

If you don't want to sell don't list your land with us.

- 151 Acres in 2 miles of Clinton, situated on road from Laurens to Clinton. One four-room house, 2-tenant houses, good barn and stables; fine hog pasture; about 100 acres in cultivation; plenty of timber to run the place indefinitely.
- 156 Acres in about 2 miles of Clinton, known as E. W. Ferguson place, about 85 acres in cultivation, situated on main road. One seven-room house, situated in a lovely grove; 2 tenant houses; plenty of wood to run the place indefinitely.
- 65 1-2 Acres, in 1 1-2 miles of Clinton, about 35 acres in cultivation. Four-room house; barn; well.
- 70 Acres, known as E. C. Briggs place. One tenant house; barn and well.
- 70 Acres, known as C. M. Pool place; five room dwelling; barns, stables, well.
- 211 Acres, known as Fred Johnson lands; One three-room house; barn, 2 stories high, 2 stalls, shed on side, 12 x 20; 100 acres in cultivation; 30 acres in pasture; 60 acres in pines.
- 190 Acres, known as W. T. Tinsley place in 2 1-2 miles of Clinton, 2 tenant houses, barns, wells, etc.
- 246 Acres, known as the old Dick Blalock place, about 3 miles from Clinton. Houses in good shape.
- 200 Acres, known as Thomas Simpson place. Bounded by D. W. Mason, John H. Pitts and others. Houses fairly good.
- 13 Acres, part of it in the incorporate limits; 1 nine-room house as good as new; 2-tenant houses in good shape; fine barn and stable; 1 gin house; 3 seventy saw new gin outfit; steam engine and boiler; corn mill and feed mill; 2 wells; water and lights from city.
- 110 Acres, known as J. M. Smith lands.
- 152 Acres, known as George Boyd place; houses worth all we ask for the land.
- 295 1-2 Acres, known as C. S. Lankford place, adjoining the old Ren Anderson place, J. H. Sullivan and others, one 6-room house, 2 barns, 2 tenant houses, 1 well. Place well watered.
- 1 House and Lot on Florida street, 5 rooms finished, 4 rooms upstairs not finished; house almost new. Look at this before you buy. It's cheap; known as G. C. Johnson place.
- 1 House on Main street, 7 rooms; 1-2 acre of land; nice barns, stables and well, and known as the Dr. Wofford place. Going at a big bargain.
- 1 1-2 acres, known as George M. Wright home place, situated on Calvert avenue. Price right.
- 206 Acres, known as the old Isaac Adair place, 2 miles from Clinton, on Musgrove road.
- NEWBERRY, C.**
Three store rooms, 2 stories high with basement; pressed brick and plate glass front with metal ceiling; up-to-date in every respect. Situated on corner between post office and modern six-story bank building. Right in the heart of Newberry City, now occupied by Copeland Bros.
- One 8-room house, owned by Johnson and Johnson, going at a bargain.
- 249 Acres, situated on main road from Clinton to Newberry, known as the Hix Connor place. In Newberry County.
- LAURENS COUNTY.**
300 Acres, known as W. M. Myers lands, going at a bargain.
- 50 Acres, known as W. M. Myers lands. Don't fail to look at this.
- 60 Acres of land, known as the old Calaway Todd place. One 7-room house, barn, stables, cotton house, well. 45 acres in cultivation, 1-4 mile from Longbranch school house.
- 44 Acres, known as J. L. Todd and T. B. Sumerel; houses almost new. The land good.
- 58 Acres, known as the old Hannah place, bounded by L. D. Hitch, Charlie Holland, W. A. Pool and Emmet Little.
- 400 Acres of land, known as the old Beans place, near the property of J. C. McMillan; 5 tenant houses, 1 barn, 5 stalls; 2 small barns, 1 well, 3 springs; about 100 acres in pasture. Lot of good saw pines. Going cheap.
- 250 Acres, known as the old Dick Ferguson place; 1 six-room house; 1 tenant house; 2 small barns, 2 good wells.

Sumerel & Stone
Real Estate Dealers

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JAPAN PROMISES SHANTUNG'S RETURN

Return will be Made Without Unnecessary Delay, Says Japanese Premier. Dependent Upon Attitude of China.

