THE GOVERNOR'S VIEW.

Passed in Charleston

the blind tigers in the police court,

should place Charleston in the position

occupied by the other towns and cities,

and give her back her share of the

profits. I believe that she will be put

back on that basis. Just here permit me to say that I think Columbia should

follow in line and adopt just such an

stump and elsewhere, I would be in favor of taking the constables out of

Charleston altogether if the municipal

anthorities in Charleston would show me that they are enforcing the dispen-

sary law. I have always taken the

ground that there ought to be no con-

stables in any city whose municipal authorities will enforce the law; that

the police ought to enforce the law.

Take the case of the town of Auderson;

I am assured that the police there en-force the law absolutely and that there

are no blind tigers there now. The

people say they have no need for the

constables. I believe that this can be done Charleston with a first class police

force not afraid to do its duty. Now

let the police force do its duty as has

been done in Anderson and as other

Asked as to the result of the enforce-

ment of the law in Columbia since the

extra police were givin the constables,

the governor remarked: "Chief Bate

man's report shows that the result so

far has been first rate. It speaks for

A Bad Failure.

With a capitalization of \$20,000,000

and owing to franchise which gave it the

privilege of operating cabs and omni-buses in any street in the city of New

York, the General Carriage company

cities and towns are doing."

NO 32

AWFUL HOLOCAUST.

Several Men Met Death in a Roar ing Furnace.

CAUSED BY AN EXPLOSION.

Five Charred Human Bodies Found in the Runs of Waterworks Crib at Cleva-

land, Chic.

Five men were burned to death, four were drowned, three and possibly four were sufficested and several injured as temporary waterworks crib, two miles Wednesday morning.
The dead, so far as known: Arthur

Stryder, drowned; Arthur Hastings, burned; Plummer Jones, sufforated; John Martine, drowned; John Kowol-sky, drowned, body recovered; four unidentified man burned. The injured so far as koown: John Lees, probably a broken back, tatal;

O. Braddock, burned about hands and

Still imprisoned in tunnel: Victor Kauffman, Canten, probably dead; John Enging, probably dead; Adam Kent, Late We probably dead.

Twenty-six men obeyed the orders of Manager G. C. Van Deusen when the flames broke out and took refuge in the water on floating pieces of wreckage. Four of them lost their held upon their frail fi at; and sank beneath the waves just as help resched their comrades. Van Dausen and three of his men

were harging in the water from a two-inch line suspended from the crib. Just as the line was burning away above the men's hands a yawl boat from the barge Wilhelm manned by two men, dashed into the heat and smoke that enveloped the orib and rescued the four men on the rope at the risk of their lives. The remaining men were picked up in the water and brought to Cleveland. They were naked, exhausted and badly burn ed. Many of them were cut by falling

able machinery. It is now a charred shapeless mass of wreckage and min-gled with the blackened timbers are blackened, rusted and twisted pieces

ractors. Their loss whi excess \$200,-

ing it was abandoned.

Men could be distinguished swim ing for help. Others were clinging to ropes which they had hitched or tied to the rafters, but the flames were

The tugs circled around the burning crib, picking up men from the water and meantime playing heavy streams upon the flames.

After an hour's work the flames were diminished enough so that the firemen diminished enough so that the firemen could elimb up the charred steps and night. The stage which was stop fight the fire from the interior. Then the horror of the calamity was first realized. Everything was a total wreck. While the firemen were pouring water on the flames there was A ROARING FURNACE

beneath which could not be reached. But the firemen clung to their places and fought every inch of the way until the fire was under control.

After two hours of hard work five charred human bodies were found burned beyond recognition. Two were in the attitude of prayer. They must have been awakened by the fire bu could not escape. They were caught like rats in a trap. One body was burned to almost nothing. The bodies of two other men lay close to there that were on their knees and it looked as though they never knew what hap pened to them. They must have been sufficeated before the flames reached

As soon as the five bodies were discovered the tug Kennedy returned to the harbor at once and notified the coroner of the discovery. While this was going on ways and means were being devised to reach the men im prisoned in the tunnel, whose air supply had apparently been shut off en tirely by the burning of the compress ed air machinery.

At times it was thought that voices could be heard down below and the life eavers and the firemen peered down with ears intent, but the sounds ceased again. At the mouth of the shafe i was like a furnace, and the iron work was red hot from the flames.

