

COUNTY TREASURER'S NOTICE 1928

The books of the County Treasurer will be open for the collection of taxes for the fiscal year, 1928, at the Treasurer's office from October 15th to December 31, 1928.

All persons owning property in more than one township are requested to call for receipts in each of the several townships in which the property is located.

All able-bodied male citizens between the ages of twenty-one (21) and sixty (60) years of age are liable to pay a poll tax of \$1.00 except old soldiers, who are exempt at fifty (50) years of age.

Proper attention will be given those who wish to pay their taxes through the mail by check, money order, etc., giving name of township and number of school district.

The tax levy is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Tax Category and Rate. Includes State Tax (5% mills), Ordinary County Tax (5% mills), Railroad Bonds (1 mill), Jail Bonds (1/4 mill), Road Bonds (11 mills), Past Indebtedness (2 mills), Statewide School (6-0-1) (4 mills), Weak and High Schools (1/2 mill), Constitutional School (3 mills).

Total 38 mills

Laurens School Districts

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes Trinity-Ridge (16 1/2 mills), Prospect (16 mills), Barksdale-Narnie (16 1/2 mills), Bailey (7 mills), Copeland-Fleming (8 mills), Oak Grove (6 mills), Watts Mills (8 mills), Laurens (22 mills), Ora (11 1/4 mills).

Youngs School Districts

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes Friendship (D. 5) (24 mills), Bethany (16 mills), Grays (17 mills), Central (10 1/2 mills), Youngs (17 1/2 mills), Warrior Creek (15 mills), Lanford (24 1/2 mills), Fountain Inn (24 mills).

Dials School Districts

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes Greenpon (10 mills), Eden (17 1/2 mills), Shiloh (Sul. 17) (22 mills), Gray Court-Owings (24 mills), Barksdale-Narnie (16 1/2 mills), Mexna (Sul. 17) (22 mills), Fountain Inn (24 mills).

Sullivan School Districts

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes Princeton (22 mills), Mt. Bethel (8 mills), Poplar Springs (25 mills), Brewerton (16 mills), Hickory Tavern (22 mills), Railroad Tax (3 mills).

Waterloo School Districts

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes Mt. Gallagher (12 mills), Bethel Grove (9 mills), Ekorn (Sul. 17) (22 mills), Center Point (14 mills), Oakville (8 mills), Mount Pleasant (13 mills), Waterloo (8 mills), Mt. Olive (21 mills).

Cross Hill School District

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes Cross Hill (21 1/2 mills).

Hunter School Districts

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes Rock Bridge (6 mills), Wadsworth (8 mills), Clinton (23 mills), Goldville (4 mills), Belfast (5 mills), Kinards (8 mills), Reederville (13 mills), Mountville (21 mills).

Jacks School Districts

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes No. 1, No white school (4 mills), Shady Grove (11 mills), Renno (16 mills), No. 4, No white school (3 mills), O'Dells (8 mills), Garlington (3 mills), Hurricane (6 mills).

Scuffletown School Districts

Table with 2 columns: District Name and Rate. Includes Long Branch (8 mills), Musgrove (8 mills), Langston (3 mills), Sandy Springs (4 mills), Lanford (24 1/2 mills), Ora (11 1/4 mills).

Persons sending in lists of names to be taken off are requested to send them early and give the township and school district of each, as the Treasurer is very busy during the month of December.

ROSS D. YOUNG, County Treasurer.

Mistake That Causes Rift in Marital Life

That the clinging vine type of woman is more likely to lose the love of her husband or at least bore him to distraction, is the answer given by Anne Byrne McCall to a woman who has written for advice to the Woman's Home Companion.

"It is the growing reluctance of a husband to express his affection in words, caused by persistent demands that he do so, that causes the rift," says the writer. "Silence in affection is not advocated in that statement. Every woman not only wants to be loved, but she wants to be told that she is loved. But it is a pity for her to force, or twist the issue, so that it becomes not a question of how a man may or can express his affection, but it becomes rather almost a question of how he may defend himself, or preserve his independence."

"It should not be forgotten that there are many ways of expressing love and that one man's silence might express more of his affection than the constant declarations of a different type."

"The demand by a wife for constant reassurance that a husband loves her, when she knows perfectly well that he does, is not the way to keep a deep and large and self-forgetting love."

Good Health Matter of Correct Posture

Not only gracefulness, but also our health and the prevention of excessive fatigue, depend a great deal upon posture—the way we stand, sit and walk.

Consider first the standing position. The weight should be on the balls of the feet, the chest up, the chin slightly back but in line with the chest, the feet exactly parallel, the arms dropped easily at the sides. To see that your body is in perfect balance when you are standing, rise on your toes and sink down again. When you stand with your chest drooping, your stoop arch out and your spine curved, you appear at a disadvantage; and what is worse, this position causes your vital organs to be displaced.

In walking, the first thing is to start right with the correct standing position. The toes should point straight to the front or be turned in the fraction of an inch. To stand or walk with the toes pointing out produces awkwardness and often leads to foot troubles, such as fallen arches.

