

## PREMIERS ENDEAVOR TO SOLVE POLISH-RUSSIAN SITUATION

Paris, Aug. 10.—The military decisions reached at the Hythe conference between Premier Lloyd George and Millerand and their advisers were as follows, according to the French foreign office:

First: That it was impracticable and unnecessary to send allied troops to Poland, and

Second: The integrity of Poland's western frontier was guaranteed. (This policy means that any effect by Germany to use the present crisis in an attempt to regain any of the territory ceded to Poland under the treaty of Versailles would be decisively negated by the allies.)

Third: That the allies would continue sending munitions and skilled officers to Poland.

Blockade measures would possibly be taken later, it was said, but French opinion questioned the effectiveness of such action.

Paris, Aug. 10.—While nothing will be made public relative to the conclusions reached at the Hythe conference on Sunday and Monday until Premier Lloyd George speaks in the house of commons, it is understood that he and Premier Millerand agreed upon steps to be taken in the event the Bolsheviks seek to impose crushing terms on Poland at Minsk on Wednesday says a Havas dispatch from Hythe. These steps consist of a naval blockade of Russia by the British fleet aided by French destroyers. Neighboring neutral nations, such as Sweden, Denmark and Norway, would be asked to suspend exports to Russia, and this aid in the fight against the world danger of Bolshevism, and eventually the allies may appeal to Germany to effect the isolation of Russia by land.

Another measure considered consists of forming a defensive front against Russia by appealing to Latvia, Lithuania, Caucasus and Azerbaijan as well as other states formerly parts of the Russian empire.

Mr. Wragel, the anti-Bolshevik leader in Southern Russia, would be supported by both England and France, and Poland would naturally receive every material and moral aid. If she should be cut off from Danzig, materials might be sent to her through Czechoslovakia. There was no question of sending French or British troops to Poland. Should the Bolsheviks continue a stubborn provocative attitude, the Soviet government would be asked to leave that city, and the commercial negotiation which might have been soon transformed into political conversations would be broken off.

"The premiers at one time," the Havas dispatch adds, "considered appealing to the league of nations to settle the Russo-Polish problem, but were obliged to recognize that the league as yet lacks means of acting, and that the experiment might result in failure, which would have a regrettable effect on the future of that organization."

Paris, Aug. 10.—Premier Millerand returned to this city early today from Hythe, England, where he conferred with Premier Lloyd George relative to the Polish situation. He refused to make any statements on the result of the conference, having promised the British premier to say nothing until after the latter had spoken in the house of commons.

London, Aug. 10.—Great Britain has been given a few very anxious days as a result of the Polish situation. Nobody in this country wants to embark in another war. Not only has England no soldiers to send, but the whole community is tired of war and overburdened with taxation.

Results of the Hythe conference are considered as a compromise between the British and the French as all the decisions reached at recent conferences have been. Sunday's proceedings were proclaimed by the French to be a victory for the policy of Premier Millerand, but yesterday's seems to have been a success for Premier Lloyd George.

The British premier apparently had two policies for dealing with the present situation. One is to arrange terms with the Bolsheviks of Russia and the other is to help Germany get on her feet, both policies antagonistic to what appears to be the French view. France wants the allies to support Poland by all possible means, and suspicion of any assistance to Germany seems to be apparent, as French newspapers have recently been outspoken in opposition to the policy of Mr. Lloyd George. The third important member of the alliance, Italy, was not represented at Hythe, but it is asserted she is in entire accord with Mr. Lloyd George and has opened deputation relations with Soviet Russia, although she has refused to take a similar step.

London, Aug. 10.—"I am still hopeful of peace," were the opening words of Premier Lloyd George's announcement in the house of commons today with regard to the Russo-Polish crisis.

The house was crowded and the tension was high in anticipation of the premier's "peace or war" statement. As he entered he was warmly cheered.

M. Krassin and Kameneff of the Russian Soviet delegation here, were in the stranger's gallery.

Mr. Lloyd George declared the Polish attack was not justified in the opinion of the British government, and that the Soviet government, in any conditions of peace, was entitled

## NEGRO HOLDS UP CHICAGO EXPRESS

Chicago, Aug. 10.—The death early today of J. B. Todd, dining car steward, from wounds inflicted by the negro who last night held up the Chicago day express, a Pennsylvania train just entering Chicago from New York, spurred the efforts of the police in search for the bandit. He was identified as a discharged dining car waiter on another railroad.

