Palais du Costume.

A feature of the Paris Exposition is to be a Palais du Costume, where the fashions of France from the early monarchies to the present day will be shown. The exhibit has been prepared by Felix, the dressmaker, and is to cost several million francs. The "palace" in which these costumes will be shown occupies 3,000 meters of ground. Not only will fashion be represented, but historical events are to be illustrated by life-sized figures arranged in tableaux.

Farm News and Garden and Farm.

Farm News, of Springfield, O., and Success With the Garden and Farm, heretofore located at Reed City, Mich., will hereafter be published by The American Farmer Co., an incorporation having a paid-up capital stock of $50,000. This is a combination of the publishing interests of J. N. Garver, publisher and owner of Farm News, and A. D. Hosterman, who recently purchased Success With the Garden and Farm and its complete mechanical plant, ample for the publication of both papers.

Mr. Miller Purvis, one of the best known of agricultural editors and lecturers, has been engaged as editor, with headquarters at the Chicago office.

A Setback.

Young Freshleigh (abruptly)—How old are you, Miss Winters?

Miss Winters—Old enough to know that you haven't reached the age of discretion.—Chicago News.

Look For the "Planet of Romance," on May 28th.

Part of the investigations of May 28th will be directed, not to the sun itself, but to the space lying between the sun and Mercury. We are told in a paper by Julia MacNair Wright in the May "New Lippincott" that it has been the dream of many astronomers that about half way between the sun and Mercury lies a little planet, lost in the effulgence of the sun. Sir William Ball names this the "Planet of Romance." Other astronomers have searched for it, christening it Vulcan before it has been found. If ever such a planet rolled exactly between the earth and the sun, it would sometimes be seen crawling like a black dot across the sun's disk. In the gloom of an eclipse such an orb might show its face if its position as regards the earth were favorable. Most astronomers have concluded that there is no such planet, but that the space between Mercury and the sun is empty.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box, 25c.

Dr. Bounier, a French physician, recently described before the Paris Academy of Medicine a new method of testing for deafness—namely, by applying a tuning fork to the knee or some other part of the bony structure. He said that a sound ear could not hear the note of the fork, but an ear in which disease had already made inroads could perceive it distinctly.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

The unsuccessful man consoles himself with the thought that lots of men are too brilliant to become famous. So. 17

A Mother's Tears.

"I Would Cry Every Time I Washed My Baby."

"When he was 3 months old, first fosters and then large boils broke out on my baby's neck. The sores spread down his back until it became a mass of raw flesh. When I washed and powdered him I would cry, realizing what pain he was in. His pitiful wailing was heartrending. I had about given up hope of saving him when I was urged to give him Hood's Sarsaparilla, all other treatment having failed. I washed the sores with Hood's Medicated Soap, applied Hood's Olive Ointment and gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla. The child seemed to get better every day, and very soon the change was quite noticeable. The discharge grew less, inflammation went down, the skin took on a healthy color, and the raw flesh began to scale over and a thin skin formed as the scales dropped off. Less than two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, aided by Hood's Medicated Soap and Hood's Olive Ointment, accomplished this wonderful cure. I cannot praise these medicines half enough." MRS. GUERINOT, 37 Myrtle St., Rochester, N. Y.

The above testimonial is very much condensed from Mrs. Guerinot's letter. As many mothers will be interested in reading the full letter, we will send it to anyone who sends request of us on a postal card. Mention this paper.

A Swallow

is one of the earliest harbingers of spring—an equally sure indication is that feeling of languid depression. Many swallows of

HIRES Rootbeer

are best for a spring tonic—and for a summer beverage. 5 gallons for 25 cents. Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.

Charles E. Hires Co.
Malvern, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

TROOPS ORDERED OUT.

Sent to Croton Dam to Subdue Italian Strikers.

BLOODSHED AND DEATH RESULT.

The Strike at Croton Dam Assumed a Serious Aspect—The Sheriff Appealed to Governor Roosevelt For Troops—The Cause of the Trouble—First Trial of Strength Between Opposing Forces.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The strike among the Italian employees on the new Croton Dam for an increase of wages assumed such alarming proportions that nearly six hundred troops, over half of them calvary, were ordered to the scene of the strike to preserve order and protect property.

