

NEGRO RUNS AMUCK AND KILLS TWO PEOPLE.

Trouble Starts When Chauffeur Shoots Manager of Wagon Works

FIRES AT WHITE PEOPLE

Assailant Pursued by Heavily Armed Men and Booby Riddled With Bullets

Augusta, Aug. 16.—Three persons are dead and eight wounded as the result of a shooting affray here this afternoon.

The dead: Ben Tillman Hightower, policeman W. W. Moore, Walter Smalley, negro. The wounded: Policeman William F. Britt; Policeman C. W. Hardeman; Chief of Detectives W. U. Redd; Alf Stewart; Grover C. Reid; J. H. Stant; A. Evans; L. N. Blackstone.

Two negroes also are reported to have been wounded. An unidentified white woman is reported to have been shot as she passed in an automobile. The known wounded are those who sought hospital treatment.

The trouble started when Smalley, chauffeur for Dr. W. W. Battey, one of Augusta's leading physicians, shot Hightower, manager of a local wagon works. Hightower at the time was with Dr. Battey who, following the homicide called the police. After shooting Hightower witnesses stated, the negro sat on the curbing and fired at every white person who passed. When police arrived Smalley fired into their automobiles, wounding Officers Britt and Hardeman. He then fled to Perry's Bottom, a negro settlement in the neighborhood, and after being wounded, reloaded his gun and shot Policeman Moore, killing him instantly. A few seconds later the negro was practically riddled with bullets.

Reports of the affray spread rapidly and before Smalley was killed many heavily armed white men had gathered. Several negroes in the neighborhood fled only to be captured. Cries of "lynch 'em" were echoed by the crowd but police reserves reached the scene in time to prevent any general trouble. City police and county officers quickly dispersed the crowds in the vicinity of the affray but for several hours talk of revenge was rife. Several times demonstrations were made against negroes but authorities intervened in time to prevent serious trouble.

The entire police force is on duty and is prepared to cope with any emergency.

Five negroes are being held by the police for investigation.

GENERAL STAFF ALONG NEW LINES

Washington, Aug. 16.—Complete reorganization of the army general staff along lines tested in France by General Pershing as commander of the American expeditionary forces, is understood to have been approved by Secretary Weeks.

The new scheme contemplates five sections of the general staff, each controlling absolutely its special provinces, but closely coordinated with one another. It is suggested that the nomenclature used overseas be retained, such as G-1, G-2, etc., for the various sections.

The first section, having jurisdiction over all questions of personnel, will be in charge of a brigadier general, acting as an assistant to the chief of staff.

The second will constitute what is now known as the intelligence service of the army.

The third will be known as the operations and training section.

The fourth will be the supply section, corresponding to the S. O. S. of the A. E. F., and the fifth will be the war plans section which, in time of war, will constitute the nucleus of general headquarters.

The first four sections would remain intact in war. Heads of G-1 and G-2 have been selected and will be announced soon by the war department. Both are men of distinguished war service and held high commands in France. Brig. Gen. W. D. Connor, chief of the supply section, A. E. F., already has been named to head G-4.

A STILL FOR EVERY HOME MAY BE LEGAL.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Any Householder could have home brew under interpretations placed upon an amendment to the Willis-Campbell beer bill approved today by the House.

The amendment, adopted as a substitute for a Senate provision, would require Federal agents to have warrants before entering homes in search of liquor. It provides, however, that no warrant shall be issued for search of a home "unless there is reason to believe such dwelling is used as a place in which liquor is manufactured for sale."

Representative Fields, Democrat, Kentucky, declaring the House amendment would virtually sanction "home brew," provided it was not made to be sold, attempted to have the words "for sale" stricken out, but his motion was rejected 96 to 54.

Representative Volstead, Republican, Minnesota, author of the original prohibition act, favored the House substitute as adopted. He declared later it would not change the policy of the prohibition enforcement bureau in reference to home brewing. No attempt of late has been made on orders from Washington, he said, to prohibit the home manufacture of potent beverages for personal use.

