

# THE CHERAW CHRONICLE

VOL. 22. CHERAW, S. C., THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1919. NO. 36

## LABOR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU CONTINUED

CHANGE COMES OVER SPIRIT OF DREAMS OF OFFICIALS AT WASHINGTON.

## WORK DELAYED BUT ONE DAY

Appropriation of \$400,000 Will Enable Bureaus to Continue Operations Pending Passage Permanent Bill

Columbia. Offices of the United States Employment service throughout the country, which were abolished by the director general, John B. Denmore, because Congress had failed to appropriate necessary funds for the continuance of the work, were reopened by an order from Mr. Denmore revoking his previous order. This action was taken after Congress had passed the sundry civil bill carrying \$400,000 for the employment service.

The appropriation of \$400,000 will enable the service to continue for two months and by this time it is believed the permanent employment service bill now pending in both houses will be passed. In the meantime the offices will continue their work as before, except they will be supported entirely by federal aid and will not rely upon outside help which has enabled the work to go forward since the latter part of March.

## Work-Ahead R. R. Commission.

The South Carolina railroad commission has some busy weeks ahead. The commission will hold a hearing in Walterboro, Colleton county, July 10, relative to the stopping of through trains at Green Pond, where connection is made to Walterboro.

The same day the commission will go to Ehrhardt to consider the urgency of additional train service between Walterboro and Ehrhardt over the Walterboro branch of the Atlantic Coast Line. The question of the crossing is considered the same day.

While in Walterboro and Ehrhardt the commission will make an inspection of the physical condition of the roadbed and equipment of the Walterboro branch of the Atlantic Coast Line and the Bamberg, Walterboro and Ehrhardt Railroad.

July 17 the commission will have a hearing in the Columbia office relative to the necessity of additional train service between Boston and Andrews in Georgetown county.

On this same date a hearing will be given relative to the plea for additional service over the Seaboard Air-Line between Savannah, Charleston and Georgetown, and also additional service between Georgetown and Andrews.

## Car Fare Reasonable.

Holding that the plaintiffs in the case against the Columbia Railway, Gas & Electric Company, who sought to have an injunction issued against the company restraining it from collecting seven cent street car fares in Columbia, do not appear to have suffered any injury other than that common to all other citizens who may wish to use the line of the street car company, Judge W. H. Townsend refused the application for a temporary injunction. The effect of the refusal of the court to grant the injunction is that the street car company will continue to collect seven cent car fares as it has been doing since July 1.

## Schools Making Progress.

One hundred and seventy-nine districts in 22 counties participated in the disbursement of state aid under the terms of the equalization law for needy schools. The amount paid out totals \$58,120, leaving in the state treasury an unexpended balance of \$65,830.

R. C. Wright, publisher of the Columbia Record states that he will appeal from the Bethea Hbel verdict, to the supreme court.

## Edwin Robertson Commended.

Edwin W. Robertson, who gave his services unreservedly to the country during the war period by acting as state chairman of the first four Liberty loan campaigns and district chairman of the Fifth Federal Reserve District organization in the Victory Loan drive, has received a very complimentary letter from Carter Glass, secretary of the treasury.

"You have served loyally at the sacrifice of your personal interests, and you deserve the gratitude of your country," the letter concludes.

## Board Exports and Marketing.

The board of exports and marketing, which has recently been appointed by Governor Cooper, has charge and regulations of the corporations that may be organized for the purpose of engaging in the business of exporting commodities from the United States to foreign countries or to the insular possessions of the United States. When a concern organizes to engage in the export business, it shall enter into articles of association which shall state the object for which the association is formed.

## Bethea Wins Libel Suit.

The jury in the case of Andrew J. Bethea against the Columbia Daily Record brought in a verdict for \$5,000 for the plaintiff after deliberating about six hours. The 13 men retired at 12:50 p. m. and the verdict was announced shortly before 7 o'clock.

Attorneys for the defendant gave notice that a motion for a new trial will be made. Judge Townsend will hear arguments during the coming week.

