INTERESTING FROM THE NEZ PERCES INDIANS.

At the close of a missionary sermon at the 3rd Presbyterian church in this city, on Sabbath last, the Rev. Mr. Armstrong gave a brief account of a powerful religious excitement among these Indians at the mission on Clear Water river, about 125 miles east of Fort Wallawalla. The revival commenced in December. The Rev. Mr. Spalding states that the principal chief, named Joseph, gave evidence of a change of heart. A protracted meeting was held about the first of January, Mr. Spalding says, in a letter published in the New Haven Record, "as the multitudes came from a distance, the work seemed to increase. Joseph and others who were first converted, labored beyond faithfully. Joseph evidently laboured beyond his strength. Dr. Whitman arrived here the last of the week, and spent the first Monday in January with us. This was a precious day to us all here, and surely it must have been to our Christian friends at home, for God had anticipated their prayers according to the words of the prophet, and the work of redeeming love was going on, while as yet they had not assembled in their respective congregations to pray for the speedy and universal spread of the Gospel.

[illegible] proposition to hold another on February [illegible] of the people returned to their several countries on account of provisions, but in two or three weeks their places were more than filled, by multitudes coming in, to be in time for the proposed meeting, and for some time we have been driven from our meeting house, 42 feet by 22, into the open air, where we shall probably continue to meet till late in the spring. Probably there are 2000 collected now to whom a discourse is delivered every afternoon, and the interest which was awakened at the former meeting seems no way abated. Probably 1000 have publicly confessed their sins and pledged themselves to live for Jesus Christ. How many of these will prove genuine will be better known at another day. But five or six of the most promising will be admitted into the church at first; not but that God is able to convert a nation in a day, but we deem it our duty to be cautious. The most interesting part of the proceedings among this people, is after they return to their village from evening worship. Could you then take your stand in the midst of the village a short time, you would hear on one side a chief addressing some 400 assembled in a long lodge, going over with the discourses delivered at evening prayers—in another lodge in another direction, the voice of fervent prayer, in another singing, in another sore weeping, till you would number 8 or 10 places where the people were assembled for worship, and often you would hear the voice of prayer all night at some of these places.—The objector might say, it is all confusion. What is confusion? Take me, if you please, into any city of the States where there are collected within hearing, 8 or 10 assemblies, all inquiring with deep solicitude what they shall do to be saved, and I will show you more confusion than you will witness in the Nez Perces village. When this world shall begin to turn to God by whole nations in a day, the bustle of cities the rush for wealth will all sink into forgetfulness, in comparison with the eagerness of man, seeking the favour and pardon of his long insulted Maker.

Rel. Telegraph.

From the S. C. Temperance Advocate.

DRUNKENNESS THE CAUSE OF CRIME.

CASE NO. II.

LUKE MANNING was born on Saluda River, in Newberry District. He was the son of respectable parents. Under his father's will, he was entitled to, and received an estate quite sufficient for a young man. His education was a common good English one.

His outset in life, after he had grown up, was *disgraced* by the *seduction* of a neighbor's daughter. He then became a *gambler*, and was occasionally intoxicated. *When sober, he was at all periods of his life peaceable and inoffensive.* In the course of a few years, he established the character *of being often engaged in affrays, when drinking.*

The first instance of outrage committed by him, and recollected by the writer, occured at a place called "Stoney Battery." He there stabbed, or knocked a man down with a stone. The by-standers, indignant at his conduct, stoned him for some distance, until he was compelled to take refuge behind a tree:—he was then kept at bay until a pole was cut, and with it he knocked down, like boys knock a lizard off a tree, and threshed until ample vengeance was taken.

He soon afterwards stabbed Solomon Downing, on that, or some other occasion, said he carried "sharp articles," and on being cautioned, as to the danger of using a knife, he said he knew how "to guage it, so as not to kill."

In 1814, he was one of the detachment of militia marched to Camp Alston, near Sheldon, under the command of Col. Tucker. For the short time that service, no soldier conducted himself better Luke Manning. The wonder at this will be ended, when it is said, *he was sober*. For months afterwards—and indeed, until after he was freed from the apprehension of severe punishment, under the prosecution for stabbing Downing, his sobriety and good conduct were universally remarked. The ending of that prosecution, and the imposition of a slight fine, in consequence of satisfaction being made to the person, and the good conduct of Manning at Camp Alston, and after his return from service, occured in the fall of 1815.

