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MAJORITY FAVORS TAX EXTENSION

EFFORTS TO DEFEAT WELLS MEASURE IN VAIN

Little Opposition Expected When it Comes Up For Final Reading

The State, 2.

Final passage by the house of Senator Wells' resolution to extend the time for the paying of state and county taxes for the year 1921 was made certain yesterday when the house, taking the measure up out of its order on the calendar, sent it to third reading by a majority of 72 to 29. The record vote on the bill followed a thorough discussion of the resolution and is beyond dispute the expression of the house's desires. The bill, therefore, is not expected to meet with opposition when it comes up for consideration on third reading, probably today.

The resolution provides that the time for the payment of the 1921 taxes shall be extended until June 1, 1922, penalties being provided as follows: One per cent for January, 2 per cent for February, 3 per cent for March, 4 per cent for April, 5 per cent for May and 7 per cent for all periods after June 1. Executions for all unpaid taxes under the provisions of the resolution will not be turned over to the sheriffs for collection until September 1, 1922. Provision is also made in the bill to allow any one paying taxes within the time limits so fixed to vote in any general or special election.

Arguments Against

The chief arguments against the passage of the resolution came from those who contended that the extension of the time for paying taxes would result in the crippling of the school system of the state and in the hampering of the other departments of the state government. Voicing this opinion were J. W. McKay of Dillon county, L. C. Wannamaker of Chesterfield, E. R. Ellerbe of Dillon and E. T. Hughes of Marion. The similar resolution passed last year, it was contended by the opponents of the bill, had done no good. Speaking in favor of the resolution were: J. J. Evans of Bennettsville, W. R. Bradford of Fort Mill, E. R. Buckingham of Ellerton, E. A. Brown of Barnwell, D. E. McCutchen of Nesmith and J. K. Owens of Bennettsville. "It doesn't make any difference to me whether the resolution will do any good or not," Mr. Buckingham said. "The people think it will and if they think so it might as well be true."

Roll Call Vote

The roll call vote on the motion of Representative E. T. Hughes of Marion to strike out the resolving words of the measure stood:

Yeas, 29—Allen, Amick, Bailey, Barnett, Barr, Belsler, Bodie, Coney, Connor, R. M. Cooper, Jr., Cunningham, Curtis, Ellerbe, Foster, Gibson, T. J. Hendrix, Hughes, Jackson, Johnson, Lancaster, Lewis, Lybrand, McKay, McMillan, Riley, Robinson, Segars, Wannamaker and Whaley.

Nays, 72—R. O. Atkinson, Babb, Ballard, Beacham, Blease, Bradford, Bramlett, Britton, Brown, Bruce, Bryson, Buckingham, Camlin, Carothers, Clinkscales, P. A. Cooper, Cox, Curtis, Dalton, DeTreville, Evans, Faile, Folk, Ford, Gerard, Greer, Hamblin, Hnaahan, W. R. Harris, Hendricks, Hillard, Horton, Hydrick, Kearse, Keller, Kennedy, Kibler, Killingsworth, Mabrey, Martin, McCutchen, McInnes, McLeod, Merchant, Mitchell, Moon, Moore, Nance, O'Rourke, Owens, Pegues, Penuifoy, Prince, Pursley, Putman, Scarborough, Seanson, Sellers, Shappard, Sherard, Simonhoff, Smith, Todd, Toole, Vasey, Wade, West, J. O. Williams, S. T. Williams, Willis, Windham, and Wolling.

OLD MAIDS CONVENTION BY CO-EDS OF COLLEGE

The co-eds of Newberry college will give their "Old Maids' Convention" in the West End school building, Saturday night, Feb. 4th, at eight o'clock, under the auspices of the Philaetha class of O'Neal Street Methodist church.

Admission, twenty-five cents. The young ladies will repeat the play which so delighted their large audience in Holland last recently.

CHAPPELLS ROAD APPROVED BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

That is to say that portion that has not been completed from Chappells to the river has been approved by the federal government for federal aid and while there may be details to lock after it is expected to let the contract in about three weeks. Mr. G. P. Boulware who has just returned from Columbia says that is the information that he got from the state highway department. He also said that a man from this department would be in Newberry this week and would go up to Chappells and look over the situation and get the little difference straightened out and that the advertisement for the letting of the contract would be published in the next two weeks and they only advertise for ten days.

So it seems that we are to see work begin on the completion of this road within the month and that is fine because it will not take very long to finish the job.