Tokio, Aug. 12.—Restitution to China by Japan of those parts of Shantung province, including Kiao Chow, now occupied by Japanese forces, will be made without unnecessary delay, but the time required will be dependent upon the attitude of China, said Takashi Hara, Japanese premier, today in answer to a question as to when actual restoration would take place.

The premier, in answering the query of the Associated Press, made the following statement: "My colleague, Viscount Uchida, minister of foreign affairs, issued a statement on August 2 in explanation of our policy respecting the Shantung question. That statement represents the considered opinion of this government and I have little to add in dealing with the same subject.

Viscount Uchida, in his statement, which was referred to by the premier, said that Japan was willing to restore Shantung to China and would enter into negotiations with the Peking government as soon as possible after the Versailles treaty should be ratified by Japan.

"The question is often asked as to when Japan will return Kiao Chow to China. I would point out in reply that for the restitution of Kiao Chow, detailed arrangements should be worked out beforehand in common accord between the Japanese and China governments and that the length of time required for such arrangements depends largely upon the attitude of China. In any case, we fully realize that it is as much in our own interest as in the interests of China to accelerate the conclusions of all needed arrangements and to effect without unnecessary delay the restitution of leased territory which we have solemnly undertaken.

Premier Hara and high officials of the Japanese government discussed frankly with the correspondent what was called the "wave of anti-Japanese" feeling in America. They were plainly disturbed by reliable reports received here showing uneasiness as to Japan's attitude relative to Shantung as one cause for the sentiment of discontent among the friends of Japan, but felt Japan's repeated assurances as to restitution—with the premier's statement to the Associated Press today should clear the air and prevent any deplorable misunderstanding.

It is frankly admitted here that Japan's so-called militarism is responsible for much uneasiness abroad. The Japanese insist there is a distinct movement under way to curb any excessive influence held by the militarists which might be calculated to be harmful to the legitimate development of the nation and inimical to Japan's relations with America.

Japanese Liberals are deeply interested in an article written from America by Dr. Inaso Nitobe of the imperial university of Japan. The causes of sentiment adverse to Japan are given by Dr. Nitobe as follows:

Chinese anger against Japan.
Korean hostility.
Anti-Japanese feeling in California.
Anti-Japanese propaganda by British traders in China.

Party tactics by opponents of President Wilson.

German propaganda.

The idea that Japanese militarism is a menace to democracy.

In elaborating the last named point, Dr. Nitobe said a reason for the unpopularity of Japan among Europeans and Americans was found in the activity of Japanese militarists, the writer adding that it was the opinion that because of her militarist elements, Japan is regarded as a dangerous nation to humanity, democracy and freedom.

"Nothing can be more harmful than to be ignorant of the general trend of the world and to be blinded by ambition and narrow minded patriotism," Dr. Nitobe writes. "The militarists of my country are not only unable to appreciate the spiritual meaning taught by the great war, but are, so to speak, unconscious traitors to the empire. Regardless of the great truth that the warrior's sword sooner or later will put a country in peril, they have copied everything German with the result that my country is isolated. I do not mean to disparage the army and navy, but would not tolerate for a moment their interference in politics and diplomacy. In regard to the Tientsin incident, Japan holds that the fundamental cause of the collision between Japanese and Americans was the fact that the American troops entered the Japanese concession in that city on the night of March 21 and that America should recognize the truth of this assertion."

Newspapers, which are reappearing after the recent shutdown, due to the printers' strike, attack the statement made by Viscount Uchida on August

U. S. TROOPS GO INTO MEXICO

United States Troops Go in Pursuit of Mexican Bandits Who Held American Aviators for Ransom. Troops Supported by Communication Line.

Marfa, Texas, Aug. 19.—American troops of the eighth cavalry, with aviators flying bombing planes acting as scouts ahead of the column swept across the Mexican border early today as a punitive expedition in pursuit of the bandit band under Jesus Renteria, who held the American army aviators Peterson and Davis, prisoners in Mexico, it was announced at military headquarters here today.

The troops are supported by an adequate communication line, pack trains carrying the field wireless for use when out of touch with the aviators who are scouting the entire Ojinaga district for the bandits.

