THE CHERAW CHRONICLE

STEPHEN, CHERAW, S.C.

"'Tis Not in Mortals to Command Success, but We'll do More, We'll Deserve it."

VOL 13. CHERAW, CHESTERFIELD COUNTY, S. C., MARCH 4, 1909. NO. 17

Inauguration of the Twenty=seventh President

It Will Be a More Imposing and Costly Function Than Any of Its Predecessors

FROM present indications it is apparent that there will be no falling off in the inaugural celebration this year. Although he never led a charge of rough riders and has no actual right to sing "Cheer Up, Comrades," Mr. Taft will be honored by an attendance at the inaugural ceremonies of as great a military force as that which marched in parade behind President Roosevelt. In keeping with the essentially peaceful and civic character of the incoming president, the industrial and civilian feature of the parade of next March 4 will be far more extensive and imposing than ever before.

The program of the inaugural period is divided into five important features and some others of a lesser degree of interest—first, the imposing military division of the pageant, which has been arranged on a big scale by Major General J. Franklin Bell, who is grand marshal; second, the civic organization division of the parade, with Major Thomas P. Morgan, chairman of the committee, in charge as marshal; third, the great display of fireworks on the White lot, just in front of the White House, in combination with the illumination of the streets of Washington through the downtown section, the dome of the United States capitol and the Washington monument, and a drill and display of pyrotechnics by the Republican Flambeau club of Minneapolis; fourth, the inaugural ball in the pension building, the biggest brick structure in the world; fifth, the forenoon parade of the American veteran soldiers and sailors of the G. A. R., the United Spanish War Veterans and the Army and Navy union, which will form the escort of honor for President Elect Taft and Vice President Elect Sherman from the White House to the capitol, where they will take the oath of office, preceding the big parade and other features.

CORYRIGHT, 1908, BY PACH BROS., N.Y.

WILLIAM H. TAFT, TWENTY-SEVENTH PRESIDENT.

Sailors and Marines.

The details of the big military parade have been worked out by Brigadier General John A. Johnson, chief of General Bell's staff, assisted by Major Samuel D. Sturgis, adjutant general, both regular army officers on duty at the war department. Here is the inauguration day program in a nutshell as prepared by them:

The morning escort of the president from the White House to the capitol at 10 a. m. by the veteran grand division; the exercises at the capitol on a stand accommodating 7,000 persons, concluding with the administration of the oath of office to the president and his address; the assembly of the military and grand division in the streets south and southeast of the civic grand division in the streets west and northwest of the capitol; the afternoon escort of the president by the military and civic grand divisions from the capitol to the White House at the conclusion of his inaugural address at about 1:20 p. m.; review of the military and civic grand divisions by the president from his stand in the court of honor in front of the White House from about 3 to 6 in the afternoon and the dismissal of the parade; the display of fireworks from 7:30 to 9 p. m.

In the military division there will be about 3,000 sailors and marines from the battleship fleet, fresh from its cruise around the world; the famous Philippine constabulary band, the midshipmen and cadets from the academies at Annapolis and West Point.

The joint committee of the two houses of congress purposes to make the ceremonies attending the actual inauguration of President Taft and Vice President Sherman as solemn and dignified as befits so important an event. Joy and music and the spirit of festivity will mark the inaugural parade, and the scenes along the streets will be as brilliant as ever, but in the capitol and on the inaugural stand erected on its east front solemnity and dignity will dominate. The details are already perfected, and every official and every employee understands the part he is to play.

The senate will complete the work of the last session of the Sixtieth congress about 10:30 a. m. on March 4 and will then take a recess so that the scenery may be set for the important act in the great drama of the republic so soon to take place. Shortly before noon the vice president will call the senate to order. The secretary of the senate will announce the arrival of the speaker and the house of representatives, and they will file into the senate chamber and take the places assigned to them. Next in order will come the supreme court of the United States, headed by Chief Justice Fuller, and then the ambassadors and ministers plenipotentiary of the foreign nations. Following the heads of the diplomatic corps will come the heads of the executive departments, who will take their places immediately back of the seats assigned to the chief figures in the drama.

