

The Times and Democrat.

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MUST TOE MARK

All the County State House From Governor Blease.

SOME VERY PLAIN TALK

He Says He Understands That They Are Patronizing Liquor Houses That Defrauded the State; and That They Must Cease to Do So, or Suffer Removal.

"It is my positive intention to remove members of County boards of control who have bought goods from houses that defrauded the State under the State dispensary system, unless these members can show some very sound excuse," said Governor Blease Friday afternoon, when asked about a letter he had dispatched to the chairmen of the six county dispensary boards, inquiring whether they were dealing with houses shown up in an unfavorable light by dispensary investigations.

Governor Blease reinforced this letter, of date July 10, by a further message Friday, which was forwarded by telegraph except in the case of the Richland board, to whom it was mailed. This second message reads:

"In my opinion you should not purchase goods from any house that admits it defrauded the State under the State dispensary system, and I request that you do not. 'A word to the wise should be sufficient.'"

Governor Blease said Friday: "I have called on Dispensary Auditor M. H. Mobley to furnish me with the names of the members of the county boards of control, a report of their purchases and a list of those houses that admitted defrauding the State in connection with the old State dispensary. The boards of Alken, Richland and Charleston have been heard from. Members of the Georgetown board called at my office Thursday, but I was engaged with the State board of education and could not see them. They left, saying they would report by mail. I have heard nothing from Beaufort or Florence. Members of the Richland board say they have complied with the law and conducted their business strictly and honestly. The Charleston board says it has been guided rigidly by the law as interpreted by County Attorney J. N. Nathans and have conscientiously done their duty, having received no rebates." If any further purchases are made by any county board from houses that admitted defrauding the State and paid back the money, I shall immediately remove the members of such board unless sufficient excuse is given.

The letter which first indicated the governor's attitude in the matter was as follows:

Gentlemen: I am informed that almost all of your purchases are made from houses which have heretofore been proven guilty of robbing or at least defrauding South Carolina. I know that some of those from whom you purchase have admitted that they defrauded the State of South Carolina and made good for at least a part of what they had defrauded her out of. I understand that you are purchasing from houses represented by Roy Early, Silo Myers, Trager, M. H. Myers, Wylie and others. If you make purchases from these houses, knowing the facts, I feel that it is my duty to remove you from office, unless you can give a satisfactory explanation therefor. If these men defrauded the State and confessed it, why will they not rob your county and confess it? If they rebated the State board, as some of them swore, will they not rebate you, if you will accept it? From complaints coming to me, there are people who believe you will accept it. Why lay yourselves open to these criticisms, when it could be so easily avoided? Why put my administration in the position of being criticised, as it is being criticised, by such actions on your part?

Please give me such information as you have along this line, and I hope that it will be satisfactorily to the public. If you think it will not be satisfactory, your resignation will save your removal.

Very respectfully,
Cole L. Blease, Governor.
The Richland County dispensary board is composed of Messrs. John J. Cain, Jos. D. Miot and W. H. Gaston. The Charleston board is composed of Messrs. B. H. Rutledge, Arthur Lynch and John Marshall.

Sick Far From Home.

J. J. Lawton, of Hartsville, received a cablegram stating that his daughter, Miss Pauline, is ill with typhoid fever in Rome. Mr. and Mrs. Lawton sailed Tuesday for Rome, where they expect to arrive Wednesday of this week. Miss Lawton left a few weeks ago for an extended tour abroad with a party of colleagues, chaperoned by a Hollins institute teacher.

Negro Died in Jail.

At Bennettsville, "Son" Currie, a negro who was convicted at the recent term of court, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, and sentenced to the public roads for 12 months, died in the county jail Friday morning with appendicitis. His father took his body, which was buried by the county.

THE WAGES OF SIN

YOUNG MAN WHO ROBS UNCLE SAM LANDS IN PEN.

Stole Forty Thousand Dollars From Battleship Georgia, on Which He Was Clerk.

