

TAFT'S BOARD

Who Compose It and How Some of Them Stand in the Tariff Question

HAVE CAST LARGE SUM

The Board is Composed Largely of Political Nondescripts, Friends of the President, Who Know Little or Nothing About the Tariff, Except That They Are Protectionists.

The Tariff Board was appointed by President Taft in September, 1909, under authority of a paragraph in the "maximum and minimum" section of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act, which gave him authority to employ experts to detect any discrimination made against the United States by foreign governments and to assist the officers of the Government in the administration of the customs law.

Nothing in the tariff act authorized the President to appoint a permanent board or to use its members for the purpose of securing information as to the relative cost of commodities here and abroad, either for his own use or the use of Congress. The President, however, amplified his authority and Congress has acquiesced by appropriating \$550,000 for the work of the tariff board.

Besides the work for which it was intended—of advising the President whether foreign countries were entitled to the minimum tariff of the Payne-Aldrich law—the board has made a study of the law itself, has compiled a tariff glossary, begun a field investigation of various schedules, including cotton, wool, chemicals and iron schedules. It resisted in the framing of the Canadian reciprocity act and expects to be ready to report on the cotton and wool schedules by the end of the year.

The tariff board originally consisted of only three members, Henry Crosby Emery, Alvin Howard Sanders and James Burton Reynolds, all Republicans, but it was enlarged in 1910 to enable the appointment of two Democrats, William Marcellus Howard and Thomas Walker Page.

Henry Crosby Emery was professor of political economy at Yale when President Taft appointed him Chairman of the board. He is a son of former Chief Justice Emery of Maine and has always been a Republican and a protectionist. All his life he has spent in class-room work, which has necessarily kept him out of touch with the people. He has never held any public office, but has written a treatise on "Speculation on the Stock and Produce Exchanges of the United States" and is the author of "Columbia University Studies." Although he will only be thirty-nine in December he has taught economics for eighteen years, having been appointed professor of political economy at Bowdoin in 1894 and at Yale in 1900. He is a personal friend of President Taft, but has never taken any active part in politics.

Alvin Howard Sanders, editor and (Continued on 3rd page.)

POSSES SEARCH FOR FRIEND.

Attacked a Lady and Nearly Killed Her Husband.

At Lumberton, N. C., Gray Tolar, a wealthy lumberman, was probably fatally injured and his wife attacked by an unknown negro at their home early Monday. Tolar's skull was crushed by a blow with a plow bar and Mrs. Tolar was nearly choked in- sensible before her screams frightened of her assailant. As soon as the negro escaped Mrs. Tolar seized her two children and ran to their nearest neighbors, a half a mile distant and gave the alarm, and posses immediately took up the search. Tolar was carried to a hospital where it was stated that he could not recover. Three suspects have been arrested, but Mrs. Tolar is unable to identify her assailant.

Negroes Flee in Panic.

For the first time in its history, Caddo, Okla., has no negro residents. The blacks have also fled from much of the surrounding county. The exodus started Monday morning from the first report of the report of the killing of Horace Gribble, a white farmer by negroes and continued throughout the day.

Posed as Being White.

C. M. Love, a negro who had been passing off as a white man and boarding in the home of well known people at Spartanburg, was fined \$100 or 30 days in the mayor's court Monday morning. Mayor Lee ruling that it was disorderly conduct for the negro to sit at the table with white people.

Five Dead in a Hotel Fire.

At Juneau, Alaska nine persons are believed to have perished in a fire which destroyed the Juneau hotel and the McGrath building Monday night. Four bodies have been recovered from the ruins and five more are believed to be buried in the debris.

Another Aviator Killed.

A French aviator, M. Mc Forestier, while flying at Huelva, in Spain Monday, fell from a height of 250 feet and was killed. The motor exploded, setting fire to the aeroplane and the aviator was incinerated.

THEY MADE NO DEAL

NOTHING IN THE VISIT OF TILLMAN AND JONES.

Capt. John G. Richards States That There Was No Political Significance in Their Visit.

That the recent visit of Senator B. R. Tillman to his home recently has no political significance whatever was the declaration of Mr. John G. Richards Monday afternoon. Mr. Richards also says that conclusions which have been drawn from the supposed visit of Sen. Tillman and Chief Justice Ira B. Jones to his home at the same time, to the effect that Mr. Jones would have the political support of Senator Tillman and Mr. Richards, should be made the race for Governor next year, are entirely erroneous.

