

112 Millions  
used last year  
to KILL COLDS



HILL'S  
CASCARA QUININE  
BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years  
—a tablet form—safe, sure, no  
opiates—breaks up a cold in 24  
hours—relieves grip in 3 days.  
Money back if it fails. The  
genuine box has a Red  
top with Mr. Hill's  
picture.  
At All Drug Stores

To abort a cold  
and prevent com-  
plications, take



The purified and refined  
calomel tablets that are  
nauseless, safe and sure.  
Medicinal virtues retained  
and improved. Sold  
only in sealed packages  
Price 35c.

To  
Instantly  
Relieve  
Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat  
Use  
Tar  
Balsam  
(Mentholated)

It promptly breaks up coughs and colds,  
clears the head and reaches deep into the  
chest where external remedies could hardly  
be effective.  
Used for more than 40 years with splendid  
results.  
Delicious taste. Harmless to the most deli-  
cate system. Absolutely non-narcotic.  
Buy a bottle and take a teaspoonful  
immediately. It will make you feel good  
all over. Your druggist is instructed to  
refund your money cheerfully if it doesn't  
relieve you.  
35c at your druggist's.

GET SLOAN'S FOR  
YOUR PAIN RELIEF  
You don't have to rub it in  
to get quick, comfort-  
ing relief

Once you've tried it on that stiff  
joint, sore muscle, sciatic pain, rheu-  
matic twinge, lame back, you'll find  
a warm, soothing relief you never  
thought a liniment could produce.  
Won't stain the skin, leaves no muss,  
wastes no time in applying, sure to  
give quick results. A large bottle  
means economy. Your own or any  
other druggist has it. Get it today.  
35c, 70c, \$1.40.

Sloan's  
Liniment  
Keep it handy

It Pays You To Ship  
FURS  
To SABEL

64 years' Record of Honest Dealing  
No commissions to pay. Write today  
for free shipping tags & top price list.  
H. SABEL & SONS Inc. Dept. 3, Louisville, Ky.  
The South's largest and oldest fur, hide and wool house

Typewriter Ribbons,  
Carbon and Adding  
Machine Paper.  
Scaife's Book Store

## FARMERS SHOULD HELP ON CENSUS

Urged by Agricultural Depart-  
ment to Give Full Information.

### TO THEIR OWN ADVANTAGE

Farmers Asked to Acquaint Them-  
selves With the Requirements and  
Make-up of the Census Questions—  
Only the Uninformed Farmer Shies  
From the Census Enumerator—In-  
formation Used to Better Agricul-  
tural Conditions.

(Prepared by the United States Depart-  
ment of Agriculture.)

In an advisory capacity, the United  
States department of agriculture is as-  
sisting the bureau of the census in  
preparations for taking the 1920 cen-  
sus. Because the farmer usually is  
busy in the early spring and also be-  
cause the farm herds and flocks are  
not as replete at this period as at  
some other season, the date of the  
census has been changed to January  
1, 1920, instead of April 1. Hence, on  
January 1 in all sections of the coun-  
try enumerators will begin the work  
of visiting the 7,000,000 farms peopled  
by 35,000,000 rural citizens, who com-  
prise practically one-third of the total  
population of the United States.

Farmers over the country are urged  
by the federal department of agricul-  
ture to acquaint themselves as thor-  
oughly as possible with the require-  
ments and make-up of the census ques-  
tions. Considerable figuring and ac-  
counting must be done by the farmer—  
although the computations are in no  
respect as complicated as those essen-  
tial in figuring his income-tax return—  
to answer accurately and fully the  
questions which will be put to him by  
the enumerator. Many of these ques-  
tions cover subject matter heretofore  
not included. As the statistics obtain-  
ed from the agricultural census will  
largely determine the future land pol-  
icy of the federal government, it is  
every farmer's duty to make individ-  
ual answers as accurately as possible.  
Such information involves some little  
study on his part previous to the ap-  
pearance of the enumerator.

It is only the uninformed farmer  
who shies from the census enumerator  
as though he were an objectionable  
book agent. Others are glad to aid  
this work of assembling specific facts  
and figures about all the farming op-  
erations and farms of this country, since  
they are aware that this information  
is used directly for the promotion and  
development of better agricultural con-  
ditions throughout the country.

#### New Questions in Summary.

The agricultural census statistics  
are divided into facts covering farm  
tenure; farm acreage; farm encum-  
brances; farm values; farm expenses;  
uses of the land in 1919; drainage  
crops produced in 1919; live stock  
maintained, including an enumeration  
of the various numbers of each class  
and grade on every farm; farm fac-  
ilities, such as tractors, automobiles,  
trucks, and other farm conveniences;  
co-operative marketing; pure-bred ani-  
mals maintained; fruits; nuts; and  
forest products.