In a short time afterwards, his habits of sobriety and peace ended, and he became almost *an Arab*, in a Christian and civilized country. For often, very often, "his hand was against every man, and every man's hand against him." The writer remembers to have seen him and a man of the name of Harp, quarrelling in the village of Newberry. A fight would appear to be courted by Luke, but as soon as Harp would prepare for the onset, the opened blade of Luke's knife would be seen glittering in his hand. Harp would then pause, and gather up a handful of stones; instantly the knife would be shut up and pocketed, and then the stones would be thrown down: the moment this was done, the *cowardly knife* would be again flourished and then again the stones would be restored to.

On another occasion, he and a brother gambler quarrelled,—the latter was standing leaning his head against the post of a piazza: Luke, with his knife, aimed a blow at the throat of his adversary, he saw the blow and barley escaped, it too effect on the post instead of his neck.

For some words of drunken insolence, he was once very properly slapped in the mouth, by a most respectable and amiable man; in his fury, he staggered into the piazza of the store where the affair occured, seized a foot-adze, and was in the act of reentering the store with it drawn over his shoulder to strike his antagonist, when a carpenter standing behind him, seized and took it from him. He was then thrown out of the house, and while lying on his back in the yard, a tumbler of water was handed to him—he drank the water, and with the ferocity of a madman, bit a piece out of the tumbler. On the same day, he was next [illegible] the village of Newberry. While standing in the piazza [illegible] en wretch, John B. Davidson, staggered to the piazza, and laid his head on the piazza rail; Luke, as he was called by way of eminence, exclaimed, "I have been authorized over all day, and I will see if I can't authorize some too," and knocked poor Davidson sprawling into the street. In a few minutes afterwards, Luke was in a retail store, quarrelling with *his old friend Harp*; a fight was again about to take place, his knife was again resorted to, and seen by the store keeper. To prevent Luke's assassin purposes, he got over the counter, slipped a shoe hammer out of Luke's pocket, and with it struck him on the back of the hand, until he dropped the knife on the floor: he then threw him on his head in the yard. This closed the day—but Luke's "deeds were evil, and loved darkness rather than light." At night he was found stoning some poor unoffending negroes, and for so doing, was literally pelted beyond the village.

His next outbreak remembered, was a drunken sprey, as it is modestly called by drunken rowdys, riding along the road, he saw an old Frenchman, Cæsar Duval, a stone mason by trade, trudging along the road on foot, with his stone hammer in his hand. Luke being moved and seduced by the instigations of the devil," to wit, strong drink, determined to ride over him. No sooner thought, than away went Luke, at the top of his horse's speed, and the old Frenchmen was in an instant prostrated under the horse's feet. But as he fell, the horse fell over him, and Black Luke, as the old Frenchman used familiarly to call him, was pitched some twenty, or thirty feet over his head, and lay insensible in the road, in the power of the man to injure whom was his ruffian purposes. "I could have knocked him on the head with my stone hammer, said old Cæsar, but I pity poor Black Luke," and left him, unharmed by him, to rise when he could.

One of his drunken feats, the subject of judicial investigation, was the causing and procuring a neighbor's riding gig to be sawed to pieces.

Another, exhibiting more than the usual want of feeling in a ruffian, was, in her father's own house, cutting with a knife, the clothes off the bofly of an unoffending young girl.

Some [illegible] after this, for some offence, real or imaginary, he presented himself rifle in hand, at the door of one of his best friends, and levelling his rifle, said to him, "Phil sort yourself out from your wife and babies, for I intend to land you in hell in a minute." A parley ensued, and Luke's attention was attracted to some other object, his rifle seized, and with it he was knocked down, and compelled to be peaceable.

