

TROOPS IN SIBERIA TO BE WITHDRAWN

JAPAN AGREES TO HAVE LAST SOLDIER WITHDRAWN BY OCTOBER 30.

TO PROMOTE WORLD PEACE

Action Being Taken at Tokio by Diplomatic Advisory Council; Nation on Record.

Tokyo. — Japan sealed her pledge to promote world peace, taken at the limitation of armaments conference at Washington, by declaring her final decision to withdraw her troops from Siberia and announcing to the world a policy of non-aggression.

The diplomatic advisory council at Tokyo fixed October 30 as the day when the last Japanese soldiers must be out of the maritime provinces of Siberia, while a foreign official declared that the decision was intended to place Japan on record as a "non-aggressive nation to maintain the peace of the world."

The diplomatic advisory council's approval of cabinet decision is said to have been the logical outcome of Admiral Baron Kato's accession to the premiership.

Kato, who led the Japanese delegation to the Washington arms conference, returned to Tokyo thoroughly imbued with the spirit of that gathering and strongly in favor of his country adopting a non-aggressive policy.

The official announcement of Siberian evacuation says:

"The Japanese government has decided to withdraw all troops from the maritime provinces of Siberia by October 30. Suitable measures will be taken for the protection of Japanese residents."

An official of the foreign office, commenting on the decision to quit Siberia, said:

"It has been a matter of regret that various circumstances prevented Japan from carrying out her desire to withdraw her troops from Siberia."

"It can not be said that political conditions there have attained full stability, but a change has occurred in the general conditions of the whole of Russia. Communistic measures seem to have been modified. The powers have altered their attitude towards Russia, as attested by the invitations of the Soviet government to attend the Genoa and Hague conferences and conclusion of non-aggressive and non-propaganda agreements with Moscow. Those letters promise to improve relations between the powers and the Soviet government."

"In view of the decision, Japan has decided to carry out her original idea to evacuate Siberia."

"Japan believes that with this removal of the Chinese government's cause for suspicion, the Far Eastern republic of Siberia will strive to reach a commercial agreement with Tokyo."

In conclusion the foreign office official declared:

"Japan also believes that this withdrawal, together with Japan's conciliatory attitude at the Washington conference will be understood by the world as evidence that Japan is a non-aggressive nation, striving to maintain the peace of the world."

Work on Dam Postponed.

Washington. — An appropriation of \$7,500,000 for new construction work on the Wilson dam at Muscle Shoals, Ala., was authorized by the house and the senate for concurrence. Under a limitation fixed by the house, however, none of the money can be expected prior to next October.

As authorized originally by the senate when it attached a provision to the army bill providing for renewal of work on the dam the \$7,500,000 was made available for that use as soon as the bill was signed by the president. House republican leaders endeavored to obtain straight-out acceptance of the appropriation as approved by the senate but were defeated by a combination of democrats and farm bloc republicans.

Final action was taken after Representative Huddleston (democrat) of Alabama had offered an amendment preventing any expenditure on the dam before January 1, 1923, and not then if the Ford proposal to purchase the Muscle Shoal properties should have been accepted by congress. His motion was lost 119 to 132. The vote on the substitute offered by Representative James (republican) Michigan, fixing the effective date as October 1 was adopted 145 to 105.

Two hours' debate on the appropriation preceded the final voting. During that time Representative Mondell of Wyoming the republican leader, and other majority spokesmen urged that the dam be completed without delay.

Merger of Mills Given Approval.

Richmond, Va.—Merger of the Industrial Cotton Mills company, Inc., and Blue-Buckle Cotton Mills, Inc., under the name of the Industrial Cotton Mills company, Inc., with principal offices at Richmond, was authorized by the Virginia state corporation commission. The factories of the company will be operated at Rock Hill, S. C.

The incorporators were listed as Alexander Long of Rock Hill president; I. B. Cauthen of Rock Hill secretary.

Ming's Troops Control Situation.

Peking.—Latest advices from Canton report Dr. Sun Yat Sen, defeated southern leader, detained aboard a gun boat there, with his navy and the Kwansung provincial assembly definitely aligned against him and General Chen Chiung Ming's troops in full control of the city. Sun's forces in Kiangsi province, on which he pinned his flickering hopes for restoration, are said to be disorganized and looting the territory over which they are scattered.