MRS. RICHARDSON'S ROOK PARTY

Mrs. S. S. Richardson entertained Tuesday evening at a Rook party in honor of her house guests, Miss Carolyn Richardson of Sumter, Miss Irene Smith of Winnsboro, and Miss Lida Briggs of Summerton. After the game, Miss Virginia Coffey assisted the hostess in serving a lovely ice course to the guests. Mrs. Richardson used cut flowers and potted plants. Those present besides the honorees were: Misses Mildred Brown, Aline Rigby, Tora Bagnal, Lenora and Mary Johnson, Mary Ansley of Summerton, Rose and Celeste Ervin, Grace Nimmer, Irene Plowden, Marie Wells; Messrs. Taylor Stukes, John Bagnal, Edwin Johnson, Scott Bagnal, Sam Barron, Brownie Bagnal, J. G. Dinkins, Thomas Bagnal, Legare Harvin, Ellis Wells, Bertram Weinberg, Willie Geiger, Jim Spratt, S. S. Richardson.

ROOK PARTY

Miss Mattie Venning entertained at a Rook party on Friday evening in honor of her house guests, Misses Margaret and Francis De Lorne and Laura Moffet of Greenville. At the close of the evening Miss Venning served a lovely ice course to her guests who were, besides the honorees: Misses Tora Bagnal and Rita Huggins and Messrs. S. W. Thompson, D. H. Holland, Taylor Stukes, Allen Harvin, Scott Bagnal and Ellis Wells.

MRS. WIDEMAN ENTERTAINED

Mrs. J. W. Wideman entertained at a Rook party last Friday evening. The rooms were decorated with summer flowers and potted plants. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cantey, Dr. and Mrs. Scott Harvin, Dr. and Mrs. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Huggins, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. S. Oliver O'Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Bradham, Mrs. W. T. Lesesne and Miss Corinne Barfield. After to game Mrs. Wideman served her guests a lovely ice course.

FAREWELL PARTY

Mrs. Archie Barron entertained at a farewell party last Thursday for her house guest, Miss Louise Glover of Orangeburg, and Mrs. J. N. Robson of Florida. Miss Glover left on Friday for her home and was accompanied by Mrs. Barron and Mrs. Robson left today (Wednesday) for Charleston, where she will visit for a while before going to her home in Florida; Mrs. Robson has been visiting her parents, Capt. and Mrs. A. H. Breedin, for the past six weeks. Those enjoying Mrs. Barron's hospitality besides the honorees were: Mesdames John Herriott, John Breedin and Miss Lida Spratt.

ORDERS AT JACKSON FOR MOVING TROOPS

General Exodus From Camp Starts Second of September

ALL OUTFITS GONE MONTH FROM TODAY

Commanding Officer, Returning From Atlanta Yesterday Morning, Brings Official Papers, Over- land Trips of Long Duration.

Orders for the removal of troops from Camp Jackson were brought to the post yesterday by Col. H. L. Jackson, commanding the camp, who has been in conference with Major General Morrison, commander of the Fourth corps area in Atlanta.

The movement of troops is to start September 2 and is expected to be completed by September 15, in the opinion of officers at the camp.

Included in the orders brought yesterday morning by Colonel Jackson, were those pertaining to the disposition of the Fifty-first coast artillery regiment, the only regiment remaining of the Thirty-ninth brigade. This regiment will be moved to Camp Eustice, near Newport News, Va.

Only one battalion of the Sixth infantry will be left at Camp Jackson for guard duty. This contingent will embrace about 400 men.

No orders relative to the disposition of the Seventh engineers were brought to camp and it is not known when this regiment will move. Its future destination has been previously announced as Camp Benning, however.

All movement will be by marching with the exception of two companies of the Sixth infantry which will go part of their journey to Fort Crook, Neb., by rail. They will go by marching to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., and from there to Fort Crook by rail.

Included in the orders is a clause instructing the chief of staff of the camp to prepare estimate of the cost of the march and submit same to authorities of the war department.