In 1824, without any legal or moral excuse, he killed in Edgefield District, a man of the name of Fouts, a report of the case will be found on the files of the Court of Appeals, Nov. 1824, at Columbia. He was convicted of murder, and sentenced to be hanged. At the instance of his *worthy and amiable* brother-in-law, the late Major Canton, he was pardoned by Governor Wilson: and on promises of reform, and future good conduct, he was taken into the house of his brother-in-law, as a member of his family. In a short time, "like the dog to his vomit, or the sow that is washed to her wallowing in the mire," Luke returned to *the Grog-shop;* and in a fit of drunken fury, in the absence of his brother-in-law, drove his sister and her little ones from their own home. This ended his residence under his brother-in-law's roof.

Soon afterwards, at *a Grog-shop*, kept by an Irishman of the name of Kennedy, in a drunken affray, he committed another deed of blood. He and Kennedy were standing face to face disputing: a noise attracted Kennedy's attention, he turned his head, and Luke instantly stabbed him striking with his knife on the corner of the jaw bone, and following it to the chin: in retaliation Kennedy repeatedly stabbed him, but not fatally, with a small sword, from a walking cane. For this offence Luke was tried and indicted in the action, the Jury found a verdict of $1000 damages: under the indictment he was imprisoned 12 months; the damages he never paid. His previous course of dissipation and crime, had wasted his substance, and he went from the jail of Newberry *pennyless* and *almost friendless*. He passed from South Carolina to Alabama; *there killed a man*, was convicted of murder *and hanged.*

Thus perished a human being of naturally kind feelings; but whose heart had been hardened *by strong drink* and indulged passion, until he had become a fiend, a terror to all, and the continual cause of sorrow to his aged mother, and his many respectable relatives.

Great Sale of Morus Multicaulis, and also of Real Estate,

At Barhamville, two miles from Columbia, South Carolina, on Monday, Nov. 4, 1839.

THE opportunity now afforded, will in all probability not again occur in the Southern States. The Subscriber intending to devote his entire attention to professional duties, will dispose of his entire stock of Morus Multicaulis Trees, (reserving that portion already engaged,) many of which are nine years old,—a large portion two years old, and about Fifty Thousand of the present year.

Among these, are Trees ten feet in height, and a large number of five and six feet. The Trees are growing in a dry soil, at such distances as with the aid of a hot sun, and extraordinary dry season, have imparted maturity and firmness of wood. Most of the Trees are planted in chequers 12 feet apart, each way, covering an area of at least twenty acres.

All, therefore interested in the culture of Silk, will have an opportunity of furnishing themselves, on the most advantageous terms. The object of the Subscriber in offering his Trees at this time, is to afford the purchaser an opportunity of seeing the Trees as they are growing, or as they have recently grown. The sale will therefore take place on the ground. The Trees will be sold in lots to suit the humblest purchaser, and on such conditions as will enable the poor man (notwithstanding the sneers of certain Editors among us,) to compete with the wealthy man, who can bring a larger force into the field.

TERMS.

For one hundred or a less number of Trees, cash; over one hundred and less than five hundred, sixty days; over five hundred and less than one thousand, one hundred and twenty days; over one thousand and less than five [illegible] months; over five thousand and less than ten thousand, [illegible]—the purchaser giving his bond with two approved securities, bearing interest from the time of sale.

For all cash payments over amount of one hundred Trees, a Discount allowed at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum.

Immediately after the above, will be offered for sale, the establishment, known as the SOUTH CAROLINA FEMALE INSTITUTE, situated about two miles from Columbia, the Capital of South Carolina, in a region of country called the Sand-Hills The grounds comprehend between 500 and 600 acres. They are well timbered, (chiefly Pine and the second growth of Oak.) About one half consists of what is termed bottoms, rendered perfectly dry and tillable, by at least 6000 yards of ditching, most of which measures 5 feet in width by 3 feet in depth.—There are now, upwards of 70 acres of new ground completely cleared and ditched, now ready for being broken up.

The Buildings are situated upon a high ridge of Sand Hills, proverbial for health, insomuch that the neighborhood affords a retreat for many of the families of Columbia, during the Summer months. It was on this account, that the site was selected for the business, (a Female Boarding School,) to which the buildings have been dedicated. The water is excellent, supplied by two pumps; besides which, there are two excellent Springs.