Finally after a deluge of water had been thrown on the smoldering shaft gets the privilege of 1/ing the flag. bottom, calling for help. "For God's sake throw down a rope, thrown down a ropel' a man called. A line was quickly dropped down the shaft and as it tightened a shout of joy went up Cartiedge, of the police force, was enfrom those about, for it was quickly gaged in feeding a horse yesterday afterobserved that the man at the bottom was able to grace it

He yelled again to the resours to pull him up. Slowly and carefully he part of the finger, the accident is not was raised. His pallid face, covered serious. The boy was holding a piece with slime, his stating eyes and heav of grass in his hand feeding the animal ing chest, told of the horror he had when the teeth of the horse closed gone through in the hours he spont in the tunnel. He was William Curry, of petely.

As soon as he could gasp Curry said: They are all at the bottom of the shaft, hurry up."

In quick sucression seven others were brought up from the foul and stifling air of the tunnel. All were in a most pitiable conditon. They roported that two other men were lying unconscious at the bottom of the shafe. A workman volunteered to rescue those men and he was quickly lowered into

In a few minutes the unconscious men were brought up more dead than seconds, the whole trial consuming less

The tug that hurried out to the scene as soon as the fire was discovered susceeded in rescuing no less than 20 men

who were clinging to wreckage and ropes tied to the burning structure. The tunnel which has been under course of construction for several years past and is still far from complete, has been the cause, all told of the loss of more than 30 lives.

Four years ago an explosion in the store section of the tunnel resulted in the suffocation of 18 men. Two years ago in a similar accident several more men were killed at almost the same place and today's catastrophe adds at least ten additional names to the death list.
The fire which destroyed the crib

Wednesday morning was due to an overheated boiler smokestack. The boiler exploded soon after the flames broke out.

the result of a fire which destroyed a built up straight from the water's edge. The crib itself was of pine timber Oleveland, Ohio, harbor early bunks, sprang up to find themselves in The men, who were asleep in their the midst of the flames. The boards The dead, so far as known: Arthur Hasty, drowned, body recovered; Mark Down in the shaft, under the lake, 11 men were at work digging unconscious until the air supply was cut off, of the

awful holocaust above them.

Mayor Johnson expressed great indignation Wednesday when he learned that no hoat of life preservers were provided as a safety measure by the con face; Charles Smith, overcome by gas the case would receive the closest in tractors at the crib. He declared that in tunnel; David Kelly, rescuer, over- vestigation, and that those found guilty of criminal negligence on the matter would be prosecuted to the full extent

Late Wednesday afternoon Piumer Jones, of Warren, Ohio, an employe of the tunnel contractors, and one of a party of rescuers who descended into the shaft to look for the missing men, was overcome by gas and expired within a few ninutes. His body lies in the tunnel 75 feet from the bottom of the shaft and is covered with water. The life line attached to the body be came fould and could not be pulled

David Kelly, another member of the rescuing party, was overcome by gaand is in a precarious condition.

McLaurin's View.

Senator McLaurin, of South Carolina, passed through Norfolk Tuesday with his wife and child enroute to the pan-American exposition. To the Assotimbers.

The crib is a total less. It was a frame building 200 by 50 feet, the sides sheathed with iron. It contained valu have been in the nature of personal have been in the nature of personal abuse between candidates. The present campaign is the first one in which an issue is at stake. My series of speeches which were begun last April, The crib and machinery were the property of Shailer and Schinglau. contractors. Their loss which makes the property of Shailer and Schinglau. contractors. ments by heaping personal abuse upon me. He threatened to go out among Fire and harhor ' as with rescuing the mill operators and arouse them parties on board reached the crib toon against the mill owners if I continued they arrived the structure was a secth- carrying of American products in then went out safely, among the num- Regarding cartle, 762 were killed by urging the expansion policy and the American products in then went out safely, among the numAmerican bottoms. "Expansion is not ber being the Cromwell liner Protous, leopards and 94 by wolves. It seems he referred to Evans in more or less receiver recently, and so little is there direct terms, which all South Carolin remaining that the receiver's bond is ming and floating in the water shout- it is foolishness for anybody to claim that a man cannot believe in ship subsidy, the carrying of American exports burning the ropes away, while the men without being a Kapublican. I am in American bottoms, and expansion were stark naked, and one my one they going into the primaries in South Carolina next fall and I expect to defeat Senator Tillman "

A Lone Robber.