FIVE SUFFOCATED IN AN ABANDONED MINE

Hartford, Ark. — At least five members of a picnic party were suffocated in an abandoned mine here. Three others who attempted to rescue the victims were overcome and are reported to be in a serious condition.

The mine, which had not been in operation for six months, is located six miles from Hartford. It is believed the deaths were caused by an accumulation of black damp. A searching party is at the scene to determine if any more bodies are in the mine.

The deaths resulted from a small boy's exploring expedition, it is said. The boy entered the mine and is supposed to have opened a door leading into the abandoned shaft. When he failed to reappear other members of the party who were picking blackberries went after him and were either killed or injured by the poisonous vapors.

THOUSANDS KILLED IN CHINA

MEN OF NORTHERN ARMY FORCES SENT AGAINST SUN YAT SEN'S ARMY.

Rebellious Troops Reported Marching Back Northward and Nearing Changshu Ki.

Tientsin.—Representatives of Chant Tso-Lin, defeated war lord of Manchuria, and Wu Pei-Fu, his conqueror, signed an armistice at Chinwagto. The negotiations were begun last week aboard a British warship there.

Shanghai.—Between 10,000 and 15,000 men of the northern army sent against Sun Yat Sen's army in Kiangsi province mutilated at Kiangfu, burned portions of Kiangfu and other nearby cities and killed thousands of residents, according to unconfirmed but apparently authentic reports from various sources at Hankow and Nanchang. The troops were under command of General Tsai Chen Huan, military commander of Peking.

The rebellious soldiers are reported marching back northward and nearing Changshu Ki, a city about one hundred miles north of Kiangfu and fifty miles north of Nanchang. A dispatch from Hankow says the British gunboat Cockchafer is speeding up the Kan river toward Nanchang to bring out the foreign residents. The American gunboat Monaco is coaling at Kiukiang and will proceed to Nanchang as soon as possible. The American gunboats Isabel and Quiros and the British gunboats Bee and Foxglove are held in readiness at Kiukiang to rush to the disturbed area, if necessary, to protect nationals.

The situation at Canton is quiet but ominous. Messages from adherents of Sun Yat Sen's southern government at Canton and Hong Kong say Sun has ordered his main force in Kiangsi to abandon the expedition against the north and return to Canton. Sun, Wu Ting Fang and other leaders of the Canton government are reported to be still aboard Chinese warships in the neighborhood of Canton, awaiting the return of the Kiangsi army.

Urges Action on Shoals.

Washington.—Indications were given in the house that unremitting pressure would be exerted to bring about action on disposition of the government's properties at Muscle Shoals, Ala.

Representative Pou of North Carolina, advocating the house floor speedy action on acceptance of the offer of Henry Ford for the lease and purchase of the properties, disclosed that he had made a motion in the rules committee, of which he is a member, for a special order for consideration of the Muscle Shoals question by the house but that the committee session was abandoned without action.

The Muscle Shoals proposition has attracted almost as much attention throughout the country as the subsidy bill, said the North Carolina member. "The democratic minority of the rules committee was earnestly in favor of considering the bill, but the republican majority walked out of the room."

"You or not sidestep the issue," he declared, addressing the republican side. "You may take your recess (referring to the tentative plan of house leaders to begin a series of three-day recesses about July 1), but the time will come, and in not in the very distant future when the rules committee will not adjourn when Muscle Shoals is brought before it."

Search for Ford's Subject of Attack.

Washington. — Henry Ford's offer to purchase and lease the government's power and nitrate properties at Muscle Shoals, Ala., was attacked again by witnesses testifying before the senate agricultural committee on the proposals designed to develop the Alabama properties. Philip P. Wells of Middleton, Conn., former law officer of the forestry service, and administrative assistant to Gifford Pinchot, when he was chief of that service, declared he had "never seen a proposition made to the government as 'outrageous' as that made by Mr. Ford."

Senate Gas Probe Punched.

Washington. — Plans for the senate investigation into gasoline price increases moved forward a step with the employment by the manufacturers' committee of Gilbert E. Roe, Madison, Wis., as counsel and decision by the committee to submit questionnaires to all oil interests on gas and oil holdings. Mr. Roe is a former law partner of Senator LaFollette, republican, Wisconsin, chairman of the committee.

To Stop Promoting Officers in Army.

Washington. — Suspension of promotion for all army officers below the grade of colonel, effective at once, was understood to have been decided upon by the senate military committee. The action was taken largely as a result, it was said, of provisions included in the annual army appropriation bill which placed a six months' bar against promotions after July 1.