The centre building is of Wood, well plaistered, and neatly finished throughout, measuring 54 feet square: three stories high; the upper room or Attic story, being 15 feet in height.—Beneath this building is an excellent Cellar above ground. The wings attatched to the centre building, are 100 feet each in length, the one 24 and the other 34 feet in width. The Southern wing is of Brick, well plaistered, two stories high, well finished throughout, having an excellent Cellar above ground. The Northen wing, recently built, is of Wood, ceiled throughout. It is three stories high, with an Attic story, equal in area, and superior in height to the three lower stories. The basement story of this wing, is of Brick. From the extremity of the Brick wing and at right angles with it, proceeds a building (the Academic edifice,) 134 feet in length by 34 in width, two stories high, well ceiled throughout, and having an excellent Cellar above ground.

Besides fire places, Franklin Stoves, &c., the whole establishment, with the exception of the Brick building, is warmed by Air Furnaces on most improved plan, similar to that by which Grace Church, and many public and private edifices in Philadelphia, are warmed. The area of all the floors, in these buildings, is by measurement, upwards of 100,000 square feet. On the Institute buildings is an Insurance of $15,000. There are also, at a small remove from the buildings, two Residences, Cottage-built, neatly finished; the one containing four and the other two rooms. It is unnecessary to say that the out buildings, [illegible] appendent to the main buildings. The Garden has been improved at a considerable expense.

When the intrinsic value and resources of the above establishment are taken into consideration, and when it is recollected that Columbia will be shortly connected with Charleston by a Rail Road, now in a vigorous state of progression; when it is furthermore recollected that the Rail Road is to connect the Sea Board with the great North West, it may be said, the property now offered for Sale, presents inducements to companies or individuals desirous of embarking extensively into the Silk business, unsurpassed by any thing afforded in this country.

During the Autumn, Winter, and Spring, Steam-boats and other Craft ply between Columbia and Charleston.

CONDITIONS.—One third Cash. The remaining two thirds divided in six equal instalments, each instalment payable annually, with interest on the whole—mortgage and approved security, and Policy of Insurance assigned.

☞ All Letters directed to the Subscriber, must be Post-paid.

ELIAS MARKS, M. D.

Barhamville, near Columbia, South Carolina. October 18, 1839. 49 tf

THE REV. JOHN BURKE.

Rector of Trinity Church, Society Hill, Darlington Dist. S. C.

IS prepared to receive into his family as boarding pupils, a few young gentlemen.

In his system of instruction are comprised besides the usual preparation for College, minute attention to philology, the scanning and composition of Greek and Latin poetry, Rhetoric and the *Belles Lettres* generally.

His pupils are limited to twelve.

Vacation the same as at Columbia College.

For Board and Tuition—(The academic year) Fire, Candles, washing also included, the terms are $225 each pupil. No pupil will be received for a shorter period.

October 10, 1839. 49 6t

☞ The Charleston Courier and Gospel Messenger, will please give the above six insertions and forward their bills.

South Carolina.

Chesterfield District.

Angus McDonald applicant, vs.

Mary Norris, Sarah McIntosh, Daniel McEachern, and Margaret his wife, Alexander McDonald and Daniel McDonald, defendants.

It appearing to my satisfaction that Alexander McDolald, and Daniel McDonald, reside without the limits of the state of South Carolina. It is therefore ordered that they be and appear before me in the Court of Ordinary to be held for Chesterfield District on Monday the 9th day of December next, at Chesterfield Court House, to show cause why the real Estate of Randal McDonald deceased, should not be sold or divided, or their consent will be entered of Record.

TURNER BRYAN, O. C. D.

Ordinary's Office, Oct. 14 1839. 50 8t

Philadelphia Boots & Shoes

JUST received, 6 doz. pair super Morocc and Calf Skin Pump and thick sole Booto Also Gentlemen's Walking Pumps and Shoes.

DUNLAP & MARSHALL.

may 10th, 1839. 26 tf

INSURANCE.

THE Subscriber is agent for the Columbia Insurance Company, and continues to Insure at a reasonable premium, Houses, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, both in this place and the surrounding Country of South and North Carolina. He will also Insure Produce and Goods on their transportation on the River from Cheraw to Georgetown and Charleston. Persons desirous to do a safe business by protecting their property by Insurance will do well to call on the Agent at Cheraw, at his store on Front Street, where he may usually be found. Communications in writing will receive prompt attention.

