SKIN TORTURES

And every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This treatment, when followed in severe cases by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood, is the most speedy, permanent, and economical cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors with loss of hair ever compounded.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor.

Cuticura Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

THE SET, $1.25

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn. Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass. Greatest marvel of the age. 12 tons of hay per acre. First crop six weeks after sowing.

What Is It? Catalogue tells.

FOR 15c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we mail big seed catalog, 10 Grain Samples including above, also Spelts (80 lbs. per A.) Oats, (500 bushel per A.) Rape, Barley, (175 lbs. per A.) Peanut, etc. Worth $10, to get a start.

John A. Salzer Seed Co. La Crosse, Wis.

ENGINES AND BOILERS.

Tanks, Stacks, Stand Pipes and Sheet-Iron Work; Shafting, Pulleys, Gearing, Boxes, Hangers, etc. Mill Castings. Cast every day; work 200 hands.

LOMBARD IRON WORKS & SUPPLY CO
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

USE CERTAIN CROUP CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 $1.00

Malsby & Company,

39 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

Engines and Boilers

Steam Water Heaters, Steam Pumps and Penberthy Injectors.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

SAW MILLS,

Corn Mills, Feed Mills, Cotton Gin Machinery and Grain Separators.

SOLID and INSERTED Saws, Saw Teeth and Locks, Knight's Patent Dogs, Birdsall Saw Mill and Engine Repairs, Governors, Grate Bars and a full line of Mill Supplies. Price and quality of goods guaranteed. Catalogue free by mentioning this paper.

Mention this Paper *In writing to advertisers.* ANU-1901-two.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Good Roads Notes

Better Highways Desired.

THE desire for better American highways has expressed itself more or less vigorously for many years. A general sentiment that the roads should be materially improved has long prevailed in the North and East and in some of the States, as in New Jersey, there has been a continuous and in some degree successful effort on the part of associations and officials to bring the farmers to an understanding of the value of good roads. Not until the League of American Wheelmen formed a subordinate organization, however, did the work assume a definite, national character, and even then cycling interests were exclusively represented by this movement. A little later the Department of Agriculture undertook systematically the education of the farmers into full appreciation of the economy of better highways. Then good road organizations began to appear here and there without particular reference to either the agricultural or the cycling interests, and the movement received an additional impetus when the automobile began to be adopted for general use. Now for the first time all these factors for road improvement have been assembled into a single organization, capable, if rightly directed, of concentrating the sentiment in favor of this reform and producing practical results. It was formed at Chicago under the name of the National Good Roads Association, and it is designed to represent the various national, industrial, transportation, wheelmen and automobile associations of the country, which are working to the end of better roads.

This list indicates what a force is available for the reform. It doubtless represents several million people directly and many other millions indirectly. The wheelmen are not so numerous as formerly, perhaps, and it may be that the automobilists have not yet grown sufficiently in numbers to make good the deficiency due to the falling off in the wheel's popularity. But the two factors are earnest and will in the aggregate increase in the near future. Meanwhile the farmers have attained to a better understanding of their own interests than ever before and are rapidly learning the value of a smooth, hard highway and of broad tires. State laws are being enacted, and although Federal laws may be impossible of adequate enforcement, even if passed, the national influence is being increasingly exerted toward the attainment of a system of highways in all parts of the country which will bear comparison with those of Europe.

It is easy to understand why the good roads movement has been so slow in this country. Only a few score of years ago much of the land was in wilderness, many of the cities were on the frontier and the farms were mere clearings in the forest. Even later came the period when the railroads were a novelty, competing with stage coaches, rumbling and laboring through the mire of the pioneer's dilapidated turnpike. When the railroad was perfected and the stage coach was abandoned in the main the thought of the people was turned for a time from the subject of roads. It was necessary only to get goods to the railroad station to insure a speedier journey than ever before. It required another evolution to point the moral that there was perhaps even greater economy in the perfection of the comparatively short haul from the farm to the railroad. The Civil War did much to retard appreciation of this truth, and meanwhile the farmer became accustomed to his surroundings and was slow to adopt new methods.

