

SALUTATORY.

In commencing, at this particular period of our National and State affairs, the publication of a paper in Winnsboro, which, we trust, will receive the countenance and support of the citizens of this and adjoining Districts to Fairfield, the undersigned feels sensibly the responsibility he is undertaking.

Having been almost raised in this section of country, and being acquainted with many of its oldest citizens, we are confident that the liberal and patriotic portion of them will give to us that patronage which is requisite to the support of a district paper.

Ever since the old Fairfield Herald and Register have been discontinued, the people of this district, (as we have been informed by some of its most influential citizens,) have felt the want of the establishment of a district paper, hence, we intend, to exert ourself to secure to them this advantage, provided they give us the support which is necessary to sustain the enterprise.

Being a printer, practically, and having for the past eighteen years followed the business, we feel confident in saying we can give to the reading portion of our district such a paper as they will be pleased to welcome to their firesides. As a news journal, we intend that our little offspring shall be second to none, having made all necessary arrangements for securing the latest telegraphic reports, we will be prepared to give to our readers the very latest that can be secured;—from our exchanges we will cull the latest and most important items, with a view to the enlightenment and pleasure of our readers. In fact, we will spare neither pains, labor or expense in making The Daily News a thorough news journal.

As regards the political sentiment of our sheet, there is, undoubtedly, but one course left for a true Southern man to adopt, and that is the advocacy of the thorough independence of the Confederate States—no compromise—no going back into the Union,—but an eternal resistance until the sovereignty and independence of the South, from Yankee thralldom, shall be guaranteed.

Our course, nevertheless, will be independent, not neutral, upon all political topics. We belong to no party, as a party, unless it be the great Southern Rights Party, and with that we are prepared to sink or swim.

Our State and Confederate Governments will receive our hearty approval when they do, in our opinion, what is right;—but when they err, we will criticize without fear or favor. And even so with our statesmen, and those in the public walks of life. Their good deeds will be heralded with gratification, while their errors will receive the criticism which they deserve.

Give us the support, kind friends, that we need in establishing our paper, and we will try and merit your confidence and further patronage.

Respectfully,

J. E. BRITTON.

TO OUR FRIENDS

Who desire to sustain our publications we say come forward and subscribe at once, and by your countenance and support, put upon a sure foundation your district-paper.

Our office is at the old stand of the Herald and Register, where we will be pleased to see all who may give us a call. For terms, &c., see first page.

TO OUR PATRONS.

Should any of our patrons fail to receive their papers promptly, they will please notify us immediately of the fact. Our carriers are not yet thoroughly acquainted with their routes, but we hope soon to have everything working orderly.

TO OUR BROTHERS

Of the Press we extend the right hand of fellowship, hoping that our intercourse may be pleasant and profitable.

Those who will exchange with us, and to whom we send this number of our paper, will please send on their several publications immediately.

TO POSTMASTERS.

We send this number of our paper to Postmasters in this and adjoining districts, and ask them to distribute them gratuitously for us.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

The Legislature of North Carolina, adjourned on Tuesday morning last, to meet again on the third Thursday in May.

THE NEWS TO-DAY.

Under our telegraphic head will be found the latest telegrams received. Much interesting news received over the wires during the past few days might be profitably used in this edition, but in consequence of the non-arrival of engaged assistants, we are compelled to curtail the quantity and simply give abbreviated extracts.

On the 9th instant a great war meeting was held at the African Church, Richmond, which was addressed by Hon. HUNTER, of Virginia, G. of North Carolina, and others.

A meeting was also held in the hall of the House of Delegates, and addressed by Messrs. GOODE, BALDWIN, and others.

The demonstrations of the people indicate a full acceptance of the war forced upon them by LINCOLN'S refusal to negotiate upon the peace question, and stirring resolutions were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted to continue the war until our independence is achieved.

The appointment of General HAMPTON (says the Columbia South Carolinian,) to the command of two such divisions as those of Generals BUTLER and YOUNG, is an earnest of success. He is once more at the head of the men he has so often led to victory on Virginia fields—men on whom both the country and himself can depend—and we may, therefore, look for a repetition here of the gallantry which has been bulletined from every battle in which they have had a place. The arrival of BEAUREGARD, the thought that HAMPTON is in the saddle, the co-operation of Gen. JOHNSTON, who, although for the present "behind the scenes," does not withhold his skill and experience, whenever demanded, together with a score of other facts of an encouraging character, which should not be published are events that may well give our people great joy.

