

## BULL VS BEAR

Why the Government Prosecutes One and Let the Other Go Free.

### GIVES A POOR EXCUSE

Why the Man Who Tries to Raise the Price of Cotton Breaks the Law, While the Man Who Tries to Lower the Price Does Not Break the Law.

The following correspondence explains itself:

Abbeville, S. C., Oct. 31, 1911.

Hon. Geo. W. Wickersham, Attorney General, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir: I note that the case against the Wall street "bulls" charging them with cornering cotton is still in the courts and assume that you will push the prosecution to a conclusion. While I do not concur in the opinion that it was the proper function of the government to interfere with the enhanced value of a commodity that meant so much for the wealth of this country, I assume that you can justify the prosecution legally.

If then the government had a legal right to proceed against a combination of speculators whose purpose was to force it has the same legal right to proceed against a combination whose purpose is to force down the price of the same commodity.

Of the American cotton crop, approximately one-half is sold in foreign markets. A decline of two cents per pound means the loss to this country of \$60,000,000 and to the Southern farmer of \$120,000,000. It is certain that "bear" pressure on Wall street has forced a decline of fully three cents per pound in the present market, thereby robbing the South of approximately \$105,000,000, and giving it to foreign spinners. This decline has been brought about by the bear element overselling the market, publishing false or misleading statements, and combining to keep buyers out of the market. With no extensive knowledge of exchange methods, I think it is safe to say that if a combination may advance the market, a combination may likewise depress it, and the fact is, it is now being done.

Then should not the government interpose? If it was right in the former instance it is right in this; and when the wealth of the nation is threatened and the competency of Southern homes is being absorbed by the foreigners, should not the government at least place the weight of its influence and power with its own citizens? An investigation of "bear" tactics would probably reveal ample ground for criminal action against the leaders and prosecution would probably dissolve the unfair combination and allow cotton to resume its normal price. At any rate it seems incumbent on the government, in the premises, to throw the weight of its power with the people.

This letter is not written in any carping spirit, but in the hope that you may see the other side of the question, as the cotton producer sees it, and use the arm of the law, as far as possible for their relief. I would rather have an expression of opinion from you, as to whether such a prosecution would, in your judgment, be entertained by the courts, and if it would, what likelihood there is, if any, of the department of justice taking such a step.

Living in this section where cotton is the prevailing crop, it is a great disappointment to me that the producer should be robbed of his legitimate profit on that crop. If the government can extend any aid, it could never come more timely.

Respectfully,  
Wyatt Aiken, M. C.

Mr. Wickersham's Reply.  
Office of Attorney General, Washington, D. C., Nov. 6, 1911.

Hon. Wyatt Aiken, M. C., Abbeville, South Carolina.

My Dear Sir: I have your favor of 31st ultimo. I quite agree with you on the general proposition that, in cornering a product which is dealt in interstate commerce, for the purpose of increasing its price, is illegal, similar cornering for the purpose of depressing its price is likewise illegal. The formation of a corner for the increasing of the price is easily understood. A number of men get together and, by their combined means or credit, buy up enough of the commodity to control the market, withhold it from sale until the demand for it forces the price to the point at which they are willing to let it go, and thereby impose upon the manufacturer, who must use the product, the burden of an artificial price.

It is not so clear by what process a "bear pool" is organized or conducted, and I have no evidence in this department of a tangible character which enables me to form the opinion that any designated individuals have combined to depress the price of cotton below its normal figure. Moreover, it is not quite clear in my mind how such a "bear pool" can operate to restrain interstate commerce. I suppose the method by which such a combination would operate would be to throw upon the market at a given time a quantity of a commodity in excess of the demand which would result in its being taken only at prices

## State House AT SERVES

JAIL SENTENCE FOR ABDUCTOR OF YOUNG GIRL.

Her Preacher Affinity Doffs His Disgraced Ministerial Garb for Prison Stripes.

A dispatch from Shelby, N. C., says Rev. B. L. Padgett, the holiness minister indicted under several charges for illegal relations with pretty Miss Carrie Stockton of Kings Mountain, was convicted of the most serious of the charges against him in the superior court of Cleveland county at that place. Judge Webb sentenced Padgett to two years in the State penitentiary, and Solicitor Wilson cancelled the other indictments against him.