Search of Years Is Rewarded.

Richmond, Va. — After a search of sixty years in which no trace of the man could be found the family of Henry Strangle, South Carolina Confederate soldier killed in action, was rewarded when John Strangle, nephew of the dead man, was taken to the Athens, Texas, who declared he buried the older's body at a lonely spot, near Swift Creek, five miles north of Richmond. Wyrick declared he and Strangle were fighting side by side when the latter fell.

Famous Chinese Diplomat Dead.

Shanghai. — Wu Ting Fang former minister to Washington, more recently foreign minister for Sun Yat Sen in the disrupted Southern Republican government at Canton, died at Canton, according to a Reuter dispatch.

College Buildings Burn.

Berkeley, Calif. — Hearst hall and Hearst hall annex were destroyed and the pathology building of the University of California was damaged in a campus fire with estimated loss of \$100,000. The university infirmary infirmary was threatened by the flames and the patients removed but the building was not reached by the fire. Hearst hall, a large frame structure, was the gift to the university women by Mrs. Phoebe Apperson Hearst the mother of William Randolph Hearst, publisher.

CARR DEVOUTLY SPEAKS THANKS

APPRECIATES SPIRIT OF UNITY NOW PREVAILING IN REUNITED NATION.

GREETING TO 'VETS' IN BLUE

Commander-in-Chief Wishes For All Utmost Happiness and a Safe Return to Their Homes.

Richmond, Va. — Just before leaving Richmond for his home in Durham, N. C., Gen. Julian S. Carr, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, issued a public statement in which he said:

"My thanks go to the Commander-in-chief of the Universe for the spirit of fraternity now recognized everywhere throughout North and South and on behalf of my comrades of the United Confederate Veterans, I send word of greeting and 'God bless you' to the Veterans in Blue. No word of reassurance is needed to express the devotion of Confederate Veterans and their children to the ideals of a reunited country."

"The world has recognized that the men of the Confederacy are those whom power could not corrupt, whom death could not terrify, whom defeat could not dishonor."

"Proud of the high honor to be chosen leader of so noble an army of stalwart men, I speak for them in voicing the gratitude of our hearts to the men and women who have so cheered our lives and strengthened our hopes and trust for the fast assembling eternal reunion."

"In saying words of farewell to my comrades and their official duties, I wish for all a safe return to their homes and the utmost happiness until we meet again in New Orleans in annual reunion."

Export Cotton Value Larger.

Washington. — Exports of cotton increased in value by \$15,000,000 during May as compared with the same month last year, according to reports issued by the commerce department.

Raw cotton exports during May aggregated 459,000 bales, valued at \$46,000,000 compared with 477,000 for the 11 months ended with May raw cotton shipments aggregated six million bales worth \$544,000,000, against 5,000,000 worth \$570,000,000 during the corresponding period of 1921.

Exports of cotton cloths during the month aggregated 60,000,000 square yards valued at \$8,000,000 compared with 40,000,000 square yards at \$5,000,000 in May, 1921, while for the 11 months period the total was 550,000,000 square yards worth \$68,000,000 as against 508,000,000 square yards valued at \$136,000,000 during the 11 months ended May, 1921.

Offer of Ford's Object of Attack.

Washington. — Henry Ford's offer to purchase and lease the government's power and nitrate properties at Muscle Shoals, Ala., was attacked again by witnesses testifying before the senate agricultural committee on the proposals designed to develop the Alabama properties. Philip P. Wells of Middleton, Conn., former law officer of the forestry service, and administrative assistant to Gifford Pinchot, when he was chief of that service, declared he had "never seen a proposition made to the government as 'outrageous' as that made by Mr. Ford."

Strength of Navy Will Be 86,000.

Washington. — Acceptance by the senate in passing the naval appropriation bill of the house enlisted personnel figure of 86,000 men, left only the senate increases amounting to about \$44,000,000 to be adjusted by the conferees of the two houses. As put through the senate without a record vote, the measure carries a total appropriation of \$295,450,000.

The final day's debate on the bill was marked by unsuccessful efforts to end American occupation of Haiti, the Dominican Republic and Nicaragua and to launch a congressional investigation of naval administration.

Refuses to Give Details of Plot.

White Plains, N. Y.—Details of the blackmail plot which Walter S. Ward says led to the slaying of Clarence Peters will not be disclosed even at the trial of Ward's counsel, it was announced.