This statement was called forth by an editorial in the Sumter Item which has been copied in various State papers. This comments as follows: "We have been wondering what would be the political outcome of Senator Tillman's and Chief Justice Jones's visit to Mr. John G. Richards of Liberty Hill, and while we have not yet found the answer the following editorial in the Lancaster News is somewhat illuminating."

The editorial in the Lancaster paper referred to is merely a comment upon the current reports that Chief Justice Jones would enter the race for Governor next year. After quoting this the Sumter paper continues as follows: "If Chief Justice Jones should enter the race for Governor against Governor Blease and if he has the assurance of the support of Senator Tillman, Mr. Richards, and their friends, Cole Blease, will not serve two terms as Governor all precedents to the contrary notwithstanding."

"I have read comment in the columns of the News and Courier," said Mr. Richards, "this statement from the Sumter paper of a visit of Chief Justice Jones and Senator Tillman to my house surprised me very much. Senator Tillman and I as well known, have been warm personal friends for a number of years. His visit to me had no political significance whatever. Chief Justice Jones did not visit my home while Senator Tillman was there, and therefore I do not see how the Sumter paper drew or came to its conclusions, which were entirely erroneous."

FIVE MEET INSTANT DEATH.

Sixth Dies Later From Injuries in Mine Accident.

Caught in a vortex of a whirling steel drill in a mine cage, five miners met instant death in the shaft of the Black Rock Mine, of the Butte Superior company, near Butte, Mon., at 3 o'clock Monday morning, while a sixth, James Lee, died a few hours later in the hospital from his injuries. In their anxiety to reach the surface, the men jumped on the cage upon which a dull steel was being taken to the surface. It is presumed that in their crowding they dislodged the steel shafts from the box and the wall plates fell among the men on the cage clearing the deck of miners, fairly mincing their bodies as the steel bounded back and forth, sweeping them into a dump 1,400 feet below.

Charles Gaston, station tender, finally was hurled from the upper deck of the cage to the lower level by the impact when the brakes were applied and was decapitated as were all the other miners with the exception of Lee, whose head was crushed.

KILLED FROM AMBUSH.

Two Victims of a Fued in Santa Rosa County, Fla.

As a sequel to a long-standing feud, as a result of which Daniel Cooley, a prominent naval stores operator of Santa Rosa county, Fla., was shot and killed last Sunday, Alf and Arch Cooley, brother and cousin, respectively, of the dead man, were shot and killed from ambush Sunday night near Milton. The bodies of the two men were found lying in the road at day-break Monday morning, amile apart having fallen out of the buggy in which they were riding. Feeling is said to be intense in Santa Rosa county over the tragedies and more trouble is feared.

Took Fatal Drop.

His parachute failing to work at the proper moment, H. C. Brown, a ballonist, of Saginaw, Mich., abandoned the usual method of descent Saturday night and dropped from his balloon several hundred feet into the shallow pond at Lakewood Park, at Charlotte, N. C., where he drowned before help could reach him.

Mills Close Down.

A dispatch from Fall River, Mass., says the cotton manufacturing plants closed until September 11. Seven mills were idle this week and others are on short time. The total curtailment this week amounted to 295,000 per cent of the usual output.

Passenger Train Robbed.

Southern Pacific train No. 15, south-bound, was held up at Sims, Ore., Sunday night. Two safes were blown, but it said no one was hurt. The robbers obtained but little booty.

POPULATION OF THIS STATE

COMPLETE FIGURES GIVEN OUT BY THE CENSUS BUREAU AT WASHINGTON OF RESIDENTS OF THE LARGER CITIES AND COUNTIES

The State's Population Over One Million and a Half, Nearly Half of Which Are White People, That Race Making Some Gains Over the Other Races as Compared With the Census of Ten Years Ago.

Preliminary comparative statistics of the population of South Carolina were issued Tuesday by Census Director Durand. The tabulations were made under the supervision of Wm. C. Hunt, chief statistician of the division of population, and are the result of the first count, in detail, of the returns of the 13th census. The figures are, therefore, subject to possible revision, but it is believed that the changes, if any, will not be material. The figures relate to the State, Charleston, the other cities of 10,000 and over, and the counties. The total population of the State and of Charleston is distributed into white, negro and all other, and the percentage proportion of each is given for the censuses of 1910, 1900 and 1890. The decennial percentage of increase or decrease for the same classification for the decade, 1900-1910, also is stated. The figures for the counties are divided into white and negro, the latter including Chinese, Japanese and Indians, but the number of such are so small that they do not materially affect the figures given for the negroes. Similar statements for the other Southern States are being prepared and will probably be issued in the near future.

Percentage of Negroes.