D. S. HARLLEE.

July 1st 34 3m.

DOGS WANTED.

A Good price will be paid for a good *track* dog, and one or two strong, fierce bull dogs. Enquire at this office.

Rowand's Tonic Mixture.

THE Agency for this valuable medicine is at the "Bookstore" of Mr. Frince where it may at any time be had by the single bottle or by the dozen.

J. A. INGLIS Agt.

Cheraw April, 1839

Porter and Cider.

LONDON PORTER, Newark Cider, Lemon Juice, Lemon Syrup and Cordials, for sale

DUNLAP & MARSHALL.

April 26, 1839. 24

Raisins.

RAISINS, Almonds, Prunes, Currants and Ginger Preserves, for sale by

DUNLAP & MARSHALL.

Adril 26, 1839. 24 tf

BOOK BINDING.

THE subscribers have established themselves in the above line of business in Cheraw and offer their services to its citizens.

G. BAZENCOURT, & CO.

Cheraw, S. C., Jan. 26.

More New Books again.

BY the Oseola just arrived a large supply of new Books has been received, among which are the following,

In Religious and Theological Literature: Schmidt's Greek Concordance 2vols 8vo, Cruden's Concordance, Scongal's Works, Lime St. Lectures, Boston's Crook in the Lot, Mrs. Hawke's Memoirs, Methodist Hymns, Ripley's Notes, Dick's Theology, Townsend's Bible, 2vols. large 8vo, Gray and Bowen's Bible 2vols 8vo. calf, Robinson's Lexicon to Greek Testament.

In Miscellaneous Literature: Marshall's Washington 2vol 8vo, do. do. 12mo, Silk Grower's Guide, Virginia Housewife, Bancroft's United States, Book of Hearts, Crockett's Songs Miss Leslies Receipts, Cook's own Book, Irwing's Astoria, Todd's Index Rerum, Irwing's Tour to the Prairies, Rassels Stone's Life of Brandt.

In School Literature: Websters, Elementary and American Spelling Books, Dilworth's Do. Towns' Do., Smith's, Emersons. Pikes, Daboll's, and Colburns Arithmetics, Worcester's Primer, Lovell's Young Pupils' First Book, Gallandett's Picture Defining and Reading Book, Hazui Speller and Definer, Young and National Reader, American First Class Book, Woodbridges, Olney's, and Maltebrun Geographies, Columbian Orator, Academical and United States Speakers, Goldsmith's Greece and Rome by Pinnock, Parley's First Book of History, Tytlers and Robbin's Histories, Robinsons Book Keeping, Anthon's Latin Lessons, Do. Greek do. in Prosody, Airsworth's and Leverett's Latin Lexicons, Comstock's and Blake's Philosophies, Lincoln's Botany, Comstock's Chemistry, Legendre's Geometry.

In Stationary, Demi Record Books, Sealing wax, Black, Red, and assorted wafers, India Rubber, Steel pens.

Letter and Foolscap Paper plain and ruled, Ever pointed pencils, Bristol, Boards &c.

April 2 22 tf

ENTERTAINMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been satisfactorily engaged for more than three year in attending to a

BOARDING HOUSE,

Feels encouraged to say to the public, that her House and Stables are well furnished for the reception and accommodation of those whomay be pleased to call.

E. SMITH.

☞ All the Stages arrive at and depart from my House, where seats are secured, and no exertions spared to give general satisfaction to Passengers.

☞ My Residence is on the corner of Gillespie street, the lot formerly occupied by Mrs Barge, convenient to the Market and near the State Bank.

☞ The Raleigh Register, Wilmington Advertiser, Cheraw Gazette and Salsbury Watchman will insert the above 3 months, and forward their accounts to this Office.

Fayetteville Aug. 14 1839. 40—3m

La Fayette Hotel,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. CAROLINA.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT will be open after the 1st of August, under the management and direction of the Subscriber. The House has been thoroughly repaired, and will in a few days, be well furnished; and every effort will be made to render it worthy of patronage.

EDWARD YARBOROUGH.

Aug. 2 38 3m.

Notice.

THE undersigned having bought the entire stock of goods from Messrs. J. & W. Leak, would take this method of informing their friends and acquaintances that they have taken the house occupied by the Messrs Leaks, where they are offering a well selected assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, and Groceries, a l of which they are disposed to sell low for cash or on a short time to punctual customers.