"You can't blame Ward for not wishing to bring humiliation on his family unless it is absolutely necessary," Mr. Mills said.

Cantaloupe Price Takes Big Break.

New York. — Cantaloupe in the wholesale market cost only a little more than half of what they sold for the other day, due to heavy shipments from California and Georgia.

Hudson Loses Case.

Atlanta, Ga. — Glenn M. Hudson, Daugherty county farmer, sentenced to be hanged on conviction of the murder of his two stepsons, was denied a new trial.

The children, Robert and Isabella Temple, nine and four years old, were the sons of Mrs. Hudson by her first husband, who was killed in France. They were found dead on the porch of Hudson's farm house near Albany, Ga., last July and the state claimed he shot them because he did not want to support them.

Anti-Dippers Busy.

Valdosta, Ga. — The sheriff of Lowndes county has been asked for assistance in putting down disorders reported in Echols county, growing out of a clash between cattle owners and dipper inspectors.

The Smith Carter dipping vat was dynamited in broad daylight, it is reported, and a dipping inspector is said to have been severely whipped by anti-dippers.

When the attack was made on the Sewell vat armed guards are said to have opened fire.

4,000 VETERANS HAVE GATHERED IN RICHMOND

Richmond, Va.—Confederate reunions will be held so long as there are two Confederate veterans left to attend, was the assurance of Generals Julian S. Carr, commander-in-chief, United Confederate Veterans, in reply to the hope of Governor E. Lee Trinkle that this would not be the last reunion, speaking at the opening session of the Confederate Memorial association held in the Jefferson hotel.

"Governor Trinkle may be assured that his wish will be granted and that many more Confederate reunions will be held," General Carr said, amid the applause of a distinguished audience of southerners.

SIX ARE KILLED AT CROSSING

TOURISTS NORTHWARD BOUND FROM FLORIDA ARE VICTIMS OF TRAIN.

Central of Georgia Passenger Train Crashes Into Tourist Car Near Macon.

Macon, Ga.—Six tourists riding in an automobile from Fort Lauderdale, Fla., to Nicholasville, Ky., were killed when a Central of Georgia passenger train crashed into the vehicle.

Mrs. Lovenia Cox, the only one in the party who was not instantly killed, told officers just before she died that her husband is Howard Cox, whom she said was a prisoner in Moundsville, W. Va. The others have not been identified.

Letters in the possession of the victims were addressed to Mrs. Cox, Miss Lovenia Taylor, L. A. Taylor and J. P. Taylor.

N. A. Powers, Jr., who operates a little store at the scene of the accident and who was the first to reach the wrecked automobile, says Mrs. Lovenia Cox gave him the following names of the victims, all being from Nicholasville, Ky.:

The dead: J. H. Taylor, Mrs. J. P. Taylor, Mrs. Howard Cox, infant daughter of Mrs. Cox, a son of J. P. Taylor, and an unidentified body of a man believed to be a member of the Taylor family. Mrs. Cox said before she died that she was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Taylor.

There were three men in the party, two women and a little baby girl. They were driving northward and the train, which was behind time, was running at a high speed southward from Atlanta. At the crossing at Lorraine, 12 miles from this city, the accident occurred.

U. S. Gunboats Sent to Canton.

Peking.—Three American buildings in Canton were struck by shells during a bombardment of the city by gunboats of Sun Yat Sen, the south China leader, who has been trying futilely to recapture his stronghold. Jacob Gould Schurman, the American minister, has asked Rear Admiral Stauss to rush protection to Canton and American gunboats are expected to proceed there.

Word that Americans in Canton were endangered was received at the legation here in a message from the American consulate at Canton. The extent of the damage to American property was not stated. The consul has protested to Sun Yat Sen against indiscriminate firing along the Bund, the macadamized way on the waterfront.

Hundreds of men, women and little children, some as young as four years old, surged through the moque to view the bodies, which lay side by side on the floor, with no attempt to straighten them out. Most of them bore no identification marks. All were mangled.

British Marshal Assassinated.

London.—Field Marshal Sir Henry H. Wilson, one of England's most illustrious soldiers, who was chief of the imperial staff during the final stages of the world war, was assassinated on the doorstep of his residence in Eaton Place by two young men who gave the names of James O'Brien and James Connolly.