After a meteoric career, whose lavish expenditures rivaled the fabled prodigality of "Coal Oil Johnny," Edward Valentine Lee, erstwhile paymaster's clerk on board the United States battleship Georgia, having confessed his crime, will soon take up his residence in the federal prison at Atlanta to serve a term of several years.

By a strange irony of fate, Lee, who only three months ago, started Atlanta as a young Croesus, living in a palatial suite at Atlanta's best hotel, showering jewels, dinners, theatre parties and auto rides on a pretty manacure girl, will now return to this very city to be clothed in convict gray and explete in a cell at the federal penitentiary the crime by which he obtained the gold that burned his fingers.

Lee's career as a spendthrift has few parallels in criminology. Scarce had he looted the cruiser's safe on Feb. 17 and disappeared from the fleet before a mysterious individual of the name of A. W. Carmichael commenced a meteoric career as "prince of spenders" in the cities of the Southern Atlantic seaboard. This seeming millionaire endeavored himself to the hearts of hotel waitresses, bellboys and chauffeurs by passing out \$100 bills as though they were cigar coupons.

Early in his wanderings he turned up in Atlanta, Ga., where in a few short days he distributed sufficient money to make him known throughout the continent. He presented a lady manufacturer with a \$1,000 bank note for the pleasure of her company during a taxcab ride and tipped the chauffeur with the comparative moderate sum of \$100. The waiter who served his table received \$50 after each meal as an incentive to prompt service. A bellboy with a jug of ice water invariably drew a \$20 bank note for his trip upstairs.

The publicity that this lavishness brought him made a quick move necessary, and young Lee, with the Government detective, one jump in the rear, changed his quarters successively to Washington, New York, Philadelphia and several Southern cities, becoming acquainted on the route with a Miss Audrey Kelsey, who consented to share the young spendthrift's fortune.

In March they went to Europe, where he was easily trailed by the readiness with which he dispensed his spoils. On June 8 he sailed for Quebec, where he and his companion spent several days in sight-seeing. A little later Miss Kelsey evinced a desire to visit her parents in Buffalo, and Carmichael, with a recklessness that had characterized his course after the theft, accompanied her. He was arrested in Buffalo on June 21, and a few days later was married to the young woman who had been his companion during his extensive wanderings.

WONDERFUL OPERATION.

The Shin Bone of a Man Grafted on to a Woman.

By grafting the shin bone of a man onto a woman suffering from necrosis thus practically giving her a whole new lower leg, the surgeons of a New York hospital for the deformed have completed an operation unique in surgery. Up to now operations of this sort have been confined to experimental work done on dogs.

The first essential was to place a good healthy bone to take the place of the one eaten by the disease. After a time one of the hospitals which handled emergency cases reported that a man had been killed in an accident. As the body was unclaimed and would have gone either to Pottery field or the dissecting room of some medical college, requisition was made for one of the legs, from which the tibia was taken. It was kept in an ice box, immersed in a strong salt solution until the surgeon was ready to use it.

CAUSED BY WHISKEY.

Two Drunken Men Get in Tussle and One is Killed.

A social dispatch to the News and Courier says Paylan Kelley, aged 23, of the Keeleytown neighborhood, six miles from Hartsville, was shot through the heart and instantly killed at nine o'clock by his cousin, Lenoir Kelley. The fighting took place at the home of William Tyner, where the two young men had gone in an intoxicated condition and was the result of a friendly tussle, which developed into a fight in which a shot gun, a knife, and a pistol in the hands of the two parties were used. Kelley was shot five times; twice through the heart and twice in the left arm. His slayer was said to have been sut. He has surrendered to the officer.

Snake from Clouds.

During the hardest rain that has fallen in Ovetv, Mo., for months, moccasin three feet long, fell from the clouds and was killed in the street.

NEAR BEAR SOLD

CONDITION IN UNION AND DARLINGTON BAD.

Governor Blease Says He is Doing All He Can to Uphold Law, But Can't Do It All.

"Near beer saloons have been introduced into the State and they are as bad as the fake social clubs," said Governor Blease, Friday. "Conditions at Union and Darlington appear to be particularly bad. I am doing all I can to uphold the law, but I cannot do it all."