AMERICAN LEGION NOTES.

The movement to interest the governors of every state in the Union in the erection of a national victory memorial building in Washington which is being sponsored by President Harding and the George Washington Memorial association at this time recalls to mind the attitude of the American legion on this subject as expressed by the delegates at the last national convention.

The following resolution was passed by this convention:

"Whereas, there has been pending in congress for some time legislation relative to the erection of the George Washington memorial, and

"Whereas, it has been proposed that this memorial should be changed to include within it a memorial to all the men and women of the recent World war, and

"Whereas, it is believed that this is not the proper time for the erection of a memorial until adequate legislation has been enacted for the disabled and unemployed and compensation,

"Be it therefore resolved by the American Legion in convention assembled, that we do protest against the erection of any public building by or with the consent of our national government on government land in any way designed to commemorate the men and women who served in the World war, until proper and adequate legislation has been enacted for the relief of the disabled, first; the unemployed, second; and adjusted compensation, third."

The national legislative committee of the legion in a statement issued last week reiterated the legion's stand, and added, "The legion has no objection to the building of the proposed memorial to George Washington. It is, however, unalterably opposed to the movement to link up plans for a World war memorial with the activities of the George Washington Memorial association.

"The veterans of the war believe this is not the time to spend money on World war memorials. When the government has disposed of its obligations to the ex-service men and women themselves, and when later the country gets the proper perspective, it will be time to plan a great national victory memorial."

As is stated above President Harding has given the project his approval and has written the governors of the different states requesting their cooperation. The association has secured a plot of land from congress and will probably proceed with the memorial whether the legion likes it or not.

Our finance officer is still in receptive mood for dues for 1922. Pay up now so that you will continue to receive the Legion Weekly. The subscription rate that applies to members of the American Legion is open to the membership of the auxiliary. The pages of the American Legion Weekly have been placed at the services of the auxiliary.

Next meeting of the post Monday, February 6th, at 7:30 p. m.

John B. Setzler, Publicity Officer.

A man has no right to lead a life that hurts his community.

J FRASER LYON SUCCEEDS JONES

APPOINTED MEMBER OF TAX COMMISSION

May Choose Gusty Chairman at Organization, According to Statements Yesterday.

The State, 2.

J. Fraser Lyon, former attorney general and for the last several years attorney for the tax commission, was yesterday appointed a member of the South Carolina tax commission to succeed A. W. Jones, whose term expired yesterday. Mr. Jones has been chairman of the commission. He was not an applicant for reappointment.

Under the terms of the act creating the tax commission, the governor designated a chairman out of the first three members appointed and thereafter as the commissioners were appointed the law provides that "the commissioners hereafter appointed, after having duly qualified, shall elect one of their number as chairman."

An effort was to be made to have the appointment of Mr. Lyon confirmed by the senate last night as the governor appoints "by and with the advice of the senate," but no executive session was held during the night. The executive session will probably be held today.

Mr. Lyon was appointed for a six year term, all terms of the commission now being for that duration. The new commissioner is perhaps one of the best known tax authorities in the state, having been engaged in these matters as attorney general and as attorney for the tax commission.

While the commission has not as yet organized since the appointment of Mr. Lyon, according to information yesterday afternoon, it was said that W. G. Query, one of the commissioners who has been serving for several years, would likely be named to succeed Mr. Jones. Mr. Query is an authority on tax matters and has done much work while a member of the commission.

The retiring commissioner, A. W. Jones, was comptroller general when appointed on the commission at the time of its creation in 1915. He has served continuously since that time as chairman. He is an expert on taxation.

GO TO ACADEMIES

Dominick Makes South Carolina Appointments

The State.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Representative Fred H. Dominick today appointed Benjamin Francis Tompkins of Newberry, a Citadel student, and Jerome O. Devlin, Jr., of Verdery, as midshipmen to the naval academy at Annapolis. As alternates to Tompkins, Harold Simmons Tate, Abbeville, and Marzie B. Garrison of Anderson were named. James Henry Alexander of Walhalla, a student of Clemson, was named as alternate to Devlin.

Mr. Dominick also appointed today Thomas G. Roche of Abbeville, a Clemson student, to West Point. Robert C. McCully Maxwell of Anderson was named as alternate.