Although squads of police quickly reached the spot where the bandit stopped the train by jerking the emergency cord and stuffing a match in the coupling, not trace of him had been found today. Members of the train crew warned occupants of the other coaches when the shots were heard in the dining car and passengers barricaded the car doors, but the bandit, apparently frightened by the steward's resistance, fled without trying to take the steward's money.

To take into account the facts of the attacks made by the Poles upon Russia and that those attacks were delivered despite the warnings of the allies to Poland.

The Soviet, he declared, was entitled to demand such guarantees as would be exacted by any nation against a repetition of attacks of this kind. What was challenged, he said, was that "being justified retaliation, reprisal or punishment which goes to the extent of wiping out national existence."

The premier declared that the sole purpose of the allied policy was to secure peace on a basis of independence for ethnographical Poland.

He said that the Hythe conference agreed that the allies should advise Poland to endeavor to negotiate an armistice and make peace as long as such independence was recognized. That recommendation has been forwarded to the Soviet government, the premier stated.

"We are not going to have a quarrel or propose to engage this country in dispute, whether it means much or little, upon the difference between Monday or Wednesday, and there the matter is settled."

London, Aug. 10.—Outlining the position the Allies had decided to take if necessary, the premier said no action would be taken except to support the struggle for Poland's existence and independence. No allied troops will be sent to Poland, he declared. It would not be necessary, he said, if the Polish resources were thoroughly organized and well directed.

"The next action," continued the premier, "would be to put economic pressure upon Soviet Russia either by naval action or international action. Substantial stores," he said, "were available in that quarter of the world which the allies would feel obliged to send to Poland."

London, Aug. 10.—Replying to an interjection as to what the position of America would be Mr. Lloyd George said:

"We certainly are going to appeal to America. There is controversy on the difficulty in America that up to the present she has not ratified and that the treaty is the subject conflict between the two great parties. I am not in our power to say what view the American executive will take. I am only judging from the attitude of America at the peace conference. She was a strong proponent of Polish independence. No man could have taken a more determined and zealous part in setting up Polish independence than President Wilson and I am certain that whatever differences of opinion there may be in America with regard to the league of nations there would be no difference of opinion in their general attitude towards Polish independence."

The premier declared that up to the present Great Britain was taking no steps to assist in any attack on Soviet Russia inside her own territory since the British government's changed policy was announced.

The premier declared that if the negotiations with Soviet Russia had broken down because of the Bolshevik attitude and the allies had cut Russia off from the world outside there would be an end to any trade negotiations. "If they want peace," he said, "they can get it and the London conference proposal was intended to establish peace."

Sidney Howell is visiting relatives in the lower part of the state.

## WILL CONSIDER WOMAN'S RIGHTS

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 10.—The North Carolina legislature met today for extraordinary session to consider ratification of the federal suffrage amendment and local tax matters. Ratification was not mentioned in a message from Governor Bickett at the opening session, but the governor has announced that he will consider the amendment Thursday with a special message recommending approval.

The governor's message today devoted wholly to tax matters. Submitted changes covering the State Tax Commission, allowing under revision and the total amount of all proposed changes placed at \$1,099,000,000 for 1919, the total of this showing the governor's proposed changes for state and county taxes to be reduced from 66.2-3 cents to 70.0 to 15 cents, not including school tax.

It is understood that Senator Lindsey M. Warren of Beaufort County has been asked to introduce the bill to reject the suffrage amendment and that he will lead the fight against ratification in the senate.

Former Lieutenant Governor Robert A. Doughton, of Allegheny County, is looked upon as the most likely to lead the opposition in the house. Senator Scales of Guilford and Representative Everett of Richmond are expected to lead the fight for ratification in the senate and house, respectively.

Senators leaders say they will not wait on the issue of Tennessee, but will launch the fight for ratification as soon as Governor Bickett submits the amendment.

