# SUUTH CAROLINA NEWS ITEMS

News of Interest Gleaned From All Sections of the State and Arranged For Busy Readers

County Boards are Appointed. Columbia, Special.—At the meeting of the State board of education Satarday there were adopted the high school regulations for this year, the county boards of education were appointed and several other routine matters were taken up and disposed of. The board will meet Saturday, ay 1, when the contract will be awarded for the library books, the list of these books having been made out at the meeting just held and the same submitted to jobbers for bids thereon. Hereafter every high school asking for aid will be required to

school inspector. At the last session of the legislacare it was provided in the high school act that villages as well as rural districts shall be allowed to receive the aid from the State as to I gh schools. This means that any 73. place of less than 400 inhabitants having a high school with at least 15 pupils may get State aid, where-'s formerly only the rural high hools could get this aid.

The following is a list of the county boards: Abbeville-P. L. Grier, Due West;

I. Howard Moore, Abbeville.

Aiken-W. L. Brooker, Aiken; T. R. Morgan, Aiken.
Anderson—E. C. McCants, Anderson; L. M. Mahaffey, Anderson.
Bamberg—S. G. Mayfield, Denmark; J. H. A. Carter, Ehrhardt.

Barnwell-Rev. W. M. Jone Williston; R. Boyd Cole, Barnwell. Beaufort-W. J. Thomas, Beaufort; George Waterhouse, Beaufort. Berkeley-W .H. Brunson, Russellville; E. A. Shingley, Sand Ridge.

Calhoun-W. E. Derrick, Cameron; J. A. Merritt, St. Maithews.

Charleston — Walter Whitehand,
Charleston; Robert E. Seabrook, Charleston.

Cherokee-E. A. Montgomery, Rlacksburg; F. E. Shuford, Gaffney. hester-James R. Dye, Chester; . Adams, Fort Lawn. reffeld—B. S. Funderburk,

rent fren-John C. Daniel, Man-Dil narlton DuRant, Manning. m'S. W. Garrett, Hartsville. torchester—Col. J. Otey Reed, St. frge; C. E. Owens, Grover. porefield—E. H. Folk, Edgefield;
Long, Jr., Trenton.
wilfield—J. H. Thornwell, WinnsS. D. Dunn, Winnsboro.
to ance—J. E. Pearce, Claussen;

Georgetown-M. W. Pyatt, Georgewn; J. A. Bruorton, Georgetown. Greenville-H. B. Dominick, Founin Inn; L. E. Childress, Greenville.

Greenwood-A. B. Sample, Greenood; N. M. Salley, Greenwood. Hampton-W. H. Dowling, Hampn; George Warren, Hampton. Horry-M. J. Bullock, Fair Bluff;

J. Sherwood, Conway. Kershaw—B. G. Murphy, Camden; . P. Gettys, Lugoff. Lancaster—H. E. Coffey, Lancaster;

ames H. Hamel, Kershaw. Laurens-R. E. Babb, Laurens; B. . Culbertson, Laurens. Lee-R. E. Dennis, Bishopville; H.

Evans, Jr., Rembert. Lexington-Samuel B. George, Lexington; John W. Hook, Irmo. Marion-W. F. Stackhouse, Mar-

ion; W. W. Nickles, Dilon. Marlboro-R. S. Derrick, Newberry; E. O. Counts, Prosperity. Oconee-J. P. Stribling, Richland:

M. E. Brockman, Westminster. Grangeburg-I. W. Bowman, Oran burg; C. J. Rast, Cameron. ckens-I. M. Mauldin, Pickens; V. O'Dell, Liberty. Richland-D. T. Kinard, Columbia;

J. W. Monts, Columbia. Saluda-J. A. Lott, Saluda; F. P. Johnson, Woodruff. Sumter-S. H. Edmunds, Sumter;

H. G. Osteen, Sumter. Union—Davis Jeffries, Union; James H. Hoke, Union. Williamsburg—T. M. Gilland,

Williamsburg — T. M. Gilland, Kingstree; C. W. Wolfe, Kingstree, York—J. W. Thompson, Rock Hill; R. P. Castles, Smyrna. Asylum Charges Aired.