The plaintiff sued for \$100,000 on account of several articles which appeared in the Columbia Record commenting on his connection with the army and his right to wear the uniform of a major. The defense endeavored to show that the stories printed in the newspaper were privileged communications.

## Society is Doing Well.

Recently Secretary Williams of the state board of charities and corrections, made an inspection of the South Carolina Children's Home Society, and finds the society doing much good work.

He says there is a general movement in the country toward the replacing of orphanages by a system of placing the children in homes at an early age, so that they may become used to home life and get in closer touch with the real world. The orphanages are becoming agents for placing the children in the best homes.

## Tar Heel Women Invited.

Mrs. Fant in conference with Miss Roberts, director of woman's division of war loan organization of the treasury department, and with President Johnson of Winthrop College, was authorized to invite the North Carolina club women to Winthrop College for the club women's course on the same terms as those offered South Carolina club women, and she extended this invitation in person at Hendersonville. Mrs. Alice E. Norton, editor of the Journal of Home Economics, and for many years associate professor of home economics at the University of Chicago, will be sent by the treasury department as our instructor for the thrift course.

## Lutheran Day School.

Many Lutherans throughout the state are interested in the school which is to be opened at Newberry College July 15 and continuing through July 18. The sessions are usually largely attended and prospects now are bright for a large body of Christian workers to be given to prayer which will be followed by a meeting of leaders at 8 o'clock. Courses will be given in Sunday school work, mission study, music, organization, principles of young people's society, woman's home and foreign and children's missionary societies, literature and many others.

The faculty is one of the best that authorities of the school have been able to secure in the eight years of the school.

## Want to Annex Greer.

Governor Cooper has received a petition signed by 650 people of Greenville for the annexing of a portion of Spartanburg county, including the city of Greer, to Greenville, and asking the governor to appoint the commission to arrange the election on the question. The petition asks for the annexation of 32 square miles of territory, in Spartanburg county, which holds 4,300 people and has taxable property worth nearly a million dollars.

## Matters Military.

According to information given out at the office of the adjutant general, Greenville had 68 men ready for inspection when the official arrived. No company has yet been formed at Greenville. General Moore, who was in Barnwell, plans to go to Charleston, where two companies, the Washington Light Infantry and the Sumter Guards will be formed. One company has been organized at Pelzer.

## Appointed Supercargo.

Washington.—(Special) — Senator Dial has secured a position for Boyce J. Whitehead of Union as supercargo with the United States shipping board. Mr. Whitehead has been in Washington for some time with the shipping board.

## Commissions and Amendment.

In the office of the secretary of state an application for an amendment to the charter of the Bank of Norway was filed. The bank wishes to increase its capital stock from \$25,000 to \$50,000. A commission was issued to the Guaranty Loan & Trust Company of St. Matthews, the capital stock of which is to be \$50,000. A commission was issued to the Andrews Country Club. The capital stock is to be \$6,000 and the organization social in its nature.

## South Carolina Day.

A fact not connected with the world war is that June 25 is known as "South Carolina Day," so named for the victory which was achieved over the British by the Americans at the battle of Fort Moultrie on June 28, 1776, in the War of Revolution, and also because 100 years later at the celebration of the centennial anniversary of that battle in Charleston, the movement was set on foot, which resulted in the "Straightout" Democratic campaign that redeemed the state from carpetbag misgovernment.

## WILLIAM D. UPSHAW



Representative William D. Upshaw of Atlanta, Ga., went to the national congress from the pulpit, being by profession an evangelist. He has been conducting a revival in one of the Washington churches.

## PLEASANT WIRES APPROVAL

New Corporation Will Not Conflict With \$100,000,000 Cotton Export Financing Concern.

New Orleans.—Plans for a systematic campaign in the cotton belt for organizing counties of the states for handling the annual crop were launched here at the second meeting at the present conference of directors of the American Cotton Association. J. S. Wannamaker, of Columbia, S. C., president, said that \$400,000,000 would be needed for forming the planned corporation to properly dispose of one fourth of the crop.