H. M. & W. H. TOMLINSON.

Cheraw March 1839. tf

Notice.

THE community in general are informed that I will commence the exercises of my school on Monday, the 14th Inst. The different branches which will be taught are those comprising an English Education.

Mrs. E. Lloyd will take charge of the Females in a separate apartment from that of the Males.

Terms of Tuition per quarter.

For Spelling, Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic,	$5 00
The above including E. Grammar, Geography and History,	7 00

No scholar will be allowed to enter for less time than one quarter—and no deductions will be made for loss of time by the Pupil—All payments will be required at the expiration of each quarter.

L. G. S. MIDDLETON.

Society Hill, S. C. Oct. 7, 1839. 49 4t

New Orleans & Trinidad

MOLASSES.

10 HHDS. New Orleans & Trinidad Molasses of very superior quality in store and for sale by D. MALLOY.

Aug. 19, 1839. 42—tf

New books at the book store.

STARKE, Beveridge's Private Thoughts, Homeward Bound, Home as Found, Boston's Fourfold State, Boardman on Originial Sin, Assembly's Digest, McEwen on Types, Looking unto Jesus, Crook in the Lot, Brown's Catechism, Mair's Introduction, Annan on Methodism, Historia Sacræ, Revival in New Brunswick, Holiday House, Lockhart's Napoleon, Mary Queen of Scotts, Croly's George 4th, Albany Cultivator. Sep 13th 44

Anthon's Series,

OF SCHOOL CLASSICKS.

PROFESSOR Anthon of Columbia College, New York, is editing a series of classical works for the use of schools and Colleges to consist of perhaps thirty volumes.—The ripe scholarship of the Editor is an abundant pledge to all interested, that the test adopted will be the purest, that the English Commentaries will be judicious and learned, and that all other suitable aids to a right understanding of the original, will be liberally furnished This pledge is fully redeemed in the volumes already published, which are, Latin Lessons, a new Greek Grammar, Greek Prosody, Sallust, Cæsar Cicero, and Horace, all of which may be examined or purchased at the "*Bookstore.*"

April 5, 1839. 21 tf

In Equity.

Marion District—So. Ca.

Malcom Stafford and Margaret Campbell Admr's and Admr'x of D. Campbell dec'd. vs. Moore S. Walter and wife et alios. } Bill for partition &c.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that Moore S Walter and Mary his wife heirs and distributees of Duncan Campbell deceased, and Defendants in the above stated case, are out of, and beyond the limits of this state It is, on motion of Harllee and Elliott Complainants, Solicitors, Ordered that they do plead, answer or demur to the Bill of Complaint in the said Case within three months from the date hereof, or the said Bill will be taken pro confesso against them.

EDWARD B. WHEELER,

Commissioner in Equity.

Commissioners Office, Marion C. H. Oct. 1 1839 48 3m

Oils & White Lead.

LAMP and Linseed Oils, White Lead, Putty and Window Glass, for sale by

DUNLAP & MARSHALL.

For Sale,

15,000 *Morus Multicaulis Trees,*

250,000 " " *Cuttings.*

Also, 500,000 SILK WORM EGGS.

The above Trees and Cuttings are very fine, and warranted to be the genuine MORUS MULTICAULIS; some of the trees are seven feet high; the cuttings are from trees of one, two and three years old, well ripened wood, one bud to each cutting. The eggs are of the kind which produce white and yellow cocoons—mostly white—and a part of them raised from the second crop this year.

Orders for any of the above, addressed to me, will be punctually attended to, and filled in the order in which they are received; that is, *first come, first served.* It is desirable that application be made before the first of November next, as about that time I will commence preparing my ground and planting the next year's crop.

Sales made at the current prices at the time of delivery.

Any communication made to me on the subject of the Silk Culture, will be promptly answered.

HUGH CRAIG.

Chesterfield C. H. Aug. 30, 1839. 42 tf

Maps.