Anti and suffragist leaders today expressed satisfaction with the outcome, although it was admitted all sides that the vote on ratification will be very close.

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 10.—Although the North Carolina legislature convenes in special session to consider taxation reforms and ratification of the federal woman suffrage amendment today, the two houses predicted that the suffrage question would be voted on before Thursday. Governor Bickett's message to the legislature today was devoted entirely to tax matters. In another message Thursday was announced at his office, the governor will urge ratification of the amendment.

Reports were current early today that an anti-ratification resolution would be introduced into the lower house this morning but this failed to materialize and that body adjourned until tomorrow after a brief session. Unconfirmed rumors that an attempt would be made to postpone action by the house until the regular session in January 1921 also were current.

In conformity with the plan of conducting the campaign under the leadership of Tennesseeans, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the American Woman Suffrage Association and Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton of Ohio vice chairman of the Republican Executive committee are remaining in their headquarters and acting as consulting specialists rather than "general practitioners" as one suffragist expressed it.

Discussion of the joint resolution in the senate and house tomorrow before referring it to committee is expected in a measure to develop the strength of the opposing forces. Many canvassers however, agree that one poll is as near correct as another and that only a vote will settle the question.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 10.—A joint resolution providing for ratification of the Federal Woman Suffrage amendment was introduced today in both houses of the Tennessee legislature. Speaker Todd offered the resolution in the senate and the Shelby county delegation, which is declared solidly for ratification, presented it in the lower house.

Under the rules the resolution went on the table until tomorrow when it will be brought up for discussion. The tentative program, leaders stated, is to refer it to the two judiciary committees which are expected to conduct a joint hearing later in the week.

Senator Joe Brown, of Columbus county, introduced the first bill of the session which proposed repeal of the statewide primary law.

## BASEBALL GAMES POSTPONED

Detroit, Mich. August 10.—Philadelphia-Detroit game postponed, rain. To be played August 12, open date.

New York, August 10.—New York-Pittsburg both games postponed, rain.

## WOMAN'S BODY FOUND IN RIVER

St. Clair, Mich., Aug. 10.—The body of a pennsylvanian-governed woman, who went missing yesterday in the Detroit river near Wyandotte, a suburb, was identified today as that of Mrs. M. C. Caille, former wife of a motor manufacturer.

Information that Mrs. Caille went missing yesterday in the Detroit river, police were given a clue as to how she came to death.

The body was identified by the woman's divorced husband and by a friend. It was placed in the water yesterday, as indicated by the fact there was no water in the lungs, it was said.

Diamond rings, valued at \$200, were found on the fingers. Authorities are searching for women with whom Mrs. Caille was acquainted, believing they might shed some light on the mystery. There were no marks of violence on the body.

## S. COLSON AWARDED LIFE SAVING MEDAL

San Diego, Aug. 24, 1920, at 5:15 p. m. while coming alongside Navy pier at Municipal pier, San Diego, Cal., land workmen from the Naval Depot at La Playa, William S. Colson, U. S. Navy, attached to the Naval Air Station and temporary serving on board the U. S. S. Albatross, fuel depot, displayed great

bravery and unusual bravery in saving the life of George Matyiaika, sergeant U. S. Navy, who had fallen overboard (a vessel of about 60 tons displacement) and a landing float at the time the vessel was about to be landed and succeeded in saving the life of George Matyiaika, sergeant U. S. Navy, who had fallen overboard.

Colson, in attempting to pass a line to the vessel, Matsika having fallen in the water, struck his arms on the float, disabing him, submerged and carried under motor tug No. 86 between the tug and the float. The action of screw current caused the vessel backing down.

At great danger to him, Colson, who was standing on the deck of motor tug No. 86 jumped overboard before the motor tug and the float

clear of the vessel at great danger of being crushed between the vessel and the landing float and succeeded in getting him clear of the float.

It is recommended that suitable recognition be given Colson, not only for saving the life of a shipmate but for the display of unusual bravery in unhesitatingly risking his own life.

John C. Bauman, Jr., Commanding Officer.

The above announcement received by the parents of this young man will be read with interest by many Union people who rejoice in his bravery.

