit of W. H. Harris.

The plantation and residence of Thos. Boyd, containing 200 acres more or less as his property, at the suit of Alva Smith, bear-

A tract of land containing four hundred acres, more or less, situated on Buck Creek and Camp Swamp, and known as the Norris land, as the property, of D. M. Butler, at the suit of K. H. Futch. The plantation and residence of Joseph

Floyd, containing one hundred and eighty six neres, more or less, as his property, at the suits of Wm. Floyd, and others. The plantation and residence of Joseph P. Kirton, containing 900 acres, more or less, as

his property, at the suit of A. S. Legett. The plantation, or tract of land known as the Cabe Tuck | antation, containing 300 acres, more or less, lying on Pec Dec Road, djoining J. J. Kirton's land; also, one other tract of land, containing 300 acres, more or less, lying on Alms Branch; and also, two lots of land in the village of Conwayboro', with the house thereon, containing one acre, more or less, lying near the Gully, levi as the property of Joseph P. Kiese suit of A. S. Legett,

A tract of land, containing one hun dred and eighty acres more or less, and known as the Jenkin's tract, as the property of Stephen W. Kirton, at the suit of W. H.

Jones and others. A Negro boy by the name of Bill, as the ty of Randolph S. Johnston, at th

of Burroughs & Gurganuts. The plantation and residence of Reaves, containing three thousand acreor less, and known as the Round Swat his property, at the suit of Coachman

The plantation and residence of thur Suggs, containing 500 acres, as

property, at the suit of Samuel Bell, at A bay Horse, as the property of S

II. Singleton, at the suit of John Darby Three tracts of land, to wit: one taining one hundred and fifty three ac. adjoining J. J. Hughs, and is a part of the Jos. Hux land: Also one other tract, containing two hundred and fifty acres, the one half of the Sion Sellers' land, on Chinson Swamp, and also, one other tract, containing two hundred and twenty acres, known as the Malakiah James' land, on Brunson S vamp, as the property of A. B. Skipper, at the suit of

Samuel S Hardwick and others, Three Horses as the property of R. C.

Ward, at the suit of Sam'l Bell, adm'r. The plantation where Jos. B. Johnson formerly lived, lying on Bear Swamp, as his property at the suit of the State for Taxes.

A tract of land, containing 1000 acres more or less, lying on Bug Swamp, as the property of Enoch Cobb, at the suit of the State for

A tract of land, containing 150 acres, more or less, lying on Potato-bed Ferry Road, adjoining land of Jas. B. McCracken, and others, as the property of Wm. W minor.) at the suit of the State for Taxes

A tract of land, containing perty of John Tind for Taxes.

The plantation where Mrs. Josiah Harrelion now lives containing 75 acres, as the property of Benj. Harrelson, at the suit of he State for Taxes. The plantation and residence of Win II.

ying on the Waccamew River, adjoining lands of Wm. A. Bellamy and others, as his A tract of land, containing 300 scres, more or less, lying on the road to Whitesville, near the N. C. line, adjoining lands of Wm.

Potter, containing 300 acres, more or

at the suit of the State for Taxes. The plantation and residence of Hannah Parker, containing 200 acres, more or less, lying on the west side of Simpson's Creek. adjoining lands of A. S. H. Martin, as her

property at the sgit of the State for Taxes.

A trace of land, containing 1200 acres more or less lying above Johnston's Ferry, on Little Peach Birm, adjoining the Johnston's Ferry roperty of Wm. H. Johnston, at George Keller and others.

ract of land, containing 400 acres, more ss lying on Baxters Swainp and Horse the grace of God I am spared, I Pond Bay, about 3 miles from Conwaybore. near the road leading to Georgetown, adjoining lands of Wm. H. Parker and Z. W. Dusenbury as the property of R. P. Green, at the suit of F. D. Hughes assignee.

W. I. GRAHAM, S. H. D. Sheriff's Office, Aug 14

# State of South Carolina.