

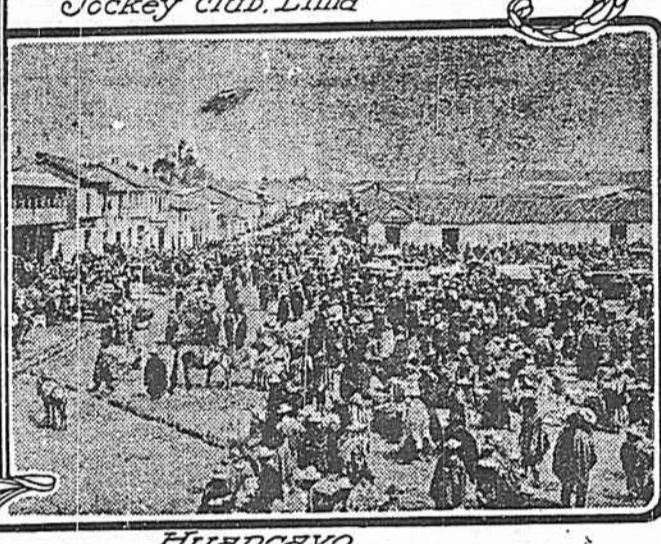
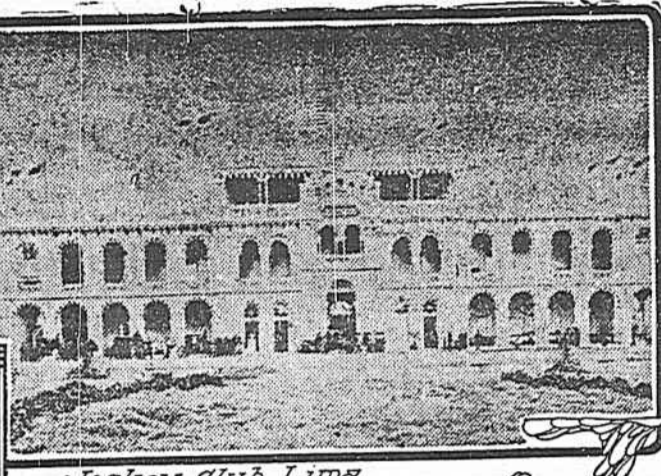
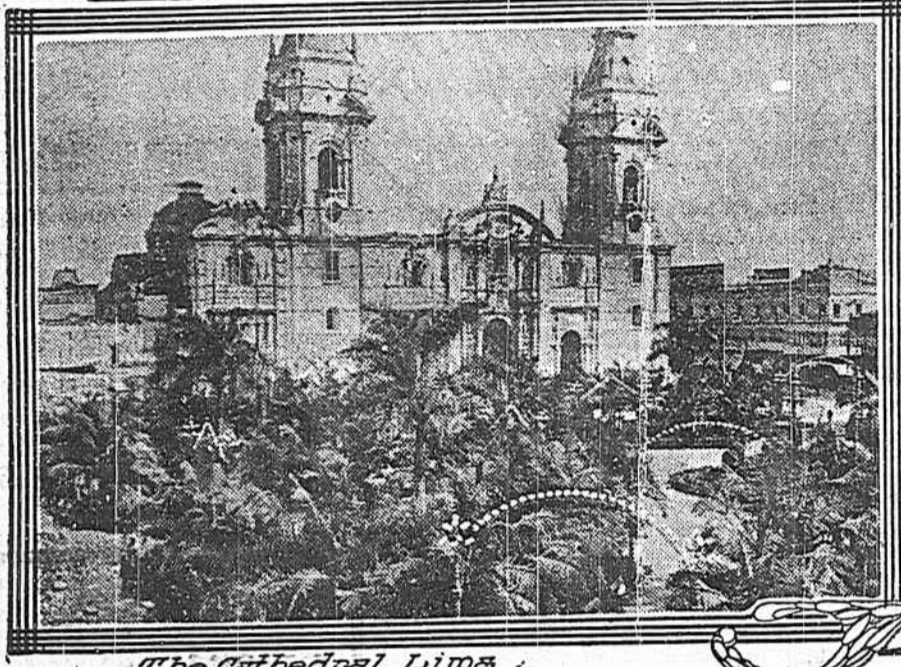
Mr. I. L. Showem

