# THE FORT MILL TIMES

Established in 1891.

FORT MILL, S. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1917

\$1.25 Per Year.

## GERMANY SENDS **R**EGRETS TO SWEDEN

ALSO SENDS TO AGENTINA DIS-APPROVAL OF EXPRESSIONS USED BY LUXBURG.

#### ARGENTINA IS NOT SATISFIED

No Spectacular Operation on Large Scale is Reported in the official Communications From the Belligerent Capitals.

Expressions of regret over the telegrams sent by Count von Luxburg, the German minister to Argentine, to Berlir through the Swedish minister at Buenos Aires, have been made to both Sweden and Argentine by the German government.

The under-secretary of the Berlin foreign office has informed the Argentine minister to Berlin that Gremany regrets the actions of Count von Luxburg and disapproves entirely of the expressions used by him in the telegrams made public recently by the state department at Washington. Germany asks for a safe conduct for Count von Luxburg in order that he may return to Berlin to explain personally.

Argentina, it was announced by its foreign minister, declines to accept the verbal assurance of an under-secretary of the German foreign office and awaits the arrival of a formal note from Berlin beore taking additional

To Sweden: Germany has sent a note ,unofficial reports say, regretting highly the disagreeable issues raised by the Luxburg telegrams and thanking the Swedish government for transmitting the messages.

No specatcular operation on a large scale is reported in the official communications from the belligerent cap-

#### MORATORIUM FOR SOLDIERS IS NOW A PROBABILITY

Protect Civil and Property Rights and

Save Them From Legal Injustice. Washington.—Legislation to protect the civil and property rights of soldiers in effect a moratorium for the duration of the war in behalf of men who are serving their country on the firing line, may be placed upon the administration's program for this session of Congress as a necessary element of the raising of a citizen army.

The "soldiers and sailors civil rights bill," to carry out this purpose already has been introduced in both houses, having been framed in the office of Judge Advocate General Crowder. Secretary Baker, it was learned, has under consideration recof administration influence be brought to bear to obtain early enactment of the measure.

To save soldiers and sailors from all kinds of legal injustice during their absence from home, the meas ure would nejoin the carrying out of certain civil court actions until after the close of the war, and establish as legal excuse for failure to carry certain contracts, the fact that a man is in the military service.

It is proposed that creditors' suits against officers or men may be held up and judgment by default denied, the framers of the bill recognizing that a man in the army or navy would have no opportunity to make his defense in person or arrange for its proper hearing through counsel.

If such a judgment rested against a man at the time of his enlistment. the bill would prevent its execution through the sale of his property during his absence. It would set aside the statute of limitations so that a debt owed to a soldier might not be outlawed in his absence it would prevent the eviction of his family while he was away if they failed to pay the amounts which officers and their derent; it would protect him against the ordinary results of defaulted payments on business mortgages and keep him from being sold out in his absence; it would insure any rights he might have to public lands, although his service at the front had prevented him from completing the legal acquisition of the property.

#### MEANS ENJOINED BY ORDER SIGNED BY JUDGE BOYD

Greensboro.-Federal Judge James E. Boyd here granted the petition of Mrs. Anna L. Robinson, mother of Mrs. Maude A. King, who was killed near Concord, N. C., August 29, for a restraining order enjoining Gaston B. Means from disposing of the property of Mrs. King which he is alleged to passess. Judge Boyd also signed a receivership order and named an Asheville trust company receiver for

#### MAJ. FRANK W. SMITH



Maj. Frank W. Smith, United States the mail for the "Sammies" in France.

#### KORNILOFF REVOLT QUELLED

REBELLION HEADQUARTERS HAVE BEEN SURRENDERED TO KERENSKY.

Rebel General Himself Offers to Surrender on Conditions-Government Commands Korniloff's Abject Capitulation.

General Korniloff's rebellion against been quelled, like other attempts that Russian provisional government.

Official reports from Petrograd say that Korniloff's headquarters has surrendered and that Korniloff himself desires conditionally to place himself in the hands of the authorities. The government is demanding his abject capitulation.

Meanwhile troops that had answered the call of revolt issued by Korniloff continue to desert his ranks and return to the government fold, declaring that they were misled by Korniloff's professed aims.

Kerensky has been confirmed by the army and will have with him as chief of staff in his prosecution of the war against the Teutonic allies fewer than seven washouts between ommendations that the entire weight in-chief and one of the most brilliant on the Wilmington-Gold officers in the Russian army. Added Kerensky's rule by the appointment discontinued for several trict and city of Petrograd.

#### SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS'

and Men Equalized.

of Maine, changing negative votes to rushed to the breaks in the line. aye before the result was announced, amid thunderous applause.