DEATH OF EX-GOVERNOR BENNETT.—Hon. Thomas Bennett, Ex-Governor of South Carolina, died on the 30th ult., at Anderson Court House.

The oldest by many years of citizens who have passed the Chair of State, and the Chief Chair of this his home city—a citizen distinguished in many ways beyond his age, his decease deserves a fuller record than can now be given.—Charleston Courier.

GEN. FORREST AND THE NEGROES.—A correspondent of the Columbus Sun says: I had a conversation with Gen. Forrest yesterday, he favors arming 200,000 negroes. He declares if he ever had any inclination to fight for revenge, that time and feeling have past. He now only contends for principle, for home, wife and children, to prevent subjugation, but desires peace—and is tired of scenes of blood. During the past year half of his command have been killed or wounded. The face of the General is yet young, but his head is silvery grey—almost white.

CONVICTS TO BE PARDONED.—The Georgia penitentiary convicts, who formed into a company on the approach of the enemy to Milledgeville, and who have fought through the campaign, have been furloughed for thirty days, at the expiration of which time they are to report to the office of the Adjutant and Inspector General of the State of Georgia. Upon presenting a certificate of their having joined some company in the Confederate service, they will be pardoned from the sentence of confinement.

DISTINCT AS THE WAVES, YET ONE AS THE SEA.—We learn from the Raleigh Confederate that one of the happy results of the visit of the North Carolina commissioners to President Davis, was the determination that no State should desert her sisters or enter upon the mad project of separate State action.

Shad have made their appearance in the Wilmington (North Carolina) market house, at one dollar and a half (in specie) per pair.

Lay it not to your hearts that peace can come by submission, says the Mobile Register; it will not bring peace to return to the Union; no, never; better by far to spend our days among the rocks and cliffs of our mountain chains, as strangers to our homes, than yield our arms to a vengeful and hated foe. We know enough of him; we knew him before we fought him with muskets, for upon many fields, when peace was said to reign, we have battled with him, greatly to our sorrow. Let us turn over the pages of the past and we will find that by appropriation, by taxation, by exchange, by territory, by State enactments, by fugitive slave laws, by every consideration, we have suffered by so-called Union, by being an appendage, a dependency. It has ceased, let it be forever hushed; no more Union, no more submission. Let all these considerations nerve our wills, shut our ears to those who ring Peace, and if they will persist let them be Anathema.

Let our enemy but withdraw from our soil, and we will hail it as the first intimation of peace which they have given us in the past thirty years and our sacred word for it, we will be in advance of that large column of peace-makers who would be found rushing to its sacred altars. We yearn for a peace that is honorable, but will scorn every proposition for peace which has to be purchased by submission or reunion.

GENERAL SHERMAN.—We append an extract from a letter written before the war by this man, who is now trying to subjugate the South. It was addressed to a delegate to the Charleston Convention from one of the Western States:

"FORT RIDGELY, March 20, 1860. "Now, my dear fellow, I am glad you are going South, and all we ask of you is to give us a good President." Stop this damnable negro heresy of the country; frown upon every Abolitionist you meet; and, as you pass down through Old Virginia, see that the remnant of that raid of Brown's, yet unhung, are promptly brought to the halter. And, in the meantime, if you will take a few of our most distinguished sons of the devil (Republicans,) now in the Minnesota Legislature, along with you, and let them see Virginia justice, you will benefit our community. Yours truly, and in haste, "T. W. SHERMAN."

PASS HIM ROUND.—One Dr. R. V. Lemoine, representing himself to be a Frenchman by birth and a refugee from New Orleans, says the Monticello (Fla.) Friend, whilst on a visit to that place recently, was guilty of a crime at which humanity shudders. The character of the crime he committed will not bear publication, but murder; to our mind, would be a slight offence in comparison. His gray hairs were all that preserved him from a coat of tar and feathers. We call upon the press to pass him around, as one too degraded to live in a decent community, and too beastly even for the companionship of brutes.