The governor directed attention to a displayed article in the Union Times of Friday, which he said set forth the situation in Union as it was described to him. The article is headed "Governor Blease orders Sheriff Long to close down on near-beer." The article follows:

"Governor Blease has ordered Sheriff Long to close down on the near-beer establishments in Union and Union county. Constable D. R. Kitchens has also received instructions from the governor to cooperate in this movement. It is to be hoped that this work will be thoroughly done by the officers.

It is stated on good authority that the city council has issued more than a dozen licenses to near-beer establishments and of course the city council could not logically suppress the creations of its own hands. In the meantime the worst condition exists in Union now that we have ever seen.

Gambling dens and blind tigers, masquerading under the name of near-beer saloons are rife. It is rumored that many young lads are patronizing these places. The tigers are not even blind. They are Argued. For vulgar flaunting of lawlessness we give the palm to Union town. We have never seen anything like it.

Some of the members of the police force are reported as being regular patrons of places of illicit liquor selling. It is certain that they make no effort to put down these institutions. A blind man can see that. If Governor Blease will continue his effort to put down these places of iniquity he will receive the approbation of every law abiding citizen of this town.

SEVENTEEN YEAR LOCUSTS.

With Voiceless Wives Appear After a Long Time.

What is understood to be the 17 year locust has appeared in Crisp county in large numbers on the farm of Mr. A. C. Fraseur, near Cordele, Ga. The insects are devouring the leaves of the cotton plants and various trees and there are also large quantities of them on the shade trees and shrubbery in Sunny Side cemetery.

These curious pests emerged from little holes in the ground on schedule time, climbed the trees and filled the air with deafening songs. It is doubtless known that when they have arrived they will lay their eggs and the larvae will burrow into the earth for another long dark vigil underground until 1928, just as they have now waited since their last appearance in the year 1894.

Our records of the appearance of the locusts run back to the year 1634 when they were first observed by the pilgrims of Plymouth. Their appearance at periodical intervals of 17 years was observed by the American Indians long before the coming of the white man and made known to the early settlers of this country. They were also known to the ancient Greeks.

The male sings his song of love and dies first. The female deposits her eggs and also dies. It is all over in less than six weeks after 17 years of preparation.

SINKING OF STEAMER.

Thirty-two Passengers Below Decks Go Down With Her.

A dispatch from Port Limon, Costa Rica, the Times reports that 32 passengers and several of the crew of the steamer Irma were drowned or crushed to death when the vessel was sunk in a collision, during a storm in the Estuary of the San Juan river. The colliding steamer is given as the Diamante and the news is said to have reached Port Limon from Bluefields.

Most of the passengers of the Irma were below when the collision occurred because of the heavy weather and to this fact the despatch says is due the heavy loss of life. The Diamante was damaged, it is said, but left afloat.

Booze Under Straw.

Being suspicious of the looks of a wagon filled with straw lewched (vb) wagon filled with straw which was passing his front gate, at Dalton, Ga., Tuesday, Police Chief Fincher called to the driver to stop. He then made a thorough examination of the contents of the wagon and found a goodly supply of old mountain corn whiskey covered up under the straw.

Hard on Horses.

Twelve hundred horses died from heat in New York during 11 days. The total loss in horseflesh throughout the country as a result of the heat is estimated at \$1,000,000.

WHAT WAS DONE

The Clemson Trustees Fills Vacancies and Creates New Chairs.

CHANGES AT COLLEGE

Board of Visitors Elected and Other Business Transacted. Financial Statement for the Fiscal Year. Branch School in the Pee Dee Section Referred to Committee.

The annual meeting of the board of trustees was held at Clemson on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week. The budget of expenditures for the fiscal year beginning July 1 was acted upon and other business transacted.

Dr. R. N. Brackett, who has been acting director of the chemical department during the past year, since the retirement of Col. Hardin, was elected director.

Prof. D. H. Henry was elected associate professor of chemistry.