The function of this new organization is to accelerate the sentiment which has been produced out of these untoward conditions. With all our mechanical advancement during the century now closing there remains for the twentieth century this fundamental work of providing decent pathways of internal commerce.—Washington Star.

A Century Behind the Times.

Aroused by his discovery of the quality of Chicago streets, Mr. Patullo addressed the recent good roads convention in Chicago as follows:

"What surprises me is that, while the United States is undergoing a wonderful development and is taking the steel and iron business away from England and Germany, where it has been specialized for years, you are only just now thinking if you will be able to emerge from the semi-barbarism of poor roads. In your country and in mine they are no better than they were a century ago. I am satisfied that if one-half or one-third of the subventions given to railroads had been spent on rural highways the farmer and the business man would be better off than they are to-day.

"I believe that it is to the rural highways of the country that you must look to get away from the extortions of railroads. Improved vehicles, steam and electric, which before long will traverse all our highways, will enable you to compete with the railroads and where the rates are too high bring them to terms by carrying your own produce to market."

Extension of Good Roads.

Martin Dodge, Director of the Office of Road Inquiry, of the Department of Agriculture, and W. H. Moore, President of the Interstate Good Road and Improvement Association, have arrived in Chicago after an extended tour of the West in the interests of good roads and other internal improvements. Director Dodge and Mr. Moore are well pleased at the success of their Western tour. They covered more than 17,000 miles, visiting all the principal Western cities, and held good-roads conventions in Topeka, Omaha, Sioux Falls, Boise City, Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Denver; and formed State and district organizations of the Interstate Good-Road and Improvement Association in each of these cities.

The Mark of Genius.

A stage-struck aspirant approached an actor-manager lately.

"Well," asked the gent of the furlined coat, "what 'er your qualifications?"

"Oh," replied the youth, meditatively, "I don't know, quite; but," he added quickly, "I can go a long time without food."

The manager saw that the youth had the root of the matter in him, and he was engaged.—Topical Times.

SECOND CENTURY GOSPEL.

German Egyptologists Examining an Interesting Papyrus.

An interesting papyrus is now being examined at the Strasburg Library. It was purchased in a fragmentary condition from Cairo merchants early in 1899 and has already proved of the first importance. According to German Egyptologists and theological savants the fragments are pages of a missing Gospel which was rejected as uncanonical in the third century but was widely accepted in the second.

The papyrus dates from the fifth century, but the character of the Greek words which are textually reproduced proves that the original manuscript belongs to the second century. A feature is the very close connection apparently existing between it and the Logia of Christ, the recovery of which three years ago caused a sensation. It is suggested that both are practically pages of the same manuscript, namely, "The Version of the Gospel According to the Egyptians."

As to the result of five years' work, another fine papyrus roll in the British Museum has just been published. It was written between 70 and 80 A. D., and is a collection of folk legends current in Egypt at that time. The hero of the stories is Siosiris, son of Khamuas, Priest of Memphis. Many of the passages suggest that it is an adaption of the story of Christ as told by His disciples, and if so, it is certainly the earliest record known, being less than twenty years after the introduction of Christianity into Egypt by St. Mark in 67 A. D.

Siosiris was a miraculous child. His mother's name was revealed to his father in a dream in which these words were spoken to him: "His name shall be Siosiris, for he shall do many marvels in Egypt." He is described as being great, big and strong. He went to school, rivalled the scribe who taught and began to talk to the scribes in the House of Life.

All the land wondered at him, saying: "Behold the boy who reached twelve years of age and there was no scribe in Memphis who could equal him in reading, writing and magic."