It has already been estimated that the trip to Jefferson barracks will take 75 days or approximately two and one-half months.

The buildings and materials at Camp Jackson, which will be practically empty by the 15th of next month, will be salvaged, according to the orders from the war department, though it was also said the camp would be used for training purposes.

NEWS FROM SUMMERTON TOLD IN SHORT ITEMS

When we made our statement some time ago, that the cotton crop in this community would be cut off seventy-five per cent on account of the boll weevil, some of our good friends thought we were a very poor prognosticator, but with the continued downpours of rain they have just about reached the conclusion that I hit the nail right square on the head. We have all heard talk of the weevil for many years, and a few of our folks here and yonder went down in Georgia and Mississippi to see them, and returned and said that they did hurt the cotton crop "some," but if any man will look our fields over now and see what they are doing I believe the average man would say you cannot make cotton if you have the boll weevil. Yet some say this will be the worst year we will have and if we make any cotton this year it will be all right to plant another year. Well maybe it will but we are from "Missouri."

Mayor C. M. Davis with the co-operation of his co-workers has just about completed a general clean-up when it comes to working up our streets and this good work just at this time has made quite an improvement in our town, when it comes to looks of the situation. And we understand this work was done reasonably cheap, perhaps on the count of the good judgment of our good friend Bigham as well as the good business judgment of the city fathers.

There is a movement on foot for a union revival meeting here some time in October. It is understood that all the churches will get together and try to get one among our best preachers that can be found in this State, and a genuine old time revival is hoped for. And if the whole people will throw themselves into the movement, we know great things can be accomplished. While we may think we are a mighty good people yet I am very much of the opinion that a spiritual awakening will make us a better people, and give us a better tone to live in.

A. Gordon Chewning, after an illness of three weeks, died Saturday night about eleven o'clock. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon at his late residence at 4:30 o'clock, conducted by his pastor, Rev. T. E. Morris, and interment at the Summerton cemetery. Pall bearers were six of his close friends as follows: J. F. Lanham, L. S. Chewning, M. L. Shirer, R. M. Felder, E. J. Roberson and C. T. Dingle. The deceased was forty-three years old and is survived by his wife, who before marriage was Miss Lizzie Eason, and three small children, four sisters and two brothers. Gordon Chewning was an unassuming Christian gentleman, a consistent member of the Methodist church. And to know him was to like him. Sympathy to his loved ones and peace to his ashes.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Bradford, of Greenville, are spending some time with relatives and friends here.

Mrs. Graier Skinner of Charleston, is spending some time with her parents here, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Cantey.

Mr. Emery Rogers, who has been attending a summer school in New York for the past three weeks, has returned home.

Mr. Clarence Smith of Bishopville, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in town.

Miss Myrtle Allen of Florence, is spending some time with her parents, Hon. and Mrs. W. D. Allen.

Mr. Blue Smith of Maxton, N. C. spent several days here last week. We do not know just what his mission was, but judge he was here on personal business.

One of our "Sports," say that he did not burn but four gallons of gasoline. We are not at all surprised, sometimes some of our best young men will get "knocked out the box." Take it easy "Son" we'll have the State line posted.

Will Evil Ultimately Overcome Right?

If we were impartial judges from some other sphere, brought to this earth to decide this question and the facts laid before us were the everyday occurrences of our social life, what would be the decision?

Jury decisions in our courts are made from facts bearing on any one case. Now in this decision before us take up things which have evil tendencies in them and try to see whether right or evil is the predominant force: Divorcees, Automobiles, Political Life, Social Clubs.

Do we find that Divorcees are making us a better Nation? That the home, the most sacred place of man's ideals and possessions, is better on account of divorce laws. Automobiles have not been with us long but who can gainsay that they occupy a commanding place in the criminal life of our nation. The political world seems to be so saturated with the lowest of ideals and it is only once in a while that a real leader speaks out for the right. Social Clubs in the larger cities and those in smaller communities have gotten beyond the control of the decent and moral element.

There would not be much doubt that an impartial observer, with the evidence as it is, would decide that evil would overcome right in the long run.