Information will be secured which  
will enable the United States depart-  
ment of agriculture to figure up the  
length of the "agricultural ladder"—  
how long it takes the young farmer to  
learn the rudiments of his trade, so  
that he is able to graduate from the  
position of hired man to that of cash  
or share tenant, and later on to change  
from tenant into owner. Furthermore,  
the name and address of the owner of  
each piece of land in the United States  
will be obtained. This information will  
be secured by new questions, such as:  
How many years, if any, did you work  
on a farm for wages? How many  
years have you been, or were you, a  
tenant? How many years have you  
farmed as an owner? How long have  
you operated this farm? If you rent  
all of this farm what do you pay as  
rent? If you rent any farm land from  
others or manage any farm land for  
others, give name and address of owner  
of land.

Other new questions in the coming  
census involve the amount of land  
from which no crop was harvested this  
year because of crop failure; crop land  
lying idle or fallow in 1919; pasture  
land in each farm. The farmer is also  
requested to give the total value of his  
farm January 1, 1920, as well as the  
value of all buildings on the farm  
and the value of implements and ma-  
chinery belonging to the farm. If any  
encumbrances exist against the prop-  
erty, he is asked to specify the total  
amount of debt on the land on the day  
the census is taken, and the rate of  
interest he pays on this debt.

Under the head of farm expenses  
each farmer is asked to state the  
amount expended in 1919 for hay,  
grain, mill feed, and other products  
not raised on the farm which he used  
as feed for domestic animals and poultry;  
the amounts of cash expended for  
manure and fertilizer and for farm  
labor, exclusive of housework. He also  
is to give the estimated value of the  
house rent and board furnished farm  
laborers in 1919 in addition to the  
cash wages.

#### Information on Unimproved Land.

Special attention is also given to the  
matter of drainage, particularly with  
regard to the area of the farm which  
has been improved by drainage and  
whether a drainage or levee district or  
some form of stock company was or-

ganized to handle drainage. He is  
asked to tell the amount of land pro-  
vided with artificial drainage and the  
additional area needing drainage only,  
drainage and clearing, or clearing only.  
The statistics for the crop and live-  
stock reports are quite similar to those  
used during previous years, although  
some minor modifications have been  
made.

There are other new items listed  
under the caption of farm facilities  
which include particulars regarding  
the number of tractors on the farm, the  
number of automobiles, motor trucks,  
whether the farm has a telephone, wa-  
ter system, and gas or electric lights.  
Information is also requested as to  
whether there is a local co-operative  
marketing club, and farmers are asked  
to give the value of all farm prod-  
ucts sold through or to such organiza-  
tions in 1919, and also the cost of sup-  
plies purchased through the assistance  
of such an association.

Complete information is also asked  
regarding the orchard fruits, sub-  
tropical fruits, nuts, small fruits, fruit  
products, grapes or grape products,  
and greenhouse and hothouse areas  
and equipments which are produced or  
which are used on each farm.

In order to ascertain the timber and  
lumber resources of each farm, three  
forestry questions are asked: The  
number of acres of merchantable tim-  
ber, consisting principally of trees of  
saw-log size; the value of all forest  
products of the farm at the date speci-  
fied which have been sold or are for  
sale, and the value of all homegrown  
forest products which have been or  
will be used on the farm.

### HUGE CHICKEN SNAKE

Swallowed a Copperhead That Carried  
Many Little Ones.

A sure enough snake story comes  
from Buckusburg, Calloway county,  
Kentucky, and is reported by F. H.  
Guler and son Dennis, whose record  
for truth and veracity cannot be ques-  
tioned.

While the two men were suckering  
tobacco one day their attention was at-  
tracted by the family dog barking and  
making a peculiar alarm. They went  
to the dog and saw the animal grab  
a big snake and begin shaking it.

In doing so young snakes the size  
and length of a lead pencil began to  
scatter about him. The men examined  
the young reptiles and found them to  
be copperheads, but the snake which  
the dog attacked was a big chicken  
snake four feet long.

They were not satisfied with this  
strange condition and on further ex-  
amination they found that the chicken  
snake had swallowed a copperhead  
snake two and a half feet long, which  
contained the little snakes.

Seven of the youngsters were found,  
but there might have been more in the  
lot that were scattered about when  
the dog began to shake the big one.

### BORN IN AUTO

A Twin Soon Followed It and Thus  
Added to Family.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Rathbun of  
Grover, Pa., started the other day with  
a neighbor on an automobile ride.  
When they returned home twins had  
been added to the family.

The party had gone only a few miles  
from home when the driver, who had  
paid no attention to his friends in the  
rear of the car, was asked to stop.  
Turning his head he was startled to  
find Rathbun holding a new born  
baby wrapped in one of the automo-  
bile robes. He drove to a farm house,  
into which the mother and child were  
carried.

Before an ambulance could be called  
to take the woman home she gave  
birth to a second child. The first twin  
was a boy and the second a girl.

### PAYS FOR COOKIES

Conscience Stricken Person Sends \$1  
After Many Years.

About 24 years ago Louis Michaels  
drove a wagon for a candy company in  
Milwaukee. Among the wares he  
sold were cookies. One day a boy stole  
a handful of cookies from the wagon,  
but Michaels thought no more of the  
prank until he received a letter in-  
closing \$1.