Siosiris takes his father to Hades, where the cycles of the Land of Death are described. Here, also, are many stories of Jewish-Christian origin; for example, the story of the rich man and Lazarus. The doctrine of future punishment, not found in Egyptian rituals, is here clearly stated. Later is an account of a contest between Siosiris and the magicians of Ethiopia, which is strangely reminiscent of the story of Moses. One magician says: "Cast my spell upon Egypt and cause the people to pass three days and nights without seeing light." Even the story of Moses and the bullrushes is given. One magician rebukes the other as follows: "Art thou not Hor, the son of Negress, whom I saved in the reeds of Ra?"

WORDS OF WISDOM.

Conduct is three-fourths of life.

It takes only one to end a quarrel.

Every noble work is at first impossible.

The best hearts are always the bravest.

It matters not how a man dies, but how he lives.

Wealth is not his that has it, but his that enjoys it.

Confidence is a plant of slow growth in an aged bosom.

Increased means and increased leisure are the two civilizers of man.

Economy is half the battle of life; it is not so hard to earn money as to spend it well.

The reason most people are poor is because they spend their money before they get it.

There is nothing settled in manners, but the laws of behavior yield to the energy of the individual.

It is not what he has, nor even what he does, which expresses directly the worth of a man, but what he is.

He who has a thousand friends has not one to spare, and he who has one enemy shall meet him everywhere.

A feverish ambition to accumulate a fortune, which may be called our national distemper, is incompatible with peace of mind.

Deceit and falsehood, whatever conveniences they may for a time promise or produce, are in the sum of life, obstacles to happiness.

A sentiment is a conviction which has been worked over in the heat of emotion, and then laid away in the mind to shape action when occasion calls and there is no time to think.

Facts About Tired Eyes.

Dr. Lofton, a prominent English physician, says there is a popular notion that it is much more dangerous to tire the eyes by use than it is to tire any other organ of the body. It is not necessarily injurious to the legs or the arms or the brain to become tired, for proper rest may restore all these to their normal condition. The same is true in regard to the eyes.

Proofreaders, sewing women and mechanics, who use their eyes for a long time upon near objects, must of necessity weary the muscles that adjust the eye to vision; but if the weariness is compensated for by rest at proper intervals there will be no harm done to the eyes, for they are so constructed that they can bear maximum fatigue as well as other parts of the body. Education would cease, all mechanical work would soon have an end if the eyes of our school children and of certain kinds of workmen were never tired. Eyes are never overworked, even if they feel very tired when the task is done, if their natural power and freshness return after the proper intervals of rest during the day and sleep at night.

Gutter-Snipe.

The word snipe, as expressive of contempt with an intimation of priggishness or pettiness, especially impertinence, was very common in Philadelphia as far back as 1835, as I can well recall my indignation when called by it. There can be no question that it came into use from the German schnipp or schnippisch—snappish, pert, saucy. "Gutter-snipe" began to appear in newspapers some years later. It would, however, be curious to ascertain whether the term does not exist in some form in old provincial English. "Gutter" was very naturally added from its association with mud. It was generally believed in New England, and I dare say elsewhere, that the snipe lived by sucking mud.—Charles Godfrey Leland, in Notes and Queries.

It's All Salmon.

Japan gets dog salmon from Alaska; Chicago gets "cat" salmon from Louisiana—and neither knows the difference.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

THE CHANGE OF LIFE

Is the most important period in a woman's existence. Owing to modern methods of living, not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms.

Those dreadful hot flashes, sending the blood surging to the heart until it seems ready to burst, and the faint feeling that follows, sometimes with chills, as if the heart were going to stop for good, are symptoms of a dangerous, nervous trouble. Those hot flashes are just so many calls from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance. The cry should be heeded in time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life.

MRS. JENNIE NOBLE.

It builds up the weakened nervous system, and enables a woman to pass that grand change triumphantly.