A lone robber held up a stage at ped connects with a train which reached North Creek, Warren county, a station on the Adirondacks and Hudson railroad at 10.20 c'clock a. m. When it left the station it contained seven men and one woman, besides a has been heard from them. All wires quantity of express and mail matter for are down. The only reports of dam Biue Mountain lake. When the stage age so far received are of destroyed was one and and a half miles north of bath houses and uprooted trees. Dunisp's hotel at North river a masked robber suddenly appeared. His first move was to shoot one of the horses. He then ordered the passengers to hold up their hands and alight. Six of the sre several washouts on the road. The men immediately took to the woods, the remaining man staying with his wife, who was relieved of \$20, but the robber failed to find a larger sum in another posket. The highwayman then proceeded to rids the mail bags and plander the express packages, taking at Sheil Beach, a settlement on Lake woods and searching parties up to dark have been unable to find any trace of

A Winning Game.

Uncle Sam is playing a "heads-I-winand tails you lose" game with little Guam. According to a recent decision of the treasury department that unhappy little dot in the ocean is a foreign ountry when it is a matter of collecting this country, but when it is a matter of paying drawbacks to experters of goods on which import taxes have been colcoted Guam suddenly and by some systerious process become domestic territory. Thus we collect the taxes in all instances, and our little protege

Bit Finge Off.

The Augusta Herald says George Cartledge, the youngest son of Sergeant noon, when the animal bit the end of the lad's finger off. The wound is a very painful one, but for the loss of down on the finger, taking it off com-

Quick Work.

A dispatch from Charlotte rays about (0) people gubered in front of the sil here Thursday night and demanded the person of William Moproe, col red, charged with criminal assault. On a show of strength by the guards the crowd fically dispersed. Judge Hoke ordered troops to the jail Toursday. Monroe was today tried, convicted and sentenced to be hanged on Sept. 13. The jury was out one minute and 20 than two hours.

SWEPT BY STORM.

An Awful Tidal Wave Destroys Many Lives.

GREAT ANXIETY 18 FELT.

Oreat Loss of Life and Damage to Property is Reported From Many Parts of the

A dispatch from New Orleans, under date of Aug. 15, says the storm which has been sweeping the Gulf cosst from Pensacola and moving westward during the past two days, has prestrated teleeraph and telephone wires to such an sections is hard to get at.

The greatest fears have been enter-tained for the safety of the people liv-ing at Pert Eads, which is at the mouth of the river, and for the ships that started for sea just before the storm began.

The wires there have been prostrated since Tuesday night at 8 o'c ook but The Pica; and reached a man who left Port Endes Wednesday. He was econ at Buras, which is 60 miles down the river, and the fartherest point with which there is wire communication at the present time.

This man describes the storm which swept that section as a regular tidal wave, similar to the one when resulted ia such awful loss of life in 1893. He says all the people living on the east bank of the river have moved up to the jump," which is 15 miles from the mouth of the river.

The house of a man named Cubien, half a mile above the quaranting station, was swept away, and the 15 members of the family, including 9 children, drowned.

The quarantine buildings were badly damaged but no one injured. The big towboat Chamberlain was driven high and dry in the marsh, but her crew are safe. The government boat General Reise is believed to have been lost Capt. Obrien's house was swept away, but he was on the boat, which was believed to be outside. The pile driver at Ports Eads was sunk. Her crew were said to have been saved.

The tugboat Velaso went down to Pass a L'Outre, which is the eastern mouth of the river, with two barges. When last seen she had her deck awash, and it is feared she has gone down. If this boat and her barges have been lost 20 people more have been drowned. There are numerous reports river from Buras down to the Passes.

which was dynamited while in port a for the ones which are expected.

There is serious apprehension concerning the Cheniere Caminada and killed. Grand Isle sections, on the south Louisiana coast, west of the Mississippi river, where 2,000 lives were lost in 1893 by the tidal wave. Up to this writing no word has been received from that section, which is largely inhabited by fishermen, mostly Chinese and Malays.

Up to last midnight everything seemed to be safe at the Mississippi coast towns, Bay St. Louis, Pass Chris tian, Biloxi, Mississippi City and Ocean Springs, but since then not a word

The Louisville and Nashville railroad is blooked off beyond Chef Menteur, 30 miles from this city. The big stee bridge there is safe, but beyond ther New Orleans and Northwestern railroad s also blocked by washouts on the lake and its big trestle over Lake Pontchartrain has been shaken by the heavy seas breaking against it. There has been much damage don

everything of value. After he had Borgne, southeast of the city, and done his work he disappeared into the which connects with Lake Ponchar train. All the buildings there have been swept away, and there are reports of oss of life among the fishermen, but the exact extent of this is not known. A tidal wave swept over the land there as it did nine years ago.

In the city of New O.leans and sub urbs there has been considerable damage. At Milneburg, one of the lake r peris, the railroad pier head running out into the lake for a distance of thousand yards has been destroyed and duties on articles imported thence into all light buildings demolished. The big buildings on shore withstood the gaie. There was no loss of life. The steamer Naptune tied up at this pier- in its entirety. head, pounded herself to pieces and sank.