Columbia, Special.-After being in executive session most of the morning, the asylum investigating commission Wednesday afternoon gave out for publication the charges drafted by its sub-committee from the comdaints filed with the commission. The rare no names signed to the charges and nothing to show who

fathers them, but by resolution the foard of regents will be given the names of all witnesses subpoenaed to testify, the commission adjourning to meet again May 4. There are five typewritten specifications of

charges to be investigated.

Man and Wife Die on Same Day. Rock Hill, Special.-Two very sad deaths occurred last week at Newport, eve miles west of this city. At 7:30 o'clock in the morning Mrs. Emma Reely Smith, without a moment's warning, dropped dead of heart failure, and at 12:30, she was followed by her husband. Mr. Robert A. Smith. husband, Mr. Robert A. Smith, who had been lying desperately ill following a stroke of paralysis. His wife's sudden death hastened the basband's end.

Auditor West Issues . Quarterly Statement.

Columbia, Special.—The following quarterly statement on county dispensaries was issued Saturday afternoon by Dispensary Auditor West:

Quarterly statement of sales, breakage and net profits for the quarter beginning January 1, and ending March 31, of county dispensaries:

Abbeville-Sales \$37,434.99, breakge \$110.50, net profits \$13,449.94. Aiken—Sales \$77,517.52, breakage \$456.33, net profit \$21,904.83. Bamberg—Sales \$21,608.90, break-

make out the request on blanks fur-nished by the State board of educa-tion, through Mr. W. H. Hand, high age \$154.93, net profit \$5.641.27. Barnweil-Sales \$36,872.95, breakage \$420.35, net profit \$8,516.86. Beaufort-Sales \$30,832.70, breakage \$116.92, net profit \$11,815.92. Berkeley—Sales \$16,502, breakaage

\$68, net profit \$2,642.63. Charleston — Sales breakage \$130.53, net profit \$35,504.-

Colleton-Sales \$18,444.51, breakage \$108.40, net profit \$4,550.53. Calhoun—Sales \$13,597.04, breakage \$103.12, net profit \$2,988.17.

Dorchester - Sales \$16,514.20, breakage \$132.95, net profit \$4,063.32. Fairfield-Sales \$19,066.35, breakage \$173.72, net profit \$3,534.52. Florence-Sales \$35,018.18, break-

age \$290.30, net profit \$12,079.30.
Georgetown —, Sales \$28,236.25,
breakage \$65.70, net profit \$9,136.63. Hampton-Sales \$14,300.50, breakage \$35.80, net profit \$2,751.46. Kershaw-Sales \$27,382.35, break-

age \$117.05, net profit \$8,005.24. Lee—Sales \$21,727.70, breakage \$182.84,net profit \$5,958.27. Lexington-Sales \$18,916.27, breakage \$35.85, net profit \$3,940.09.

Orangeburg — Sales \$45,287.36, breakage \$205, net profit \$18,003.56. Richland-Sales \$122,248.30, breakage \$780.40, net profit \$32,256.28. Sumter—Sales \$47,482.65, breakage \$142.60, net profit \$14,984.13.

Williamsburg — Sales \$20,338.86, breakage \$48.70, net profit \$20,005.13.
Total—Sales \$728,619.65. breakage \$3,830.01, net profit \$226,632.81. For 1908-Sales \$968,378.07, breakage \$6,105.15, net profit \$268,-

Watch Monument Fund Grow. The Columbia State of the 28th publishes the following list of donations by counties, to the Woman's

monument fund: Columbia, April 28, 1909.

;	Fund by Counties.
-	Abbeville\$168.50
	Aiken 321 75
	Anderson 61 25
	Dumberg 33 95
	Barnwell 75 00
	Beaufort 10 00
	Berkeley
1	Calhoun 88 02
:	Charleston 16 00
	Cherokee 73 25
	Chester
1	Chesterfield 162.00
	Clarendon
١	Colleton
١	Darlington
1	Dorchester
1	Edgefield
١	Fairfield
.	Florence 50.00
1	Georgetown
	Greenville
1	Greenwood
1	Greenwood
1	
1	Horry
١	Kershaw
:	Lancaster
1	Laurens
.	Lee 157.00
:	Lexington 91.88
	Marion
1	Marlboro
1	Newberry 212.20
	Oconee 5.00
	Orangeburg 25.00
;	Piekens 1.00
J	Richland
;	Saluda 12.00
	Spartanburg 249.00
,	Sumter 393.75
	Union 7.00
;	Williamsburg 25.50
	York 60.85
1	Nack Proken in Tree Ded

Neck Broken in Iron Bed. Aiken, Special.—The little 6-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pierce Howard of Graniteville met death Saturday night in a most harrowing manner. In the early part of the evening Mrs. Howard left the baby on an iron bed to sleep. The bed had perpendicular rods at the bead and foot. Mrs. Howard stepped out for a few minutes and when she returned she saw the baby's body hanging from the bed, the child's head having been caught between the perpendicular rods. When Mrs. Howard rescued the baby from its position its neck was broken.