He Goes to Chastise an Editor

by Ryan Walker



PICTURESQUE PERU by Forbes Lindsey



Much of romance attaches to South America, growing out of the history of its ancient inhabitants and the story of the invasion of white men. In both respects Peru is richer than any other part of the continent. It was here that the Inca dynasty, founded by Manco Capac, Son of the Sun, had its seat; and here was the stage upon which moved the theatrical figure of Pizarro, greatest of the Conquistadores. Not even Montezuma's capital can boast the antiquity of Cuzco. It is the oldest city in the New World and was ancient when the Spaniards looted its temples.

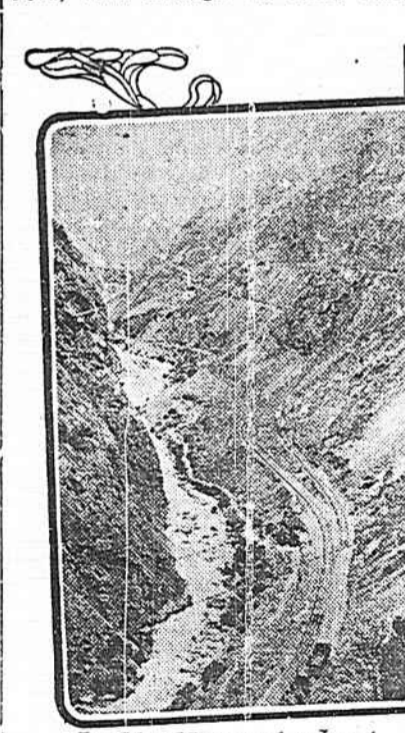
A narrow strip of sandy coast stretches for one thousand miles between Ecuador and Chile. At the back of it rises abruptly the purple wall of the Andes, capped by a chevron of firine of snowy peaks which seem to pierce the very skies. But at the greatest heights are massive ruins which indicate that once, in the long forgotten past, cities existed in this inhospitable region, where storms of wind, rain and hail are of constant occurrence.

Here one experiences greater changes of climate and environment in going three miles vertically than in going three thousand miles latitudinally. The ascent from the hot, barren littoral, is up through fertile foothills, to beautiful mountain valleys, filled with luxuriant vegetation and picturesque plateaus, sites of cities and numberless hamlets. Thence up to the icy passes of the belt of perpetual snow. On the other sides, again, rich, shallow valleys and grassy plains. And beyond these the Mantana—the vast forest region of the Amazon.

This extraordinarily diversified territory of Peru contains enormous mineral treasures and great agricultural resources, neither as yet exploited in any appreciable degree. The Department of Puno, in the south of the country contains one of the richest gold fields in the world, where the auriferous material lies in great banks, stretching for miles along the flanks of the Andes at elevations of 15,000 feet, and more. It has been estimated by experts that the great bank of Poto holds more gold than the total amount which California has produced. On the eastern slope are enormous deposits of gold-bearing gravel on old river beds and lake bottoms. Everywhere are excavations in the rock from which the Incas, and later their Indian taskmasters, the Spaniards, mined the precious metal. Then it is probable that vast quantities of pure gold lie hidden under the ground and beneath the waters of the lakes. More than one Spanish writer has expressed the belief that if the treasure buried by the Indians could be recovered, it would be found that all that the Spaniards obtained was little in comparison.

Silver is present in Peru in as wide an area as gold, and perhaps in larger quantities. The silver field in the Department of Junin has yielded according to government reports, upwards of \$250,000,000 in the past century. The altitude of its cities is one of the many peculiar conditions in Peru.