To oppose this state of affairs we are going to have to rely on the activities of the Christian Church, working through schools, missions, and Laymen the Church will ultimately see that right overcomes evil. The trouble with an outside observer is

SENTENCE OF DEATH FOR "PINK" GRIFFIN

Trial Consumes Less Than Two Hours —Prisoner Rushed to State Penitentiary.

Greenwood, Aug. 15.—"Pink" the negro convicted here today of the murder of Dr. Lawton C. Lipscomb at his home at Ninety-Six and sentenced to die on September 2, was carried to the State Penitentiary in a high powered automobile this afternoon, Jailer T. W. McMillan stated. No trouble was anticipated but officers thought best to take every precaution.

Griffin was convicted of the murder of Dr. Lipscomb in a little less than two hours when the jury returned a verdict of guilty of murder the first degree after ten minutes deliberation. The negro only smiled.

Throughout the trial he showed no nervousness and a grin occasionally broke the habitual scowl on his face.

The crowd which witnessed the trial was the largest in the history of the court house. Old attorneys declared, although every aisle and vacant inch was packed by a jostling mass of humanity not the slightest evidence of disorder was noticeable. So remarkable was the order that Judge F. B. Gary publicly expressed his appreciation of the forbearance and conduct of the crowd.

Testimony showed that Griffin killed Dr. Lipscomb at his home on July 5 following a reprimand because he had beaten his mule. The dead man was shot six times. Immediately after the killing Griffin fled but was captured by relatives of the victim and turned over to officers. Since his arrest he has been lodged in the State Penitentiary for safe keeping. When the solemn words of the death sentence had been pronounced, Griffin leaned over the dock rail and muttered to an officer that he had made his peace with God.

Court House Crowded

Greenwood, Aug. 15.—A crowd estimated at between 1,500 and 2,000 from this and adjoining counties is attending the special term of court which opened here this morning to try "Pink" Griffin, negro, for the alleged murder of Dr. Lawton C. Lipscomb, a prominent farmer, near Ninety-Six July 5 last. Griffin was brought from the State Penitentiary in Columbia yesterday, no one but officers knowing of his arrival.

In exactly two hours after the first juror was drawn at a special term of court here today "Pink" Griffin, negro, was tried, found guilty and sentenced to die by electrocution in the State Penitentiary, at Columbia, Friday, September 2, for the murder of Lawton C. Lipscomb, of Ninety-Six, July 5 last.

Only a few minutes was taken up to select a jury.

The state offered two witnesses who testified that Griffin killed Dr. Lipscomb, his employer, following an upbraiding of the negro for mistreating a mule. The defendant, who was represented by Attorney L. B. Hester, appointed by the court, offered no testimony, Griffin declining to take the stand after he had insisted on pleading guilty.

The jury retired at 11:55 and returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree within ten minutes.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Miss Louise Young returned home Monday after a month's stay in Charleston. She was accompanied home by her aunt, Mrs. W. L. Addison.

Miss Isabelle Young left Thursday for Charleston, where she will visit relatives.

Mrs. Clifford Lloyd has returned home after visiting relatives and friends in Sardinia.

that he cannot see under the cover of our natures that subtle determination that evil shall pass; that might must give way to right; that Truth is one of the most dominant forces in our lives; and that although it might seem that evil is ahead it cannot so last.

The man who does not believe in the progressive betterment of the world is not worthy of occupying a place in it.

A Tribute

We the employees of the Summerton Post Office desire to put on record our appreciation of our late associate in the office, A. Gordon Chewning.

Gordon Chewning had been an employee as carrier in the office for about thirteen years, and as the senior in point of service was respected and looked up to by all the others. Quiet and unassuming, orderly and neat in his work, he has faithfully day by day been at his appointed place.

Stricken mortally while still on duty, he virtually fell at his post. Dying as it were with his boots on, or as the old armored knight in his harness. We know that he died in the full confidence of his government, and that we have lost a friend with whom to work has been a pleasure. We feel assured that you yonder the Recording Angel has marked "satisfied," "well done," across his account in the Book of Remembrance, and inscribed his name in the Lambs Book of Life.