CAPTURE OF BEEVES.—From the Chattanooga Gazette of the 5th of January, which we have before us, we gather the following item of good news for our side. The Gazette says a raid was made the day before on the Government cattle which were grazing at a point eight miles from the town. The raiders were about 400, said to be under the command of Gatewood and Tom Polk Edmonson. They captured 800 beeves, and killed wounded and captured nearly all the guard. General Meagher, who commands at Chattanooga, sent a force after the raiders but they had got off and carried their blunder with them. Our boys are getting bold to go within eight miles of Chattanooga.

THE PEACE THE NORTH PROPOSES TO US.—The following resolution has been submitted in the Yankee Congress.—How do the reconstructionists like it? Resolved, by Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled, That no negotiation, terms of settlement, or concession, or compromises, be entered into, proposed, yielded, or made with the rebels, directly or indirectly, until they have manifested their implicit and unconstitutional submission to the authorities of the Government; and further, that however much peace may be desired, the present war must be waged with all the resources and energy of the Government, until said submission shall be secured, and the supremacy of the Constitution and the laws established over the entire territory of the United States, as heretofore claimed.

James R. Randall, Jr., author of "Maryland, my Maryland," was married at Burnside, South Carolina, on the 15th January to Miss Kate S. Hammond, eldest daughter of General M. C. M. Hammond.

WAR NEWS.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

SEIGE OF CHARLESTON—580TH DAY.

About eight o'clock Friday morning a force supposed to be between three and four thousand strong, under cover of their gunboats, effected a landing at Grimball's, James Island. Our pickets, after a brisk fight, fell back to the first line of works. Major Manigault, of the Palmetto Battalion, in command of our picket force, was reported seriously wounded. The enemy, after crossing the Causeway, drew up in line of battle, and were moving slowly at last accounts. No general fight, however, had taken place. No apprehensions are entertained of this movement, which is believed to be nothing but a feint. Very heavy firing was heard in that direction at the hour of closing our report.

Another force made an attack on our lines at Saltketchie, on Friday morning; but were easily repulsed. At the same time a body of the enemy advanced upon the Charleston road near Blue House, and opened with their artillery, but made no impression on our lines.

The enemy appear to have withdrawn most of their forces from Combahee ferry. Everything in that vicinity is reported quiet.

A steamer filled with troops came up to Tar Bluff and landed a number, with the intention of capturing our pickets.

The enemy re-opened fire on the city yesterday, throwing eight shells.—Charleston Courier, 11th.

A SAMPLE OF SAVANNAH RULE.—We find in the New York Commercial the following paragraph, which will show how delightful the Yankee rule in Savannah is becoming:

"A Savannah belle stepped off the side walk the other day to avoid walking under the American flag, which hung in front of an officer's headquarters. General Geary, military commandant of the city, immediately gave orders to have her promenade back and forth under the hateful symbol for an hour, as a warning for similar offenders."

Wanted to Hire.

OR purchase, a good house servant, washer and ironer. To such, a comfortable home and kind treatment will be given. feb 13'65—421w2 O. R. THOMPSON.

Confederate Taxes.

FAIRFIELD DISTRICT.

THE Department requires that the Advance Tax, Non-Agricultural and Soldiers Tax shall be closed forthwith. Defaulting tax payers must pay immediately.

The soldiers tax of one-fifth to be paid in currency on Agricultural property, will be collected in Winnsboro commencing on the 1st day of March next and daily to the end of the month. And as soon as all your tithe is delivered procure from the Post Quarter Master a certificate stating the value of the tithe so that the deduction may be made by the District Collector and any balance found due may be collected.

O. R. THOMPSON.

14th District Collector.

feb 13'65—41w1w4

General Superintendent's Office,



CHARLOTTE & S. C. RAILROAD

COLUMBIA, S. C., January 14, 1865.

UNTIL further notice, this company will not receive, or forward PRIVATE FREIGHT for Charlotte or points beyond. JAMES ANDERSON, General Superintendent.

feb 13'65

State Record of Names of Deceased Soldiers.

SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

COLUMBIA, January 10, 1865.

UNDER appointment by the Legislature to prepare this Record, I earnestly appeal to the families or friends of our deceased soldiers to send me at once their names &c. while there is an opportunity to secure accurate information. Hospital registers and reports of casualties from the army are deficient in the information required; it must be obtained at home.