The contested ground in Westchester County is three miles from the Croton Landing station of the New York Central road. It is to the east of the road in the Croton Valley. At this point the dam that is to check the Croton water and form an immense reservoir is being built. On each side of the narrow stream hills rise to the height of more than 200 feet.

The trouble was due to a demand of the men for greater pay. They had been working ten hours a day for $1.25 a day, and they demanded $1.50 for eight hours' work. There were employed on the works about 400 Italians and about 200 men of other nationalities. The latter were employed largely in the more responsible places and took no part in the strike. The principal leader and spokesman for the strikers was Marcello Rotello.

The troops ordered to the Croton dam, almost as great in numbers as the strikers, were made up thus:

Squadron A, the crack cavalry company of Manhattan.

Troop C, a similar body, of Brooklyn.

Two companies of infantry of the First Regiment, one from Yonkers and one from Mount Vernon.

Sheriff Malloy came to New York City at the request of Major-General Roe, commanding the National Guard, and after a series of conferences with all the parties interested made a formal demand upon General Roe for the assistance of the militia.

General Roe had previously communicated by wire with Governor Roosevelt, and the latter was quick in his response, directing the head of the National Guard to grant the demand of the Sheriff if one was made.

The cavalry force numbered 350 men and officers. Each man carried a sabre, a revolver and a carbine. Captain C. I. Deberdoise commanded Troop C, of Brooklyn, and Major Oliver B. Bridgeman commanded Squadron A.

The Seventh Regiment of this city was ordered out and sent to the scene of action.

The first blood over the strike was shed when an unknown man shot and killed Sergeant Robert Douglas, of the Eleventh Separate Company, of Mount Vernon. The Sergeant was making the rounds with a corporal's guard relieving the sentries.

An air gun was the weapon. No report was heard. Shot through the abdomen, Sergeant Douglass fell to the ground exclaiming to his little command:

"Boys, I've been shot; load quickly and fire!"

A volley rang out from the muskets of the militia men. No answering shot came back from the unseen enemy. Sergeant Douglas was taken back to the camp and he died within ten minutes after arriving there.

Strike leaders declared that the men were in favor of peace and would offer no violence. The shooting closely followed a peace declaration by one of the leaders.

For the last five weeks it is said the Italians had been getting ready for any trouble that might grow out of a strike, and had bought arms and ammunition. From Sing Sing they obtained rifles and pistols, and from nearby towns they purchased ammunition. They also bought three cases of revolvers from a gunsmith in Sing Sing. While it was known that they had arms, it was not thought they were as well supplied as they are until the first test of strength was made between them and the deputy sheriffs.

This test came when it was decided to send an engine for coal. Coal was needed to operate the pumping works at the dam, which have to be kept going day and night, and at 7.30 a. m. orders were given for an engine to go down and bring up some cars of coal lying ready. The strikers saw the engine come out, and thinking that the contractors were about to try to start up without making a settlement with them, they swarmed out of the houses on the hill and down the hillside toward the works. They came armed with clubs, stones, shotguns and revolvers.

Engineer Jacoby had no sooner got his engine out than it was surrounded. They threatened to kill him then and there if he tried to run the engine. The handful of deputy sheriffs who were present were powerless to drive off the crowd, and they and Jacoby decided to give up the attempt. Jacoby left the engine and then the Italians retired to the hilltop, but left a guard on watch to prevent a further attempt.

On the hill where stands the company's office was a little knot of men. One of their number, with a pair of field glasses, took in the picture and counted the rifles and revolvers in sight. In the group was Sheriff Molloy, of Westchester. When he saw the Winchesters and the showing in arms made by the strikers he said:

"This thing calls for troops. My men cannot cope with a situation like this."

After the incident had passed and little Italy hill was patrolled by a few strikers word was received there would be no depredation committed unless there was an attempt to put men to work. The Sheriff left for White Plains to consult Governor Roosevelt by 'phone in regard to calling out troops.

As he left the dam to drive to the Croton Landing Station he passed through the Bowery, where one or two Italians were leaning on rifles outside saloons, chatting about the trouble as though it were nothing.

Reported Boer Peace Plan.

