THE UNION DAILY TIMES

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY Established in 1850—Consolidated with The Union Daily Times October 1, 1917 DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

Vol. LXXIII No. [illegible] Union, S. C., Saturday Afternoon, November 4, 1922 3c Per Copy

WEATHER

Fair tonight and Sunday moderate temperature.

STRONG SERMON LAST EVENING

Gipsy Smith held the second inspirational meeting of his Union campaign in the Gipsy Smith tabernacle last evening, and again he preached the simple gospel of Jesus and his love, and in the opinion of hundreds who have heard these two sledge hammer blows against sin, the evangelist will succeed in bringing Union to the feet of the cross.

The crowds began to go to the tabernacle long before the appointed hour and many people coming from a distance to hear the famous preacher, the Laymen's Brotherhood of Whitmire came in a body and were given seats which had been reserved for them and sang with such joy and wholeheartedness, that the vast crowd applauded as none generously.

[illegible] Sunday evening will be [illegible] at 7:30 p. m. and the choir is requested by the director to be in their places by 7 o'clock.

The text taken for last evening's sermon was "Follow Me," the words appearing in the first chapter of the Gospel of St. John and the 43rd verse.

The words, "Follow Me," are to be followed through the history of Jesus Christ. From the beginning until the end of the life of Christ, we hear His clear, pungent command, "Follow Me."

The Christians here tonight remember in their hearts when they first heard that command. Suppose I come to you knowing your public, private and social lives and knew that the life you are leading is not in keeping with the teachings of the New Testament, and I came to you and said: "Are you a Christian?"

I can see the flush that would mantle your cheeks, and the spark of anger in your eyes. Yet, unless Union is different from all other towns, there are hundreds of church members [illegible] who have no right to the name Christian.

Are you a Christian? Is it joining a church? No. Is it being baptized? No. Is it subscribing to a creed? No. Is it the observance of certain rituals? No. Is it the laying on of hands on your head in the rite of confirmation? No. Is it partaking of the elements of the sacrament? No.

Then what is it that makes me a Christian, if it isn't any of the foregoing things? Paul had it right when he said: "Any man that has the spirit of Christ in his heart is a Christian.

Any minister can take you into the church; any minister can baptize you or confirm you, but any minister cannot make a Christian out of you. He can make you a member of some ecclesiastical club. You can only be a Christian as you are rooted and grounded and filled with the spirit of Jesus Christ.

You have no right to the title of Christian, no matter who gave you your ordination to the church. I repeat, you have no right to the title until you are rooted and grounded and filled with the spirit of Christ.

Are you following Jesus Christ?

When I was a Gypsy boy, my father sent me along with the other nomad lads and girls of the tribe to peddle willow brushes, cane chairs and notions, the handiwork of the tribe. In those early days of my life there was one game we Gypsy children never tired of playing, and it was "Follow your leader."

God isn't a monster. He doesn't ask men to do the impossible, but He does ask that they make an honest attempt, and if you do not make an honest attempt, either in business, socially or privately, then you are not playing the game.

The trouble with the churches, the trouble with the town, is the fact that so many people never darken the church doors. It is not true that they hate the church. Often these people that are not churchgoers are the first to write a check to help the church. But what they are sick of is the kind of religion some of you Christians have. The thing that they hate is the hypocrisy of those calling themselves Christians. These self-styled Christians do more to damn the program of the church than any other influence. The greatest foes of the church are those of our own household.

Ask any man what a Christian should be, and he will answer, "A man of high standards.' I don't hold a brief for the man you slander—the non-churchgoer. I believe that we will win him through love to Christ, but he hates the caricatures, the unreal life of so many socalled Christians. He is an enemy, but the sinner is a brother whom we must serve.

When Christ at the beginning of His ministry, turned to His dear ones, His mother and relatives, and said: "Don't you know that I've got more important work to do; don't you know that I must be about My Father's business? Christ placed God first; He

(Continued on last page)

MYSTERY DAY AT NEW BRUNSWICK

New Brunswick, N. J., Nov. 3 (By the Associated Press).—This was another day of mystery in the Mills Mills murder case.

The following things happened:

1. County Detective David, working under Special Deputy Attorney General Mott, predicted that reporters could bank on action next week.

2. Detectives claimed to have located the automobile in which the slayers are believed to have ridden to the scene of the murders on the Phillips farm.