A set of maps of the latest dates, mounted on rollers, and handsomely varnished are for sale at the "*Bookstore.*" The following is a list, viz:

Mitchell's map of the World on Mercator's projection with an accompanying 8vo vol: Mitchell's U. States, with 8vo vol: of Index &c. Finley's Europe; Do. Asia; Do. Africa; Do. S. America; making six in all and will be sold at the low price of Fifty Dollars.

Seasonable Goods.

DUNAP & MARSHALL are now receiving by the Oscola the principal part of their spring and summer Goods

April 3d. 1839. 20 tf

To the Public.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next Legislature to Charter an engine company for the Town of Cheraw.

August 22d. 1839. 42—tf

Wood.

I will furnish Oak and Hickory Wood, at $2 50 per cord, Cash.

A. P. LACOSTE.

October 4, 1839. 47—tf

Cheraw Bacon.

HAMS, Shoulders, and Sides, of my own curing, for sale. Terms, Cash.

A. P. LACOSTE.

October 4, 1839, 47—tf

CHERAW ACADEMY.

THE Trustees respectfully announce that the duties of this Institution will be resumed on the 1st of October next; the Male department under the superintendence of Mr. E. Hall; the Female under that of Mr. J. Sewers. The course of instruction in the male department, will be that required to enter the South Carolina College: the course in the female department will be, to make thorough scholars.

The scholastic year will commence on the 1st of October and end the 1st July: the year is again divided into two sessions: the first begins 1st October and ends 15th February; the second begins 16th February and ends 1st July.

Terms of Tuition per Session are,

For Spelling, Reading and Writing	$12 00
The above with Arithmetic, English Grammar and Geography	16 00
The above, with the Classics, higher branches of Mathematics, Logic, Rhetoric, &c.	20 00

Five dollars each will be added to the above for Painting and Drawing, or the Modern Languages.

All payments are in advance; the pupil will be required to pay for what remains of the session at the time he or she enters, nor will deduction or drawback be made for loss of time.

J. W. BLAKENEY, Sec'y & Treas.

P. S. Mr. H. T. Chapman has taken charge of the Boarding House, near the Female Academy, where Young Ladies may obtain board at a moderate price.

Sept. 20. 1839. 45 tf

Administrator's Notice.

THE Creditors of Hiram Tryon deceased are requested to call and receive on their debts 25 per cent. The next and last dividend, will, it is hoped, be made in a few months. Some of the debts are not yet collected and a little property is unsold. ALEX. GRAHAM. Ad'r.

Cheraw, Feb. 12, 1839. 13 tf

Law Notice.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM and J. W. Blakeney, have entered into copartnership to practice Law under the name of Graham & Blakeney. Office on Market Street.

A. GRAHAM.

J. W. BLAKENEY.

Cheraw Feb. 13, 1839. 13 tf

South Carolina.

Marlborough District.

William McDaniel, John C. McDaniel *Applicants,* vs.

Mary Wilkeson, Obediah Earls, Wiley Earls, Elizabeth Earls, John Earls, William Earls, George Earls, Andrew Earls, and Nancy McDaniel guardian of Frances McDaniel, Mary Ann McDaniel,, Ira McDaniel and William McDaniel minors. *Defendants.*

It appearing to my satisfaction that Obediah Earls, Elizabeth Earls, William Earls, George Earls and Andrew Earls five of the defendants, reside without this State;—it is therefore ordered that they do appear and object to the division or sale of the real estate of George McDaniel on or before the thirteenth day of December next or their consent to the same will be entered of record.

L. E STUBBS,

Ordinary of Marlboro District.

October 14, 1839. 49 8t

Female Seminary.

No. 111 Broad Street, Charleston South Carolina.

MRS. LANGLEY will instruct young Ladies in all the English branches of Polite Literature; and her Seminary which is located in one of the most healthy and pleasant situations in the city, shall be provided with the most accomplished and respectable teachers in the departments of French, Spanish, and Drawing.

Young Ladies from the country, either for this, or any other Seminary within the City can be accommodated with board where due regard will be paid to their morals, while under her care.

Entrance $5 which shall be appropriated to furnishing a select library for the use of the Seminary.

October 18. 1839. 49—3m

In Equity.

Cheraw District—South Carolina.