Following the cabinet, the vice president elect will be formally announced and will enter, accompanied by his escort—Senator Frye, president pro tempore of the senate, and Representative Young. "The president elect" will be the next announcement, and William H. Taft, accompanied by Senators Knox and Lodge, will enter, and finally the president of the United States will enter alone. At each announcement the entire assemblage will rise and remain standing until the person announced is seated.

Mr. Fairbanks' Valedictory.

When all the dignitaries have arrived the vice president will deliver his valedictory and will then call to the rostrum James S. Sherman, to whom he will administer the oath of the vice president of the United States, after which he will declare the senate adjourned without day. Having been sworn, Mr. Sherman will ascend the rostrum and, taking the gavel, will call the senate to order for the new session and will ask that new members of the senate come forward and take the oath of office. Presumably there will be sixteen new faces in the senate. Each new senator, accompanied by his colleague, will step forward and take the oath. This done, the entire assemblage will proceed to the inaugural stand.

The sergeants-at-arms of the senate and the house will lead the stately procession. This is an innovation, as heretofore it has been led by the marshals of the supreme court and of the District of Columbia. Those present in the senate chamber will fall into line in the same order in which they entered the senate, and the entire company will march to the inaugural stand.

The troops gathered in front of the stand will present arms as the president and the president elect appear at the main door of the capitol, and when they have arrived at the front of the stand Chief Justice Fuller will step forward and administer to Mr. Taft the oath of office, following which the new president will deliver his inaugural address, which is understood to be unusually brief. From the stand the president will descend a flight of steps to his carriage and drive immediately to the White House, where he may snatch a brief luncheon before taking his place in the stand.

There will be a slight change this year in the order of the progress of the president, the president elect and the vice president and the vice president elect to the capitol. In view of the close relations of Senator Lodge to the president he will ride in the carriage with the president and the president elect, as will also Senator Knox, who as chairman of the committee on arrangements is the personal escort of the executive. The vice president will have as escort Senator Bacon and Representatives Burke and Gaines, while the vice president elect will be accompanied by Senator Frye, the president pro tempore of the senate, and Representative Young. Heretofore only one senator has accompanied the two chief figures in the ceremonies.

Ball a National Function.

Always a pleasing and picturesque feature, it is proposed to make the inaugural ball of 1909 something more—a great national function of supreme interest and significance. It will take the form of a reception by President Taft and Vice President Sherman to the country at large. Each state in the Union will be officially represented on the floor by one of its distinguished sons, whose mission it will be to cooperate officially in the presentation of the visitors from here, there and everywhere to the great men of the nation who will be in attendance.

Gist Blair, who [illegible] in the cabinet of President Lincoln, is chairman of the committee in charge of the inaugural ball and has so planned the event as to bring the entire Union through the forty-six states into direct and active participation in the function.

"Washington is a national city, a city belonging to the country," Chairman Blair said in discussing the ball arrangements. "It is our desire that all who come to the inauguration—and there promises to be the biggest attendance in the history of these affairs—should feel that in coming to the national capital they are coming to their own city.

"The ball will be essentially and distinctively national. A representative from each state has been designated as a member of the inaugural ball committee. These gentlemen will know many of the people who come from their respective states and will see that they are properly introduced to the statesmen and their wives and other distinguished visitors. Thus it is hoped to bring the forty-six states into close touch with the national capital on this memorable occasion."

An Awful Liar.