H. G. Walker, Carrier No. 4.

C. L. Godwin, Carrier No. 3.

L. S. Chewning, Carrier No. 2.

A. P. Burgess, Postmaster.

W. J. Wilkie, Asst. Postmaster.

WRITE MR. LOGAN FOR YOUR BOOK

Mr. I. I. Appelt, Editor,
The Manning Times,
Manning, S. C.

My dear Mr. Appelt:
The 1920 Agricultural Year Book has just been issued and I have a limited number for distribution. I will appreciate it if you will publish this fact.

These books are extremely valuable and very much sought after, they contain information of the utmost value and importance. If those desiring the books will communicate with me Room 356 House Office Building, Washington, I shall be glad to send them out as long as the supply lasts.

With kindest regards, I am,
Yours very truly,
W. Turner Logan.

ENTERTAINS AT ROOK

Miss Isabel Wolfe entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of her house guest, Miss Clara Laney of Monroe, N. C. The rooms were decorated in cut flowers and potted plants and at the close of the afternoon Miss Wolfe served her guests with an ice course. Those present besides the honoree and hostess were: Misses Julia Wilson, Nida Ham of Timmonsville, Maud and Sue Spratt, Sarah Lesesne, Aline Rigby, Lillie Brogdon, Mary Dickson, Georgia and Fannie Lou Sauls, Lynn Dullant, Carolyn Plowden, Gussie Appelt, Tora Bagnal, Hattie and Mammie Johnson.

BRIDGE CLUB

Mrs. Horace Thomas entertained the young folks Bridge Club last Wednesday evening, and a very enjoyable time was had by all present. The rooms were decorated with cut flowers and potted plants and during the evening an ice course was served the guests who were: Misses Rose and Celeste Ervin, Isabella Thomas, Camera Burgess of Atlanta, Ga., Messrs. John Bagnal, Harry Gerald, Laurens Bradham, J. G. Dinkins and Mr. and Mrs. Elmo.

MUCH COTTON DISPOSED OF

Gaffney, Aug. 15.—A large number of bales of cotton were sold last week on the Gaffney market. Many of the farmers who are holding cotton are of the opinion that the price will go much higher within the next few weeks, but there are other who say that it is likely to go lower. One encouraging feature is that the mills throughout the country have very small supplies on hand and most of them that had accumulated large supplies of goods have gotten rid of the stock and are sold up for several months to come. Knowing ones say that this is bound to result in higher prices, especially as the present crop is bound to be very light.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS OF TWENTY YEARS AGO

August 21, 1901.

Miss Julia Mood of Summerton, is in Manning visiting Mrs. I. C. Ingram.

Katie Clayton of Florence, is visiting her uncle, Dr. W. E. Brown.

X. S. M. O. Burgess and her daughter, Miss Ermine, left last Saturday for Portsmouth, Va.

Mr. M. M. Krasnow returned home yesterday after having an extended trip to the North and West.

Mr. Archie Barron was called to Saluda, N. C., last Monday to the bedside of his wife who was taken ill with pneumonia.

The town council has decided to bore several artesian wells, and the first of them was begun yesterday on Railroad Avenue.

Capt. Joseph Bates of Wateree, was in town yesterday on a visit to relatives. Capt. Bates is a brother-in-law of Messrs. C. R., W. S. and A. C. Harvin in this town.

Miss Lucie Barron, State Librarian, is in Manning on a few days' visit. official life appears to agree with Miss Barron, she is looking the picture of health and happiness.

The Central Hotel is nearing completion and contractor McRoy has made a fine job of it. When completed, Manning will have as nice hotel building as any town outside of a city in the State.

The Manning street railway bids fair to become one of the finest investments in this country. Every day its freight trucks haul large quantities of goods, and its passenger coach brings up many passengers.