Frances Hunter vs. Frances Cooper et alios. } Bill for partition &c.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that William Cooper a Defendant in this case is absent from and resides without the limits of the State of South Carolina, on motion of J. A. Dargan, it is ordered that the said William Cooper do appear and plead answer or demur to the said Bill of the Complainant, on or by the first day of January next, and that in default thereof the said Bill as to him be taken pro confesso. It is also ordered that notice of this order be published in the Cheraw Gazette twice a month for the space of three months.

G. W. DARGAN.

Comm. in Equity.

Sept. 26, 1839. 47 2a mf 3m

South Carolina.

John K. McIver. Admr. E. R. McIver. vs. Richard Ingraham. } Decralation in Foreign Attachment.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff in the above stated case has filed his Decralation in my office against the Defendant who is absent from and without the limits of the state having neither wife nor attorney known within the same.

It is ordered that the Defendant do place or make his defence to the said Decralation within a year and a day from the date hereof otherwise final and absolute judgmet will be given and awarded against him.

Office of Common Pleas for Darington District.

S. W. DUBOSE, C. C. P.

December 12, 1838. cv3mly

NOTICE

IS hereby given that I shall apply at the ensuing session of the Legislature of this State, for a renewal of the Charter for a Ferry near Society Hill, on the Pee Dee.

ALEX. SPARKS

Sept. 20 1839. 45 tf

In Equity—Cheraw District—S. Carolina

Mary Reynolds, et. al. vs. James Reynolds, et. al. } Bill for Partition

IT appearing to my satisfaction that James Reynolds, John Reynolds and Sarah Reynolds, defendants in this case are absent from, and reside without the limits of the State of South Carolina, on motion of complainant's Solicitor it is ordered that the said James Reynolds, John Reynolds & Sarah Reynolds do appear and plead, answer or demur to the bill of the complainants on or by the first day of December next, and that in default thereof, the said bill of complainants as to them be taken *pro confesso.*

It is also ordered that notice of this order be published in the Cheraw Gazette twice a month for the space of three months.

GEORGE W. DARGON,

Commissioner in Equity.

August 2, 1839. 38 2am3m

For Sale at the Bookstore,

A SERMON Preached before the Presbyterian Church at Cheraw 20th January, 1839, By J. C. Coit, Pastor.—

2. John. 10: "If there come any unto you "and bring not this doctrine receive him not "into your house, neither bid him God speed."

Aeg 23 41 tf

The Mispeh Baptist Church,

Darlington District, S. C.

NOTICE is hereby given, that this Church will apply at the ensuing session of the Legislature of the State for Incorporation.

A. H. DAVID,

Church Clerk.

August 5th 1839. 39 2mf3m

Morus Multicaulis.

FOR Sale nearly or quite TWO MILLIONS of Morus Multicaulis cuttings of remarkably well grown and well matured wood; a large proportion from roots one and two years old. The trees are very super or, generally from 6 to 10 feet high, growing on dry sandy land, in rows from 4 to 8 feet apart, and standing, generally, at from 2 to 3 feet in the row. Main stems and branches will be sold together; and, rather than refuse a good offer, the roots will also be sold. It is estimated that the lot will yield *from four to five hundred thousand* cuttings an inch and quarter, or more in circumference. Such cuttings, as I know from last spring's experience, grow almost as certainly as rooted plants, even with bad management in an unfavorable season, more especially when grown themselves from rooted plants, as is the case with many of those here offered. It is confidently believed that very few if any lots of trees are for sale in the country which afford so large a number of so good cuttings. They are worth visiting from a distance by a person wishing to purchase so great a number of trees or cuttings of prime quality. The *present* price is 12½ cents per foot, or 2 cents per bud. A reasonable deduction would be made to a purchaser of the whole lot. The field on which the trees stand is within a few hundred yards of the Cheraw boat landing, from which there is regular steamboat communication with George Town and Charleston.

The postage must be paid on all letters on the subject or they will not attended to.

M. MACLEAN.

Cheraw S. C. October 4th 1839.

☞ The Journal of the American Silk Society will insert the above advertisement once omitting this postscript, the National Intelligencer, American Farmer, Morris's Silk Farmer, Georgia Journal, and Federal Union will insert it twice, omitting this postscript, and forward their accounts to this office; or state the amount of their bills respectively at the bottom of the advertisement.