As the bill went to the senate, privates and officers and their dependents stand on exactly the same basis. Benefits and allowances now provided for are slightly higher than those originally proposed as the minimum for privates by the committees and considerably lower than the maximum pendents would have received.

President Wilson scored a personal victory in the adoption, 141 to 77, of an amendment raising from \$5,000 to \$10,000 the maximum amount of optional insurance policies that the government would issue to all men in the service. The original draft of the bill carried \$10,000, but it was stricken out in committee.

#### FORTY-SECOND DIVISION IS COMPLETE AT MINEOLA

Camp Mills, Mineola, N. Y .- With the arrival here of the first ambulance guard units from 27 states, comprises two infantry brigades, one artillery headquarters troop, a signal train, and provisions giving the secretary units and a machine gun battalion.

## RUSSIAN REPUBLIC NOW PROCLAIMED

GOVERNMENT DECLAREES IT IS NECESSARY TO STRENGTHEN THE ORGANIZATION.

#### DANGER STILL THREATENING

A Cabinet of Five Members, Including Premier Kerensky, Has Been Named to Take Care of All Matters

A Russian republic has been proclaimed. The provisional government under date of September 14 issued a strengthen the organization of the great part in the war activities of that tured by the Italians after three weeks state a change to a republican form organization. of government was necessary.

Danger still threatens Russia, the proclamation says, although the rebellion of General Korniloff has failpostal inspector of Philadelphia, has ed. The plan of a Russian republic been ordered into active service by the has been one of the chief aims of war department. He will handle all the radicals and the councils of soldiers' and workmen's delegates and wa s given approval by the recent Russian congress at Moscow.

A cabinet of five members, including Premier Kerensky, has been named to take care of all matters of state.

The only party men are Premier Kerensky and M. Nikitine, minister of posts and telegraphs, both of whom are social revolutionists. The others, including the ministers of war and marine, are the members of no

Although the position of the Kerensky government appears to be improving, the action of the grand council of the Don Cossacks in refusing to surrender General Kaledines, their Premier Kerensky apparently has the Cossacks is accused of complicity hetman, is ominous. The leader of have been made to overthrow the protest their loyalty to the governin the Korniloff revolt. The Cossacks ment, while ignoring the government's request for the giving up of General Kaledines.

#### RAINS IN EASTERN N. C. CAUSE MANY WASHOUTS

Wrecking Train is Wrecked, and Railroad Service Demoralized.

Wilmington.-Reports from flood territory indicate subsidence of water, revealing greater crop damage than had been forecasted. Country roads all over the district have been the cabinet as commander-in-chief of verts washed away and traffic susseverely damaged, bridges and culpended.

The Atlantic Coast Line has no General Alexieff, former commanderand it is officially announced that strength is also expected to be given traffic between these cities will be of new military officials for the distarrough traffic being routed via Chadbourn and Elrod for main line Luxburg has been handed his passconnections, while local trains will | ports and to ask for explanations reoperate for a distance of 35 miles out INSURANCE PASSES HOUSE of Wilmington toward Goldsboro.

A wrecking train from Rocky Allowances for Dependents of Officers Mount, attempting to reach scene of a freight wreck. 45 miles from Wil-Washington.-The administration's mington, was itself wrecked and Ensoldiers' and sailors' insurance bill, gineer J. B. Ericsson and two neamended so as to equalize the allow- groes, of this city, were slightly inances of the dependents of enlisted jured. Wrecking trains from Waymen and officers, passed the house, cross, Ga., and Florence, S. C., to-The vote was 319 to 0, Representa- gether with available work train tives Platt, of New York, and Hersey, crews and much material are being

#### REHABILITATING HOSPITALS GO TO NINETEEN CITIES

Washington. - Sites have been chosen tentatively in 19 cities for the 'great reconstruction" hospitals in which the United States will begin he work of rehabilitating for private ife its soldiers who return wounded from the front in Europe. The cities selected as the largest centers of population, were announced by Maor General Gorgas, surgeon general

of the army, as follows: Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Paul, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Memphis, Richmond, Atlanta and New Orleans.

#### SENATE PASSES BIG WAR CREDITS BILL

Washington.—The war credits bill, authorizing new bonds and certificates aggregating \$11,538,000,000 and company from Michigan, the forty- the largest measure of its kind in second division is complete. The di- world history, was passed by the senvision, made up of former national ate without a roll call or dissenting vote. Few changes were made in the bill by the senate, the bond and cerbrigade, one engineer regiment, one tificate authorizations, interest rates four ambulance and four hospital of the treasury broad powers remained unchanged

#### MISS ANNA A. GORDON



Miss Anna A. Gordon, as president of proclamation declaring that to the National W. C. T. U., is taking a

### CLEAR STATEMENT IS WANTED

ED FOR EXPLANATION OF DISCLOSURES.