## Girls Act as Pall-Bearers.

Spartanburg, Special.-At the funeral of Miss Alda Cooley, who died at the home of her parents at Cooley Springs; this county, last week, eight young ladies, school mates of the deceased, acted as pall-bearers. All of them were dressed in white. This was probably the first funeral ever held in the State where girls acted as

# KISMET!



-Cartoon by Triggs, in the New York Press.

# Story of the Massacre Told by an Eye-Witness

Armenians Shot Down by American Missionary's Side While Begging Official to Protect Them-"Adana Was a Hell"-Military Commander a Craven.

Adana, Asiatic Turkey, via Constantinople. — The Rev. Herbert Adams Gibbons, of Hartford, Conn., a missionary of the American Board of into Adana under fire on Thursday, Foreign Missions stationed here and at Tarsus, was an eyewitness of the scenes of terror and destruction at the centre of the Moslem uprising. He gives the following story of mas-sacre, rapine and incendiarism:

"The entire vilayet of Adana has been visited during the last five days with a terrible massacre of Armenians, the worst ever known in the history of the district. The terror has been universal, and the Government is powerless to check the disorders. Adana, the capital of the province, has been the storm centre.

"Conditions have been unsettled for some time past, and there has been animosity between Turks and Armenians, owing to the political activity of the latter and their open purchasing of arms.

"Early last Wednesday morning, while I was in the market, I noticed that the Armenians were closing their shops and hurrying to their homes. An Armenian and a Turk had been killed during the night, and the corpses were paraded through their respective quarters. The sight of the dead inflamed the inhabitants, and crowds at once began to gather in the streets armed with sticks, axes and knives. A few young Armenians assembled in the centre of the covassembled in the centre of the covered market and began firing revolver shots into the air. By 11 o'clock in the morning the crowd had begun the looting of shops.

Military Commander in Seclusion. 'The military commander of Adana was by my side in the market when the firing commenced. He had not the courage to endeavor to dis-perse the mob; he returned to his residence and did not venture out

for two days. "William Chambers, Field Secre-tary of the Young Men's Christian Association, and myself proceeded to the Konak and found a howling mob demanding arms with which to kill the Giaours. We then went to the telegraph office to summon the Brit-Consul. On the steps of building we saw three Armenians who had been killed. Their bodies had been mutilated. While we were

in the telegraph office a mob burst

into the room where we were and

The unfortunates were supplicating

killed two Armenians before our eyes

the protection of the Vail when they were struck down. "We managed to make our way into the next room, where we made them to Tarsus, where they took part resentations to the Vail. This of- in the complete destruction of the ficial said he could do nothing. He Armenian quarter of that town, which was afraid for his own life, and he made no attempt to protect us. Somehow we managed to get to the interior of the Konak, where we remained at the side of the Government officials for the next forty-eight

hours. That afternoon the situation grev distinctly worse. The Armenians withdrew to their quarter of Adana, which is situated on a hill, and con verted the houses that held advantageous positions into fortresses. Here the fighting went on for two days, during which the Armenians succeed-ed in beating off their Turkish assailants.

British Woman Cares For Wounded "Wednesday evening Major Daugh ty-Wylie, the British Vice-Consul at Mersina, arrived at Adana and established headquarters in the house of son Edward, seeming the dragoman of a wealthy Greek accused of the murder.

"Fans" Threaten Umpire and

Police Place Him in Safety Roanoke, Va.—To prevent a mob of mad baseball "fans" from doing him bodily injury, Umpire Robert Pender was rushed to the city jail by a squad of police following the Virginia League game between Norfolk and Roanoke, which the former won by the score of 2 to 1. The spectators declared that Pender, who formerly managed the Norfolk Club, deliberately threw the game to Nor folk. They swarmed upon the field, but the police rescued Pender,

into Adana under fire on Thursday, tended personally to many wounded women and children.