The assassins had loitered about waiting an hour for his return from unveiling a memorial to men of the Great Eastern railway who fell in the war. When he alighted from his motor car, Field Marshal Wilson walked up the steps, and the men fired several shots at him from close range, three of which took effect, one in the chest, one in the leg and the third in the wrist. The field marshal died before he could be taken into the house. His horrified wife heard the shooting and rushed out to find her husband's body, dressed in full uniform, lying in a pool of blood, with the sword which he had drawn to meet his assailants by his side.

Have Narrow Escape.

Anderson. — Twelve workmen repairing a dam near Anderson Mill had a narrow escape from death. The trestle of the Piedmont and Northern rail line goes over a part of this dam, and when the workmen were directly underneath this part of the dam a train passing over had one of the box cars to jump the track and fell on the part of the dam. The holding of the coupling for a minute gave the men an opportunity to get out of the way. The car was buried in soft mud about 14 feet below the track.

Many Seek Office.

Chesterfield. — The county political race is beginning to boil in this county. Already twenty candidates have announced themselves for offices and more are expected daily. Only one ex-service man has as yet announced. It is expected that the race for the house of representatives will be particularly warm one. Five candidates are announced now and are expected to be added to the list. The campaign opens at Grant's Mill on Saturday, July 1.

Judge Melver Dead.

Cheraw.—Cheraw was saddened by the death of Judge Edward Melver in Darlington, as the news of his death coming as a shock to the entire community. Judge Melver left Cheraw for Darlington, apparently in good health.

Judge Melver was the son of the late Chief Justice Henry Melver and would have been 64 years old next October. He was born in Cheraw and had lived there practically his entire life, his early education being received in the Cheraw schools.

BIG DEATH TOLL IN MINE BATTLE

SCORES OF NON-UNION MINERS VIRTUALLY MASSACRED BY MOBS OF STRIKERS.

COUNTY IS OUTWARDLY CALM

All But Three Victims Imported Workers; Some Lynched, Some Burned and Majority Shot Down.

Herrin, Ills. — The death toll in the disaster, when 5,000 striking union miners attacked the Lester strip mine, being operated under a guard of imported workers, may run past the forty mark, it was said by those in touch with the situation, although thus far only 27 positively are known to be dead.

In the Herrin hospital are eight wounded men, only one a miner, and six of them are believed to be fatally injured. There were nine, but one died.

A miner told the Associated Press correspondent that he had seen 15 bodies thrown into a pond with rocks around their necks. About 20 imported miners are missing.

Checking up the death list has proved almost impossible. The victims, all but three of them imported workers, so far as known, were found scattered over an area within several miles of the mine. Some were lynched, some were burned when the mine was fired, others were beaten to death and the majority fell before the score of bullets poured into them.

"Bloody Williamson" county, so called because of several riots, was outwardly calm, but there was a noticeable undercurrent which kept everybody on edge and wondering if further trouble might be expected.

The correspondent talked with scores of miners and about half of them were certain there would be no further disorder if there was no attempt to reopen the mines, while the other half said they were afraid some of the men might not be held back. Officially, the situation was reported by county officials to be quiet.

The scenes of death were very gruesome, as in a real war.

Bodies, many with limbs shot away, lay along the roadside or were swung from trees, men wounded and dying were stretched out on the roads and in the fields, with none of the hundreds of passers-by able to lend a hand. Attempts to assist the wounded in the early part of the day brought rebuffs from the spectators, backed in some cases by drawn guns.

Later the feeling quieted down and some of the wounded were taken to hospitals.

It is understood that there will be no attempt to reopen any of the mines until the strike is settled. When the attackers went over the top in the besieged mine there were some fifty or sixty workers and guards there. What has become of those not in the known dead and wounded list can not be said.

Some of them were seen in fields running, with miner sympathizers pursuing them with guns. How many escaped could not be told. C. K. McDowell, superintendent of the imported workers at the mine, was among the dead. It was said he was the first to be shot after the mine was captured and that he was given no opportunity to escape.

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The assassins had loitered about waiting an hour for his return from unveiling a memorial to men of the Great Eastern railway who fell in the war. When he alighted from his motor car, Field Marshal Wilson walked up the steps, and the men fired several shots at him from close range, three of which took effect, one in the chest, one in the leg and the third in the wrist. The field marshal died before he could be taken into the house. His horrified wife heard the shooting and rushed out to find her husband's body, dressed in full uniform, lying in a pool of blood, with the sword which he had drawn to meet his assailants by his side.

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Situation Well in Hand.