Break in Relations is Certain Unless Germany Makes Satisfactory Concessions-Populace is Angry Over Expressions.

Buenos Aires, Argentina government at noon sent to the German legation passports to be delivered to Count Luxburg, the Cerman minister in Buenos Aires. The whereabouts of Count Luxburg still is unknown to the Argentine government.

The foreign office sent a communication to the German foreign ministery demanding an explanation of Count Luxburg's action in sending the secret code messages to Berlin thru the Swedish legation.

The note sent by Foreign Minister Pueyrredon to Count von Luxburg, in which the German minister was tendered his passports, reads:

"Mr. Minister: You having ceased to be persona grata to the Argentine government, that government has decided to deliver to you your passports which I transmit herewith by order of his excellency, the president of the nation.

"The introducer of embassies has instructions to assist you in your immediate departure from the territory of the republic. God keep you.

(Signed) "H. PEYRREDON." "To Count Karl von Luxburg, en- Labor Pledged to Fight Until Tervoy extraordinary and minister potentiary of the German empire." The Argentine minister at Berlin has been instructed to inform the German foreign office that Count von garding the telegram disclosures. If curity League for the announced purof the text of the German minster's ed intimations of lack of patriotism. dispatches and especially of the word to the Argentine foreign minister, the situation may clear. If Berlin does not disavow the minister's course, Argentina will recall her minister from Germany but may permit the legation to remain.

#### ALLOWANCE OF \$5 TO \$50 A MONTH TO DEPENDENTS

Scale of Rates Which Have Heen Tentatively Approved. Washington.-Provisions of the sol-

diers' and sailors' insurance bill for allowances of from \$5 to \$50 a month to dependents during the service of enlisted mer. were tentatively approved by the house.

Strenuous efforts of Representative make the cost to the government Texas. prohibitory.

These are the amounts, in addition o any sum taken from the pay, that dependents would receive monthly: Wife, no children, \$15; one child,

\$25; two children, \$32.50; and \$5 additional for each additional child. One motherless child, \$5; two children, \$12.50; three children, \$20; four children, \$30 and \$5 monthly additional for each additional child.

One parent, \$10; both parents, \$20; each dependent grandchild, brother or sister, \$5.

Speical povisions are made for the allowances of divorced wives.

## ITALIANS CAPTURE STATE REGIMENTS VALUABLE POSITIONS

IS TAKEN AFTER THREE WEEKS HARD FIGHTING.

### THEIR GREATEST WAR FEAT NEW POST

Commands Territory on South and East.—German Attack on Casemates Plateau Repulsed.—Fighting Imped ed By Some Heavy Rains.

The crest of Monte San Gabriele, commanding the plain of Gorizia to the south and southeast and the Frigido valley to the east, has been capof the most bitter fighting, the Italian embassy at Washington announces.

This news of victory, probably the greatest feat of the Italian arms thus far in the war, pro cedes the latest official report from The statement from the GERMAN GOVERNMENT IS ASK- Italian war office says that the fighting on the entire Austro-Italian front was impeded by heavy rain.

The Italian effort to capture San Gabriele began after the taking of Monte Santo, directly north, by Gen-Seral Cadorna's troops on August 25. Several times the Italians had reached the summit of the great mountain, so important to their further progress east of Gorizia, as well as on the Carso, only to be beaten back again, On the slopes of the rugged rock in the last few weeks has occurred some of the heaviest and most sanguinary fighting of the war. San Gabriele's top was occupied by the Italians, the embassy reports after the fortified hill or saddle of Dol and the Gargaro basin, the main bulk of San Gabriele had been taken. The Austrians, however, still cling to some positions on the mountain. In the forest of Tarnovo, east of Monte San Gabriele, the Italians captured positions from the Austrians, after suffering heavy

Except along the Casemates plateau on the Aisne front, there has been no marked activity on the other fighting fronts. A German attack against the French positions on the Casemates plateau, Paris reports, was repulsed with heavy losses. Berlin says German troops penetrated to the second French line and inflicted severe casualties. The British artillery fire in Flanders, Berlin reports, has increased to drum fire.

#### TREASON TO THE UNITED STATES DEFINED BY ROOT

rorism Dies. Chicago.—Treason to America in the war was defined by Elihu Root filled to war strength by conscripts. and labor was pledged by Samuel Gompers to fight until world terrorism are to be brought here from Camp had been overthrown, at a patriotic rally hehld here by the National Sethe German government disapproves pose of vindicating Chicago of alleg-

"The men who are speaking and "ass," which term the count applied writing and printing arguments against the war and against everything that is being done to carry on the war are rendering effective service to Germany," declared the former secretary of state amid cheers. "It is impossible to resist the conclusion that the greater part of them are at heart traitors to the United States."