"Adana was a hell. The bazaars were looted and set on fire. There was continuous and unceasing shooting and killing in every part of the town, and fires raged in many quar-

"Moslems from the neighborhood began pouring into the city, and not-withstanding our protests, the Vail distributed arms to these men, alleg-ing that they were Turkish reserves. "Major Daughty-Wylle, at the head

of troops which he compelled the Vail to supply, went to the railroad station of the town and was successful in preventing the villagers from coming into Adana. Later, while the Major was attempting to pacify the town he was shot and disabled.

"Missionaries of the Central Turkey Mission had assembled for a disable disable

key Mission had assembled for a dis-trict conference in the centre of Adana on the day of the outbreak. They received and protected hundreds of refugees in the American Seminary for Girls, and courageously endeav-ored to pacify the warring elements. Missionaries Treacherously Killed.

"On Thursday Daniel Miner Rogers and Henry Maurer, American mis-sionaries, were killed under treacher-

ous circumstances.
"On Friday the Armenians yielded, since when there has been little mur-

"Adana is in a pitiable condition. The town has been pillaged and destroyed, and there are thousands of homeless people here without means of livelihood. It is impossible to estimate the number of killed. The corpses lie scattered through the streets. Friday, when I went out, I had to pick my way between the dead to avoid stepping on them. Saturday morning I counted a dozen cartloads of Armenian bodies in one-half hour being carried to the river and thrown into the water. In the Turkish cem-eteries graves are being dug whole-

sale.
"The condition of the refugees is most pitiable and heartrending. Not only are there orphans and widows beyond number, but a great many, even the babies, are suffering from

severe wounds.
"The situation in Adama itself is unspeakable. On Friday afternoon 250 so-called Turkish reserves, without officers, seized a train at Adana and compelled the engineer to convey Armenian quarter of that town, which is the best part of Tarsus. Their work of looting was thorough and with kerosene and fired the great historic Armenian Church at Tarsus, the most important building in the city. demolished marble statues shattered important historic tablets Everything portable was carried away, but the church itself resisted their attempts to burn it. Fortu-nately few persons were killed here. This was owing to the proximity of the American College, where 4000 destitute and homeless persons had sought and found shelter."

Man Beaten to Death.

Thomas Brown, sixty-six, was found beaten to death at his home in President street, Brooklyn, N. Y. His on Edward, seemingly insane, was

Prohibition Closes Many

Glassware Plants. Pittsburg, Pa. - Prohibition has made such progress during the last year or two as to cause a decided year or two as to cause a decided slump in the glass and tumbler manufacturing business. A. Zihlman, head of the Huntington (W. Va.) Tumbler Company, said that the plant of his company will have to shut down for lack of orders.

Mr. Zihlman said the temperance

wave has so diminished the demands for glassware of the tumbler variety that many factories have shut down.

America is only at the beginning of good roads building. There are 2,500,000 miles of public roads in the country, of which 30,000 are of stone or macadam and 108,000 of gravel. In many places there are passing good roads constructed of the soil at hand, which is naturally adapted to road making.

England expends \$90,000,000 a year on roads, or at the rate of \$600 a mile, for all the roads in the country. The United States expends \$80,-000,000 annually, or at the rate of \$38 a mile. England, France and some other European countries have the enormous advantage over this country that there have been good roads for a thousand or more years, and, in many instances, the admirable highways have been as firm as a rock from the day the Romans built them.

In this country the distances are so enormous, the territory so vast, the country so new that everything is done "from the very beginning," and in spite of the most tremendous efforts, decades must pass before the United States may have a complete system of good roads. But the roads will be built and the work will go on from this time forth with characteristic American rapidity.

The argument for good roads is overwhelming. The cost of hauling per ton mile on American roads is from twenty-three to twenty-five cents; in France, Germany and England the cost is in the neighborhood of ten cents per ton mile. In States enjoying the advantages of improved roads the average attendance of school children in the country districts is seventy-seven per cent., and in the States with poor roads the average is only fifty-three per cent.—
Philadelphia Ledger.

The Toll of Bad Roads.

Governor Stubbs, of Kansas, in his message to the Sunflower Legislature called attention to the alleged fact that, according to the Department of Agriculture's figures, the cost of hauling American products to market is many million dollars in excess of the cost of hauling the same products over the fine highways of Europe. This is the annual tax of bad roads.