Callas, the port, is at sea-level. Lima is reached from it by a half hour's electric car ride, entailing only a slight ascent. Most of the other important cities are at elevations of 3,000 feet or over. Cuzco at 11,445, Juancavelica 12,530, Huaraz 10,000, and so on. The situations of these highland cities, in their settings of mountain scenery are singularly beautiful. They suffer, however, from the disadvantages of semi-isolation and slow, as well as difficult, inter-communication. Huaraz is a typical illustration. It stands in a valley 100 miles in length and from two to five miles in breadth. On either side the cordilleras raise their hoary heads. The entrance to the valley from the coast is by a pass 13,000 feet above sea-level and the exit from it to the east through another at 15,000 feet elevation. A river, which rises in one of the remarkable mountain lakes of Peru, flows through the valley and

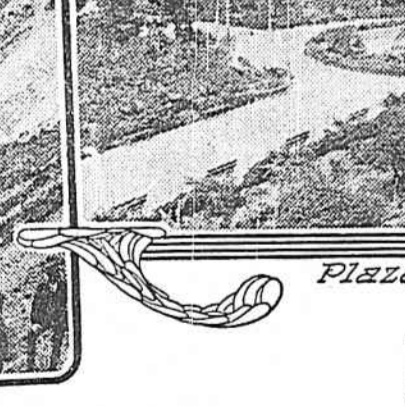


waters a considerable cultivated area. The city is built of stone, after the usual Spanish-American style, with a central plaza, a cathedral, and a few public buildings. Through the valley are dotted here and there a number of smaller towns and pueblos, bringing its total population up to about 10,000, the greater part of whom are Cholo Indians. Half the valley's inhabitants live in Huaraz. The people of the outlying villages are engaged in agriculture. Those of the city gain a living by mining and commerce with the exterior. The means of communication with the coast and points on the eastern slope is over difficult mountain paths, and burdens are carried by mules and llamas. In these mountain valleys great herds of alpacas, vicuñas, and llamas are pastured. The last named are as common a sight as pariah dogs in the mofussil of India. In the days of the Incas the llama was the sole beast of burden and to this day it is the surest and most useful in the mountain regions.

Lima is an attractive city architecturally, but its location on the coast makes it uncomfortably hot during the greater part of the year, although the climate is unusually healthy. It is distinctly a cosmopolitan city—Italians, Germans, French, Austrian, Chinamen and British are found there in considerable numbers, and among them a sprinkling of Americans, who make up for their lack of numbers by the importance of the interests which they represent. The Peruvian of the capital is much the same as the better class of Latin-Americans elsewhere—a dignified, genial, cultured, and hospitable gentleman. The Peruvians are justly proud of the fact that Lima contains the oldest university in the New World and one of the finest libraries of Spanish literature. The influence of this seat of learning is easily traceable in the native residents of the city. Among the better class of the in-

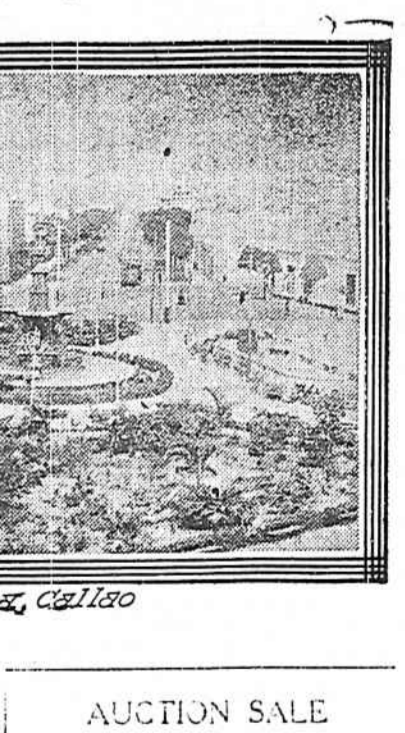
habitants at a time, sustained almost solely by the cocoa leaves, which are chewed in the same manner as the Kaffirs of South Africa eat the kola nut under similar circumstances.