Padgett is a tall, rather handsome man, with an intellectual face. He first knew the Stockton girl when she was a mere child, twelve years ago, and has been going to her home in Kings Mountain since that time. Some time ago he held a series of meetings there and boarded at the Stockton home, several members of the family being members of his church. He seemed to be infatuated with this little daughter and made gifts of clothing and jewelry.

There are other indictments standing against Padgett in Burke County, N. C., and Greenville, S. C., both growing out of his relations with the Stockton girl. The charge against him at Greenville is for kidnaping the girl, the arrest having been made in Atlanta. He will be turned over to the Greenville authorities when he completes his sentence in North Carolina. The charge against him in Burke County is a more serious one than that on which he was convicted at Shelby, having been a capital offense prior to a charge of statute a few years ago.

During the trial Mrs. Padgett and his daughter sat besides him and listened intently to the evidence. Many people were at Shelby from Kings Mountain, where the sentiment is strong against him, and the court room was crowded throughout the hearing of the evidence. The Stockton holding a position as superintendent of the spinning room in one of the large mills there.

which the purchasers thought would enable them to sell at a profit.

I don't at all know what the practice is among the cotton growers in your State, for instance, respecting the sale of their product. When I last had occasion to examine the question, which was a few years ago, the crop was pretty generally sold to the cotton factors before it was picked, the price being based upon the prevailing price of the previous year, and increased or decreased according to the ratio between the crop produced in the country the preceding year, and the estimated crop of the current year.

Generally speaking, I take it that the "bulls" and "bears" are the brokers who, on the cotton exchange, at a given time, are seeking to increase and depress prices respectively. The "bears" are trying to beat down the prices in order to buy at a lower figure and the "bulls" are trying to run prices up in order to sell at a higher figure.

The interests of the spinners would be, generally, with the "bears," and the interests of the factors, or cotton dealers, would be with the "bulls." A "bear" movement would be initiated if, for example, concerns dealing in cotton had borrowed very largely on a close margin and, for some reason or other, were compelled to sell for the purpose of meeting other loans, and a movement, once begun, toward the lowering of prices, would be apt to gain headway because other people, having cotton on margin, would be fearful of greater loss if they waited until the price went lower, and so would rush into the market determined to get rid of their product at a given time.

How a "bear pool" would operate, I confess I do not quite understand, nor do I know of the existence of any such pool. By pool I mean a group of men who, for the purpose of controlling the price of a commodity, in their own interest, buy a sufficiently large amount of the property to enable them to control the price in the market. I write, giving you just my impressions of the subject, because you may have fuller knowledge than I, and I should be very glad to have you give me any detailed information available to you, going to show the existence and operation of any combination formed for the purpose of depressing the price of cotton.

In the proceeding against those engaged in the so-called "bull cotton pool" which the government brought a year or so ago, the United States circuit court in New York held that "corners" were illegal and immoral, but that a combination formed to corner and enhance the price of cotton did not operate in restraint of interstate commerce even though, as was alleged in the indictment, was necessary effect, as well as the intended purpose, of the combination was to increase the price which the spinners had to pay, and, as a matter of fact, by so increasing the price a large percentage of the spinners had refrained from manufacture and had thereby been restrained in commerce among the several States. An appeal from the judgment of the court, sustaining a demurrer to the essential counts of the indictment, has been argued in

## SAYS HE WAS THE MAN

ATLANTA JUDGE SAYS GAME WAS WORKED ON HIM.

The Case of the Want Ad. Wooing Preacher in Atlanta Seems to Be Mixed Up.

An Atlanta dispatch says the Ferrell matrimonial case is holding the minds of people of that city puzzled, as one development follows another in surprising succession. Letters have been received by Judge Nash R. Broyles from Gaffney, S. C., indicating that the man who appeared before him last Thursday saying he was the Rev. W. A. Ferrell was an impersonator who simply wanted to clear the name of Ferrell.

On November 1 a man giving his name as Rev. W. A. Ferrell was arrested on complaint of a young lady, the man having answered anonymously an advertisement she placed in the paper asking for a position as bookkeeper and offering to marry her. The case was dismissed as the man's proposition seemed to have been sincere.

Last Thursday another gentleman presented himself to Judge Broyles with letters showing he was Rev. W. A. Ferrell and declared that the first man was an impostor who had used his name without authority. The judge gave him a letter of exoneration.