3. Th witnes heralded as having testimony to support the eyewitness story of the shooting told by Mrs. Jane Gibson, farmer and self-styled eyewitness to the double shooting, was identified as Mrs. A. C. Fraley, a widow living with her daughter in a farmhouse on Lovers' lane near the scene of the murders. It was understood that she had seen, from the upper stories of her home, figures moving in the field in which the slaying had occurred and heard shots, but her home was barred today to reporters and she could not be interviewed. Signourney Smith, a grave digger and a boarder in Mrs. Fraley's home, already has been questioned by state troopers.

4. Mr. Mott failed to show up in New Brunswick, although his assistants had summoned all the witnesses for interrogation, what the exception of Mrs. Edward Wheeler Hall, whose husband, rector of the Church of St. John, the Evangelist, was found slain with Mrs. Eleanor R. Mills, choir singer.

5. Detective Mason, chief aide to Mr. Mott, later was seen to depart in the direction of Newark, after holding a hasty platform conference with Mrs. Gibson and another woman, said to have been her mother.

6. Mr. Mason was seen after his arrival in Newark and denied that he had taken witnesses during the day for questioning by Mr. Mott. He said he anticipated no important developments before Monday.

7. The rumor still prevailed that grand jury action might be expected Monday and that two warrants had already been prepared.

Miss Sally Peters, confidant of Mrs. Hall, told reporters Mrs. Hall was much pleased with the results of the long interview she had given reporters this week, and that letters received from various parts of the country indicated a strong reaction in favor of the rector's widow.

Investigators announced that they were receiving scores of freak letters from persons offering to solve the mystery.

One offered an algebraic solution. Designating principals as A, B, C, D, etc., and the slayer as X. The writer forwarded six pages of equations which left the investigators still in doubt as to the identity of X.

Dream solutions are arriving by the dozens. One evangelist submitted the result of a supposedly divine communication.

The letters accused a dozen different persons of the crime.

ATTENTION, DEMOCRATS!

Barnwell, S. C., Nov. 4, 1922.

Hon. J. A. Sawyer,
County Chairman,
Union, S. C.

I understand the Republican candidate for congress in your district is making an active campaign. This is no time to take a chance on the Republican party getting any sort of indorsement in South Carolina. The Democratic party is depending upon you as its official representative to see that the full strength of the Democratic vote is cast for your congressman and all other party nominees.

Edgar A. Brown,
State Chairman.

TODAY'S COTTON MARKET

	Open	Close
December	25.30	25.49
January	25.05	25.21
March	24.93	24.98
May	26.60	24.76
July	24.24	24.45
N. Y. Spots		25.60
Local market		25.00

Dallas Express Crashes Into Local

Bremond, Texas, Nov. 4.—One man was killed and another seriously injured and a score were bruised and cut by flying glass when the San Antonio-Dallas express crashed into the rear end of the Weco-Bremond local early this morning. The express hit an open switch and then crashed into the rear sleeper of the other train.

Mrs. Jeter and family, who have had apartments at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Young, will move next week into the Hamilton house on E. Main street.

ACTS TO PREVENT BLOCKING OF LAW

Acting to prevent "deadlocking" criminals blocking the proceed of the law and indefinitely postponing execution of sentences of the court "by an endless chain of motions and appeals," the state supreme court in denying the appeal of the state in the Cliff Hawkins case yesterday, reversed the previously held opinion as to the law and practice in the making of motions for new trials on the ground of after discovered evidence and at the same time prescribed a new procedure in such cases which, the court believes, will make impossible the abuse of the appeal to prevent the carrying out of death sentences.

The court reversed the action of Judge T. J. Mauldin in granting a motion for a new trial to Cliff Hawkins, convicted in Greenville county in September, 1920, and twice sentenced to be electrocuted for the murder of William Morgan and remanded the case to the circuit court for the carrying out of Judge Mauldin's order.

Cliff Hawkins, according to the opinion, killed Jesse Craig, July 5, 1920, and four days later also killed William Morgan. He was tried in the Greenville courts on an indictment charging the murder of Morgan in September, 1920, and was sentenced to be electrocuted October 1, 1920. The defense then appealed the case to the supreme court, which did not hear the appeal until the fall terms of 1921. The appeal was denied and Hawkins for the second time was sentenced to die, this time on April 7, 1922, the sentence being pronounced March 15, 1922.