The figures show that of South Carolina's total population of 1,515,400, only 679,162, or 44.8 per cent., are white. The negro population, 836,316, forms 55.2 per cent of the whole. The rate of increase, as figured by the census department, indicates that the State has gained more whites than negroes, the percentage being 21.8 for the whites and 6.8 for the negroes. The total growth in population was 13.1.

The figures for the cities of Charleston, Columbia, Greenville and Spartanburg are interesting as showing the additions to the white populations of those towns.

Charleston gained 3,026 people during the decade. The gain in white population was 3,526. This shows that 500 negroes really moved away from Charleston, and no more negroes came in. This leaves a clear white gain of 3,526, which is about 15 per cent of the white population. Negroes still outnumber the whites in Charleston, the figures being 31,069 against 27,764.

Columbia, with 21,108 people in 1900, grew to 26,319, this increase being 3,528 white and 2,673 colored. Columbia now has 14,772 whites and 11,244 negroes.

Spartanburg gained 6,122. Of this increase 3,517 are whites and 2,605 were negroes. Spartanburg's population now comprises 10,641 whites and 6,876 negroes.

Greenville's gain during the decade was 3,881, including 2,979 whites and only 902 negroes. Its population is now composed of 9,422 whites and 6,319 negroes.

South Carolina.

Numbers.	1910	1900	1890
Total population	1,515,400	1,340,316	1,151,149
White	679,162	557,807	462,008
Negro	836,316	782,321	688,934
All other *	395	188	207

Per Cent Distribution.

	1910	1900	1900
Total population	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	44.8	41.6	40.1
Negro	55.2	58.4	59.8
All other	**	**	**

* Chinese, Japanese and Indians. ** Less than one-tenth of one per cent.

Decennial Increase State.

	Per Cent of Increase, 1900-1910.
Total population	13.1
White	21.8
Negro	6.8
All other	110.1

City of Charleston.

Numbers	1910.	1900	1890.
Total population	58,833	55,807	54,955
White	27,764	24,238	23,919
Negro	31,069	31,522	30,970
All other	13	47	66

Per Cent Distribution.

	1910.	1900.	1900.
Total population	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	47.2	43.4	43.5
Negro	52.8	56.5	56.4
All other *	**	0.1	0.1

* Chinese, Japanese and Indians. ** Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Decennial Increase City of Charleston.

	Per Cent of Increase, 1900-1910.
Total population	5.4
White	14.5
Negro	1.5*
All other	72.3*

County.	Total Population 1910	White	Negro*	Total Population 1900.	White	Negro*
The State	1,515,400	679,162	836,316	1,340,316	557,807	782,509
Abbeville	34,804	12,282	22,522	33,400	11,331	22,069
Alken	41,849	18,997	22,852	39,032	17,388	21,644
Anderson	69,568	43,232	26,336	65,728	32,232	33,496
Bamberg	18,544	5,670	12,874	17,296	5,658	11,638
Barnwell	34,209	9,561	24,648	35,504	10,688	25,416
Beaufort	30,255	3,964	26,291	35,495	3,349	32,146
Berkeley	23,487	5,256	18,231	30,454	6,481	23,973
Calhoun	16,634	3,895	12,739
Charleston	58,833	27,764	31,069	55,807	24,238	30,970
Cherokee	26,179	17,669	8,510	21,359	13,952	7,407
Chester	29,425	10,284	19,141	28,616	9,243	19,373
Chesterfield	26,301	15,738	10,563	20,401	12,256	8,145
Clarendon	32,188	8,794	23,394	28,184	8,033	20,151
Colleton	35,390	13,094	22,296	33,452	11,187	22,265
Darlington	36,027	14,741	21,286	32,288	13,683	19,305
Dillon	22,615	10,999	11,616
Dorchester	17,891	6,908	10,983	16,294	6,202	10,092
Edgefield	28,281	8,165	20,116	25,478	7,347	18,131
Fairfield	20,442	7,065	13,377	19,425	7,050	12,375
Florence	35,671	15,329	20,342	28,474	11,819	16,655
Georgetown	22,270	6,158	16,112	22,846	5,336	17,510
Greenville	68,377	47,515	20,862	63,490	33,999	19,491
Greenwood	34,225	12,923	21,302	28,343	9,437	18,906
Hampton	25,126	9,066	16,120	23,728	8,236	15,502
Horry	26,995	20,325	6,670	23,364	17,042	6,322
Kershaw	27,094	10,648	16,446	24,696	10,002	14,694
Lancaster	26,650	13,524	13,126	24,311	12,201	12,110
Laurens	41,550	18,796	22,754	37,392	15,205	22,177
Lee	25,318	8,066	17,252
Lexington	32,040	20,402	11,638	27,264	16,961	10,303
Marion	20,596	9,387	11,209	35,181	16,992	18,189
Marlboro	31,189	12,256	18,933	27,639	11,226	16,413
Newberry	34,586	12,545	22,041	30,182	10,351	19,831
Oconee	27,337	20,459	6,848	23,634	17,530	6,104
Orangeburg	55,893	19,098	36,795	59,663	18,220	41,443
Pickens	25,422	19,992	5,430	19,375	14,574	4,801
Richland	55,143	25,609	29,534	45,589	17,513	28,076
Saluda	20,943	9,754	11,189	18,966	8,819	10,147
Spartanburg	83,465	57,048	26,417	65,560	44,391	21,169
Sumter	38,472	10,246	28,226	51,237	12,881	38,356
Union	29,911	14,439	15,472	25,501	10,943	14,558
Williamsburg	37,626	14,411	23,215	31,685	11,818	19,867
York	47,718	22,331	25,387	41,684	19,784	21,900