> At West End the lake rushed over the revertment and destroyed nearly all of the buildings there. The big dancing pavilion at Lake View was pounded pieces by wreckage, washed up by tl waves. The shell road to West End was under three feet of water, and 'Bucktown," a gambling resort at the end of the reventment, has been swept away. The old basin canal coming into the city on Toulouse street over lowed its banks inundating the entire second district. A thousand men have been at work on it and are raising its banks.

> A coal fleet of 124 barges, belonging o the Monougabela Coal company of Pittsburg and anchored at Coal Port, ine miles above the city, had a rough experience and every tug in the harbor was sont to save them. Six of them with an aggregate capacity of 6,000 tons of coal, sank.

The towboat Henry Mark, belonging to the Interstate Transportation com of a double murder near Gardner's cross pany, pounded a hole in her bottom at Greina this merning and sank.

seavey wind was still blowing today. Winds and rain were general slong the coast and many trains are belated. Much of the low section of New Or- two remaining balls into Gardner's body leans is under water and scows have Both men died in a short while."

been brought into requisition to enable HATE EACH OTHER.

higher portions. Several factories have been compelled to shut down. Lake Pontichartrain has been backed into the old and new canal. Both overflowed their banks for a considerable dis anca.

The rear, or low portions of this city, a thickly populated territory two miles in width, is flooded to a depth of two feet. There is considerable suf-

fering among the poor.

A Louisville and Nashville train from the east, due at 7:25 a.m., has not yet arrived, nor have the coast trains over that road. The high water in the lake and the flood in the rear of the city have caused the delay. Hundreds of business men of New Or leans live along the gulf coast during the summer and thus far have been nable to reach the city.

Many Louistana people are spend-ng the summer at Grand Isle, which s adjacent to the Cheniere. Over 2,000 lives were lost at the later place extent that news from the outlying when that neck of land was swept by

storms a few years ago.

At Milneburg the exeursion steamer
Nell Camila capsized at its wharf dur ing the storm and is pounding heavily against the pier. Those aboard es-caped. The tug boat Neptune is also reported to have capsized. The Mississippi river in front of the

city today resembled a miniature gulf. Nearly every harbor craft had to hug to shore in order to avoid being swamped. Regular westbound Texas and Paci fis trains could not be sent out be ause the transfer boats which carry

he trains acress the river were unable o make their landings.
All the tugs in the harbor are enaged today in trying to save the fleet f about 200 boats lying above the city. Between six and ten boats have al

ready been lost. THE LATEST

The latest news from the storm is to he effect that it did not do as much damage as just reported. Many ships were wrecked on the gulf and on the Mississippi, and there was considerable oss of life, but later news will have to reveal how many people were drowned during the storm.

Out in India.

According to the Indian Lancet, a nedical journal, a satisfactory decrease in the number of people and cattle killed by wild animals in the Punjab is shown by the rapora for 1900. The ubiquitous spake is, of course, far and away the worst of these ills, but in a province where considerably more than half a million people must inevitably die every year, in the ordinary course of nature, it is reassuring to find that only 893 people received their quietus from snake bite. It is of individual casualties all along the anake bite occurred in houses than either in the field or in the jungle. All the steamers which started for The only human deaths from wild the sea Tuesday remained inside the animals were those caused by mad dogs Passes until Wednesday evening and and mad jackals, which numbered 29. been caused by tigers or bears-perhaps few days agc. Not a single vessel has they are being killed off too fast. Durpassed up the river since the storm | ing the year in question 1,374 wild anibegan and great fears are entertained mais were slaughtered, including 11 tigers, 186 bears, 184 leoparis, and 93 wolves. Moreover, 13,272 snakes were

Thousands Drowned.

Great floods caused by the overflowing of the Yang Tee have caused the death of many thousands in China. The river has risen 40 feet and for hundreds of miles the country is a great lake with only tops of trees and an occasional roof showing. At Anking the town is flooded, some of the houses to heir roofs. At Kiu Kiang, the nativa own is flooded and two feet of water tatnds in the foreign settlements. ower down the river towards Sau due, the destruction was greater and boatmen estimate that 20,000 were drowned in the district. Chong The was wiped away by floods and 10,000 frownded there and inundated involvng awful loss of life and great destrucion to property. It is feared an emankment built by Chong Cheu Tung sear Wu Chang would break and cause he drowning of thousands.