According to the department's reports, the average cost of hauling over American roads has been found to be twenty-five cents a ton a mile. The cost on the fine highways of Europe is only twelve cents a ton a mile. The average length of haul of farm products in the United States is 9.4 miles. Were American roads as good as the French, the farmers' gain would be 9.4 times twelve cents, or \$1.23 on each ton of stuff hauled. The Interstate Commerce Commission has estimated that 250,000,000 tons are hauled anually. By the European standard of roads, the extra expense entailed in hauling this amount reaches \$305,000,000 a year.

Of course, this burden is distributed throughout the whole population. It costs the farmer 1.8 cents a bushel more to haul his wheat from the farm nine miles to the railroad station than it costs to carry the same bushel 3100 miles from New York to Liverpool. So part of this excessive cost goes into the loaf of The price of other necessities of life is increased in the same

The increased cost of living owing to the bad roads is merely one of the facts relating to the public interest that has been pointed out by the great co-operative institution working for the common welfare, the United States Department of Agriculture.

Isn't there merit—a great deal of it-in the urgent plea for a systematic plan of permanent road building, and a plan of huge proportions, at that?-Cedar Rapids (Iowa) Ga cette.

One Dollar Per Acre.

It has been estimated that the cost of good roads for Kansas, under the provisions of the Hodges bill, would average about \$1 per acre for good farm land. Now, a single piece of good road, remotely detached from other good roads, might not be worth even this small investment. But a system of good roads, giving farm after farm transportation facilities at all seasons of the year, when the prices of products are highest as well as when they are lowest, would be worth many times the average out-

A farm having good road facilities, connected with the nearest market by highways that would be serviceable at all times, would be enhanced in value far beyond the cost of road construction. This would be merely a land value increase—an immediate and direct return for the investment. But the far greater value would be in the continuous intercourse afforded, the cheapness with which products could be marketed and the ability to utilize the markets when they are most advantageous.-Kansas City Star.

Light From Flash of Powder.

Judge D. W. Bond, of the Middlesex Superior Criminal Court, in charging a jury recently, in speaking of the question as to whether the witness had sufficient light to identify the defendant by, referred to an odd case in England at a time when old fashioned black gunpowder that made considerable light when discharged was used.

A woman who happened to be pass ing saw the shot in question fired and identified the man who fired it by the light of the flash. The pris-oner afterward verified her testimony

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Mention this Paper. RICHMOND, VA.

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WANTED-Lady agents in all parts of the United States to advertise and sell "Black Crow Stockens" to wearers. Good commission. Address.

BLACK CROW STOCKEN CO., Newton, N. C.

The blessedness or misery of old age is often but the extract of our past life.—Demaistre. So. 19-'09.

RAISED FROM SICK BED.

After All Hope Had Vanished.

Mrs. J. H. Bennett, 59 Fountain St., Gardiner, Me., says: "My back used to trouble me so severely that at last I had to give up. I

took to my bed and stayed there four months, suffering intense pain, dizziness. headache and infiammation of the bladder. Though without hope, I began using Doan's Kidney

Pills, and in three months was completely cured. The trouble has never returned." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Be not arrogant when fortune

smiles nor dejected when she frowns. Great floods have flown from little sources.—Greek.

RASH ALL OVER BOY'S BODY.

Awful, Crusted, Weeping Eczema on Little Sufferer—A Score of Treat-ments Prove Dismal Failures— Cure Achieved by Cuticura.

"My little boy had an awful rash all over his body and the doctor said it was eczema. It was terrible and used to water awfully. Any place the water went it would form another sore and it would become crusted. A score or more physicians failed utterly and dismally in their efforts to remove the trouble. Then I was told to use the Cuti-cura Remedies. I got a cake of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment and a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, and before we had used half the Resolvent I could see a change in him. In about two months he was entirely well. George F. Lambert, 139 West Centre St., Mahanoy City, Pa.,

Sept. 26 and Nov. 4, 1907."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props. of Cuticura Remedies. Boston. Mass.

Depth in philosophy bringeth minds back to religion.-Bacon.

# Rhe<u>umacide</u>

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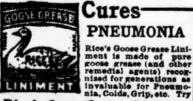
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