Before the Boer peace deputation left Milan, Italy, it is stated, they opened, in the presence of Dr. Leyds, sealed dispatches which they brought from Pretoria, and found therein an authorization to offer, on behalf of the South African Republics, to concede to Great Britain the demolition of the Pretoria fortifications and the surrender of the Boer artillery, provided the great Powers, including America, would guarantee the independence of the two republics.

General White Back in London.

General White, commander of the Ladysmith garrison, arrived in London on a special train from Liverpool. He was immediately recognized by the people at the station and enthusiastically cheered. Great crowds surrounded him and he shook hands with as many as possible.

Lack of Physcians in Porto Rico.

Three thousand people are dying in Porto Rico for lack of medical supplies and the inability of many districts where the population reaches thousands to support a resident physician.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The Navy Department has secured a 5000-ton steamer to carry food supplies collected by charitable organizations in New York City to the plague and famine sufferers in India.

The Senate passed a bill to provide for the construction of a revenue cutter at Philadelphia at a cost of $50,000.

The State Department has been officially informed that the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica have withdrawn their troops from the common boundary line and that the expected hostilities have been avoided.

Adelbert S. Hay, United States Consul at Pretoria, has informed the State Department that members of the ambulance corps sent from Chicago by American sympathizers with the Boers have taken up arms against the British.

Mr. Allen's nomination as Governor of Porto Rico was confirmed by the Senate.

In the Senate Mr. Hoar delivered an address against the retention of the Philippines.

The House and Senate conferrees agreed on the Hawaiian Government bill in form substantially as passed by the House.

The Senate passed a bill granting to soldiers of the Mexican War in certain cases a pension of $12 a month.

Two gunboats and two unprotected cruisers will be placed out of commission by the Navy Department in order to provide officers for the newly built ships.

The training ship Dixie has been ordered to continue her cruise through the Mediterranean Sea and the Suez Canal to Manila.

Our Adopted Islands.

Brigadier-General Schwan sailed from Manila for the United States to recuperate his health.

Inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands have bought in the United States $50,000 worth of automobiles.

The census shows Cuba to have a population of 1,600,000.

General Montenegro, one of the Filipinos' best fighters, has surrendered to Colonel Smith in the mountains near Camaling, Pangasinan province.

Teachers are greatly needed in the public schools of the Island of Guam.

The area of the island of Guam is estimated at 150 square miles, about half of it susceptible of cultivation. Only about one per cent. is now under cultivation.

The customs receipts of Manila show an increase for 1899 of $1,000,000 over the year preceding.

There were on April 1 last 63,585 American officers and men in the Philippines.

Domestic.

The postoffice at Smyrna, Del., was robbed, the safe door being shattered by explosives. Postmaster Hegear says the loss is about $700 in stamps and money.

The will of the late Philetus Sawyer, formerly United States Senator, was filed at Oshkosh, Wis. The estate amounts to $3,000,000, and all of it, except $10,000 to charity, goes to near relatives.

Henry Demas, one of the brightest and shrewdest negro politicians in the South, died in his home in New Orleans, La. He has been a conspicuous figure in the politics of Louisiana for the last thirty years.

Chicago is to have a municipal telephone system. Its immediate use is to be confined to the Police and Fire Departments.

The bronze statue group of Washington and Lafayette, presented to New York City by Charles Broadway Rouss, was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies.

James S. Tough, of Kansas City, went to Colorado Springs, to secure a train of Colorado's hardy mountain broncos for the British troops in South Africa. The average price paid the agent is $75 at New Orleans.

Senator Chilton, of Texas, withdrew as a candidate to succeed himself in the United States Senate, leaving a clear field to Representative Bailey.

Martin Lynch, a clever thief, escaped from the jail at New Haven, Conn., by sawing the bars of his cell and substituting broom handles stained with licorice.

Andrew Carnegie has agreed to give $3,600,000 to the Carnegie Library and Institute of Pittsburg, Penn., which, it is expected, will be made the largest structure of its kind in the world.

Julius Call, jealous of his wife, went to a brook near his house at Marietta, Ohio, and in six inches of water buried his face. He remained and was suffocated.

America's foreign trade for 1899 as shown by the report of the New York Chamber of Commerce showed an excess of exports over imports of $465,800,256.