This corporation, according to President Wannamaker, will not conflict with the proposed \$100,000,000 cotton export financing corporation, as the former will limit its work to cotton for domestic use.

Governor E. B. Rouseff, of Louisiana, chairman of the committee on the cotton export financing corporation, said that the plan of the corporation is to cover 1,000,000 acres and is in line with the plan of the American Cotton Association.

Plans for organizing, adopted include the forming of county and parish organizations in every cotton growing state and a resolution was adopted requesting commissioners of agriculture and presidents of farmers' unions to issue joint calls for the first meetings.

Telegrams are being sent to governors of cotton growing states and presidents of organizations interested in requesting that state meetings be called in July.

## KONENKAMP HAS CALLED OFF GREAT TELEGRAPHERS STRIKE

Chicago.—The strike of telegraphers was called off by S. J. Koenkamp, president of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America. President Koenkamp called off the strike after he had conferred with other officials of the union. A statement addressed to the members of the organization by President Koenkamp, read in part: "When the present strike was declared against the telegraph companies under control of the wire administration, it was understood it would not be made an endurance contest. The strike was to be the final protest against the unfair and unjust treatment we have received since August, 1918, at the hands of the wire administration. "We realized that in order to make this protest effective it would be necessary to make the strike sufficiently acute to compel action. This does not seem possible now, either through our efforts or the efforts of those we relied upon to help us. Acting upon this conclusion and with a view to a truce your best interests, I hereby declare the strike at an end, and you are instructed to work without further delay. You have made a gallant struggle for your rights as American workmen and women.

## HIGH COST OF LIVING CAUSES RIOT IN ITALY

Forli, Italy.—After a great meeting here in which a vast crowd protested against the high cost of living, the people, excited by inflammatory speeches, attacked, sacked and destroyed many shops which refused to sell commodities at lower prices. Soon the fury of the mob made no distinction and had no limits. All the principal shops were plundered, and the mobs controlled the entire city.

## 66 MILES SILK RIBBON "FOR VICTORY BADGES"

Washington.—Orders have just been placed by the army quartermaster corps for 105,000 yards—60 miles—of silk ribbon, out of which will be made the service stripes that men who served in the war are entitled to wear. Though the authorization for the "Victory badges," as they will be called, was issued by the war department on April 9, it was found impossible sooner to start the manufacturing process.

## RATIFICATION OF LEAGUE EXPECTED

OPPOSITION TO TREATY WITH PEACE LEAGUE CLAUSE IS RAPIDLY CRUMBLING.

## DEBATE MAY CONSUME WEEKS

Two Great Elements, Business Men and Moral Forces, Are Supporting Program of Administration.

Washington.—As the President approaches the White House, the opposition to the league of nations crumbles. It has been apparent here for days, ever since Elihu Root fired into the Knox resolution, that the republicans as a party would never oppose the league of nations.

A few personally ambitious senators of the Borah and Cram Johnson type, are out for exposure from the gallery, but plain, practical statesmen of the Penrose and Will H. Hays type, are, like "bror' ter," saying nothing.

Secretary Daniels has just returned from a speaking trip in Ohio, Illinois and other states of the middle west. He is convinced that the President is very strong there.

It is believed here that after a spirited debate of days, or perhaps weeks, the war will be closed by the ratification of the treaty, including the league of nations.

Two great elements, the business men and the moral forces, are supporting the program of the administration. Senators Root, Lodge and others of the anti-league group are looking for a soft landing place, and they can't prove the plan of the President will not work.

## SUPER-DIRIGIBLE NOW RESTON FIELD

Minneapolis, N. Y.—The dirigible R-33, which is being built at the Reston field, is now being tested.

Hours and 15 minutes which covered 8,120 knots or approximately 3,600 land miles.

Passing through dense banks of cloud, with the sun and sea visible only at rare intervals, the R-34 was forced to cruise 2,050 knots to reach Trinity Bay, N. F., from East Fortune, Scotland, and 1,080 knots from there to Mineola.