Lax Justice

The way rich transgressors manage to keep out of jail led Governor Mar-tineau of Arkansas to say in Little Rock:

"It reminds me of a story. A man was traveling in New Mexico, and in a little town embowered in palms and flowers the mayor seemed to be quite a character. He held all the offices—judge, coroner, police captain, and so forth—and whatever turned up to be done, he was there to do it."

"After lunch, as he and his guest sat smoking in the garden, he turned to his clerk and said:

"Higginson, by the way, sneak over to the roulette parlor and tell Don Juan Sereda I want to try him for that murder case."

Blue Baboon

A grotesque but humane method of repulsing wild animals is being practiced in Kenya colony, Africa. Elephants, hippopotami, bushpigs and baboons were surprised recently when they found among their number a queer animal resembling a baboon, except that it had all its hair shaved off and wore a coat of bright blue.

They were so startled that they no longer return to raid the colonists, and the idea is recommended by the official who captured the baboon and released it after transforming its appearance with a razor and paint brush.

Mimics

A Londoner was hurrying along the embankment to keep an appointment, for which he was already late. He was stopped by a party of Americans, one of whom asked courteously if he would point out Cleopatra's Needle.

"Why, certainly," responded the Londoner; "it's just here." He indicated the famous obelisk and at the same time removed his hat to wipe his brow. Whereupon the Americans also uncovered and gazed at the needle with reverence.

Biology Omits This

A Chicago boy was visiting on a farm in Indiana for the first time. He was particularly interested in the animals and fowls of the barnyard, although his knowledge of them was scant.

Seeing some ducks and geese in a mixed flock, he inquired: "How long does it take ducks to be come geese?"

One Way

Mrs. G. was busy making jelly, in between the ringings of the phone and the doorbell.

With her patience worn just a little thin, she opened the door to the fifth salesman.

"Are you the lady of the house?" she was asked.

"No, I just work here," she answered, closing the door on the hurried retreating figure.

South Carolina One Of Seven States Not Having Regulation

Washington, Feb. 9.—South Carolina is one of seven states without rules or regulations affecting roadside advertising. The remaining group in this category being Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Kansas and Wyoming.

A bill designed to give South Carolina a law to regulate this class of outdoor advertising was killed by the present session of the general assembly. Admiral Samuel McGowan, former paymaster of the United States navy and more recently chief highway commissioner for South Carolina, was a strong advocate of well-defined regulation of roadside advertising.

Connecticut, Massachusetts and Vermont have the best defined and most rigid laws. Connecticut levies a license fee of \$100 per year and signs more than 900 feet square are not permitted. In Massachusetts the fee is fixed with regard to administrative costs. Vermont levies a license of three cents per square foot, and the distance from roadsides for the location of signs is controlled by population figures.

Seven other states—Florida, Mississippi, Georgia, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina and Tennessee—impose fees for advertising signs. Fees vary and are based upon number of square feet. North Carolina exacts \$5 to \$50 in cities from 5,000 to 35,000. Georgia levies an annual tax of \$1.00 on each agency, and empowers county authorities to make certain regulations.

In nine other states—Minnesota, Colorado, Maine, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota, West Virginia, New Hampshire and Illinois—no advertising agency may erect or maintain upon highways or right of way any commercial advertising sign. In eight of these states authorities have power to remove all nonconforming signs, and in seven states to exact fines up to \$1,000.

The laws of 16 other states—California, Maryland, New York, Idaho, Michigan, Montana, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Louisiana, Missouri, Rhode Island, Utah, New Jersey and Wisconsin—prohibit advertising signs on private property without consent of owners and on rights of way of highways without consent of state, city or counties.

The majority of these states designate the distance from railroad crossings, intersections of highways, a distance from curves at which signs may be placed, ranging from 300 to 1,000 feet.

A few of the states are empowered to remove nonconforming signs. Pennsylvania, Michigan and Idaho permit no advertising on directional signs.

In six states—Alabama, Arizona, Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky and Virginia—laws governing advertising signs merely state that no person shall erect or maintain upon any highway or right of way any advertising sign without the consent of state authorities. While Arkansas has no state regulation, authority is vested in the county courts with no specific legislation. In Texas, cities of more than 5,000 inhabitants have power to license, regulate, control or prohibit erection of signs or billboards as may be provided by charter or ordinance. In Oklahoma, county and township boards are charged with improvement of public highways, and have power to remove all obstructions in highways under their jurisdiction.

While Wyoming has no state regulation, the highway department claims jurisdiction and assumes authority to refuse permission to erect signs and to remove any in these areas.

In Kansas, county commissioners of each county are authorized to remove all advertising signs exceeding four feet in height within 50 yards of any railroad grade crossing, abrupt corner in the highway or entrance to driveway off the highway.

New Jersey prohibits advertising signs on the palisades along the Hudson river; New York bars advertising signs in Adirondack park and Delaware prohibits them for 200 feet of the side of the right of way of any highway entering Wilmington from a distance of one mile from city limits. No advertising signs are permitted on swamps and tidal overflow lands in Louisiana except under lease from owners.