Prof. S. B. Earle, who succeeded the engineering department was elected director of the engineering department.

Prof. E. T. Dargan, who has been assistant professor of electrical engineering, was elected professor of electrical engineering.

The title of consulting professor of engineering was conferred upon President Riggs.

Mr. J. A. Dew, a graduate of Clemson, class '11, was elected assistant in entomology.

Mr. F. E. Tarbox was elected assistant to the agronomist of the experiment station, and Mr. W. B. Aull, who has been conducting the seed analytical work of the department of agriculture, was elected assistant to the botanist of the experiment station to assist in the new "Adams problem, The Cause and Prevention of Cotton Shedding."

The following new positions were created:

Military assistant to the commander at a salary of \$1,000.

Second assistant to the State veterinarian at a salary of \$1,200.

Assistant in agronomy and farm-machinery, salary of \$1,200.

Assistant in horticulture, who is to assist with the extension work, \$1,200.

Prof. R. E. Lee was appointed as the official architect for the college. The contract entered into by the president with the Farmer's Co-operative Demonstration Work for co-operative corn club work was approved and thereby made a permanent arrangement.

A committee of the board of trustees, consisting of Messrs. Bradley, Evans and Hughes, was appointed to pass upon the scholarship certificates of financial inability.

The matter of locating a branch experiment station in the Pee Dee section was referred to the agricultural committee of which Mr. J. E. Wannamaker is the chairman. This committee, together with Prof. J. N. Harper, director of the experiment station, and Prof. W. R. Perkins, director of the agricultural department is to take under consideration the propositions that have been received, visit the various sites proposed, in order to judge their suitability in regard to location, soil, and climate, and report to the board at a meeting to be held in Columbia during the State fair.

The thanks of the board was extended to the Southern Railway, the Atlantic Coast Line and the Seaboard Railway for their assistance in operating the live stock train.

This being the regular time for the election of a board of visitors, the following were elected by the board:

First district, J. Elmore Martin, Charleston.

Second district, Wm. T. Walton, Johnston.

Third district, J. J. Ballinger, Seneca.

Fourth district, Thomas F. Parker, Greenville.

Fifth district, George K. Laney, Chesterfield.

Sixth district, David R. Coker, Hartsville.

Seventh district, R. O. Murdy, Sumter.

The appropriations for the public State work was increased in order to extend to the citizens of the State the hog cholera serum treatment and to give more service along veterinary entomological and botanical lines. Appropriations were made to operate the live stock train again next winter, and to carry on the farmer's institutes during the summer.

The appropriations for the year beginning July 1 are approximately as follows:

For public state work, \$99,320 from the fertilizer tax, and \$30,000 for the South Carolina experiment station from Federal appropriations. The budget for the operation of the College was approximately \$155,000 and the amount to be expended for buildings and permanent improvements during the current year, about \$50,000.

The following financial statement was presented to the board, covering the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911. Extended for public State.

work	\$89,698.09
For additional shop and laboratory equipment	15,387.77
For buildings and perma-	

TRAIN OF COFFINS.

FOR FIRE VICTIMS IN THE PORCUPINE DISTRICT.

The Awful Agony and Intense Suffering Experienced by Those Who Escaped Death.

A dispatch from Toronto, Canada, says coincident with the arrival of more survivors of Porcupine's great disaster early Friday morning, a trainload of 350 coffins left for the northern country. The survivors brought additional stories of the horror and recounted many miraculous escapes.

The number dead in the districts remain largely a matter of conjecture. About 90 bodies either have been buried or designed for shipment in the coffins now being rushed northward by the railroad. How many of the hundreds living in comparative isolation have perished only days of work by the organized relief parties can reveal.

Men, women and children, thinly clad and bearing marks of the awful fight against the flames and smothering smoke are still flocking into the large towns in this vicinity and at North Bay. Those escaping with slight injuries or none have gone through to North bay to be carried free of charge by the Canadian Pacific railroad and Grand Trunk railway to their destination.