## THE PRESIDENT IS INVITED TO SPEAK AT ASHEVILLE.

Asheville, N. C.—President Wilson has been invited to attend the sessions of the Southern Labor congress, which meets here August 20, is the announcement of Secretary W. C. Puckett, of Atlanta. He was also asked to deliver an address during one of the sessions of the congress.

The letter sent to the President informs him that the congress proposes to deal with legislative, social and economic questions that are actively before the people at this time and the labor congress feels the need of his presence and advice.

## EARTHQUAKE OF MODERATE INTENSITY IS RECORDED.

Washington.—An earthquake of moderate intensity, believed to have had its center in Central or South America, was recorded early by the seismograph at Georgetown university. The earth tremors first were recorded at 3:11 o'clock and continued until 4 o'clock. The distance of the disturbance was estimated at 2,300 miles from Washington.

## ALABAMA CONGRESSMAN SUES BIRMINGHAM PAPER.

Birmingham, Ala.—Congressman George H. Doolittle of the ninth Alabama district, has filed damages suits against the Age-Herald Publishing Company aggregating \$1,300,000, based on cartoons and articles published during the congressional campaign last year.

## PRESIDENT OF PERU HAS BEEN THROWN IN PRISON

Lima, Pru.—Augusto B. Leguia has assumed office as provisional president of Peru and took up his residence in the government palace as a result of the successful overthrow of President Pardo.

Senator Pardo, all his ministers and a number of high officers of the army and navy are in prison, Pardo being in the penitentiary here. Virtually no fighting and no casualties marked the overthrow of the government.

## I. W. W. AGITATION IN MEXICO IS RENEWED.

Washington.—Agitation by the Industrial Workers of the World has been renewed in Mexico, according to official reports received here. While no actual violence has been reported it was said there had been threats of serious trouble. With the forcible deportation recently of a number of leaders who caused the strikes, Mexican authorities believed they had completely suppressed the I. W. W. agitation.

## GEORGE A. SAXTON



George A. Saxton of Dorchester, Mass., is West Point's perfect young man. He is a physical and mental giant, and is rated at 100 per cent perfect. Saxton is six feet one and a half inches tall and weighs 210 pounds. Up to five years ago he was ill constantly; now he is in perfect health, cured by open-air life. He has won high scholastic honors at Yale and Harvard. He is eighteen years old.

## FIVE BILLION IS APPROPRIATED

Congress Also Repealed Bills Footing Up More Than \$15,000,000 Passed BY the Last Congress.

Washington.—Congress adjourned at midnight until July 8, after enacting all appropriation bills needed by government agencies for the new fiscal year. Success crowned the efforts of republican leaders to complete the necessary legislation.

only after hours of delay which at times almost threatened to block their plans.

The final bill, the army measure, carrying \$775,000,000; the sundry civil bill, carrying \$605,000,000; the District of Columbia annual budget of \$15,000,000 and a deficiency measure of \$25,000,000, all were completed and sent to the white house.

With enactment of the final bills including measures passed at the last session of Congress, more than \$5,000,000,000 has been appropriated for federal needs during the new year. Congress also has cancelled more than \$15,000,000 of war appropriations previously authorized.

## COTTON CROP ESTIMATE UNDER 11,000,000 BALES.

Washington.—A cotton crop of about 1,000,000 bales smaller than last year's was forecast by the department of agriculture in its latest prospective production report of 9,986,000 bales.

Acresage this year shows a cut of 8.7 per cent from last year's, the decrease being 3,247,000 acres, the total being 33,960,000. The agitation for a reduction in acresage which the department of agriculture says occurred in every cotton-growing state, the scarcity and high price of labor and unfavorable planting weather caused the heavy decrease.

## AFGHAN PEACE DELEGATES ARE BACK FROM FRANCE.

Simla, India.—Afghan peace delegates have arrived at Jalandhar. Reports indicate that all is quiet on the frontier and the belief is growing in India that peace will be arranged.