"I was a very sick woman, caused by Change of Life. I suffered with hot flushes, and fainting spells. I was afraid to go on the street, my head and back troubled me so. I was entirely cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MRS. JENNIE NOBLE, 5010 Keyser St., Germantown, Pa.

Russian Language in Trade.

When every progressive young German is doing his utmost to acquire a thorough knowledge of some other language than his own it seems a waste of time for the Englishman to learn German with an idea to making money. Instead, he should learn Russian. Russian is not only the official language, but the actual medium of communication throughout the empire that extends from the Baltic to the Yellow Sea.

Years ago on the Moscow exchange one might transact business as readily in German as in Russian; now the native merchants, even those who know German, require some special inducement to speak it, and in the hurry of business turn aside impatiently from any one who addresses them in any other tongue than that they themselves habitually use. In the near future a knowledge of Russian will be worth more to the mere commercial than any two continental languages, for "Russia is a new America."

To a young man who adds to a knowledge of Russian practical experience in any staple industry, Russia offers a promising career. More theoretical knowledge is not enough; this is taught, and well taught, in the special universities; St. Petersburg alone turns out some hundreds of efficient "technologs" every year. Practical work in any of the textile, engineering, or the chemical industries is not so readily obtainable in Russia, and a capable Englishman is sure of an engagement at a wage double that he would receive at home.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Buteful Story.

When a young man, the late Marquis of Bute, while strolling through a wood in the neighborhood of Rothesay, was accosted by a little Cockney tourist, who told him he was glad to see a civilized human being at last. All the natives he had met were, he remarked, like a pack of wild beasts. "But maybe, cockalorum," continued the tourist, deceived by the patrician youth's accent, "you're an Englishman like me?" "No, I'm a Bute man," replied the Marquis. "Then, where on earth were you tamed?" inquired the Cockney, in astonishment. The juvenile head of the house of Bute put on a very fierce expression, and, raising menacingly a cudgel he was carrying roared: "Who said I was tamed!" The alarmed Londoner uttered not another word, but turned and ran for dear life in the direction of Rothesay.—London Chronicle.

TO SECURE ICE IN WINTER.

A novel way of securing ice in winter is practiced by a New Jersey farmer. He had several vessels made of sheet iron, one foot cube. He fills the vessels with water and permits it to freeze. On moderately cold days he freezes a few inches of water at a time, adding more until the vessel is full of ice. The vessels are set in hot water for a moment or more and the cube of ice falls out when the vessel is turned upside down. The ice is packed in a small ice house, the blocks close together, and covered with sawdust.

It is estimated that the people of England spend about $1,250,000 a day in furniture moving.

Happiness cannot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

Extra Dry.

Bobbs—I liked that champagne at Nobbs' dinner.

Dobbs—Was it dry?

Bobbs—Not as dry as I was.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Standing Up For Him.

Swipesy de Newsboy—Say, d'you know dere ain't no sich feller as Santa Claus?

Muggsy de Bootblack (of the Waifs' Mission)—Dey ain't hey? I'll show ye! Biff!

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

One of Those Credulous Chaps.

"What kind of a man is John Smith?"

"Oh, he's the kind that thinks he can hold on to his umbrella by having his name engraved on the handle."

FARMERS SHOULD TAKE REST.

In the long run farmers would accomplish more work, make a gain in every way and live longer if they would take more rest. Many farmers have the idea that in order to accomplish a day's work it is necessary to rise at 4 o'clock in the morning, and work as long as it is possible to see. This method is wearing on man and beast, and experience has shown that no more is accomplished than in two-thirds that time when the body is well rested.

There are harvest seasons when it is necessary to put in long hours in order to save crops from possible rains, but in the long run farmers would accomplish more and feel better if they limited their field work to nine or ten hours per day, instead of sixteen hours, as some try to make it.

With modern farm machinery twice as much work can be done in a day as could have been done 20 years ago, yet many are not satisfied and count a day's labor the space between daylight and dark.