Letters just received indicate that a friend of the real Rev. Ferrell who was in fact tried in Atlanta, came to Atlanta and obtained the exoneration by deception. A picture was sent in one of the letters—a miniature of Rev. W. A. Ferrell—and it is pronounced by the judge and court attendants as a photograph of the man who was tried at Atlanta for his want-ad wooing.

The case seems to be much mixed up. Mr. Ferrell may have to appeal to his conference, which soon meets at Bennettsville to look into the matter and exonerate him. This is the best course for him to pursue if he was not really the man who was tried before Judge Broyles at Atlanta.

## ESCAPES WITH WRONG TWIN.

Planned to Wed Mary, But Took Sister Betty by Mistake.

Capt. Harry R. Edwards of the schooner May H. eloped from Kent Island Monday night with Miss Betty Harrison, daughter of G. F. Harrison, a farmer who lives near Annapolis, Ind.

Edwards spent his vacation last summer at a house near that of the Harrisons, who had twin daughters. People living on the Island have often mistaken one of them for the other and that was what Edwards did when he eloped Monday night. He landed from the schooner intending to elope with Mary Harrison. He met Betty first, and thinking she was Mary hurried her off to a parson and then aboard the schooner.

The schooner is somewhere in Chesapeake Bay, with Edwards and his wife aboard, headed for Baltimore, while Mary is mourning the fate that leaves her a single woman. It was reported last summer that Betty was jealous of the attention paid her sister by Edwards, and it is believed she learned Edwards was going to marry Mary, and decided the best way to stop it was to marry him herself.

## YOUNG GIRL WAS KILLED

And Her Body Was Thrown in the Miami River.

A Miami, Fla., dispatch says that Hattie Parcel, the 15-year-old girl whose body was found in the Miami river was dead when thrown in the water, was the principal testimony brought out at Tuesday's trial of P. C. Cox, charged with the murder. The evidence was given by Dr. A. G. Post, who conducted the post-mortem examination. According to Dr. Post, the girl's wounds indicated that she had been killed with a sand-bag and that she had been dead about twelve hours when found. The condition of the body indicated that it had been in the water only about eight hours, as there was no water in the lungs or stomach. It is expected that it will be several days before the State's evidence is completed.

the supreme court of the United States and is now under consideration. If the court shall decide the essential question involved and not let the case go off on a technical matter of pleading, we may have some light which will be of aid in the enforcement of the law against other combinations of a like character. But, aside from that, my greatest difficulty I should have in dealing with the case you mention is what I have outlined above.

Very respectfully,  
Geo. W. Wickersham,  
Attorney General.

Client Thrashes Lawyer.

When he lost his case in the police court at Richmond, Va., Encole S. Brezeli, a tailor, turned upon and violently assaulted his lawyer, Walter Rhodes. Justice Turner ordered Brezeli imprisoned for 20 days, but the forgiving attorney sought clemency for his client, and saved him from jail.

## TAFT HIT HARD

Democrats Have Just as Much to Crow About as Republicans.

### RESULTS OF ELECTION

The Opinion in Washington is That the Administration Can Console Itself But Little by the Returns from the Late Election Throughout the Country.

While both Republicans and Democrats in Washington, which includes a few senators and representatives who happen to be there, are able to point out plausible grounds of comfort in Tuesday's election results, all admit that there is in them but slight consolation for the Taft administration.

Republicans here are congratulating themselves upon the General Assembly elections in New York and New Jersey, and upon the victory of Goldsborough, Republican, over Gorman, Democrat, in the race for governor of Maryland. All this the Democrat's discount by insisting that these particular results carry no national significance whatever except a growth in popular revulsion against machine politics.

In New York, they assert, there was the oft-recurring revolt against Tammany, which follows as day the night the triumph of that organization; that there was popular objection to Tammany seeking political power and control beyond its own Manhattan balliwick, which it has striven to accomplish in the present legislature; that in New York, as in New Jersey, at the very worst for the Democrats, the Republicans have merely regained legislature districts which they have habitually dominated.

For themselves, the Democrats cite Massachusetts, where, under the leadership of Senators Lodge and Crane, with all the Federal administration forces, the Republicans made almost frenzied efforts and appeals to Bay State voters to elect their ticket and repudiate all encouragement for Democratic victory next year. In no state election in an off year was a national issue ever more clearly and unmistakably forced than by the Republicans in Massachusetts, when this year they thrust the salvation of the protective tariff to the front as the paramount issue.