The Record will date back to the beginning of the war, and include all who have been killed in battle or died of wounds received in battle, or from disease or accident. If you have been so fortunate as not to lose friend or relative, yet remember that it is noble to rescue from oblivion the name of but one friendless youth who had gone from your neighborhood to die in our cause.

Give—1. Name in full. 2. From what District. 3. Rank. 4. Company. 5. Regiment and arm of service. 6. Died, year, month, day. 7. Cause of death, and remarks (as were heeded, age, previously wounded, &c.)

Circulars and blanks to be filled will be sent to such as desire them. No fee or expense is incurred by any one for having the record made. The State is endeavoring to fulfill a sacred obligation in securing now, and recording for posterity, the names of all heroes who have fallen in this war. In 1862, the Convention unanimously resolved that this should be done, "a token of respect to their memories, and a legacy of inestimable value to their friends;" and the resolution was sent forth, by their order, to be read to our regiments, battalions and companies everywhere. Many a brave soldier may have died in solitude or rushed upon the foe, with the thought in his heart that his name would be honorably preserved at home. feb 13'65—48 WM J. RIVERS.

Proclamation

BY THE PRESIDENT, APPOINTING A DAY OF FASTING, HUMILIATION AND PRAYER, WITH THANKSGIVING.—The Congress of the Confederate States have, by a joint resolution, invited me to appoint a day of public fasting, humiliation and prayer, with thanksgiving to Almighty God.

It is our solemn duty, at all times, and more especially in a season of public trial and adversity, to acknowledge our dependence on His mercy, and to bow in humble submission before His footstool, confessing our manifold sins, supplicating His gracious pardon, imploring His Divine help, and devoutly rendering thanks for the many and great blessings which He has vouchsafed to us.

Let the hearts of our people turn contritely and trustfully unto God; let us recognize in His chastening hand the correction of a Father, and submissively pray that the trials and sufferings which have so long borne heavily upon us may be turned away by His merciful love; that His sustaining grace be given to our people, and His divine wisdom imparted to our rulers; that the Lord of Hosts will be with our armies, and fight for us against our enemies; and that He will graciously take our cause into His own hand and mercifully establish for us a lasting, just and honorable peace and independence.

And let us not forget to render unto His holy name the thanks and praise which are so justly due for His great goodness, and for the many mercies which He has extended to us amid the trials and sufferings of protracted and bloody war.

Now, therefore, I, JEFFERSON DAVIS, President of the Confederate States of America, do issue this, my proclamation, appointing FRIDAY, the 10th day of March next, as a day of public fasting, humiliation and prayer, (with thanksgiving,) for invoking the favor and guidance of Almighty God; and I do earnestly invite all soldiers and citizens to observe the same in a spirit of reverence, penitence and prayer.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Confederate States, at Richmond, this twenty-fifth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

By the President:

J. P. BENJAMIN, Secretary of State.

feb 13'65—41

To the Friends of the Soldiers

THROUGHOUT THE CONFEDERACY.

QUARTERMASTER GEN'S DEPARTMENT, Railroad Bureau, Richmond, Feb. 20, '64.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the Southern Express Company, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the Express Company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations, which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery, or to any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home, the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and, in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several railroad companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the Transportation of these packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their agents who have heretofore acted as traveling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of other armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS, Lt. Col. and Quarterm'r.

Approved, A. R. LAWTON, Quartermaster Gen'l.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO., Augusta, Ga., Feb. 20, 1864.

The Southern Express Company hereby notify the friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card, and that they will do all in their power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER, Gen'l Supt and Acting Pres't.

feb 13'65

The Daily North Carolinian.

PUBLISHED AT WILMINGTON, N. C.,

By H. H. MUNSON.

Rates of subscription in advance.

One copy, three months : : : : \$25 00

To Soldiers one month : : : : 6 00

No subscription taken for a longer or shorter period than three months.

The paper will be discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for unless renewed.

Advertising Rates.

Advertisements will be inserted daily at Five Dollars per square for each insertion, ten lines or less constituting a square.

Advertisements inserted as Special or Bishop Notices are charged one-half more than above rates—eight (lead) lines or less counted as a square.

Obituaries, Marriage Notices, Funeral and Religious Notices, when not exceeding four lines published free.

No publication made without a responsible name.

feb 13'65