Honesty is among the many admirable traits of the Cholo. He is a good husband and father, and unlike most Indians, does not impose the heaviest burdens on his women. Unfortunately the taste for alcohol has taken a strong hold on these people, and drunkenness is prevalent among men and women.



teriors at a time, sustained almost solely by the cocoa leaves, which are chewed in the same manner as the Kaffirs of South Africa eat the kola nut under similar circumstances. Honesty is among the many admirable traits of the Cholo. He is a good husband and father, and unlike most Indians, does not impose the heaviest burdens on his women. Unfortunately the taste for alcohol has taken a strong hold on these people, and drunkenness is prevalent among men and women. We hear a good deal of talk of reformatory work among the vicious poor, and certainly there is need of such work. But there is quite as much need that similar work be done among the vicious rich. Of the two classes the rich are the more dangerous to society because in the power which wealth, social position, and education give them their facilities for wrong doing are greater and their example and influence more potent.

Among the better class of the inhabitants at a time, sustained almost solely by the cocoa leaves, which are chewed in the same manner as the Kaffirs of South Africa eat the kola nut under similar circumstances. Honesty is among the many admirable traits of the Cholo. He is a good husband and father, and unlike most Indians, does not impose the heaviest burdens on his women. Unfortunately the taste for alcohol has taken a strong hold on these people, and drunkenness is prevalent among men and women. We hear a good deal of talk of reformatory work among the vicious poor, and certainly there is need of such work. But there is quite as much need that similar work be done among the vicious rich. Of the two classes the rich are the more dangerous to society because in the power which wealth, social position, and education give them their facilities for wrong doing are greater and their example and influence more potent.



terior towns, mesitos, or persons with a mixture of Indian blood, are in the majority. They are generally fairly well educated, intelligent, and eager for knowledge of the outer world. However, they display a marked lack of refinement and want of the appreciation of the comforts of life. Even when the ability to do otherwise exists, they commonly live in a primitive manner and without regard to cleanliness and hygiene. Indeed, were it not for the extreme healthfulness of the mountain climate, the Andean cities would be centres of disease. Despite their courtesy and hospitality, this distaste for water makes the Peruvian gentleman of the interior unattractive to Anglo-Saxons. The Cholo Indians are a simple, docile people, although semi-savage in the remoter districts. They have the usual characteristics of mountaineers, poetical temperament, tinged with melancholy and tainted with superstition. They are extremely hardy and courageous. A Cholo will make long and fatiguing journeys, abstaining altogether from food for

"Be It Ever So Humble, There's No Place Like Home."



Everybody's Coming Home From Everywhere

from the lake, from the seashore, from the dressy hotel, from the fishing camp, from the old farm, from a few days "off," and from all sorts of outings. "Nowhere to come but back," and mighty glad of it. No nicer town in the world to come back to, and we all help to make it so, if we do say it ourselves.

Now you're home again how about your clothes? Isn't your wardrobe a little depleted after the hard racket you have given your clothing during your outing? If so, we just want to remind you that our FALL and WIN-



TER SUITS are in and waiting for you. Prettier, sweller, or more desirable suits you never feasted your eyes upon. This is the home of new ideas and we will wager anything that you will never complain of a single price we name. Come see.

George V. Zeigler, Orangeburg, South Carolina.

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

\$10.00 a Day easily made selling our new census maps. Agent wanted in each county. Huse Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Order Now—We are ready to fill all your orders. Write for price list. Charleston Fruit Co., Charleston, S. C.

Small Cost—large profits breeding Duroc Jersey Hogs of finest strains. I can supply you. Frank C. Morris, Trivilians, Va.

For Sale—Five thousand bushels Genuine Rust Proof Seed Oats. Prices very low. Address I. M. Pearlstone & Sons, Charleston.

Established 1791. D. A. Walker, 152 Meeting St., Charleston, S. C. Marble and granite works, Iron and Wire fencing. Send for prices.

For Sale—One hundred thousand hand made cypress shingles, at \$5.50 per 1,000. Summerville, S. C. Apply Box 59, Summerville, S. C.