H. W. R.

A PLEASANT OCCASION

Despite the inclement weather on Friday night, January 27th, Miss Mildred Jones delightfully entertained about thirty of her young friends at her home, 2125 Nance street. Interesting games were played until ten o'clock, when all were served a dainty course of sandwiches and hot chocolate in the dining room, which was beautifully decorated in the eighth grade colors, black and gold.

Those present were: Essie Livingston, Edna Jacobs, Mary Alice Hipp, Mae Bowles, Eddie Marie Green, Mary Bigby, Sara Livingston, Gladys Williams, Edna Sanders, Janette Harmon, Nina Livingston, Helen Snelgrove, Azile Livingston, James Burns, Thomas West, William Eddy, Jake Mayer, Clarence Padgett, Ernest Merchant, Roland Hutchinson, Cortez Sanders, Earl McCullough, Carl Metts, J. W. Earhardt, James Oxner, Leland Wilson, Cecil Boozer, Beverly Evans and Grifin Williams.

EARTH SHIFTS AXIS WHEN QUAKE HURLS IT OFF CENTER

Tremendous Earthquake Shock Is Felt in Various Parts of Country—Tons of Earth in Upheaval

New York, Jan. 31.—The earth in its dizzy whirl through space got off center for a few moments today and shifted its axis to fit new center of rotation. Then in order not to travel on a "flat wheel" so to speak, a few million tons of rock somewhere off the United States coast in the bed of the Pacific "slipped" some few hundred feet, seismographs showing a deviation of a millimeter and a half. That is the way that professors of geology and seismograph men account for the violent vibrations recorded on seismographs over the country today.

The shift happens from time to time and the absence of a tidal wave this time led observers to believe that it occurred miles under the bed of the sea.

FORD RETAIL SALES GO OVER MILLION

Show Increase of 105,000 Cars and Trucks Over Previous Year

Retail sales of Ford cars, trucks and Fordson tractors have again exceeded the million mark for the year 1921, according to a statement given out today by the Ford Motor company.

The Ford factory and assembly plant production figures reached a total of 1,050,740 cars, trucks and tractors for the year, with retail sales by dealers approximating 1,093,000, which in the United States alone surpassed the 1920 retail sales record by 104,213 Ford cars and trucks.

The Ford company says the outlook for 1922 is decidedly optimistic. In fact, concrete evidences already exist in that car and truck retail sales for December 1921 exceeded December 1920 sales by almost 25 per cent, and Fordson tractor retail sales for the same period show an increase of over 100 per cent for December 1921, as well as an increase over the total tractor sales for the month of November.

These facts seem to indicate that not only are the farmers buying more freely, but that the general public is becoming more responsive and receptive.

Another point brought out by a comparison of production figures for the past two years shows that Ford enclosed cars are gaining in popularity, as 23 per cent of the 1921 production were sedans and coupes as against a total of 18 per cent for the year previous.

Recent reductions in Ford car and truck prices brought them to a low level. The touring car now sells for \$348, the runabout for \$319, the coupe for \$380, the sedan for \$645, the chassis for \$285, and the truck for \$430, all f. o. b. Detroit.

This is the fourth price cut in the past sixteen months. During that time the price of the touring car alone has been cut from \$575 to \$348, a reduction of 40 per cent. Reductions on some of the other types have been even greater.

The Ford company believes that this reduction, while not a large one, is especially important at this time, as it should go a long way toward stabilizing market conditions.

Ford is giving employment at present to approximately 40,000 men in his main plant at Detroit, the importance of which is emphasized when consideration is given to the fact that near 20 per cent of the city's population is directly dependent upon the Ford Motor company.

Dickert-Schumpert Chapter

The Dickert-Schumpert chapter, Children of the Confederacy, will meet with Miss Troxelle Wright on Saturday afternoon at 3:30, February 4.

Troxelle Wright, President. Benetta Buzhardt, Secretary.

Death of an Infant

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Ben F. Woodward, Walter Lee, died January 28, 1922. He was born June 30, 1921, age six months and twenty-eight days. The burial was conducted at St. Paul's Lutheran church on Sunday afternoon, the 29th inst., by Pastor W. H. Dutton, assisted by Rev. Paul Kennette.

SENATE ACCEPTS FELDER PORTRAIT

PRESENTED BY MRS. WILLIAM V. IZLAR OF ATLANTA

Senators Hutson and Johnstone Pay Tribute to Late Member and to Donor

The State.