The foreigners were put to work stamping out the smoldering fires at Golden City and Pottsville. One was shot at Pottsville when caught going through the clothes of a dead man.

R. H. Webber, of Lockport, N. Y., one of the survivors, escaped from the Dome mine, where 100 were burned to death by wading into the lake up to his neck.

The wave of heat sweeping over the water burned his face badly. "There were 400 people in the lake" said he, "and I saw 20 drown."

Several thousand dollars in currency was saved by J. J. Noss, of Reno, Nev., by canoeing out into the lake.

A. H. Cramton and Joseph Healy, manager and Superintendent of the Imperial mines, escaped with 15 employees by a run of six miles around the lake. They stumbled over bodies along the route and saw a woman pick up a skull and put it in her handbag.

George Lisk, a rosetor, near the West Dome, saw his brother and partner burn to death. Penned in by all sides by the flames they sought safety in a small stream. As the fire swept over the stream Lisk saw his two companions die, while he rolled on his back in the shallow water near the bank.

HIDDEN MONEY FOUND.

Gaynor and Greene Concealed Nearly a Million.

Three quarters of a million dollars has been recovered from the concealed assets of Gaynor and Greene, who defrauded the government of two million dollars in Savannah harbor dredging contracts in 1897 according to a dispatch from Washington. E. I. Johnson, an expert accountant, and United States District Attorney Marion Erwin of Savannah, Georgia, are responsible for the recovery. Most of the funds recovered were in bonds and stocks. More than \$2,000,000 was in cash. These assets were found in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and Denver. Some bonds were located in Paris, but they could not be recovered. Johnson and Erwin have been searching for these assets for 12 years.

CARLOADS OF SNAKES.

Shipped From the Southwest to the East and Europe.

Southern Pacific freight officials have just handled out of Eastern New Mexico and Western Texas, a shipment of five carloads of live snakes delivered to Baltimore, Chicago, Cincinnati and Boston and also to New York for shipment to European points.

The snakes numbered 1,700 and represented 24 different species. In length they are all the way from 5 to 25 feet. The majority of the reptiles were classed as deadly and were so marked on the boxes.

The shipment represented about ten months work on the part of the consignors, who are said to be famous snake collectors of the valley of the Rio Grand. It cost \$800 per car to ship them.

Three Rescuers Drowned.

The wireless operator at Surf, Cal., received a message at 10.15 p. m. Friday night from the Centrala saying that the second mate and two seamen of the Helen P. Drew were drowned while attempting to take a life line to the Santa Rosa.

Hits Five Houses.

Recocheting from house to house until five had been struck, lightning injured six persons in Louisville, Ky. The bolt shot a clear sky.

TWENTY-ONE ARE DEAD

EXPLOSION IN SHAFT OF COAL MINE KILLS MANY.

Eighteen of the Dead Are Foreigners. None Lives Who Can Tell of the Accident.

Twenty-one miners were killed in an explosion in the shaft of the Cascade Coal and Coke Company's mine at Sykesville Saturday night. The explosion occurred at 9:30 o'clock but mine but the deadly afterdamp is responsible for the many deaths.

Three deaths of brothers and father and son are numbered among the fatalities. George and John Heek and Nick Pavelock and his 14-year old son were found by the rescuers locked in each other's arms as though they had embraced each other in their dying moments. None of the bodies were mutilated and few showed burns. Eleven of the men apparently had made ready to escape, for they carried their dinner pails and were headed for the opening.

The first intimation of the explosion at the surface was when the safety door on the fan blew open and the machinery began to run wild. It was surmised that there was trouble below but it was almost midnight when rescuers could enter the mine. It took sometime to get to the scene of the accident, a mile and a half from the opening, because the rescuers were obliged to carry oxygen with them.

All but four of the bodies were recovered, but were kept there until all were brought to the foot of the shaft and recovered. Four bodies were buried beneath a cave-in in a heading and were not recovered until late today. The State constabulary from Punxsutawney was called to police the vicinity of the shaft.