Col. Langhorne sent a message to Gen. Antonio Pruneda, commander of the Ojinaga forces, through the Mexican consul at Presidio, notifying Pruneda of the punitive expedition so the Mexican general would notify his troops in the field to prevent a possible clash between Carranza troops and American cavalry.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Gov. Hobby in ordering the Texas National Guard ready to respond to any emergency call for border service, was acting upon his own initiative, it was said today at the war department. Officials, however, said that for some weeks the department had been endeavoring to have the reorganized national guard of Texas brought up to the pre-war strength.

Aviators Rescued.

Marfa, Tex., Aug. 19.—Lieut. H. G. Peterson and Lieut. Paul H. Davis, aviators of the United States army, held captive for more than a week by Mexican bandits who demanded a ransom of \$15,000 were rescued early this morning by Capt. Matlack, of the Eighth cavalry, and are safe in American territory.

Capt. Matlack brought back with him one-half of the ransom money. He said after Peterson had been released Davis was brought forward by the bandits and the two mounted Matlack's horse. The bandits demanded the remainder of the ransom money and Captain Matlack and Davis answered by riding rapidly away.

Much Money in Banks.

James H. Craig, state bank examiner, made his report of the condition of 340 banks, 14 branches and one individual bank. The call was for the condition of the institutions June 30. The report shows that the total resources amounted to \$145,800,809.74. Of this amount, \$54,830,851.97 is of individual deposit, subject to check, and savings deposits amount to \$33,252,331.33. The undivided profits amount to \$3,647,948.56.

Fever Situation Good.

Dr. James A. Hayne, state health officer, said statistics from every county in the state showed a decline this year in the number of cases of typhoid fever as compared with previous years. The decline is particularly gratifying in counties in which community health work is being promoted, Dr. Hayne emphasized.

State Troops From Overseas.

A detachment from the First Corps Artillery Park, Third Corps Troops, in which there are 79 South Carolina boys, has arrived from overseas and has been directed to Camp Gordon for demobilization.

Public Must Be Served.

Frank W. Shealy and H. H. Arnold, members of the South Carolina railroad commission, have issued a peremptory order to compel the Charleston & Western Carolina Railway Company to transfer freight over the spur track of the American Ship Building and Dock Corporation at Beaufort.

The spur track is the property of the ship building company and because of some disagreement as to certain clauses in proposed contract, the railroad discontinued its service.

Sugar to Supply Need.

Mayor Blalock has been advised that a solid car load of sugar has been shipped to Columbia for distribution.

Columbia merchants may hand in their order to Mrs. T. W. Danielson at the mayor's office. The sugar will cost \$8.32 per hundred pounds, plus freight charges from New Orleans. Each buyer will have to haul the barrels to their establishments.

Mayors of other towns where sugar is scarce may participate in the distribution. The shipment is sent to relieve conditions in the state.

2 as an abandonment of an exclusive

Japanese settlement of the Kiao Chow matter and the substitution of an international agreement. They say that it indicates a weakness on the part of Japanese diplomacy and claim that by the rights won by the sacrifices of the army, Tsingtau should be tenaciously held.



A Number One PIANO Is a Joy to every member of the family.

We are selling the product of the
Weaver Piano Co. and KNOW it
to be good.

Our Mr. O'Daniel has sold these pianos all over the South and has had every opportunity to compare values. If there were better values we would buy them as we pay SPOT CASH for every instrument coming into our store. Believe us—money talks—shouts—hollers and gets attention at the factories. With the CASH we get ATTENTION, prices, and everything that a dealer could wish.

Our next car load will cost us
more money. Get in on today's
prices.

O'Daniel & Reid

Opposite Bailey's Bank



THE ECONOMY SHOP

Having leased the gallery space, old millinery stand, of Adair & Sumerel, moved to new headquarters Aug. 20th where they will be pleased to serve their many friends and patrons.

The entire stock positively New. Everyone is invited to inspect. If you are not ready to buy now, come anyway. You will then know where to go when you are ready. Watch this space for Fall Opening announcement. Thanking you for past patronage and asking a continuance of same.

MISS KATHARINE LEASE.

Land For Sale

218 acres at \$30.00 per acre,
level, well timbered and well
located.

Geo. C. Riser
Whitmire, S. C.