Sir Archibald Geikie, the distinguished geologist, tells a good story in his capital book of "Scottish Reminiscences." "I was quite sure you had been in our neighborhood," a friend said to Sir Archibald. "I met the old farmer of G., who had a strange tale to tell me. 'Dod, Mr. Caithcart,' he began, 'I ran across the queerest body the ither day. As I was coming by the head of the cleugh I thocht I heard a wheen tinkers quarrelin', but whan I lookit doon there was ae wee stoot man. Whiles he was chappin' the rocks wi' a hammer, whiles he was writin' in a book, whiles fechtin' wi' the thorns and nettles for a' that was lee. When he cam up frae the burn, him and me had a large confab. Dod, he kent mair o' [illegible] the stanes and lee they showed that Scotland was once like Greenland, covered in ice. A very entertainin' body, Mr. Caithcart, but an awfu', awfu' liear."—London Tit-Bits.

COPYRIGHT, BY BROWN BROS., N.Y.

LATEST TAFT FAMILY GROUP

Lists of Acts Enrolled By General Assembly.

The following Acts were ratified by the general assembly at the session just closed:

To incorporate the Edisto Power company with certain rights, privileges, immunities and liabilities.

To amend section 2012, volume 1, code of laws of South Carolina, conferring power to condemn lands, streams and waters and for sewerage.

To amend sections 2383 and 2384 of the code with reference to renunciation of dower and record thereof.

To amend the law in reference to and to regulate the sale, use, consumption, manufacture, possession, etc., of alcoholic liquors, in so far as the same applies to Charleston and Georgetown.

To prescribe the punishment for rape and assault with attempt to rape and to provide for taking depositions of females in such cases.

To amend 309 of the code of laws, so as make a verdict of the jury and an order of the court in the county where rendered a lien upon the real estate of the person against whom it is rendered from the rendition thereof till the expiration of five days from the ending of the court at which same was rendered.

To require electric street railway companies to affix inclosed vestibules to their cars.

To fix the fees of the clerk of court of Sumter county.

To make it unlawful to pay dividends on any stock in any corporation unless the same are actually earned on the capital stock of such company and for any officer of such company to make any false statement in regard to such company.

To declare the soliciting of orders or offer to sell liquors or beverages containing alcohol a misdemeanor and to provide punishment thereof.

To repeal section 3059 of the code relating to the lien law.

To authorize the counties of Edgefield and Cherokee to borrow money from the sinking fund.

To provide further for the closing up of the State dispensry.

To require the Southern railway company lessors or leesees to erect a depot at Pleasant Hill in Lancaster county.

To incorporate Marlboro and Southern Railway company.

To incorporate the Edisto Power company with certain rights, privileges, immunities and liabilities.

To provide for the making of itemized statements by officers of certain corporations.

To amend an act granting to the United States of America the title of this State to and the jurisdiction of this State over certain lands on Sullivan's Island.

To authorize the county board of commissioners to pay to M. McCaskill $30.90 for services rendered as magistrate for winding up the business of his predecessor.

To provide the time for holding court in the First judicial circuit.

To authorize and require the Comptroller general to draw his warrent in favor of W. W. Bradley for $128.30.

Authorize the county supervisor to pay Drs. Pinson and Peak $70.

To amend an act entiled "An Act to limit the hours of labor in cotton and woolen mills.

To prohibit the manufacture, sale barter, exchange, giving away to induce trade, the furnishing at public places or otherwise disposing of alcohol, spiritous, vinous or malt liquors or beverages by whatsoever name called, which if drunk to excess will produce intoxication, except for sale of alcohol in certain cases upon certain conditions and except the sale of wine for sacramental purposes and to provide penalties for the violation thereof.

To amend section 3107 of code relating to fees of clerk of court.

To amend an act as to trustees to the school district of Easley of order an election.

To amend an act to make term of office of county superintendents of education and county supervisors and register of mesne conveyances four years.

To validate the election held on [illegible]th day of May, 1907, and the bonds issued or to be issued by the town of Due West.

To authorize the county of Abbeville to pay R. E. Hill $100 for work done at request of the grand jury of said county.

To authorize masters to administer oaths, etc.

To pay the expenses of a special election in Union county.

To amend section 403, code of laws, South Carolina, volume 1, relating to reports of county treaurer.

To amend "An act to fix the amount to be paid by persons liable to perform road duty in lieu of working on public highways in the county of Beaufort," approved February 7, 1808, relating to road duty and commutation tax.