Foss, the Democratic candidate, met the issue squarely and defiantly, reminding voters that he was personally interested in manufacturing industries in the state and that he was not going to favor any policy of rule or ruin, but would insist upon equal opportunities for consumers and producers alike. In Massachusetts the most desperate arguments were used to rally the Republicans to the support of President Taft in this election as significant of next year's result. In that state only, Democrats contend, was there in the tariff issue a campaign of real national importance, and naturally they are highly elated over the returns.

Looked at in the presidential prospect, the election results are even more interesting as affecting the personal fortunes of aspirants for the White House. For President Taft the results in Massachusetts and in Ohio hold bitter cups to his lips; but there is nobody to be heard doubting that he will be nominated, notwithstanding the comment that his long trip through the West and his numerous speeches, widely and fully published as they were, have injured, instead of helped him.

The La Follette Republicans are unfeignedly pleased with the disappointment visited upon the administration and it is not doubted they will redouble their efforts to gain strength in the Republican national convention. There is even talk among them of making an organized effort to get delegates for the Wisconsin senator in the Southern states.

As to the Democratic aspirants, it is generally conceded that if any Democrat has been hurt by the result it is Woodrow Wilson in New Jersey, because of the defeat of certain members of the legislature for whom he made particularly earnest efforts. If any Democrat has been aided in his aspirations toward the highest honor it is Judson Harmon, it is conceded. The repeated successes of the Ohio Democrats since they chose Harmon for their leader, signaled again by the brilliant municipal election victories in Cleveland and Cincinnati, were common topics here and it is realized that Harmon stock is bound to grow stronger.

Senator Robert L. Taylor expressed himself as delighted with the result in Kentucky, where he said he had helped Ollie James to "shell the woods."

Leg Cut Off by Box Car.  
While standing on a passenger track at Spartanburg Junction Tuesday afternoon, watching a south-bound train pull out, General Foreman J. W. Rideout, of the Southern Railway, was struck by a box car, which was backed up against him. He was dragged ten or fifteen feet and his left leg completely severed from his body.

## TELLS AWFUL STORY

ENGLISH OFFICER WRITES OF ITALIAN CRUELTY.

Lieut. Herbert Montague Declares That European Troops Are Practicing Barbarous Atrocities.

A cablegram from London says agitation against atrocities by Italians in Tripoli, which has sprung up in the British press and is supported by a few members of the house of commons since uncensored reports arrived from English newspaper correspondents concerning recent occurrences in Tripoli, received fresh impetus through a telegram received by a news agency from Herbert Montague, a second lieutenant in the Fifth Fusiliers. He telegraphed from Soukell, via the Tunis frontier:

"I feel it my duty to send to you the following telegram and beg you in the name of Christianity to publish it throughout England. I am an English officer, now a volunteer, serving in the Turkish army here.

"As you know already about the ferocious resistance which the Turks and Arabs are offering the Italians, I will only express my admiration for their bravery and fortitude, which would warm the hearts of any Englishman or of any true soldier in the world.

"Imagine my feelings when, on entering and driving the Italians out of Arab houses, which they had fortified and were holding, we discovered the bodies of some 120 women and children with their hands and feet bound, mutilated, pierced and torn. Later on we found a mosque filled with bodies of women and children mutilated almost beyond recognition. I could not count them, but there must have been 300 or 400.

"Can not England do something to stop such horror. In our Christian times you can hardly believe it, but it is true nevertheless. I myself have seen it, so I know. Even now we are getting news of further massacres of women discovered on different farms lately occupied by Italians when they slaughtered the innocents obviously was one of revenge for their heavy losses in battle. We are at this point under a heavy shrapnel of fire, so you must excuse me if the sentences are somewhat disjointed. There is also an aeroplane circling over our position and directing the enemy's gun fire on us."

## THEY WANT FIEND'S LIFE.

Angry Mob Threatens to Lynch Assault of Young Girl.