BRIDGE PARTY

Mrs. T. M. Mouzon entertained last Wednesday afternoon at Bridge in honor of Mrs. Brinkley of Georgetown, a guest of Mrs. Hanks. Mrs. Mouzon served her guests with a salad course and after the game presented the honoree with a box of Bon Bons. Those present besides the honoree and hostess were: Mesdames Hanks, F. C. Thomas, J. H. Orvin, H. M. Thomas, A. C. Bradham, J. W. Wideman, and Corinne Barfield.

"SCIENTIFIC" ONLY FAMINE NOW IN SOUTH

Shortage of Certain Kinds of Food in Southern States Causes In- crease of Pellagra

HEALTH OFFICIALS TALK

Failure to Diversify Crops Blamed by Surgeon General for Conditions Existing Among Farmers.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Food shortage in the Southern States has assumed the proportions of a famine only in a "scientific, restricted sense," but undoubtedly has been accompanied by an increase in pellagra, the public health service reported to President Harding today as a result of the special investigation undertaken at his request.

The findings of the public health service officials, the report said, were based largely on incomplete statistics submitted by Southern State health commissioners at a recent conference here. In a letter to the President, Surgeon General Cumming declared that despite the criticism of some Southern officials regarding the administration course the information collected "fully confirmed, in my opinion, the position of the public health service with respect to the increase of pellagra in various parts of the South."

Detailed figures were not made public, but a memorandum of supplemental information accompanying the surgeon general's letter was summarized as follows tonight in a statement issued at the White House.

"Information indicates a definite increase of pellagra this year in Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Texas and probably North and South Carolina. Some evidence also indicates an increase in Georgia. In Kentucky and Virginia testimony points to a decrease. Conservative estimates indicate five thousand deaths and one hundred thousand cases of pellagra in the country in 1921."

Cause of Condition

Failure to diversify crops is blamed by the surgeon general for the food situation throughout the South, which he advised the President was acute in some localities when considered "from the standpoint of a physiologically complete diet, such as is required to prevent pellagra."

"It quickly became apparent," Surgeon General Cumming said, "that the interest of the assembled health officers centered principally about two points:

"1. The basis for holding that they existed an increased prevalence of pellagra;

"2. The use of the word 'famine' in describing the causative conditions.

"So far the first points is concerned, all the health officers present, with the exception of the State health officer of Mississippi stated that no reliable morbidity statistics were available for their states. In Mississippi, the only state having trustworthy statistics, the incidence of the disease in the first six months of the present year was about double that in the corresponding period last year.

"A number of the State health officers, on receiving the call to the conference, secured telegraphic reports from physicians in various parts of their State, believing that these might serve as an index of pellagra conditions, though they had no comparative statistics for previous years.

Others submitted statistics showing the number of deaths from pellagra in the first six months of 1921 and in the corresponding period of previous years. These data were admittedly incomplete. A careful review of all the facts elicited by the conference, fully confirmed, in my opinion, the position of the public health service, with respect to the increase of pellagra in various parts of the South.

"In so far as the use of the word 'famine' is concerned, the public health service pointed out that it had used the term in a scientific restricted sense, referring to a diet which lacked some essential element or elements.

Hard to Get Food

"It was clearly brought out that in various localities in the South conditions were such that the essential foods required to prevent the development of pellagra were obtainable only with difficulty and, in some instances, were entirely beyond the reach of the poorer working people. It was shown that the situation has been brought about, largely by the custom of one-crop farming. So long as the one-crop paid handsome returns, as in the case of cotton in recent years, less difficulty was experienced. At the present time, however, the food situation, looked at from the standpoint of a physiologically complete diet, is acute in a number of localities.

"The object aimed at by the public health service was undoubtedly been brought much nearer to attainment as a result of the splendid support given by your letter. In no other way could attention have been focused so quickly or effectively on the many different phases of the problem. The various branches of the federal and State governments will now cooperate to better advantage to control, not only pellagra, but other diseases intimately related to economic and dietetic maladjustments. It is gratifying to report that all the States feel able to meet any demands for emergency relief, without requiring any outside assistance."