To amend an act entitled "An act to further regulate the govment of Dorchester county.

To validate the election held in May 12, 1908, in the town of Belton.

To authorize Newberry and Berkley counties to borrow money from the Stae sinking fund.

To amend an act to provide the age and time in which road duty shall be permormed in certain counties in this State.

To enable the commissioners of the sinking fund to lend funds to the county board of commissioners of Greenville county to pay claims on account of damage to roads and bridges caused by floods of August 25th, 1908, and to pay certain railroad bonds.

To provide for the election of trustees of school district No. 1 of Kershaw county.

To amend the laws relating to the fees allowed the clerk of court and register of mense conveyences for Dorchester county.

To provide for the time holding court in the Twelfth judicial circuit and to arrange the same.

To authorize the county board of commissioners of Laurens county to pay $100 per annum for rent of armory for Traynham Guards.

To provide for the improvement of highways and public roads in Chesterfield county and to fix the age and time in which road duty shall be perfomed in said county and to fix the amount of commutation tax in lieu there of.

To amend an act entitled "An act to amend section 812 of the civil code of 1902," so as to include Berkley county in the provison.

To amend sections 1, 3 and 6 of an act to provide for the manner in which owners or projectors of any railroad company incorporated under the laws of other States or counties may become incorporated in this State.

To authorize and require the board of county commissioners of Hampton county to construct a highway from Hampton, in said county, to Barnwell county line and to improve the roads of said county and provide funds therefor.

The above are only a portion of the Acts passed by the legislature. In next week's issue we will publish by title the remainder of the Acts passed.

BANK OF CHERAW

Guarantees

your Deposit with

Capital	$ 50,000
Stockholders liability	50,000
Surplus	50,000
	$150,000
Total resources over	$300,000

If you want absolute security keep your account with us.

The Bank of Cheraw,

Established 1887,

Cheraw, S. C.

THE BEY'S GUEST.

He Was Ready For the Emergency and Conquered the African.

A show of force is often the best kind of diplomacy. A writer in the Paris Temps tells a story of the French admiral Dupetit-Thouars, who had been intrusted with the mission of exacting reparation from an African bey who had insulted a French consul.

As Dupetit-Thouars' demands were supported by the forcible argument of loaded cannon, the bey acknowledged that he had been too hasty and proffered profuse apologies. He even invited the admiral to his table and had a sumptuous repast prepared for his guest.

The consul warned the admiral to be on his guard.

"The bey is inclined to be malicious," said he, "and when he strokes his beard and smiles you may be sure that he is concocting some mischief."

"We shall see," was Dupetit-Thouars' reply.

He reached the bey's palace in good time. Profuse compliments and salutations were exchanged. All at once the admiral's foot met some soft, hairy substance lying on the carpet under the table. He bent down and saw a huge lion showing his formidable teeth. The bey smiled and stroked his beard.

Dupetit-Thouars did not wince, but called his dragoman.

"My pistols," was all he said.

The servant saluted, retired and brought back a pair of pistols on a silver tray. The admiral took them and placed them on the table before him. But the bey, still smiling, continued to stroke his patriarchal beard.

"Tell the commander," he said to the dragoman, "that if those pistols are for the purpose of blowing out my lion's brains they are quite insufficient and perfectly useless."

Then, like a skilled fencer countering his opponent's thrust, after the bey's ironical advice had been translated Dupetit-Thouars replied:

"Tell his highness that my pistols are not there to kill his lion, but to blow his own brains out at the first movement of this objectionable carpet."

Gravely, but a little pale, the man interpreted.

The smile died away on the bey's lips, and he no longer stroked his beard.

"My lion," said he, "is too well trained even to scratch one of my guests, but since he is not wanted he shall be sent away."

At a word from the bey the lion slowly and heavily left the room, like an obedient dog.

No More Cradles.

"A cradle?" said the salesman. "Oh, no! You don't want a cradle."