The general official and non-official opinion appears to be reflected by the Pioneer's comment that Emir Amanullah's overtures are obviously those of a weak, repentant ruler and that the spirit of contrition renders magnanimity possible. The heat on the frontier continues abnormal, inflicting hardships on the troops.

## TERRIFIC TRAIN WRECK CAUSES TWELVE DEATHS.

Dunkirk, N. Y.—Engineer Clifford, of the New York Central's Westerner express, tried, according to his dying statement, to avert the rear end collision with train No. 41, which caused the death of 12 persons.

Witnesses said the siren was still screeching for the hand brakes when the Westerner, going 50 miles an hour, plowed into the rear coach of No. 41. Clifford's almost dying words were "Oh! I tried to stop."

## CONSCIENCE OF FIGHTER VS. THAT OF OBJECTOR.

Washington.—In refusing a request of the amnesty committee of Chicago that he make an "open," unequivocal appeal to President Wilson for immediate release of all conscientious objectors, Secretary Baker declared the abolition of future wars "was immeasurably more advanced by the conscience which led young men to give up their lives for it than by the conscience which found itself limited to protest."

## WILHELM MAY QUIT HOLLAND AT WILL

IN THE EVENT OF A REQUEST OR DEMAND FOR SURRENDER HE MIGHT BE DETAINED.

## RED TAPE IS GUIDING POWER

Tribunal Under Whose Jurisdiction Party Resides Must Finally Pass On Matters in Question.

Amsterdam.—There is nothing to prevent the former German emperor or the former crown prince from leaving Holland at their pleasure, according to a high government authority at The Hague quoted by the Amsterdam Telegraph correspondent. If either of them should leave, however, the official quoted said, the surprise of their departure would be "unpleasant both for the Dutch government and the Dutch people."

"Should there come, however, a demand for the former kaiser's extradition," the official said in an interview, "and should he then want to depart suddenly, it is possible he would be prevented. He can, according to the law of extradition, be arrested," at the request of a foreign government, but a demand for his extradition must be made within a certain period.

"When the demand for extradition comes it will be examined in the light of laws and treaties first. The law, Article II whereof specifies offenses for which foreigners will not be extradited. Extradition is also subject of a number of other restrictions, formalities and guarantees. Should there come a demand which is technically correct and in order, the government must first obtain the advice of the tribunal under whose legal jurisdiction the person wanted is residing. Amerongen, being in the department of Utrecht, the tribunal of that department would have to decide.

## OBSERVED IN CAPITAL CITY

Washington.—Return of world peace was the dominating spirit of Washington's celebration of Independence day. Pageantry in which the call of industry and other civilian occupations to returning soldiers and sailors were displayed, and a parade in which all of the nations arrayed against Germany and Austria were represented were the features of the observance.

Seven pageants showing the call of art, of the land, of commerce, business and professions, of the children, of labor, of liberty, and to the world service, were given late in the day on the lawns of department and other public buildings. These pageants were merged into a great pageant entitled the "Offering of Peace," which showed the peoples of the world, having passed through the horrors of war, returning with courage and anticipation to the pursuits of peace.

## REAL WILD WEST PARADE PASSES THROUGH PARIS.

Paris.—A gala performance of "Faust" at the opera, with Marshal Foch and General Pershing as the specially honored guests, concluded the notable joint French and American celebration of the Fourth of July. The day opened with an early morning review commemorating France's participation in the American Revolution and the celebration afforded varied entertainment for the thousands of American soldiers marking time in Paris while awaiting transportation home.

There was even a real wild west parade down the Champs Elysees and through the Place de La Concorde, given by an American army circus showing in Paris. The cowboys, cow girls and Indians, riding gallily through the Place de La Concorde to the music of a wild west band, proved a far greater attraction to the French than the brilliant military spectacle.

## HOHENZOLLERNS ARE NOT CONSIDERED PRISONERS.

Amsterdam.—The Telegraf understands that the attitude of the Dutch government regarding the ex-kaiser may be summarized as follows: First of all, it should be made clear that a recent message about the alleged flight of the crown prince was based upon the misconception that the Hohenzollerns are prisoners. On the contrary, they have full liberty to leave and their departure would even be welcomed by the government.