It is this everlasting grind and drudgery that is driving many country boys to the city. Good management will accomplish more than long hours of work without system or method.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

Gambling Resorts in Switzerland.

One need not travel to Monte Carlo or other gambling resorts to be relieved of any superfluous cash, for there are dozens of places in Switzerland, known by the name of kursaals, where a "customer" will be accommodated.

Although the play is limited by the law, highest stakes are winked at, and one's losses—for one invariably loses, with an 8 to 1 chance against him at the race-horse game—may easily run into four figures during the evening. Some sensational facts have come to light concerning the kursaal in Geneva, which is one of the best of its kind in Switzerland. The proprietor lately informed a correspondent that he could not possibly afford to run his theatre and side shows and engage well known artistes at a huge salary unless he could recoup himself from the takings of the gaming tables.—London Daily Mail.

The New Cup Defender,

Now being built, is confidently expected to be the fastest sailing vessel ever built. Its construction is being kept a secret, but it is whispered that it will easily hold the cup America is rapidly coming to the front. A good example of this is in that famous household remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has defended health for half a century past. It holds the record for the cure of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, nervousness, biliousness and la grippe.

Of Course.

He lived on the fat of the land—
A natural thing, to be sure—
When the circumstances you understand:
He conducted an anti-fat cure.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

The Merry-Go-Round.

The noises of the street I love—'tis natural, you see—
When other men have business that makes business for me.

Millions Use Carter's Ink which is sure proof of its excellent quality. Is made chemically accurate. Therefore the best.

A Failure In Quantity.

"Ma, I bought you some candy down town."

"That was kind, Tommie. Where is it?"

"Well, ma, I was so long comin' home on the cars that it didn't last till I got here."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. (SEAL)

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Pointing the Way Out.

"What do you think Miss Popkins did when I stayed late last night?"

"What?"

"She got up and hung an 'Exit' placard on the parlor door."

Cures Asthma

Do you know what it is to have the asthma? Or have you ever seen one suffer with it? The hard struggle for air, the spasmodic breathing, the nights spent in the chair, all tell a story of terrible suffering.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

certainly cures asthma; also bronchitis, hoarseness, weak lungs, whooping-cough, croup, winter coughs, night coughs, and hard colds.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express a large bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Crows to Be Used in Warfare.

According to a Berlin correspondent, a modest little society in Germany is apparently pinning its faith to the crow, in succession to the almost universally used pigeon, as a carrier of war news. The pigeon fly experiments which Germany carried out on British soil some time ago—sending huge crates of birds to Dover for the purpose—were not wholly successful, bad weather preventing many of the birds from reaching their quarters again, and many were shot by persons in search of dinner. It is claimed with truth that very few people would shoot crows for food, and that when liberated from a beleaguered place the enemy would be more likely to allow them to fly past unmolested and unsuspected than would be the case with pigeons.

Insomnia Wrecks the Nerves.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA Makes Health.

INSOMNIA is a forerunner of nervous prostration; what organism is strong enough to stand up under the strain of sleepless nights? It is plain that nothing in the world can possibly take the place of restful sleep, yet many try to eke out an existence without this sustaining power. Their nerves are in such a state of tension that sleep is an impossibility, or at best is a series of hideous dreams. It is not strange that physical and mental weakness, amounting soon to complete prostration, follows inability to sleep. There is no let-up to the strain. Vital forces are drawn upon, confirmed invalidism results.

The recuperative power of natural sleep is wonderful. Complete physical and mental exhaustion gives place, after a few hours of quiet slumber, to a full renewal of energy. The fatigue of body and mind disappears entirely while all the muscles are strong and the nerves absolutely calm.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA FOR THE BLOOD AND NERVES.