Acceptance of the portrait of the late John M. Felder of Orangeburg was the only action in the senate last night. The portrait was presented by Mrs. William V. Izlar of Atlanta, formerly of Orangeburg.

Senator Hutson of Orangeburg made the presentation speech, giving a history of Mr. Felder's life and service to the state of South Carolina.

Mr. Felder was born July 7, 1782, in Orange parish, Senator Hutson said, and was graduated from Yale university in 1804 with John C. Calhoun. He was admitted to the bar in 1808 and practiced law in Orangeburg for a number of years. His service to the state and nation was more than 40 years, Mr. Hutson said.

In 1812 Mr. Felder was elected to the house of representatives from Orange parish and in 1814 he was re-elected. In 1816 he was chosen senator, but in 1820 he was defeated for the senate. He was, however, re-elected to the house of representatives after being defeated for the senate and in 1830 he was chosen to represent his district in congress, serving from 1831-1835 when he decided to retire from public life. After a few years of retirement he was again elected to the state senate in 1840 and served until his death, September 1, 1851.

Senator Hutson spoke in the highest of terms of the service of Mr. Felder and paid touching tribute to Mrs. Izlar for presenting the portrait where it may inspire generations unborn.

Senator Johnstone of Newberry moved acceptance of the portrait and then paid glowing tributes to the work of the late Mr. Felder. Senator Johnstone spoke of the life of John C. Calhoun and Mr. Felder, who were classmates in college and life. He spoke reverently of Mrs. Izlar for her gift to the senate and moved that the portrait be placed in a suitable place where it might be viewed by future generations and help guide them in their work. Senators Duncan and Pearce seconded motion of the senator from Newberry and the portrait was then delivered to the sergeant-at-arms.

Senator Johnstone, president pro tempore, called Senator Black of Bamberg to the chair to preside over the exercises as Mr. Johnstone wished to make a few remarks.

BASE SUBSTITUTE ON PRESENT LAW

Hamblin and Blease Submit New Fifty-five Hour Measure. Debate Adjourned

The State, 1st.

Representatives J. K. Hamblin of Union and Eugene S. Blease of Newberry are the authors of a new substitute bill for the original Hamblin-Hendricks 48 hour measure, which they introduced in the house yesterday. Debate on the original measure, the judiciary committee substitute and the Hamblin-Blease substitute was postponed until today to permit the printing of the proposed substitute.

This new substitute provides for the reenactment of the cotton mill labor act of 1916 with the one change that the maximum working week is fixed at 55 hours instead of 60. Loom fixers and section men are also included in the provisions of the bill, exceptions being made in the case of mechanics, engineers, firemen, watchmen, teamsters, yard employees and clerical forces. The bill also provides that the mills may operate up to 60 hours to make up lost time, providing that the lost time is made up within three months.

And now the Irish agitators in this country will have to find something else to do.

Too many young men seem to think a sitting down job will improve their standing.

STUDENTS MEET TO MAKE PLANS

Greenwood Gets Ready for Oratorical Meet—Not to Have Dance

The State.

Greenwood, Jan. 30.—Completion of plans for the annual state college oratorical contest to be held here on April 21, marked the meeting of the executive council of the South Carolina intercollegiate oratorical association which met here Saturday. Representatives of all the male colleges of South Carolina except the University of South Carolina whose representative could not attend, were present. No important changes were made in the constitution and by-laws governing the association.

Resolutions were passed expressing the association's disapproval of dances given under the name of "Oratorical Contest Dances," and a motion was passed declining to sponsor any such dance. President R. B. Curry and Vice President K. Baker of the chamber of commerce appeared before the executive council and pledged Greenwood's support in the coming contest.

Officers of the association follow: President, George B. Buell, College of Charleston; vice president, T. J. Herbert, Wofford college; recording secretary, Ellison M. Smith, University of South Carolina; corresponding secretary, Herbert Crawford, Presbyterian college; treasurer, H. S. Altman, Clemson; executive committee: J. K. Stewart, Erskine; A. G. Allen, Furman; C. H. Epting, Newberry; E. T. Moore, the Citadel. All of the officers attended the meeting except Mr. Smith of the University of South Carolina.

JEWS WILL ASSIST KIN IN OLD WORLD

Jews Asked to Respond to Drive for Funds For Hebrew People in War-Stricken Area

Jews of this section will be given an opportunity to assist their suffering brethren of the war-ridden lands of Europe in a campaign to open in this state February 5, to raise \$100,000 for relief of starving Jews of the Old World. August Kahn of Columbia is chairman of the state and other officers have been selected to put the big campaign over in the four day period set for its execution.