At Meyersdale, Pa., hundreds of enraged citizens surrounded the borough jail Friday night, threatening to lynch Isaiah Dorman, aged 22, a negro, who is alleged to have attacked Ethel Morgan, a white child, aged 9 years Thursday night. After making two attempts to get the negro to the county jail at Somerset, Pa., the authorities were compelled to rush the prisoner back to the borough jail. At each attempt the mob intercepted them and almost secured the negro. At 9:30 they decided to barricade the jail and try to keep off the mob until reinforcements arrive. Recruits are pouring in from the country districts to aid the mob, while men are being summoned from all parts of the country to protect the negro.

## SUGGS ABDUCTED A GIRL.

Arrested in Darlington and Carried Back to Florence.

Winston L. Suggs, a white man about 28 years of age, was arrested in Darlington Tuesday, charged with abducting a young white girl who is a member of a well known family of Florence. Suggs was taken up on a warrant issued by the mother of the child, and taken to Florence for a hearing. A preliminary was held before Magistrate McCleneghan, and Suggs was committed to jail to await trial. It is stated that Suggs married into a prominent family in Florence.

## WAS KILLED IN GIN.

Two Brothers Met Death at Different Times Same Way.

Mr. Wyatt H. Wiggins, a prosperous farmer and a prominent citizen of Coats, N. C., was killed instantly Wednesday, when he was caught on the line-shaft of his gin. Mr. Wiggins was working near the gin and in some manner his clothing was caught in the shafting and he was hurried to his death before the machinery could be stopped. Mr. Wiley Wiggins, a brother of the deceased, was killed in Georgia about twenty years ago in exactly the same manner.

Farmers Holding Cotton.  
Many counties are making reports to the State Farmers' union at Columbia on the cotton holding plan. A score of farmers report that 502 bales of cotton have been pledged in Anderson county.

Yacht Missing.  
The steam yacht Alvina owned by Jos. F. Cole of Duluth, Minn., has not reported her whereabouts since the "big blow" of Saturday and early inquiries Tuesday failed to give any trace of her.

## GREAT PANIC AT AMOY

TAOTAI CHANG FLED TO HONG KONG DURING NIGHT.

Fear of Poisoned Wells Allayed by Arrival of American and British Warships as City Passes to Rebels.

The Republican tri-color waves over Amoy, China, now. There is no disorder, the shops remain open and there is a general feeling of relief. Early Tuesday morning crowds began to assemble for a conference with the revolutionary leaders.

At 2:30 o'clock the gunboat Quen-kai, flying the dragon flag cast off her lines and steamed out of the harbor. Then about 1,000 revolutionists formed in line and marched to the walled city where they raised the Republican emblem over the Taotai's palace at 2:05 o'clock.

Simultaneously a few tri-colors were displayed in other quarters of the city. Many Japanese and white flags also appeared.

Excitement that preceded the change of government was quickly allayed. Fear of excesses had kept the populace in a nervous state. For several days there had been no local government and the maintenance of public order devolved upon volunteer guards recruited from the best families.

On Sunday representatives of the conservative element who favored the temporary independence of the city made a futile attempt to compromise with the radical faction which demanded the surrender of the city to the revolutionists. Monday night it was plain the radicals were in control and, alarmed at the possibility of mob rule Taotai Chang fled to Hong Kong.

Throughout the night a feeling of uneasiness prevailed and this was increased Tuesday morning that the wells of the city had been poisoned by Manchus from Foochow. Later in the day quiet prevailed. The arrival of the American cruiser Saratoga, the monitor Monterey and the gunboat Quires and the British torpedo boat destroyers Janus and Virago this morning helped to restore confidence.

Thirteen vessels of the Imperial fleet went over to the revolutionists at Shanghai Tuesday morning, hoisting the white flag between 9 and 10 o'clock. One of the largest cruisers steamed up the river past the settlement and dropped the white ensign in salute to the foreign warships, to which none of them responded.

## POISON IN BODIES EXHUMED.

Stronger Case Against Chicago Woman Now Near Death.

Poison found in the viscera of two more of the ten persons who had died mysteriously beneath the roof of Mrs. Louise Vermilya, Chicago, made more than tangible Friday the suspicions and accusation made against the woman. She still is at the county jail hospital, where she lies ill from attempts to take her own life. Toxicologist Walter L. Haines Friday notified the coroner's office that arsenic was present in large quantities in the viscera of Conductor Richard T. Smith and of Frank Brinkamp, the latter being Mrs. Vermilya's son. In the case of Frank Brinkamp, Mrs. Vermilya's favorite son, the fiancée of the boy induced an investigation.