## TRIAL BOARD TO BE PRESIDED OVER BY JOHN A. HAMILTON.

London.—John Andrew Hamilton, Lord Sumner, will preside over the five judges representing the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan at the trial of the former German emperor. Sir Gordon Hewart, solicitor general of Great Britain, will lead for the prosecution. William Hohenzollern, it is said, will be defended by German counsel, assisted by British lawyers, if he wishes them.

## SOMEBODY SEEKING SHOW IN LIMELIGHT

PRESIDENT'S FOREHANDNESS DISTORTED INTO EVASION OF THE LAW.

## SEVEN MEN REAL GOVERNMENT

All So-Called War Legislation Was Determined Upon Weeks and Months Before War Was Declared.

Washington.—Seven men formed a "secret government of the United States" which working "behind closed doors," determined all of the so-called war legislation "weeks and even months" before war was declared against Germany. Chairman Graham of the house committee investigating expenditure charged after reading into the record a digest of the minutes of the council of national defense.

This commission, he added, was designed by law to act purely in an advisory capacity to the council, composed of six cabinet members, but the president, he asserted, made them the real executives.

After Mr. Graham had read to the investigating committee a digest designed to show that the military draft, food control and press censorship had been discussed by the commission several weeks before the war was declared, Representative Reavis, Republican, Nebraska, interrupting, asked if "all this was prior to the president's speech on armed neutrality, in which he said he was not contemplating war." The chairman answered affirmatively.

Later in the recital of the digest, Mr. Graham said that the censure of the council and commission, uttered in senate and house, led Mr. Coffin to urge that "a definite channel of contact" be established between the council and congress. "In other words," commented the chairman, "Congress ought to be educated."

## FOR AERO MAIL PROTECTION

New York.—The postoffice department at Washington has contracted for the erection of three high-power radio stations, the first of a chain of wireless communicating centers in various cities to be used primarily for the direction of mail carrying airplanes handicapped by fog. It was announced here by Emil J. Simon, manufacturer of radio apparatus for the war and navy departments.

Stations will be established at Bellefonte, Pa., with a third at some point on Long Island or Newark, N. J. Appropriations for them already are available. Others will be erected at Washington and Chicago as soon as Congress provides funds.

Each station will be equipped with steel towers 200 feet high and 300 feet apart and will have a range of approximately 400 miles to mail airplanes.

## MESSAGE TO CONGRESS READY; 5,000 WORDS LONG.

On Board the U. S. S. George Washington.—The President's message, to be delivered to Congress on Thursday, is completed. The message will take about 20 minutes to read and contains about 5,000 words, devoted to the peace treaty and protocols and the work of the peace conference.

It is understood that the peace conference subjects are dealt with on broad general lines without taking up the large questions of the treaty in detail, as this probably will come later when the foreign relations committee of Congress examines the details. The President also will have an opportunity to go over these matters with members of the committees. In this examination of the terms he will have the co-operation of a number of specialists, now returning with the presidential party, who have dealt with the detailed branches such as those concerning reparations, territorial readjustment and economic questions.

## WANT DIRIGIBLE AS WORKING PATTERN

New York.—Purchase by the United States of the R-34, the big British transatlantic dirigible balloon, or its sister ship, the R-33, as a working model for dirigible development here, was urged by Henry Woodhouse, chairman of the dirigible committee of the Aero Club of America, in a statement issued here. Mr. Woodhouse added that army and navy aeronautical experts favored the plan.

## MINORITY COMMITTEE WANTS PROHIBITION ACT REPEALED

Washington.—Five members of the house judiciary committee, in a minority report on the prohibition enforcement bill, made public declared congress should repeal the war-time prohibition act. While this report was being prepared, Chairman Volstead, of the judiciary committee, announced that he had asked for a rule to make the general enforcement bill in order for immediate consideration.