Sleep is the indication given by Nature as a guide to human plans to restore health. It shows that there are inherent in the wonderful human organism powers of recuperation which must have opportunity to assert themselves. Based on this clear demonstration, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy was constructed by Dr. Greene to help Nature combat the ills that attack men and women. What no amount of powerful drugs could possibly accomplish, can be successfully and promptly effected by healthy blood and nerves, the kind of blood which flows in strengthening flood to every portion of the body, the condition of nerves which permits awakened Nature to seize its opportunity to restore to perfect health.

Mrs FLORENCE TAYLOR, of 4 Courtland Place, Bridgeport, Conn., writes:

"For four years I was troubled with nervous debility and hysteria in a most aggravated form. It caused sleeplessness and mental depression, and for months I was confined to my bed. My constitution wasted and I totally lost my appetite. I had many doctors but they failed to give me any relief. I was advised to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I was in a terrible condition when I began its use, and almost immediately there was a wonderful change came over me. I regained my appetite, the dizziness in my head departed; it renewed my interest in life and made me feel, in fact, like another person. After taking six bottles I thankfully proclaimed myself strong and well. Those six bottles did for me what hundreds of dollars and numerous physicians failed to do."

Dr. Greene's Nervura is the Remedy that Cures.

Full explanation of these matters given by Dr. Greene on request, without charge. Dr. Greene's address is 35 West 14th Street, New York City. Consultation with him either by call or letter is absolutely free.

WINCHESTER FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

"New Rival," "Leader," and "Repeater"

Insist upon having them, take no others and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

NORTH DAKOTA'S FUEL CROP.

The Big Yield of Corn Makes Heating and Cooking an Easy Matter.

Farmers in South Dakota have just completed gathering the biggest corn crop ever raised there. Owing to its low price and the great quantities grown, many are using it for fuel, burning it in both cooking and heating stoves, especially those living a long distance from market. Hauling a big load of corn 20 miles to market and returning with a small jag of coal bought therewith makes the grower feel as though he was not paid for his labor. Corn makes a very hot fire, is clean to handle, makes very little litter and ashes, all of which commends it for use as a fuel, although it does seem a pity to see the mammoth yellow ears put into the stove. In fact, corn makes so intense a heat that it burns out the stoves in a short time, which is its only drawback as a fuel. A history of the various kinds of fuel used by the settlers of this western country, where wood is unattainable and coal so expensive, would make a long story. In the very first years hay was most generally burned by the pioneers—hay "twists."

These twists were made about the size of an ordinary stick of stove wood. To make them rapidly and of the proper tightness to burn—if made too loose they flicker away, and if too tight will not burn—is in itself quite an art. Any old-timer will take a handful of long hay, give it a couple of turns and a twist, and throw out the twists with a rapidity that would astonish the beholder. Later came the hay and straw burner or boilers, being, as the name indicates, large sheet-iron boilers, the size of an ordinary washing boiler, only about twice as deep. They were filled with hay or straw, tightly pressed in, and turned over the fireplace of the cook stove. They gave a good heat, and, as they would burn a half hour without refilling, were somewhat of an improvement on the twist.

Drought continued year after year, however, until it became a task to even furnish the hay or straw, or other material, to burn in the boilers. Then came the inventor, mothered by necessity, with the original idea of burning "buffalo chips," variously called "cow chips," "prairie gasoline," "native coal," etc.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

The purest Chinese is spoken at Nanking, and is called "the language of the Mandarins."

Another Victim.

Angeline (tenderly)—Listen, Claude! Youse are my affinity! I feel it in my very soul!

Claude—Hully Gee! Wot's an affinity?

Angeline (fervently)—An affinity, Claude! O Claude! An affinity is a guy wot has got ten cents and is willing ter blow it!—Puck.

We refund 10c for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo. Sold by all druggists.

Woman.

She shudders and she shivers, not from poverty, I'm told.
But she won't put on her flannels till it gets real cold.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

To produce the best results in **fruit, vegetable** or **grain,** the fertilizer used must contain enough **Potash.** For particulars see our pamphlets. We send them free.

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