While ploughing in a field on his farm near Lafayette, Ky., Thomas Johnson ploughed up an old stone pitcher containing $3700 in gold, mostly old English sovereigns.

Former President Charles H. Cole, of the Globe National Bank, pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzling the bank's funds at Boston, Mass.

The Naval Academy cadets, who have been quarantined at Annapolis, Md., for five weeks on account of measles, obtained their liberty.

Miss Mina Beadle, a school teacher at Tyror, Ind., committed suicide by pouring kerosene oil over her head and clothing and then setting fire to herself.

Samuel Chamin, a builder of Chelsea, Mass., has failed, with liabilities of $82,098, mostly secured. His assets amount to $5800.

Senator Morgan swept Alabama in the Senatorial primaries, and his re-election to another term in the Senate now is assured.

Over 30,000 Finns, mostly Lutherans, who are dissatisfied with the Russian Government, are expected in the United States within the next three months. They will settle on a large tract of land in Central Wisconsin.

Typhoid is epidemic at Cape Nome, Alaska. There have been 300 cases and thirty deaths.

Foreign.

The rising in the Gold Coast Colony is growing more serious. The Governor has telegraphed that other tribes besides the Ashantis are in rebellion, and he asks for help.

A German vessel with cases of bubonic plague on board arrived at Las Palmas, Canary Islands.

Queen Wilhelmina received the Boer peace delegation at the Palace at The Hague, Holland.

The Swedish Parliament has voted $804,000 for ammunition and rifles, $3,216,000 for new field artillery, $85,760 for volunteer rifle associations, and has agreed to increase the new naval construction for 1901 to $462,160.

On account of dissensions among the members a new Spanish Ministry has been formed. It includes, however, some of the members of the old Ministry.

To French shareholders' inquiry as to the likelihood of Transvaal gold mines being destroyed Dr. Leyds has sent an answer which seems to portend such a course at the last extremity.

The British Board of Agriculture has ordered all cattle from South America slaughtered within thirty-six hours and cattle from the United States within five days, foot-and-mouth disease having been discovered among South American cattle.

A French fishing boat and twenty-four persons on board were lost off Crookhaven, Ireland.

The British War Office made public the report of General Roberts on the Spion Kop disaster, in which he severely censures General Buller. General Warren and others.

Some men try to give the impression that they are suffering from gout, when they are really troubled with bunions.

We refund 10c for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo. Sold by all druggists.

If money talks, one would scarcely care to listen to the conversation of filthy lucre.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

One man counts for as much as another when it comes to taking the census.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simple iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 25c.

Blobbs—"I missed my bath this morning." Slobbs—"Have you reported the matter to the police?"

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease, A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Such things as creditors' meetings are likely to be overdun.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds. N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St. Phila, Pa.

FOR WOMAN'S HEALTH

Earnest Letters from Women Relieved of Pain by Mrs. Pinkham.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before I commenced to take your medicine I was in a terrible state, wishing myself dead a good many times. Every part of my body seemed to pain in some way. At time of menstruation my suffering was something terrible. I thought there was no cure for me, but after taking several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound all my bad feelings were gone. I am now well and enjoying good health. I shall always praise your medicine."—MRS. AMOS FESCHLER, Box 226, Romeo, Mich.

Female Troubles Overcome

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I had female trouble, painful menses, and kidney complaint, also stomach trouble. About a year ago I happened to pick up a paper that contained an advertisement of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and when I read how it had helped others, I thought it might help me, and decided to give it a trial. I did so, and as a result am now feeling perfectly well. I wish to thank you for the benefit your medicine has been to me."—MRS. CLARA STIEBER, Diller, Neb.

No More Pain

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound has been of much benefit to me. When my menses first appeared they were very irregular. They occurred too often and did not leave for a week or more. I always suffered at these times with terrible pains in my back and abdomen. Would be in bed for several days and would not be exactly rational at times. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and menses became regular and pains left me entirely."—MRS. E. F. CUSTER, Brule, Wis.

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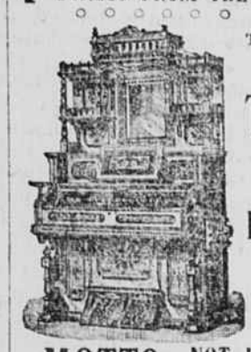

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