That the man had apparently be-  
come conscience stricken as a result  
of religious studies is indicated by the  
inclosure of pamphlets on theology and  
a copy of his letter:

"Inclosed you will find a dollar bill  
in payment of theft committed 24 years  
ago for a handful of cookies. Jesus  
says no thief, liar, deadbeat or  
murderer of a person can get into the  
kingdom of heaven unless he repents  
for his sins."

### SECRET JOBS PAY WELL

German Officers Getting Rich Driving  
Garbage Wagons.

Rather than enter a store or office  
where they would receive only 400  
marks a month, two German officers  
have become garbage wagon drivers in  
Vienna. Counting the tips they receive  
from householders they get more than  
1,000 marks a month.

The nature of their work is kept a  
secret from their old associates, while  
the high price enables them to mingle  
more or less in aristocratic circles.

### Lovers Blow Themselves to Atoms.

Thirty-five pounds of melinite, set  
off by a detonator, was the means em-  
ployed by Adrien Thumerel and his  
fiancee to end their lives at Chateau  
Thierry, France. Thumerel was charged  
with the theft of some hams from  
stores destined for war prisoners. The  
explosion was heard for miles.



## The Farmer's Bank Account

With both labor and capital falsely branding the food  
producer as the high-cost-of-living profiteer, our farm-  
ers must fight together under strong leaders if they  
are to continue to get a living wage for their labor. In  
our own county this bank will always stand for your  
prosperity. Nationally—internationally—the strong  
voice that is speaking for the American farmer today is

## The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

The farmer is not a profiteer. He has earned his bank account,  
his credit rating, his home com-  
forts, by saving the world from  
starvation. But the world is  
moving fast, and to keep in  
touch everywhere—to hold what  
he has won—the farmer should  
regularly read THE COUNTRY  
GENTLEMAN. The information  
you will get in the next 52 big  
issues may make or save for you  
\$100.00 to add to your savings.  
If you have an account with us,  
you can instruct us to charge it  
\$1.00 for your year's subscrip-  
tion. If you keep your surplus  
cash under the old mattress send  
us \$1.00 for THE COUNTRY GEN-  
TLEMAN. Or, better still, come in  
and get acquainted—today.

5¢  
the copy  
everywhere

## First National Bank

Capital \$100,000.00 B. H. BOYD, President Phone 97

Gentlemen:  
First National Bank  
Geo. W. Copeland,  
Cashier  
Clinton, S. C.

(1) Because you know me, enter my name for THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN for one year and charge the cost, \$1.00, to me.  
or  
(2) Here's my dollar. I want THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. Send it to me.

Cross out one

(My Name) \_\_\_\_\_  
(My Address) \_\_\_\_\_  
(City) \_\_\_\_\_ (State) \_\_\_\_\_

## Just Received

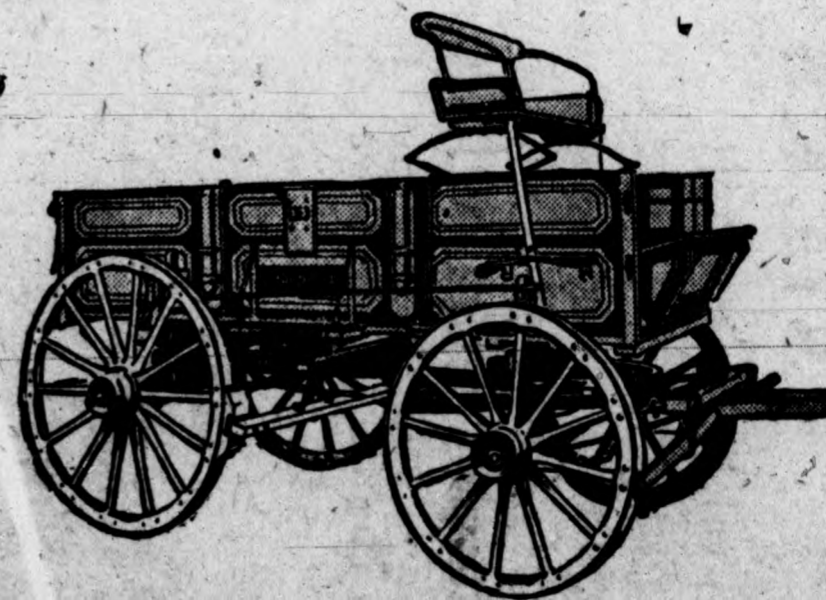
# A Car Load of THORNHILL WAGONS

WE HAVE just received a shipment  
of a car load of Thornhill Wagons  
—the wagon made in the heart of the  
hardwood region of tough highland oak  
and hickory.

These are the long wear wagons with  
many patented features. Made with the  
old standard track.

Not the lowest priced wagons but the best and in  
the end the cheapest.

[611-N]



Farmers Mercantile Company  
Clinton S. C.