"As time goes on and the character of these acts becomes more and more clearly manifest, all who continue to associate with them must come under the same condemnation. There are some who doubtless do not understand what this struggle really is.'

#### TO COMBAT THE DREADED PINK COTTON BOLL WORM

Washington .- To combat the dread-Keating of Colorado, speaking for va- ed pink boll worm which was discovrious humanitarian organizations, to ered last week near Hearne, Texas, have the allowances raised, failed. He 12 experts from the bureau of entomaintained that statistics proved that mology, department of agriculture, the proposed allowances would not have been ordered to Hearne under permit families to live in ordinary Dr. W. D. Hunter, in charge of southcomfort, but administration leaders re- ern field crop insect investigation of plied that higher payments would the bureau, who left Washington for

#### MISS JEANNETTE RANKIN TO SPEAK AT RALEIGH

Washington.-Miss Jeannette Rankin said she would accept the invitation to speak in Raleigh October 17, woman's day at the state fair. A personal invitation was extended her by Congressman Stedman and R. O. Everett, of Durham. The only thing that would prevent Miss Rankin from gaing to Raleigh would be adjournment of Congress. She intends to go to Montana immediately and would not return for the occasion.

## ARE RE-ASSIGNED

CREST OF MONTE SAN GABRIELE FIRST GOES TO FIFTY-NINTH DIVISION-SECOND DIVIDED INTO SECTIONS.

Becomes Commander of Trains, of Thirteenth Division-Shifts Made For Numerous Units.

Greenville.-Official orders for the reorganization of the Thirtieth Division were given out by the headquarters and include the separation of the two South Carolina regiments, the assignment of Col. H. B. Springs to another post and the detachment of many companies from the Second South Carolina Regiment. Colonel Springs is made commander of trains, Thirtieth Division.

The First South Carolina Infantry is assigned to the Fifty-ninth Brigade. with the Third Tennessee Infantry. and will be under the command of Brig. Gen. W. S. Scott. They will be known hereafter as the One Hundred and Eighteenth Infantry. Troop A, South Carolina Cavalry, has been assigned to headquarters troop. The machine gun company of the Second South Carolina Infantry is transferred to the One Hundred and Thirteenth Machine Gun Battalion, and is to be united with companies from North Carolina and Tennessee.

The Second Regiment has been dirided into many sections. It will no longer be retained as a regiment, but its units have been divided to the other brigades as follows: Band Section and Third Battailon to the Fiftyfifth Depot Brigade, under Brig. Gen. L. D. Tyson, Headquarters Company to the One Hundred and Fifth Divisional headquarters and military police; sanitary detachment also to the same unit; First and Second Battalions to the One Hundred and Fifth Ammunition Train and will be known. respectively, as the motor section and the horse section. Headquarters will be organized by transfers in the division. Field Hospital No. 1 of South Carolina is ordered with all the other hospital units to form the One Hundred and Fifth Sanitary Train.

Orders were given for all troops to move to their new assignments at 7:30 Friday morning and there was a general bustle at camp prior to the transfer in the morning. The site occupied by the First South Carolina Regiment is on the extreme eastern plat in the thickly wooded section which the Tennesseeans have tried for more than a week to make livable. Headquarters has not yet announced whether or not the division will be but it is understood that 10,000 men Jackson. The present strength of the division is something like 22,500 men.

#### To Teach Agriculture.

Westminster.-It is practically assured that at least five of tht schools in Oconee will take advantage of an act of the last session of the legislature, which provides an appropriation of \$750 to teach agriculture in any county where the schools raist by taxes or otherwise a like amount. A competent man will be employed to teach agriculture in these schools, giving so many hours a week to each school in the class room and also doing demonstration and field work in the school communities. Meetings were held last week at Oak Grove. Westminster, Oak Way, Providence, and Kedwee, where the provisions of the act of the legislature were explained by Vard Peterson, state supervisor of agricultural institutions, and the importance of having agriculture taught in the schools was urged by Thomas A. Smith, county superinter. dent of education, and G. M. Barnett. county demonstration agent. The trustees of the Westminster High School have already signed the contract and the trustees of the other schools have headed a subscription list with liberal amounts and it is practically assured that that amount required will be raised by each of these schools.

#### Increased Interest in Hogs. Clemson College.-There is an in

creased interest in South Carolina for breeding stock. Hogs are especially in demand. Buyers should be cautious in selecting and thus avoid having animals off in type and breed characteristics. The selection of good sires is of vital importance as the sire is "half the herd." Many hogs are being offered at public sales. This is a good way to disseminate good livestock and unfortunately it is a means of rapidly scattering poor animals.