The Naval Station. The United States government took ormal possesson of the site, which has son scoured for the naval station and to raising of the flag Wednesday ernson marked the first accupation ymasters who arrived here Tuesday ant gave checks to Mayor Smyth for he city's share of the park and to Mrs. Lawton, who disposed of valuable lot adjoining. It was not stated at what tme setual construction will begin, but this will not be long delayed. The dry look, the plans for which have already deen approved, will be erected first at cast of \$1,250,000. Appropriations amounting to \$250,000 available for immediate work and the navy depart ments plaus calls for an expenditure o merethan \$6,000,000 on the navy yard

Senator Tillman Sued. The Columbia State recently pubished the following meagre and unatisfactory article. The people will sturally want to know who J. Young ones is and what Senator Tillman has done to him or said about him. This is what appeared in the State: "It is tated that Mr. J. Young Jones, formerly bookkeeper of the house, has filed a suit for \$10,000 damage against Sanaor Tillman, charging him with slander. dr. Jone; alleges that the senator cast fluctions on his mental attainments. It is understood that the sheriff will con execute the papers on the sepa-Senator Tillman would not disauss the matter when informed of it. The result will be watched with inter-

Killed Each Other.

A dispatch from Greenville, N. C. Hays: 'News reached here Wednesday roads, in the southern section of this country. Wm. Gardner, Mack Dixon, The storm which developed yesterday both white, quarreled over some small continued throughout the night and a matter. Gardner drew a pistol and shot three balls into Dixon's abodemen. Then D.xon knosked Gardner down, took the pistol from him and shot the

Evans and Latimer Sald to be Open Political Enemies.

IT IS AN OLD TROUBLE.

Each of the Above Gentlemen act of the municipal authorities will have on the attitude of the board of Made Hits at One Anthe other State authorities.
It was impossible Wednesday to see other at the Union Meeting.

J. C. Abernathy, who attended the Union and Chester meetings for the Charlotte Observer, says there is no danger that the senatorial campaign in his state will lack heat, even though Senator McLaurin should withdraw from the race, for the notable develop-ment in the meetings here and at Union for the last three days, saide from the strong denunciation of the junior sena-tor, was the fact that while both are fighting what they consider the com-mon enemy, A.C. Latimer and John fighting what they consider the com-mon enemy, A. C. Latimer and John Gary Evans are at daggers' points, and out the law and enforce it and prosecute it would not surprise men who know the two politicians to see the ex govornor and the congressman come to blows on the stand when the campaign is fairly under way. Evans is a slen for fellow, about five feet and ten inches tall, with sharp features, a bright eye, black moustache and hair, slighty tinged with gray, and ther, is someordinance. "As I have said all along, on the ing about him that will make a North Carolinian think of Marion Butler as soon as the ex governor takes the stand to make a speech. His pelitical antagonist, Congressman Latimer, is recog pized as being one of Senator Tillman's closest friends, and he certainly resembles the senior senstor in more ways than one. In comparing the two men, as they sat togother on the speakers' stand, I made the following deduc-tion: Square the congressman's jaws, punch out one of his eyes, let him fill his mouth with quinine and to all outward appearances the result will be a second Ben Tillman. As to the abili ty of Latimer, as compared with Tillman, I cannot say, for it may be that he is only following the leader as Mar ion Butler followed Col. L. Polk in North Carolina. In fact, his political enemies term him "one of Tillman's hands." I can add, however, that he has a more pleasant address than his chief, and would probably create a better impression among strangers, provided he did not too close-

ly follow Tillman's style.

These are the two men—Evans and Latimer-who gave it cut by their words and actions that they distrustof the responsibility for the election of McLaukin to the senate, Latimer said that two evils were offered the peo-ple and he voted for the junior semator as the lesser of the two. John Gary the stock of which at one time sold for ians understood. On the other hand, the ex-governor made it plain to his hearers that he meant Latimer when he spoke of the action of certain "polipeople against turning out one traitor to put in another. Mr. Evans has been some time after the expiration of his term as governor removed to Spartanburg, where he has been practicing law, and it was not generally known until the meeting at Union that he would enter the field as a senatorial aspirant. garyevans." South Carolinians can rest assured that should all others drop out of the race these two performers alone will be worth the price of admission.

Wanted Too Much.

The career of Phillips, the corn king of the Chicago grain market, contains within itself a lesson to young men who are eager to get rich quick. He went into the corn pit at Chicago with \$500 000, cornered the market, made millions of money and went on with his wild spaculations and is today a banktupt. Revelation teaches us that "the love of money is the root of all evil," and it seems to be true. Had this man not been fascinated with the gambling spirit and stopped at the right time, if here was a right time in such a nefarious business, he might have had a comfortable competence for the balance of his life. But fortunes made by wreckng other people's fortunes are ill-goten gains and are more than likely to take unto themselves wings.