Morris Rosenbaum of Greenwood will have charge of all work in the Yiddish relief work in third congressional district of which Newberry is a part. Mr. Rosenbaum is expected to appoint a local chairman within a few days, in order that work may begin promptly on February 5.

The entire state has been divided up as per its congressional districts and over each of these a chairman has been placed. Mr. Rosenbaum of this district being one of this number. These district leaders will name local representatives in each city and town and thus the work will be carried on throughout the state.

The Hebrew people have responded liberally at all times to various calls for relief work. The approaching drive will be very similar to one carried out over the country some three years ago.

Not only Jews, but any one, may assist in the movement, which in its aims is so far above race or creed.

The \$100,000 quota for the state will be assessed chiefly against Charleston, Columbia, Spartanburg and Greenville, it is understood.

DIES IN AUTOMOBILE

Margaret E. Snelgrove Succumbs on Way to Hospital

The State, Feb. 1.

Margaret E. Snelgrove, the 20 months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Snelgrove of Whitmire, died in an automobile on the road between Prosperity and Columbia last night while being brought to Columbia for hospital treatment for acidosis. The body will be carried back to Whitmire this morning to be later taken to Bovessville, Ga. Mrs. Snelgrove's former home, where the funeral will be held.

Mr. and Mrs. Snelgrove have many friends who extend sympathy in the parents' bereavement.

COURT OPINION FAVORS GEORGIA

DECISION TERMINATES BOUNDARY DISPUTE

South Carolina Loses Only One Contention Before Supreme Court of United States

Hugh W. Roberts in The State.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Associate Justice Clarke of the United States supreme court handed down an opinion today in the South Carolina-Georgia boundary case, the opinion sustaining Georgia's contention. The justice in his decision specified:

"(1) Where there are no islands in the boundary rivers, the location of the line between the two states is on the water midway between the main banks of the river when the water is at an ordinary stage.

"(2) Where there are islands, the line is midway between the island bank and the South Carolina shore when the water is at ordinary stage.

"(3) That lands in the Chattooga river are reserved to Georgia as completely as are those in the Savannah or Tugaloo rivers."

In the decision it is provided that counsel in the case may present a decree inside of 30 days to carry out the decision. A commission to locate the line may be appointed if desired. The cost of the action in the supreme court will be equally divided between South Carolina and Georgia.

A detailed historical sketch of the case was made by Justice Clarke, who quoted from authorities on both sides as far back as the Beaufort convention of 1778. In summing up the justice said the merits of the controversy were limited to the determination of the questions:

"(1) Whether the boundary line shall be located midway between the banks of each river where there are no islands, or at low water mark on the Georgia shore; (2) Whether the location of the boundary line where there are islands in the rivers, is in the middle of the stream running between any island and the South Carolina shore, or at low water mark on the southern or island shore of such stream; and (3) Whether any island there may be in the Chattooga river is within the territorial jurisdiction of Georgia."

In his opinion Justice Clarke commented: "The taxation of dams and hydro-electric plants, already constructed and hereafter to be constructed, in the boundary rivers renders the decision of the questions involved of importance to the two states."

Georgia originally contended that the South Carolina banks of the three rivers were the boundary line between the two states, but after the action had gone to the supreme court amended the case so as to claim only the mid-stream of all the rivers except where there were islands and the mid-stream of the channel between the southern shore of the islands and the South Carolina banks.

South Carolina contended for the mid-stream of the three rivers and the northern banks of the islands as the boundary, the islands themselves never being an issue as they were ceded to Georgia in the Beaufort treaty. In the decision yesterday South Carolina only loses the point of mid-stream between the northern bank of the islands, the court fixing the line in mid-stream of any flow around the islands instead of the northern bank as contended by Attorney General Wolfe of South Carolina.

Under the decision of the court any power plant built upon the islands of the river will not be subject to taxation by South Carolina unless part of the power is developed from one-half of the water between the island and the South Carolina shore. As for the islands in the Chattooga river, there are none of any importance, according to those who are familiar with this stream.

"The decision is in accord with South Carolina's contention in her pleadings with the exception that the court makes the thread or mid-stream principle apply where there are islands; whereas, South Carolina contended for the northern bank of the island as the line where the streams

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