Springfield, Ill. — Adjutant General C. E. Black declared his telephone information from Herrin was that the local authorities have the situation well in hand. Mr. Black had just talked with Colonel Hunter of his staff, who had been in Herrin. He said Colonel Hunter had reported nothing regarding threats to hang prisoners taken at the mine strip. Regarding the number reported killed, Mr. Black commented that "the multiplication table is at work."

JOHNSON RE-ELECTED HEAD

South Carolina Sunday School Association Comes to Close After the Election of Many New Officers.

Columbia. — Dr. D. B. Johnson of Rock Hill was re-elected president of the South Carolina Sunday School association at its closing session. Horace L. Bomar of Spartanburg and W. E. Hillis of Cottageville were also re-elected first and second vice president, respectively. J. T. Fain of Rock Hill was re-elected recording secretary, and the Rev. W. H. K. Pendleton of Spartanburg was re-elected chairman of the executive committee.

The other committee members elected were as follows:

Educational Committee—Dr. Robert P. Pell, chairman; Dr. W. J. McGlothlin and Dr. D. W. Daniel, vice-chairmen; Dr. J. E. Walmesley, secretary.

Evangelism—Dr. Watson B. Duncan, secretary.

Rural Department Committee—Dr. Wilson Gee, chairman; Dr. W. W. Long and Miss Christine South, vice-chairmen.

Member International Committee—Horace L. Bomar; alternate, R. T. Caston.

General Superintendent—Leon C. Palmer was re-elected.

Addresses by several prominent Bible scholars and Sunday school specialists featured the sessions.

After receiving an invitation to hold the next convention at Clemson college and referring it to the executive committee, the report of the committee of resolutions, of which Dr. Watson B. Duncan was chairman, was read and adopted. Appreciation was expressed for the hospitality and courtesies extended, and then the following resolution was passed:

"Resolved, That we express our appreciation of the Christian spirit manifested by the recent session of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South in setting forth officially the willingness of this church to continue its policy of cooperation with other churches and agencies engaged in Sunday school work."

To Northern Markets.

Bamberg. — Thousands of crates of cucumbers, beans and asparagus have been shipped from Bamberg this year. While the cucumber prices have been disappointing, the association has received the assurance of the produce merchants of northern receiving points that the Bamberg product has been well graded and well packed and the reputation will be of vast benefit to this county in the future.

The glut of the cucumber market just at the time when shipping was heaviest from Bamberg resulted disastrously to the cucumber growers here and this is accounted for largely because of the great increase in acreage this year in this particular section where cucumbers are shipped at the same time. The truck association has decided to enter into a larger field of usefulness, and Col. W. A. Klauber, the president, is preparing a list of farmers who are agreeing to grow a specified acreage in Bermuda onions, beets, peas, lettuce and carrots during the coming winter. The acreage is usually small, so that in the event the crop does not turn out well the loss will not fall heavily on anyone. These various crops are very promising and have proven very profitable in years past. With the exception of peas and lettuce, the crops above named are not perishable and there is no reason why excellent prices cannot be commanded. These being winter crops, practically no time will be taken from the usual farm work and sales will come in at a very convenient season.

Georgetown Grows Truck.

Georgetown. — Though this year's season has not been propitious for truck, on account of the immoderate rains of April and May and the first part of June, still this section is making steady progress in development into a considerable truck growing country. M. M. McCord, county demonstration agent, has been keeping an accurate record of the acreage planted to various crops. This year \$60 acres were devoted to Irish potatoes, 400 acres to beans and about the same to lettuce, cauliflower spinach, cabbage, cucumbers, onions etc., for shipment. One day an entire trainload of truck, consisting of 15 cars, went out from Georgetown.

The production of potatoes was materially reduced by wet weather, but some acres yielded as much as 60 barrels and the quality was of the best. Advice has been received that certain shipments from Georgetown were among the finest seen in the northern markets. The early and late shipments realized the best market prices, there having been a falling off in prices at one stage of the shipping season.

While the production of lettuce, cauliflower and "cukes" was excellent, the prices this year have been disappointing.

Assembly Largely Attended.

Greenwood. — The annual summer assembly of the Epworth League of the Upper South Carolina conference, which closed here after a week's session at Lander college, was the most successful in the history of the Upper South Carolina conference, according to the Rev. James E. Ellis, the retiring president. Approximately 200 delegates attended the assembly from every part of the Upper South Carolina conference. More churches were represented this year than never before.

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