## DEMOCRATS WIN NEW MEXICO.

Elect All State Officers and One United States Senator.

In her first election New Mexico goes Democratic. The entire Democratic State ticket headed by W. C. McDonald for governor, as well as congressional candidates H. B. Ferguson and Paz Valverde, have majorities between five and six thousand.

With many outlying districts unheard from, interest in Tuesday's elections centers in the neck and neck race between the Republicans and Democrats and Progressive Republicans' coalition for the control of the legislature, which elected two United States senators.

Latest returns give the Republicans 33 out of 72 votes in the joint assembly and the coalition 35 with four seats in doubt. Should the coalition control the legislature, it is expected that one of the new senators will be a Democrat.

## SAME OLD GAME

Trust People Using the Usual Tactics to Beat Democratic Party.

### BUSINESS DEPRESSION

Being Sprung to Frighten Voters of the Country Into a State of Mind That Will Make Them Fear to Put in a Power an Administration Which Will Cut Tariff Duties.

The Washington correspondent of the Greenville Daily Piedmont says the trust game of bringing out the old Dogey Man called "Business Depression"—who always is kept right up in the front part of the stage when ever an election approaches—is being played again. From Wall street comes the cry that Democratic investigations, and Supreme court decisions, and the cry for low tariff, and a dozen other such calamities are constantly threatening business.

The purpose of the walls, it is becoming more and more apparent, is to gradually frighten the voters of the country into a state of mind that will make them fear to put in power an administration which will cut the high tariff duties.

The trusts pretend to be greatly wrought up over recent suits against some of their number. They pretend, for instance, to be in a panic because of the suit against the steel trust, and are trying to make the country believe such activities as these against Big Business will result in a general industrial depression.

And while they are sending out these alarms they know that the suit against the steel trust will amount to nothing as long as a Republican administration is in power to prosecute it. Similar suits were filed against the beef trust by a Republican attorney general eight years ago, and that suit hasn't progressed an inch since it was filed, notwithstanding that it has been held up dozens of times as a "horrible example" of the way the politicians were disturbing business.

If the suit against the steel trust were prosecuted with all reasonable despatch it would require two or three years to get it before the Supreme court, hence the cry that this suit "alarms business" becomes ridiculous.

The real reason business is alarmed, if it is true that business is alarmed—which is a question that is open to argument—is the fear of those business men who operate on a moderate scale that the money trust is getting a grip on the industrial situation which no political party will be able to break.

These small business men are apprehensive only in the degree that they fear the money trust controlled by Morgan will make some move to discipline those who are crying for a low tariff, and for some relief from the abnormally high cost of living.

The Morgan crowd is standpat Republican to the core, and regardless of what Wall street talks about now, there is little doubt that what it is thinking about is the possibility of a tariff cut by the Democrats. To forestall this menace the billionaires are stirring up the old cry of "danger to business," and getting ready to make their usual attempt to coerce another Stand Pat Republican victory a year from now.

The tariff is still the issue on which the two parties must fight it out next year. Knowing this, Wall street is already laying plans and since the only weapon these money barons know how to use, since they have neither facts nor justice to aid them, is the threat of slack business. Their present walls simply are practice stunts to get the old bogey in working order for the coming campaign.

## DODGES FANGS OF DEATH.

Bronx Zoo Keeper Ducks and Cobra Strikes the Ground.

The New York World says a ten-foot king cobra at the Bronx Zoo gave a performance Sunday that was entirely unlooked for by the throng gathered in front of his cage. The spectators had been attracted by the snake's hostile attitude toward a small black snake, which he was handling in the manner in which a cat teases a mouse.

Keeper Charles Snyder opened the door in the rear of the cage to assist the black snake. The cobra coiled and flung himself toward Snyder. The keeper ducked and the snake landed on the ground. Then there was action, enjoyed by the crowd safe in front. A snake fears a shovel or a broom. Attendees soon had one of each at work, but at that it required an hour to get the cobra back into his cage.

## Died in a Little Pond.

Thomas Estridge, a white man, about 45 years old, committed suicide Friday by drowning, jumping into a pond near the Lancaster cotton mills. A party saw him when he jumped into the water and attempted to rescue him. He was in the last stages of pellagra. He leaves a blind wife,