On March 23 attorneys for Hawkins moved before Judge Mauldin in chambers for a new trial on the grounds of after discovered evidence. This was denied on the ground that the circuit judge was without jurisdiction to hear the motion at chambers. Appeal was taken from this ruling and a stay of sentence was granted. The defendant abandoned this appeal and then moved before Judge Mauldin at the regular May term of the circuit court in Greenville for a new trial on the ground of [illegible] ed to prove that Hawkins was mentally unbalanced and, therefore, not criminally liable. This motion was granted by Judge Mauldin and it was from this act that the state appealed bringing the case again before the supreme court. Under the court's decision the new trial will be had as soon as possible.

The previous practice in the making of motions for new trials has led to a condition, the court believes, where convicted criminals may by successive motions and appeals block the process of the law indefinitely and by their motions and appeals prevent their executions. "Perhaps this tribunal," says the opinion, "was never called upon to meet a graver responsibility . . . nor was it ever more loudly called upon to use its judicial powers in a proper way to avert a deplorable condition, a condition that is not calculated to enhance respect for law and its enforcement and which as a matter of fact would have a contrary effect."

Under the rule promulgated in the opinion the circuit court alone will have authority to hear motions for new trials on the grounds of after discovered evidence, but when the case has once been appealed to the supreme court and judgment rendered by the supreme court, the motion can be heard by the circuit court only after a showing to the supreme court that the motion is meritorious. Pending this hearing no automatic stay of execution is to be allowed and the preliminary motion must be made in time to permit its arguing and consideration before the day set for the electrocution or a temporary reprieve of the sentence must be secured, "upon proper showing to the governor." In case the supreme court denies the preliminary motion or the circuit court denies the motion for new trial the defendant will then be electrocuted without the necessity of a resentencing.

The opinion, written by Circuit Judge Frank B. Gary of Abbeville, was concurred in by the chief justice, all associate justices, with the exception of Associate Justice R. C. Watts, and all circuit court judges present at the en banc session of the supreme court. The case was argued before the court in en banc session on September 2. Associate Justice Watts filed a dissenting opinion, disagreeing with the remainder of the court on both issues and holding that the circuit court should have the power at any time to hear motions for new trials on the ground of after discovered evidence. Hawkins, Associate Justice Watts also held, should not be allowed a new trial.

The new rule was not applied in the deciding of the Hawkins case.

Messrs. W. C. Nance and Haynes McCrackin of Whitmire were business visitors in Union today.

AIRMEN ARE ON THEIR WAY

Dayton, [illegible] Nov. 4.—Major Bane, commanding [illegible] at 10 o'clock [illegible] of McCook field, [illegible] morning received a telegram from [illegible] Kelly, one of the pilots [illegible] monoplane T-2, attempting [illegible] the continent without stop[illegible] that the [illegible] Indianapolis. The [illegible] radiator had [illegible] out of San Diego [illegible] the tanks were drained of [illegible] when the plane landed.

El Paso, Texas, [illegible] Nov. 3.—The airplane in which [illegible] John A. MacReady and [illegible] are trying to make a [illegible] transcontinental flight, passed [illegible] Haymon, Okla., at 9:20 p. m. ([illegible] standard time), according to information received by the chief [illegible] at the El Paso [illegible] railroad here.

The dispatch [illegible] information indicated that [illegible] New Mexico, to Dalhart, [illegible] the plane flew at the rate of [illegible] an hour. It passed over [illegible] p. m., Santa Rosa, N. M., at [illegible] Tucumcari, N. M., at [illegible] and Dalhart at 8:30 p. m. ([illegible] standard time), [illegible]

San Diego, [illegible] Much interest in which another [illegible] have shared, was expressed [illegible] late today as to the [illegible] Lieut. John A. MacReady and [illegible] Kelly, trying [illegible] flight from San Diego to New [illegible] in the great monoplane T-2 [illegible] took off from the army [illegible] a few seconds before 6 a. [illegible] over Oemling, N. M., [illegible] 5 p. m. Officers at the field [illegible] said they felt confident [illegible] was rlight with the aviators [illegible] the lack of further reports [illegible] off was accepted [illegible] piece of air[illegible] Kelly handled [illegible] the morning of [illegible] aviators took [illegible] resulted in [illegible] 18 hours, 18 minutes [illegible] When the big machine [illegible] and today between [illegible] seconds [illegible] ed confidence.