Poor Sampson.

The question as to whether or not Rear Admiral Sampson will appear as a witness before the court of inquiry asked for by Schley appears to be sur rounded by mystery. The navy depart ment is silent on the subject. It is elaimed by some that the plea that Sampson must take a vacation is made with a view of making it appear that he s too ill to go before the court. Howsver, it has been known for some time that Sampson is in a terrible physical condition, and it is rumored that his mind may have been affected. This some reports have it, is accountable for the corflicting orders he sent Schley before the battle off Santiago.

A Big Steamer.

The new steamer Celtic, which re cently made her first trip across the Atlautic, is a nine story floater, with four open or promenade decks, one of which contains the dining saloon for political lecturers. cabin passengers, above the water line. Most of the trans-Atlantic liners have only one, and very few two. She is 721 feet long, will carry and accommodate 3,000 people, including the crew, and being built for comfort runs with little rolling in rough weather.

Could Not Wait

The tobacco trust executed a mort-

stamp taxes \$75,000. By waiting fif-

only \$5,000. The company at its organization had the "moral support of Caney creek is roled. The trainmen holders are Edwin Gould, Joseph tical traitors' who had refused to take | Leiter, General Samuel Thomas, Louis note of the warnings he had sounded Wormser, Cyrus Field Junson and in regard to McLaurin. Hewarned the Elwin M. Post. Richard Croker's Auto-truck company too a large block of stock in the connern and transferred out of polities for quite awhile, having | to it the privilege of hauling passengers about the city. The General Carriage company had a practical monopoly under its charter, and less than one year after its formation its stock be came active in the market. In Novem

Followed it Too Closely. "I and my father before me have been reading your paper for 50 years or more, and I wouldn't miss a copy of it for anything-it wouldn't seem natural to go without it," wrote a man to the Columbus, Ga., Enquirer Sun. "A year or two age the paper had a num ber of pointed editorials urging farmers to raise everything they needed at omo. 'What's the use of buying any thing, it said, 'while you can raise it at home?' Well, that thing struck me. key for medical (and other) purposes,

Too Much Politics. The Columbia State says abalt is of these places will get the crowd of that all dogs in the immediate vi

A New Englald View. "The sole defender of McLaurin, or

what they call "Commercial Demo-

eracy' at the Union S. C. political powwow last week was John B. Cleveland. gage in New York for \$150,000,000 on June 15th, on which it had to pay in teen days, when the law was repealed annexed."-Springfield Republican. recover"

HELD UP A TRAIN.

What He Thinks of the Ordinance Robbers Laughed and Talked as They Robbed a Train.

The Columbia State says there has A train was held up and robbed near seen considerable speculation in the last Fort Worth, Texas, on Tuesday night. few days since the adoption of the new ordinance in the city of Charleston by the council of that city looking to the enforcement of the dispensary law by police force in regard to the effect this set of the municipal authorities. El Caney, where the robbery money. El Caney, where the robbery occured, is a side track thirty-nine miles north of Denison. It is in the directors of the State dispensary and Choctaw nation of the Indian Territory and the population surrounding the station is only 125. The train any of the members of the State board but Governor McSweeney was asked does not stop at Caney except on signal. As the the proper signal was given the engineer whistled his reply, and that train slowed down for the stop. Instead of the hurried signal to go shead, what he thought of the action taken. The governor expressed himself freely. He said to a representative of The State "I think that the city council of Charleston has shown excellent judgment and I believe that Mayor the engineer and fireman were confronted by two men with masked faces. About the same time the express mes-Smith and his council have done the senger and the mail clerk were com-municated with through the closed very best thing for Charleston. They have, as I said, displayed excellent judgment in adopting this ordinance and placing Charleston in the position doors of their cars. Three of the robbers shot wildly and then the call went that she deserves to be placed in. With

to the messenger and clerk:
"Open up here! Open up and don't be too slow about it!" From within came no response and the robbers again called out: "Open the door or we will blow it open and blow you to beli!" There was no rasponse to the second call and the firing again began, fully twenty shots being discharged. Still there was no response, and the three men prepared a small blast of dynamite against the car door. In the meantime the shooting had awakened the passengers. The conductor, brakemen and porter ran through the train, and as they called out: "It's a hold up!" The passengers tried to hide their