He smiled.

"First kid, ain't it?"

"Yes," admitted the young father, frowning.

"I knew you weren't experienced, or you wouldn't ask for a cradle," said the salesman. "You see, they've gone altogether out. We don't sell two a year."

"Why did they go out?"

"Because they're unhealthy, bad for the kid. They lower the temperature, hurt the heart and bring on nausea, colic, regular seasickness. It stands to reason that the violent rocking of a cradle can't be good for frail little baby any more than the violent rocking of a ship in a storm is good for the passengers. Moreover, they keep somebody busy rocking the baby to sleep. Now the baby goes to sleep of its own accord."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Won With Whips.

According to Herodotus, while the Scythians were away on a long campaign their slaves took the opportunity to rebel and seize all their masters' property. The latter on their return promptly attacked them, but were continually defeated until at last one of them hit on the brilliant idea of attacking the slaves with whips only. That, he said, would remind them of their origin and so cow them that they would never dare to stand. The Scythians followed his counsel, and it fell out as he had predicted. When the slaves beheld their masters riding down upon them flourishing the terrible knotted thongs they knew so well they threw down their arms and fled.

English is practically the only language in which the singular first personal pronoun is spelled with a capital letter—"I."

Light Hauling.

I am prepared to do light hauling of all kinds for the public. Especial attention given to deliveries for merchants. Freight hauled and baggage delivered to and from the train to and from any point in town.

I represent the old reliable Charlotte Steam Laundry—oldest—largest—best. Will call for laundry and return it promptly. Basket leaves every Tuesday afternoon and gets back Saturday morning.

The patronage of the public is solicited.

Robert Stricklin.

Phone 139.

SEEDS

We are now prepared to fill orders for Vegetable, Flower Garden and Field Seeds. For Grass Seeds, Clover, Timothy, Alsac and Farm Seeds in any quantity.

The variety of our stock and the reasonable prices permit of so wide a selection that we are confident you will find little necessity for buying elsewhere.

Note this—we supply seeds only of the highest quality and germinating properties.

Ladd's Drug Store

To The Public

I have opened up in the Trotti building, next to McMillan & Whitley's, and will handle

Flour, Grain, Hay, Meal, and Shipstuff

Will sell in original package and I invite the patronage of the public.

E. F. Mulloy,

Cheraw, S. C.

No Land So Rich That Fertilizer Cannot Make It Better

You use fertilizers for the profit you get out of them—and the better the land the more profitably a good fertilizer can be used on it. Do not imagine because land will produce a fair crop without

Virginia-Carolina Fertilizers

that these fertilizers cannot be profitably used on it, or that they were made only for land too poor to produce without them. If poor land will show a normal increase when fertilizer is used, good land will show at least double the increase. Use Virginia-Carolina Fertilizers to increase the *quality*, as well as the *quantity* of the crop—and you will increase the profits from your land.

"I have been using your fertilizers for a number of years" says Mr. William Fraiser, of Glasburg, La., "*and find that it not only pays to fertilize, but to do plenty of it, and use the best fertilizers to be had, such as your brands.* I have used a number of them and found them to be as recommended and to give better results than any other fertilizers that I have ever used."

Every planter and farmer should have a copy of the new 1909 Virginia-Carolina Farmers' Year-Book. Get a free copy from your fertilizer dealer, or write our nearest sales office.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

Sales Offices
Richmond, Va.
Norfolk, Va.
Columbia, S. C.
Atlanta, Ga.
Savannah, Ga.
Memphis, Tenn.

Fertilizers Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

Sales Offices
Durham, N. C.
Charleston, S. C.
Baltimore, Md.
Columbus, Ga.
Montgomery, Ala.
Shreveport, La.

MEATS

We sell the kind of meat that gives pleasure. It's the same to us if you come yourself or send one o the chi dren or telephone your order,
We are now located in the new building on North Second street, just a few steps from the Town Hall. Let us have your order to-day and every day.

H. A. BURCH