"We expect to eat dinner in New York Saturday evening," said MacReady, with a laugh.

'It certainly looks like our day," said Kelly, after a glance at the sky.

Day was just breaking when the machine was started. It went off in a wide circle and passed over the field a few minutes later fully 800 feet up. Kelly, steering, was plainly seen by those on the field. MacReady was in the nclosd cabin out of vision of th crowd.

Conflict Between Fascisti And Soviet Government

Paris, Nov. 4.—The conflict between the Fascisti and the Soviet government is feared as a result of the raid reported yesterday on the Rome Bureau of the Russian Commercial delegation. The band of raiders said they dragged the alien employe from the officers and shot him against the wall.

Fourth Victim of Fire Dies

New York, Nov. 4.—The fourth victim of the fire which yesterday destroyed the celluloid factory, died today. One girl was trapped with 11 others on the third floor of the building. Two women fell to death during the fire and the third died last night.

PERSONAL MENTION

John C. McDow, who has a position at Southern Pines, N. C., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. McDow, on S. Church street.

D. C. Heustiss of Carlisle was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Martha Beaver and Miss Eugenia Beaver, of Salisburg, N. C., will arrive Monday to visit Rev. and Mrs. I. W. Blackwelder, at the Rectory.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Carbery have returned to their home in Spartanburg after a few days' visit to friends in Union.

The Methodist ministers in the county and city will leave Tuesday for Gaffney, where the Upper South Carolina conference is to be held.

Prof. A. D. Eidson of Lockhart is among the visitors in Union today.

W. E. Thomas, Jr., of West Virginia, will arrive this afternoon to spend several days with his mother, Mrs. P. B. Bobo. He will leave on Tuesday for Lavonia, Ga., where he will be married to Miss Imogene Sewell. Mrs. Bobo and Mrs. James Bruce will accompany him.

Mrs. Sam Petty of Pacolet is the the guest of Miss Etta Halford.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hall of Augusta Ga., arrived today to attend the Gipsy Smith meeting for a few days.

Mrs. Simpson Sparks continues quite sick kat her home on South Church street.

MRS. ROSIER FREE ON BOTH CHARGES

Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—Mrs. Catherine Rosier was today acquitted by the jury which tried her for killing Miss Mildred Geraldine Reckitt,, her husband's stenographer, and soon afterward was freed of the indictment which charged her with the killing of her husband, Oscar Rosier, at the same time.

As the foreman pronounced the words, "Not guilty," the 22 year old defendant uttered a piercing shriek and fainted. She was carried from the court room by her chief counsel, John R. K. Scott, and a court officer, but was quickly revived. This was the 15th day of the trial.

Tremendous aplause swept the crowded court room on the announcement of the verdict and the cheering continued despite frantic efforts of court attaches to restore order. At least six women fainted and in the case of some of them difficulty was experienced in restoring consciousness.

Later Mr. Scott made a motion to release the prisoner pending the action of the district attorney in the second indictment—that charging Mrs. Rosier with causing the death of her husband. District Attorney Rotan and Assistant District Attorney Speizer with Mr. Scott and other members of defense counsel held a side-bar conference.

"Since she was adjudged insane at the time of killing Mis Reckitt," Hr. Rotan told the court, "she was insane when she killed her husband."

"That is quite right," said Judge Barratt, and bills were then submitted to the jury, still sitting in the box, with instructions from the court to find Mrs. Rosier not guilty, which was done.

Mrs. Rosier, who had returned to the room with her baby, Richard, in her arms, was stormed by those eager to congratulate her when freed. Wives of several of the jurors were among those who offered their felicitations. She was profuse in her thanks to the jurymen for their action.

Asked what she next intended to do, Mrs. Rosier said:

"Rest and fortitude. I am so happy [illegible] realize it. All my love was centered in Richard."

She was then asked about Oscar, Jr., 11 year old son of Rosier by a former marriage.

"I am very proud of him," she answered. "I am going to bring him up."

The shooting took place in the Rosier advertising agency, of which the dead man was the head, January 21, last. Rosier was 38 years of age and Miss Reckitt 26. For nine months the defendant was in prison awaiting trial.