money and valuables. The dynamite was at last exploded. It was a small charge and was intended more for fright mail car a d the robbers leaped through the opening, and, overpowered the messenger. He was ordered to open the safe, but he could not, as the combina-tion was at end of the run. The rob-bers then put a charge of dynamite to the safe and blew it open. They demolished the safe, but secured only \$1.50, as the money had all been left at Muskogee to be picked up by the "Katy figer," which runs through the territory by day. The messenger and clerk were forced to assist the bandite in their work. Every mail pouch was emptied and the mail considered valuable by the robbers was taken. Then with Postal Clerk Tulley holding an empty mail sack, the robbers went through the coaches and robbed every passenger. They secured \$280 in one coach. A negro who refused to give up his money was reversly beaten. The passengers

were compelled to throw their valuable into the pouch. After the work was done the robbers, who seemed to rejoice in the situation. sat around and laughed over the matter. After holding the train two hours, the robbers left, going east into the dens bottom timber, for which tortuous Richard Croker, and among the stock out out the wrecked express car, ran down to Caney station and advised officers up and down the road. In two hours a posse of United States marshals with blood hounds were on the trail. The express company said it lost noth ing and the coundactor estimates the passengers' loss at about \$400, not counting the jewelry.

THE ROBBERS CAUGHT. A dispatch from Danison, Tex , says:

J. B. Dvais, deputy marshal at Colbert, I. T., arrived here Wednesday night per, 1899, the stock was selling for \$40 from the scene of the robbery at Caney. The ex governor, by the way, is the man whose name was formerly printed in a Columbia paper thus: "John- quoted at \$135, and two days later it robbery," said Mr. Davis: "C. E quoted at \$135, and two days later it robbery," said Mr. Davis: "C. E the corn will be increased. The despared to \$200 a share. Within a week Richmond, Bob Alford, Geo. Brown, partment has now produced several after the \$200 mark was reached the John Gibson, Tom Edwards and Jack thousand hybrids. Within the next stock slumped and was selling for \$50 a Barr. These men were arrested at year or two it hopes to evolve a corn share. Then began a most remarkable | Caney and taken to Atoka Thursday manipulation to compel an interest own- morning. The operator at Caney, ing 8,000 shares to sell out to those in when he heard the shooting, suspected ontrol. The stock was forsed down to the train was being held up and put out \$2 a share when the minority interest the light in the depot and telegraphed capitulated. The liabilities of the concern were not stated in the application. Within two hours after the robbery blood hounds had trailed these men to their homes. We found the wet cloth ing identified by passengers as that worn by the robbers. We also found three masks and found in the fire box of the cook stove when the arrests were made the shoes of the men strested. The tracks were measured and fitted the

chocs exactly. A Mad Tom Cat.

A man who has just returned from the up country to Charleston brought back as a souvenir a thrilling story of Pretty soon I needed some corn whis- an attack made on a white woman by a mad tom oat. According to his acand I made it. I have just finished count the woman was walking in the working out the senterce. I guess you yard when, without warning, the cat meant well, but you diden't know what made a vicious lunge and planted its trouble you were getting your readers sharp class just below her throat. The grip was so strong and powerful that the woman could not break it. Her cries attracked members of the family. When they attempted, however, to take called somewhere it looks as if there is the cat away the grip had evidently to be a general senatorial campaign of turned to lookjaw, and the animal could education after all. Announcements not be removed. The woman's suffer-have already been made as to the meeting was terrible. A final effort was logs arranged for Spartanburg and made to free her from the cat, but this Greenville. Now comes the announce was not accomplished until the animent that Auderson has arranged for a | mal's head had been completely severed similar meeting on the 30th, and that from its body. Even after death the the committee will invite the same teeth clung to the fish in a vice like speakers as the other places. The an- grip. The wound was cauterized and uncement also comes that Walhalls at last reports the woman was improvand Spearman's Springs, the latter in Newberry country, want such gather ings on the 2nd inst., the only one of animals, and in the same neighborhood the four consecutive dates open to the other cats had assaulted their owners. speakers. It is not yet known which The fear of hydrophobia was so great of the woman's home have been blocked

Desperate Encounter. A Charleston dispatch says: "Sergt,

Bendt, one of the party of police of-ficers who had the desperate encounter president of a cotton mill. He favored last week with the negroes suspected imperialistic expansion, for the sake of of killing the chief of police of Shelby, markets, and declared that there was N. C., had a narrow escape sgain Wednot a mill in South Carolina today with nesday. He and Sergt. Haley came possibly one exception, which was upon John Bellinger, a notorious negro making a cent. But if imperialistic ex- character, who is wanted in Colleton pausion is effective for markets, how county. The negro opened fire, with a can this be? Mr. Cleveland had evion the 1st of Ju'y, that much money dently forgotten that the country for could have been saved. Evidently, a more than two years has been enjoying balls in the negro. Bellinger was sent which is the universal pay day, while little item like \$75,000 cannot stand in the alleged benefits of markets foreibly to the city hospital. He will probably the savings banks remain open until

Plant That is Becoming More Valuable.