For Sale—Trained coon and opposum Hounds, Red Bone Fox and Cat Hounds, trained Pointers and Setters. M. L. Crawford, Tiger, Ga.

For Sale—a Jersey Red Goat, weight 225 pounds, \$15.00. Special price made on Berkshire and Malfooted pigs. Norma Davis, Selbyville, Delaware.

Agents—men and women, if you want to earn \$5 to \$10 day, with an article that will sell at sight, no talking, address Eureka Mfg. Co., Young's Island, S. C.

Large Supply of South Mallets. Can ship daily half barrel to 10-barrel lots. Live stock. Lot order come at once. A. S. Simmons, 25 Market street, Charleston, S. C.

Fine Farm Lands for sale—Write C. M. Simmons, Blakeley, Ga., for best locations and prices on ideal farms; large and small in Early and joining counties; southwest Georgia.

Wanted Students—Write Southern Automobile College, Oak Ridge, N. C. No equal South. No superior North. Thorough equipment. Honest, reliable, practical courses. Positions for graduates.

Valuable North Carolina Farms—We have several valuable tobacco, cotton and grain farms in Chatham

"Pulleys! Pulleys! Pulleys! Pulleys! Pulleys!"

Largest stock of Steel Split, Wood split and Universal Cast Iron Split Pulleys with interchangeable bushings, carried. Let us have your orders. At least favor us with your inquiries.

COLUMBIA SUPPLY COMPANY, 823 West Gervais Street, Columbia, S. C.

and Wake counties for sale. Full description sent on application. A. C. Hughes & Co., Apex, N. C.

Wanted—Men to take thirty days practical course in our machine shops and learn automobile business. Positions secured graduates. \$25 per week and up. Charlotte Auto School, Charlotte, N. C.

Crimson clover, 18c pound; alfalfa, best, 30c pound; hairy vetch, 15c pound; Oregon vetch, 10c pound; onion seeds, red, white and yellow. \$1.50; Bermuda, \$2. Mark W. Johnson Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga.

The Georgia Trading Company, Forsyth, Ga., offers for sale the following lands: 100 acres, 3 1/2 miles from railway station, 4-room house, \$1,500; 270 acres, 2 miles from station, several tenant houses, \$2,000; 326 acres, good residence, several tenant houses, moderately level, per acre, \$20. Many other places for sale, all cheap and on easy terms. Write for price list. The Georgia Trading Co., Forsyth, Ga.

Money to Lend. We are prepared to lend money upon good security, such as farm lands, city lots, etc., in any reasonable amount required. The loans may be repaid in instalments or otherwise, just as desired. The rate of interest will run from six to eight per cent, according to the location of the property and the margin of security.

Wolfe & Berry, Attorneys, Orangeburg, S. C.

Cotton Seed Wanted. If you have any cotton seed to sell or trade, see me before selling at Adden Bros. Warehouse, corner Railroad and E. Russell St. Car load lots solicited. Before buying your Fertilizer see me and get prices.

R. N. OWEN, Agent for Kershaw Oil Mill.

NOAH'S LINIMENT. Strains and Sprains, but apply Noah's Liniment. It is anti-septic and will take the poison and soreness out quickly, when all else fails. Noah's Liniment will save any amount of pain and can be taken internally for Colic, Cramps, etc. Nothing better for Toothache.

NOAH'S LINIMENT. The best remedy for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lame Back, Stiff Joints and Muscles, Sore Throat, Colds, Strains, Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, Colic, Cramps, Neuralgia, Toothache, and all Nerve, Bone and Muscle Aches and Pains. The genuine has Noah's Ark on every package and looks like this cut, but has RED band on front of package and "Noah's Liniment" always in RED ink. Beware of imitations. Large bottle, 25 cents, and sold by all dealers in medicine. Guaranteed or money returned by Noah's Remedy Co., Inc., Richmond, Va.

NOAH'S LINIMENT. PRICE 25 CENTS.