## CHARGES AMERICA FOSTERING DISLOYALTY

Tokio, Aug. 6.—Assertions that Americans are "fostering disloyalty among the people of Japan and that American missionaries in Korea are using the cloak of christianity to instill anti-Japanese sentiment there are made in a series of articles appearing daily in the newspaper Kumin Shinbun. This journal is considered the organ of the military groups.

America is declared to be "using Japanese educators, thinkers and business men as tools to spread dangerous thoughts, destroy military discipline and influence Japanese youths to avoid conscription in the army." The newspaper says American "foment labor troubles for the purpose of hindering Japanese industrial development and reducing her production."

"America is puffed up since the war," says another article, "and considers herself the sole arbiter of the world."

## NOTICE

A special convocation of Poinsett Chapter No. 16, R. A. M. will be held Wednesday afternoon, August 11th, 1920 in the Masonic Temple at 8 o'clock p. m. The Mark M. Degree will be conferred.

Visiting companions welcome. By order, Wm. C. Lake, C. B. Sparks, Sec'y. H. P.

## LEROY GONE TO SOUTH AMERICA

New York, Aug. 10.—A report that Eugene Leroy, also known as Fernandez, sought by Detroit and New York police in connection with the death of Katherine Lou Jackson, whose mutilated body was found in a trunk here last month, has skipped for South America with the crew of the steamer Dryden today started government wireless stations working in an attempt to head off the suspect before he lands at Rio De Janeiro. The Dryden sailed from Hoboken August 3.

## EMPLOYEES OF EXPRESS COMPANY GET INCREASE IN SALARIES

### TOWN WILL BE DESTROYED

New York, August 10.—Tens of thousands of rats which infest the town of Paita, Peru, have caused the town destroyed and rebuilt in a rat proof manner, according to William Moss a passenger on the steamship Tennyson arriving here today. Yellow fever is raging in some districts of Peru, Mr. Moss reported. The town of Paita with 5,000 has been particularly hard hit, scarcely a family escaping the ravages of the disease. The advent of the swarms of rats caused fear the bubonic plague also would develop and the government ordered the town evacuated, the people going to the outskirts and living in tents.

All buildings will be burned, the rates exterminated and new, sanitary homes constructed, he said.

PERSONAL MENTION

Miss Sara Thomson left yesterday for Atlanta, Ga., to visit her brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. George Thomson for a fortnight.

William Smith, of Charleston, is visiting in Union this week. He is a former resident of this city, but moved to Charleston ten years ago and has made that city his home.

Mrs. J. H. Gault has returned to her home after a months' visit to relatives in Texas.

Mrs. M. C. Crosby, of Route 1, was among the shoppers in the city today.

Mrs. R. M. Hendley has gone on an extended trip to Roanoke Rapids in North Carolina and will visit relatives before returning home.

Miss Bessie Ray Howell left yesterday for Charlotte, N. C., to complete her course in shorthand and typewriting in King's Business College.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Boyd and Missson are the guests of relatives in Mountville this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Cureton and children returned yesterday from a week's visit to relatives in Winnsboro.

Mrs. John Rice, of Jacksonville, Fla., arrived this morning to be at the bedside of her mother, Mrs. Jacob Rice, who has been very ill since the fall she suffered several days ago.

Hurley McManus is visiting relatives in the city this week. He will reenter Georgia Tech at the beginning of the fall session.

Mrs. Paul Wilburn, who has been in Steedly's Hospital for a week or more, has returned to her home much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. McFadden and little daughter of Austin, Texas, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Minter at Sedalia.

## PICNIC FRIDAY

There will be a picnic at the home of Mr. Robert Jenkins, six miles south of Union, on the Appalachian Highway, on Friday, August 13th. Everybody is invited to come and bring a basket.

## STATE COUNCIL MEETS HERE

The state council Junior Order met here today, C. J. Gaston, State Council president. Two hundred delegates, including thirty officers and committeemen are in attendance.

E. C. LeFan, president of the funeral benefit department and J. E. Johnson, state manager of the beneficiary degree delivered addresses.

An interesting program for public meeting is scheduled for tonight, when representatives of various fraternal orders will speak. The public will attend tonight. The meetings are being held in the courthouse.

