

HE FINISHED THE JOB



A. F. MOON, JR.

Unique in the annals of war loan history is the case of A. F. Moon, Jr., cashier of the Cartersville Bank, Cartersville, Va. He has already secured subscriptions for the entire allotment of his bank. This is the first bank in the Fifth Federal Reserve District which has made such a record, so far as is known.

"I am working night and day for my town, county, state and nation," declared Mr. Moon. "At the close of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, I thought it would be a good idea to keep the ball rolling, so instead of stopping I went straight ahead and continued getting subscriptions for the Fifth Loan. Our bank sold \$35,000 of the Fourth issue, which is more than double its quota, and I was so much encouraged over that record that I decided to start right to work on the Fifth Loan.

"Up to date, we have subscriptions for more than \$20,000 Victory Bonds, but we are not through yet and expect to go right ahead and try to double this if possible. The argument I used was simply that the Victory Loan was needed by my Government and that it was up to every man to finish the job by paying the bills for a victory which would have been cheap at double the price."

Mr. Moon said he didn't know much about the terms, interest rates or other details of the Victory Loan and didn't care, going on the assumption that the loan would be a good proposition in any shape offered.

SPECULATORS TRY TO OBTAIN BONDS

Reports are wide-spread that some owners of Liberty Bonds have sold them at prices lower than their market value. Investigations show that shrewd speculators are active in trying to induce people to part with their government securities. Many of them are offering to take Liberty bonds in exchange for other so-called "security" which promises a higher rate of interest than Liberty Bonds.

It is pointed out by treasury officials that Liberty Bonds are worth every dollar paid for them. One evidence of their value is the eagerness of the speculator to get possession of them. He knows what they are worth. The Liberty Bond owner does not know the value of the "stock" or "bond" he is offered in exchange for his government security.

Liberty bonds have back of them the entire resources of the United States which makes them worth their face value. The person who exchanges them for some other kind of paper risks losing the money invested in his bond as well as the interest.

Other people are selling their bonds because they feel that "the war's over" and they are no longer obligated to hold them. Although fighting has ceased, the war will not be over until the peace treaty is signed and our soldiers are home. A Liberty Bond is a certificate of service and the person who sells it at a sacrifice, except in cases of extreme necessity, is failing to "carry on." He is reflecting on his own patriotism and surrendering an investment that never will fail to pay returns.

It is recognized that there are times when investors are compelled to seek relief from financial distress. Often their first impulse is to dispose of their Liberty Bonds. In such cases the bank is the place to go. Banks will lend money on Liberty Bonds. The borrower is helped out of his difficulty and does not lose possession of his government bond.

Liberty Loan Levity



Just a half-wit, they called Barber Blaney. Barber knew, though, some day would be rainy, So he shaved and he shaved— And he saved and he saved— And bought bonds.—Now they call Blaney brainy.

WAR MOVIE DIRECTOR



HARRY W. WEBB.

He is a Baltimore theatrical man and has been appointed film chairman by the War Loan Organization of the Fifth Federal Reserve District. He will direct the movie program of the district, his biggest job being the distribution of "The Price of Peace," a movie of actual battlefield activities, which will be shown during the Victory Loan campaign.

Mr. Webb operates six of Baltimore's leading motion picture theaters. He has had wide business experience, having held executive positions with electric light and telephone plants in Wilmington, Pittsburgh and Baltimore. He was formerly vice president of the Wilmington Telephone & Electric Light Company, and was also engaged in the development of several of Baltimore's suburbs. Recently he has devoted his time to the motion picture business.

HIS BROKEN NECK CURED BY COLLAR

Surgeons Mend Lieutenant After Fall of 2,500 Feet and He Now Flies Again and is Happy.

There is a man in San Francisco walking around with a broken neck. He is Lieutenant Charles M. Cummins, of Virginia.

Cummins was an army aviator. While making a flight at Gerstner Field, La., in February, 1918, he fell 2,500 feet, fracturing the fourth, fifth, and sixth cervical vertebrae and dislocating several other vertebrae partially.

After the fall he was sent to Letterman General Hospital at the Presidio in San Francisco for treatment. Army surgeons who are working almost miracles there in the reconstruction of the war wounded finally fitted a metal collar on the aviator to carry the weight of his head. It worked—and now Lieutenant Cummins is walking about apparently normal.

One of Many. Lieutenant Cummins' case is only one of many, but it stands out because of the popular superstition that a man can't live if his neck is broken. The reconstruction surgeons at Letterman are working on hundreds of cases much more difficult than the flyer's.

They are receiving men there daily from the battlefields of France, whose legs and arms hang withered and helpless and they are turning these men out, after months of treatment and patient mechanical manipulation, able to use their arms and legs and capable of making a living. The cost, of course, is tremendous when one takes into consideration the fact that the same work is being carried on in many military hospitals.

More Money Needed. Already Congress has appropriated millions of dollars to carry on the work and many millions more will have to be made available for the cause. For it is a cause, this regeneration of the men who gave their bodies to their country.

Part of the money to be realized from the Victory Liberty Loan will be used for this job of reconstruction and regeneration. Think of this when you are making up your mind as to how much of the loan you, personally, are going to subscribe.

Lieutenant Cummins made a flight with his collar on just to convince himself that he hadn't lost his nerve. We can't afford to lose our nerve on a dollar and cents proposition in the face of the deeds of such men.