A plea of emotional insanity was made by defense, which produced many eminent alienists, who testified that at the time of the shooting the defendant could not distinguish between right and wrong, a contention denied by the commonwealth, which produced other experts in mental diseases, who gave opinions that on studying previous testimony they were convinced of her sanity.

In his charge to the jury Judge Barratt declared the vital issue in the case was sanity. If "mentally dethroned," he observed, "the jury would acquit the defendant; but if it found that she was sane, conviction should be the verdict."

The case went to the jury thtis afternoon and the jurors were out one hour and 45 minutes. Jurymen said that, while there was some discussion, only one ballot was necessary.

Celebrates 84th Birthday

Mrs. W. T. Beaty went to Greenville last week to attend the birthday celebration of her father, W. H. Whitmire, who is 84 years of age. He has lived through five wars and was represented at each one of them and is still hale and hearty and remarkably clear minded. Mrs. Beaty has written a story of her father's long life and is preparing it for the publishers, giving the interesting events and the wonderful things he has seen come to pass.

Mr. Whitmire had his children with him and received many letters of congratulations upon his long life and good wishes that he would pass the century mark.

Mr. Allan Nicholson Not Improving

News from the bedside of Mr. Allan Nicholson who underwent an operation in Wallace Thomson hospital a day or two ago, is not encouraging. He has not rallied as well as his friends would like to see.

Football November 10th

On Friday, Nvember 10th, at the City park at 3 o'clock, sharp, the Gaffney high eleven meets the Union high eleven. Don't fail to see this game, for it is promised to be a good one.

PENSIONS FROM CARNEGIE FUND

New York, Nov. 3.—On the tombstone of the iron master, Andrew Carnegie, in Sleepy Hollow cemetery, is the epitath he wrote:

"Here lies a man who knew how to enlist in his service better men than himself."

Documents made public today, and filed in the appelate division of the supreme court in support of an appeal asking that a $4,500,000 pension fund created by Carnegie's will be declared untaxable, sounded a practical overtone to the keynote of the epitaph.

The documents showed that 600 men and women, most of them more than 60 years and many more than 80 years old, were on the pension list of the Scotch iron master who died in 1919. Eome of the beneficiaries receive $10 a month; others incomes that approximate $5,000 yearly. Some of them are workmen grown too old for their trades; some of them have been downed by sudden misfortune. One of them is a viscount of London; another is the widow of a railroad engineer. But most of them are "men who were enlisted in the service of Andrew Carnegie."

To Miss Helen Keller, the famous girl who is deaf, dumb and blind, the Carnegie pension fund grants an annuity of $2,500. Viscount John Morley of Wimbeldon Park, London, is provided with 1,000 pounds sterling a year, after reaching the age of 80. according to the pension list.

Hundreds of others whose names are unfamiliar on news pages, but which were once written on the payrolls of steel mills and plants in Pennsylvania, receive incomes of varying sizes from the fund.

Several letters from Mr. Carnegie in regard to the care of obscure friends were made public today by Robert A. Franks, who for many years directed the disposal of the pension fund. One says of an old man and his wife:

"They are old, no longer able to work, and on the verge of losing their minds. The arrangement I suggest, I hope, will make them comfortable to the end."

Another letter concerns an engineer, who, close to death, asked Mr. Carnegie's aid for his family, one of whom was a crippled daughter. The engineer, in his feeble days, had been pensioned, and the letter directs the continuation of aid to his family, saying:

"If more is needed to keep the widow and her daughter, it is to be given them, sure."

One letter, directing the enrollment of the name of a woman on the list of pensions, tells directly of a "man enlisted in the service" of Carnegie. It says:

"Please say her father loaned me $217.50 in order to make my first payment on sleeping car stock. Say that he took my note without security, saying, 'Yes, I'll lend it to you, Andy; you're all right.' So his daughter need have no hesitation in coming under my wing now, as it were."

The appeal for the ruling dispensing with taxation of the fund—which was granted—was partly based upon proofs offered to show that the pension fund was but a smal parlt of the philanthropies of the iron master, who gave away, the accounting shows, $350,000,000 and died worth $23,000,000.

Andrew Carnegie retired from business in 1901, the court was told, and from then until his death was most interested in the disposition of large portions of his fortune.

Gipsy Smith Raps on Union

Gipsy Smith rapped on Union's congregational singing last evening and said it was the one thing that had disappointed him in this city. He made a plea for congregational singing that brought results and no doubt tomorrow evening the effects will be more pronounced.