## WEATHER

Forecast for South Carolina: Cloudy showery weather probably tonight and Wednesday. No change in temperature.

## CENSUS REPORT

Washington, Aug. 10.—Nashua, N. H., 28,379, increase, 2,374, or 9.1 per cent. White Plains, N. Y., 21,031, increase 5,082, or 31.9 per cent. Tiffin, Ohio, 14,375, increase, 2,481, or 20.9 per cent. Owensboro, Ky., 17,424, increase 1,413 or 8.8 per cent. New Rochelle N. Y., 36,213, increase 7,846 or 25.4 per cent. Apalachicola, Fla., 3,066; Bonifay, Fla., 1,230; Carrabelle, Fla., 1,055.

## Chicago, August 10.—The United States Railway Labor Board today handed down a decision increasing wages of the employees of the American Railway Express Co., \$30,000,000 yearly.

Eighty thousand men not provided for by the recent \$600,000,000 railway wage award, are affected.

The award is retroactive to May 1, 1920. The wage increase amounting to 16 cents an hour, will give messengers and other train service employees an increase of \$38.40 a month. All other employees will receive an increase of \$32.64.

Train service employees work on a 240 hour month basis while all other employees work on a 204 hour basis.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Four unions are affected by the board's decision. They are:

The Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employees.

The International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Local No. 720 of Chicago.

The Order of Railway Expressmen. For the purpose of the award the board divided Express employees in five classes; but the increase granted was in each case the same, 16 cents an hour. Messengers and other employees in the train service whose hours are computed on a basis of a 240-hour month will receive an increase of \$38.40. All other employees working on the 204 hour per month basis will receive \$32.64 more. The board directs that pay from May 1 to August 31 shall be paid to employees separately from their September checks in order that they may know the exact amount of back pay received.

Describing conditions in the Express service, the board states in its decision:

"As in the case of railroad employees, this long delay and succession of disappointments, (referring to the unsuccessful efforts of the men to get an increase early last spring) coupled with the pressure of a further rise in living costs, produced deep and not unreasonable dissatisfaction on the part of the Express employees to a greater degree than upon many of the railroad employees as the wages paid to the Express employees were generally less than those paid for analogous service by the railroads and in many other industries. The Express employees thus felt themselves called upon to make sacrifices as they believed, far beyond those of any other class. For these reasons, and as a measure of justice, it was decided that this decision, when made, would be effective as of May 1, 1920, and that the increases herein specified should be slightly in excess of those decided upon for railroad employees performing similar service."

Presidents of the Express Unions, who were present when the award was handed down, were non-committal on its acceptability but the general impression was that the labor board had been slightly more generous than either the Unions or the Express Company had expected. Two of the Union had demanded increases of \$51.00 per month while the other two asked an increase of \$35.00 monthly.

The Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employees will hold a grand lodge meeting here tonight to pass on the award. About 66,000 of the 80,000 Express employees are said to be members of this union.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Recommendations that Express rates be increased \$30,000,000 to absorb the wage award announced today by the Railroad Labor Board will be filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission soon, it was announced today by T. B. Harrison, general counsel for American Railway Express Company.

The Express Company already has before the Commission an application for rate increases approximating \$72,000,000 to meet increased costs aside from advanced wages and should all of its recommendations be adopted by the Commission Express charges would be increased so as to produce a total of more than \$100,000,000 added revenue annually.

## K. OF P. MEETING

The regular meeting of the Knights of Pythias will be held this evening at 8.15 o'clock. Every member is urged to be present. Work in Rank of Page. Refreshments.

## MAJOR GILLESPIE ORDERED TO HONOLULU

Mrs. James Gillespie (Vivian Sarra) will leave in the morning for Asheville, N. C., and from there to Washington, to join her husband, Maj. James Gillespie to begin the trip to Honolulu where Major Gillespie has been stationed permanently.

Mrs. Gillespie has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. J. Hames for several weeks and her many friends in Union wish her God speed on the long journey.

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Forecast for South Carolina: Cloudy showery weather probably tonight and Wednesday. No change in temperature.

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