SIDE PRODUCTS OF PLANT.

The Government Making Experi-

ments With the Plant to Increase its Yield. Means Much to the South.

Most persons probably imagine that Most persons probably imagine that about the only products from corn are hominy, meal and whisky. The products of the corn plant are almost as numerous and varied as those of the cotton plant. An exhibit of the agricultural department in Washington shows that in case of necessity corn could be depended upon for food, clotning and strong drink, and a number of articles of virtue and luxury besides. A chemist of the department has gone so far as to produce from corn a substitute for rubber which cannot be told by an inexpert person from the genuine article. It looks like rubber from Brazil, feels like it, acts like it and has all of the characteristic proper-

ties of it. So far the invention has not been made "commercially practicable," that is, the process costs too much to make the corn rubber a competitor of the real rubber. It is to be expected how-ever, that the time will come when rubber for tires will be grown in corn

fields. Another article of especial interest in the agricultural departments exhibit is corn oil. This is likely to come charge and was intended more for fright than anything else. A larger blast of dynamite was prepared and exploded.

This tore the side off the express and more or less into competition with cotfor any use in which olive oil is employed

Oaly the most expert can distinguish corn oil from the highest grade of Italian olive oil. The product has been turned to commercial account and already large quantities of the oil are

There are some pretty and lustrous, though not very strong, cloths from corn fibre shown. There are also hats, baskets, etc., made of the fibre. No great store, however, is set upon the possibilities in the line of paper making. A merchantable quality of paper has been made from it, and experi-ments with it are being continued. The pith of the corn stalk as we have The pith of the corn stalk as we have previously noted is being used in large quantities in making collulose, for pasking the sides of warships. These are just a few of the products of the corn plant. One of the officials of the Agricultural department is authority for the statement that all told there are not far from one hundred resolute to not far from one hundred products to

be had from corn. It will interest farmers to know that ent 18 conducting investiga tions and experiments with a view to largely increasing, if not doubling, the production of corn, without any increase in expense of cultivation or of acreage. It is hoped this can be accomplished by a system of selection of corn for planting is said to be a most important matter. Probably 999 farmers out of every 1000 make their selections of cars after corn is in the barn. This is said to be wrong. This selection should be made in the field, the health, vigor and strength of the stalk

being taken into account. By carefully selecting the seed corn rom the stalks in autumn, a considerably increased yield it is said, may be secured, while by cross breeding the best specimens the nitrogen contents of which with proper cultivation and fertilization will produce 100 bushels to the sere on land that now brings forty to fifty bushels.

A Dog's Long Fast.

On July 27th Mr. Jones Wilson, of Millville, went out in the Eureka neighborhood on business. His little dog, a rat terrier, accompanied him. On his way home he missed the dog, and as it did not appear after he reached home he supposed it had been stolen. Last Sunday he got to thinking about the ing, when suddenly it oscored to him that he might have looked the dog in a room in a house which he visited. drove out to the place and went to the house. On opening the door he found the dog. It was alive and, while not very frisky, was able to wag its tail and walk out. He brought it home and fed it and it showed very little signs of its long fast. It had gone without food or water for sixteen days .- Anderson Daily Mail.

The Negroe's Best Friend.

A Negro preacher is quoted as say-ing at the Emancipation Day colebra-tion in Wise county, Va., the other day: 'One thing I cannot understand is that the same white man who votes in Rishmond to take away the vote of he Negro will be the first man to help the Negro when he gets into trouble. The Augusta Chronicle says the explanation is easy. The southern white man is the best friend the Nagro has. He is always ready to help him in need. but he does not consider the ballot safe in his hands.

Imitating Sherman.

Arnold White, the well known newspaper men engaged in writing English news for American papers, declares in his most recent letter that the Boer war has reached such a state that 'Sherman's march through Georgia is the favorite historical today" because it is regarded as "a lesson in devastation." How interesting this truth so plainly stated must be to northern critics and southern defenders of British methods But we are sorry for the Boers if Kitchener is to ape, Sherman. We are also sorry for the British statesmen who are responsible for such barbarity.

A Good Law.

William E. Curtis reports a condition of things in Sweden that is nomidnight Saturday night.