Cities.

	1910	1900	1900	1900
Charleston	58,833	27,764	31,069	55,807
Columbia	26,319	14,772	11,547	21,108
Greenville	15,741	9,422	6,319	11,869
Spartanburg	17,517	10,641	6,876	11,395

* Includes Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

PLANS FOR CAPITOL

WILL COST THREE MILLION DOLLARS TO CHANGE.

Members of Special Legislative Committee Inspect Designs as Prepared by A. W. Todd.

At the session of the general assembly in 1910 a special commission was named by Speaker Whaley to make an investigation and report on the feasibility of enlarging the State house. Among the members of the commission were Mendel L. Smith of Kershaw county, now speaker, and A. W. Todd, a member of the house from Charleston county.

The State says this commission has been hard at work for the past two years and at the last session request was made for more time to complete the work. A. W. Todd is a well known architect and he has prepared plans for the enlargement of the State house. According to the plans of Mr. Todd the improvements would make the capitol one of the handsomest in the world.

The portico plans now used are considered second to one building, according to experts. These plans call for the expenditure of \$3,000,000 within three years. These plans will be submitted to the general assembly and it is expected that some definite action will be taken. For the past several years there has been much discussion as to more room for the State officials. When the general assembly is in session there is little room left in other buildings.

There has also been much discussion as to a building for the supreme court. Under the plans of Mr. Todd there would be special quarters for the supreme court in the new state house. The dome on the building would be changed, modeled probably after the dome on the capitol at Washington, and there would be two wings to the present structure. The original Niernsee plans called for a beautiful tower, capping the porch designs.

FOUR DEAD, FORTY INJURED.

Passenger Train Crashes Into Freight With Fatal Results.

Four are dead and at least forty injured, the result of a wreck of the Erie and Pittsburg passenger train No. 291. The wreck occurred at Docks Junction, twenty miles from Erie, Penn., at 8:30 p. m. The train plunged into a freight train that was backing into a switch to allow the passenger train to pass.

The dead: John S. Jones, engineer of Erie, firm name, name unknown; tramp riding on train, unknown passenger in the smoker.

Soon after the crash the wreckage took fire and up to a late hour tonight bodies of the dead had not been recovered. A relief train was rushed from here.

Nineteen injured had been received at Erie hospitals up to midnight, but many of the passengers live here and were taken to their homes.

Engineer Jones was in charge of the passenger, and it is stated in railroad circles that he disregarded orders.

DROWN IN ANGRY RIVER.

Reported That One Hundred Thousand Chinese Perished.

Awful news of the loss of life by the floods in China have reached this country. The floods are said to be the worst that have ever been experienced over there in many years, and the destruction of life and property is terrible. It is estimated that over ninety-five per cent of the crops have been destroyed, and the people fear starvation. The American mission at Wu-Hu has received a report that 100,000 persons have been drowned by the floods caused by the water flowing over the banks of the Yangtze-Kiang river above.

Young Lad Drowns.

Burt Shockley, the 17-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. James C. Shockley, was drowned at McMahan's mill on Cane Creek, five miles east of Wall-halla. Young Shockley was accompanied by two small boys whom he told to watch him swim across the pond. He soon sank, and as there was no assistance at hand he was drowned.

Lost His Life in River.

While taking a swim in the Yadkin river near Spencer, N. C., Braxton Barkley, aged 17, of Salisbury was drowned Saturday, and Floyd Boist, a companion, who attempted to