P. C. Students To Go To Greenville

At the request of the First Presbyterian church of Greenville, S. C., relayed through President John McSweeney of Presbyterian college, four P. C. students will journey to the "big city" on Sunday, February 11th. The purpose of the trip is that members of the congregation of the First church may be brought into contact with Presbyterian college students through a series of four-minute talks on the subject, "What does Presbyterian college mean to me?" The four men are R. A. Hogrefe, W. M. McInnis, R. T. Gillespie, Jr., and C. W. Grafton.

Car Located In Charleston

Woodrow Crane and Edwin McMillan of the Clinton mill village, were arrested in Charleston Monday night on the charge of having stolen the automobile of Pet. B. Adair. Officers Kern and Bagwell of the city police force, left Tuesday morning for Charleston and returned yesterday with the two boys and car. They were immediately carried to Laurens and lodged in jail to await trial at the approaching term of criminal court.

Mr. Adair along with several others, was attending a meeting Sunday afternoon at the Methodist church while his car was parked in front of the building. The two boys took possession of the machine and fled in an unknown direction. Efforts were immediately made to trail the car but no trace was found. Chief Holland and his force began an active hunt for the car and later located it in Charleston. The spare tire had been sold and apparently no other damages done when it was returned to the city yesterday afternoon, and the boys turned over to Sheriff Owens.

Two Games Here For Next Week

The Newberry varsity basketball team will meet the Presbyterian eagles here on next Monday night, Feb. 13th. The Wofford Fresh will meet the P. C. first year five here on the following day, both games being played at eight o'clock. Both promise to be interesting and hard fought games and it is hoped that large crowds will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Simpson and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Fincher were visitors in Columbia on Sunday.

CAN YOU BEAT IT? NO.

Used Pianos \$125 up. Uprights \$275. Players \$395. Grands \$495 Also Radios.

O'DANIEL & REID

BOND FLOWER SHOP

FLOWERS FOR ALL OCCASIONS 157 W. Main St. Phone 396

SUBSCRIBE TO THE CHRONICLE

Rupture Shield Expert Coming to NEWBERRY

on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23 at NEWBERRY HOTEL from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Evenings by telephone appointment only. ONE DAY ONLY. No Charge for Consultation.

Mr. C. F. Redlich, the successful expert says:

The "Perfect Retention Shields" hold the rupture perfectly, no matter what position the body assumes or how heavy a weight you lift. They give instant relief, contract the opening in a remarkably short time and strengthen the weak tissues (the real cause of rupture) so that they frequently recover their previous natural retaining power, needing no further outside support. Stomach trouble, backache and constipation often caused by Rupture promptly disappear.

Truly remarkable and prompt results have been obtained not only with recent and not fully developed ruptures but also with old, long neglected ones.

Ingenious, recently perfected devices are now holding ruptures firmly which heretofore never had been retained.

No elastic belts nor filthy legstraps are used.

I guarantee to hold the rupture and also the durability of my absolutely sweat and moisture proof, sanitary appliances.

75% of ruptured children recover completely through expert mechanical treatment according to statistics.

Do not waste your money on widely advertised mail order contraptions. You cannot fix yourself.

C. F. REDLICH, Rupture Appliance Expert, Home Office, 535 Boston Block, Minneapolis, Minnesota. 2p

DRS. SMITH & SMITH Optometrists

SPECIALISTS Eyes Examined - Glasses Prescribed 16 West Main Street Phone 101 Laboratory for Prompt Repair Service Clinton, S. C.

What 59 years have taught us about making gasoline

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey was a pioneer in refining gasoline. Since the first automobile was built "Standard" has been—both in quantity and quality—the leader in the refining and supplying of this necessary motor fuel.

This company has spent millions of dollars in research work and in the development of new and better processes of making gasoline. What has been the result? Just this—that you can depend on finding in every gallon of "Standard" Gasoline these qualities:

Easy Starting—even in coldest weather.

Quick Acceleration—a necessary thing in traffic.

Power, Steady and Reliable—for hill climbing and long hard runs.

Mileage Efficiency—proved over and over by road tests in every type of car.

Safety to Motor—a fuel that cannot possibly injure your engine.

Complete Combustion—a fuel that burns cleanly, leaving practically no carbon, and burns completely, leaving no "loose ends" to seep down and dilute the motor oil in the crank case.

Uniformity—you can set your carburetor on "Standard" and forget it, for every gallon is like every other gallon wherever you buy it.

Availability—"Standard" Gasoline has the further advantage of being easily obtained, as our red "Standard" pumps are conveniently located throughout the length and breadth of this state.

This rare combination of qualities makes "Standard" the best all-round gasoline on the market. The fact that it outsells any other brand of gasoline in this state by more than 2 to 1, is evidence of its superior qualities.

Use "Standard" Gasoline and you will get unvarying fuel satisfaction.



"STANDARD" GASOLINE

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

For colds, grip and flu take



Relieves the congestion, prevents complications, and hastens recovery.