TRADED HIS LEG.

A Canadian Baptist minister, who chose a rifle rather than a chaplaincy and lost his leg in action, was being commiserated on the "loss" of the leg.

"I did not lose my leg," he replied. "I traded it for a clear conscience."

"I traded it for a clear conscience."

Better trade your dollars for a clear conscience in the Victory Loan. You won't regret it and you will get the dollars back with interest.

GENERAL COMMENT OF LONDON PRESS

ITALY WENT BEYOND TREATY OF LONDON IN CLAIMING PORT OF FIUME.

SOME PAPERS UNCONVINCED

Evening Globe, Strongly Anti-Wilson, Says That the President Takes an Impossible Attitude.

London.—All the London evening newspapers devote their leading articles to President Wilson's appeal in connection with the Italian situation at the Paris conference and to Premier Orlando's decision to withdraw from the conference. The Westminster Gazette endorses the statement of the American executive, noting that Italy in her claims went beyond the treaty of London in claiming Fiume as well as the Trentino and other territory assigned her by the London pact.

"We are obliged to point out," says the newspaper, "that in this very treaty Fiume was assigned to the Croats. If, then, the appeal is to the treaty, we are as much bound not to give Fiume to Italy as we are bound to give her the other territories."

If the Italians claim Fiume under the principle of self-determination, adds The Gazette, that principle also applies to the Slav regions which were assigned to Italy under the treaty.

The Evening Standard says it cannot pretend to be convinced by President Wilson's arguments, while The Pall Mall Gazette says that Italy is claiming the fulfillment of the treaty where she is the gainer by its terms and its abrogation where it stands in the way of her full demands.

"Her statesmen," The Pall Mall Gazette adds, "must realize upon reflection that the second attitude undermines whatever moral force is inherent in the trust."

The Evening Globe, which is strongly anti-Wilson, says the President has taken up an impossible attitude. It refers to his appeal as an insult to the Italians and suggests that his best course would be "to retire gracefully from a discussion which concerns neither himself nor the American continent."

REQUEST OF THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT GRANTED

Paris.—The request of the German government that German fishermen be permitted in the Skagerrak and Cattegat passages was granted by the supreme economic council.

The council also approved the proposal for a more extensive use of the water route through Germany by the way of Hamburg and the River Elbe. It abolished the existing limitation of 8,000 tons of food and material in order to supply the present needs of the Czechoslovaks. It is estimated that the traffic through the Elbe probably will amount to from 25,000 to 35,000 tons at a time.

TO BE LITERAL ENFORCEMENT OF WAR TIME PROHIBITION

New York.—The government proposes a literal enforcement of the war time prohibition act, including a ban on production and sale of all beers and wines, whether or not they are intoxicating, the department of justice announced through a special representative in the federal court here.

While no steps will be taken to prevent brewing, pending a court determination of the law's constitutionality raised by brewers of the New York district, manufacturers will operate in peril of future prosecution, according to the statement of William C. Fitts, special counsel, appearing for Attorney General Palmer in the beer litigation.

The law prohibited sale after June 30 of distilled beverages as well as manufacture after April 20 and sale after June 30 of "beer, wine and other intoxicating malt or vinous liquors for beverage purposes, pending the demobilization of the military forces."

SAYS WILSON IS TREATING ITALY AS BARBAROUS NATION

Paris.—Premier Orlando declares that President Wilson's proclamation is an attempt to place the government in opposition to the people.

"He is treating the Italians," adds the premier, "as if they were a barbarous people."

The premier says he has never denied that the pact of London did not apply to Fiume, but the Italian claim was based on the principles of President Wilson's 14 points.

MAY ORDER ALL Y. M. C. A. WORKERS OUT OF ITALY

Paris.—The possibility of ordering all Y. M. C. A. workers out of Italy is being considered by John R. Mott, of the war work council of the Y. M. C. A. There are about 200 American workers in Italy assigned to various units of the Italian army and Mr. Mott was somewhat perturbed over the possibility, i. e., they might become involved in manifestations of anti-American feeling.



THE SMOOTHEST SMOKING TOBACCO

WHEN I smoke, I want my tobacco cured by Mother Nature— not by Mother-in-law Process.

Velvet Joe

There is nothing harsh in Nature's methods—no stunts, no "hurry-up."

Her quiet, patient way with VELVET during its two years ageing in wooden hogsheads, brings out all the kindly comfort of fine Kentucky Burley leaf.

The quicker, less expensive methods cannot possibly produce the fragrance, coolness and downright pipe qualities of VELVET, cured in Nature's way.

Today it is your privilege to enjoy, with hundreds of thousands of other smokers, this mild and friendly VELVET tobacco.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Roll a VELVET Cigarette

15c

VELVET'S nature-aged mildness and smoothness make it just right for cigarettes.



Kryl and His Band

Bohumir Kryl is known everywhere as one of the world's greatest band-masters.

He is often referred to as the world's greatest cornetist.

Mr. Kryl will personally direct his band at each concert

Afternoon and Night 5th Day REDPATH CHAUTAUQUA

"WAR, VICTORY, PEACE"

The Great Musical Pageant

WILL BE A FEATURE OF THE NIGHT PROGRAM

Chautauqua Season Tickets for the Entire Week \$2.50 and War Tax

REDPATH CHAUTAUQUA

Laurens Chautauqua Week, May 13th to 20th.