Notice to Choir

The director of the Gipsy Smith choir wishes to urge that every member of the choir be in his place at 7 o'clock, p. m., tomorrow evening. This is important.

Notice, Masons!

A regular communication of the John A. Fant Lodge, No. 334, A. F. M., will meet Monday night at the lodge over Monarch mills store at 7:30 p. m.

All members of said lodge are requested to be present.

Visiting brethren welcome.

J. A. Petty, W. M.

R. F. Haynes, Secretary.

J. C. Mitchell and son, Joe, left Wednesday for an extended trip to Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Norman will move into their home on South street next week.

VIRGINIA PAYS TRIBUTE TO PAGE

Richmond, Va., Nov. 3.—Virginia's final tribute to Thomas Nelson Page, who died suddenly Wednesday afternoon while walking in the garden of his boyhood home in Hanover county, was paid today when hundreds of friends and admirers gathered for the simple funeral service in the little red brick church, "Old Fork," where the noted author, diplomat and scholar was christened more than a half century ago.

The little church was filled to overflowing long before the hour fixed for the funeral. Many people unable to gain admission to the smal auditorium stood on the outside with heads bared to the sun of a perfect Indian summer day as the last rites were conducted. High officials of the state, eminent lawyers, bankers, business men, veterans of the Confederate war, negroes and white men, women and children in every walk of life were there to pay their respects to the dead statesman. Strong men wept and the tears rolled down the glistening cheeks of the older negroes who knew Mr. Page as "Marse Tom." Distinguished as he was in the public life of America and the world and keenly as his passing is felt, the grief of none is more genuine or more overwhelming than that of the black servants at "Oakland," who furnished the background, the groundwork for some of Mr. Page's best literary efforts. They loved their master as their ancestors loved his distinguished forebears and nowhere is Mr. Page's death felt more keenly than in the simple hearts of these Southern negroes.

The auditorium of the little church was packed with men and women. Every seat was occupied and dozens stood against the high walls of the quaint edifice. In the center of the room was the giant wood stove, which has heated the building for many years. From the walls projected the brackets whence oil lamps have shed their rays on many distinguished men and women who have worshipped there. On the other side of the building the divided stream of Pamunkey river flowed even farther apart as the waters made their way to the sea. A short distance away was the old road the dead statesman trod as a barefoot lad and back of the church were the woods he roamed.

After the funeral service, which was conducted by the Rev. E. L. Goodwin of Ashland, assisted by Archdeacon William Walton, an old friend of the family, the body was removed to Ashland and placed aboard a train for Washington, where the final services will be held tomorrow, when officials of the nation and foreign countries will lay tribute upon the brow of the noted Virginian. This service will be conducted in historic St. John's church, after which the body will be buried in Rock Creek cemetery beside the grave of Mr. Page's second wife, who died last year.

A beautiful tribute was paid to Mr. Page today by the Rt. Rev. William Cabell Brown, bishop of the Virginia diocese of the Episcopal church. Bishop Brown, who was absent from the city when he learned of Mr. Page's death, hastily returned to attend the funeral today. He reached "Old Fork" church this morning just as the casket was being placed in the hearse for the journey to Ashland.

"It was fitting that Mr. Page should die on All Saints' day," said Bishop Brown. "His death is a great loss to the state and to literature."

Mr. Mary MacSwainey Is Arrested

Dublin, Nov. 4 (By the Associated Press).—Miss Mary MacSwinney was among several arrested in their homes here after a pitched battle between the opponents and the National Army troops who presumably are seeking to arrest Eamon De Valera who is reported hiding in this city. The search failed to reveal the republican leader.

Insurrection on Island of Samos

Paris, Nov. 4 (By the Associated Press).—An insurrection has broken out in the Island of Samos, off the Smyrna coast of Asia Minor, according to advices. The rebels are demanding autonomous government for the island and the Greek troops were called out to suppress the outbreak.

Rousing Reception Given Lloyd George

London, Nov. 4 (By the Associated Press).—A rousing reception was given Lloyd George in his speech to three thousand people today. He answered Bonar Law's description of him as a drummer boy by declaring he was not ashamed of the characterization. He asserted that Germany lost the war because she had no drummer boy and he declared that Bonar Law's watchword of "tranquility' was not policy but A-Y-WA-N