Neither mine officials or mine inspectors can assign any cause for the explosion as there are no survivors from whom to gain an explanation, but it is a general belief that some of the men drilled into a pocket of gas. The shaft is known as a non-gaseous one and the Fire Boss John Brown reports that he passed through the head where the explosion occurred only an hour before and found no trace of gas.

When the rescue car from the bureau of mines reached the scene its service was not needed, as the men were dead and the air in the mine had been cleared.

AFTER MANY YEARS.

Brothers Meet After Forty-Six Years Separation.

The New York World says two brothers met at Fairmont, N. J., Thursday for the first time in forty-six years. They fought on opposite sides in the civil war and are among the few survivors of the wreck of the New Era off the coast of what is now Newbury Park, in 1854, when 300 lives were lost.

The reunion took place at the home of Charles Glazer, of Fairmont, his brother Theodore coming from Petersburg, Va., for a visit. The brothers, who are about 80 years old, came to America as boys. They followed the sea and shipped on the New Era. When the ship was wrecked the boys lashed themselves to a mast and, after being buffeted about for 24 hours were rescued.

Not long after the brothers settled at Petersburg, Va., but the climate of that section did not agree with Charles, who went to New Jersey. Theodore went to the front as a member of Branch's Battery of the army of Northern Virginia, while Charles enlisted with the First New Jersey Cavalry, a part of the Potomac, with which Branch's Battery engaged many times.

While on guard duty along the Rappahannock River Charles learned from a Southern soldier that a Theodore Glazer was serving in Branch's Battery, which was encamped near by.

Charles sent message to his brother. It was the only communication between the brothers during the war. At the close of the war the brothers saw each other. They corresponded but never met again till Thursday.

Dog Shows the Way.

At Weathersfield, Vt., a small house dog by its frantic barking and peculiar behavior Thursday night led the family of Myron Eaton to follow it two miles through the fields until they came upon Mr. Eaton's body lying in a pasture. The man had been gored and trampled upon by a bull until finally tossed out of reach.

She Was Locked Up.

Because she said she "wanted to discuss the hookworm disease with President Taft," and acted queerly, Mrs. Emily Peterson, whose home is believed to be in New York City, is held at Washington by the police for examination into her sanity.

Rich Man to Hang.

The jury in the case of Lawrence Odom, a white man of some means, who killed three men near Mobile, Ala., returned a verdict of guilty and fixed the punishment at hanging. It is believed that the South's reatest mater-

PLANS PROBE

Attorney General Wickersham, Against Whom There Are Charges.

WILL BE LOOKED INTO

Delegate Wickersham, of Alaska

Charges That Department of Justice Delayed Prosecutions in Alleged Criminal Cases Until Statute of Limitations Expired.

Official circles in Washington has another serious charge against a public official to speculate on until it is thoroughly investigated and decided one way or the other.

After secret consideration of charges made by Delegate Wickersham, of Alaska, that Attorney General Wickersham deliberately permitted the Statute of Limitations to run against agents of the Alaska Syndicate, the House of Representatives judiciary committee has determined to report favorably a resolution of inquiry offered by Delegate Wickersham.

The Attorney-General, when seen Thursday night, denied all the charges. His friends intimated that the charges were old.

The resolution would call upon the Attorney-General to furnish the House with all documents, affidavits and testimony in his possession relating to an affidavit submitted to him more than a year ago and sworn to by H. J. Douglas, former auditor of the Alaska Syndicate, in 1903.

Delegate Wickersham started the committee, when, in executive session, he produced a copy of an affidavit relating to an alleged criminal act committed by Capt. D. H. Jarvis, of the Alaska Syndicate, as the one formerly sent to the Government service June 23, the day following the introduction of the Wickersham resolution.

Through connivance of these men, it was charged that the Government was defrauded of coal lands and that evidence to that effect was permitted to remain unacted upon in the Attorney-General's office for more than a year, until the Statute of Limitations expired last May.

Delegate Wickersham furnished the committee with copies of a letter to D. H. Jarvis, admitting the expenditure of money to control Government witnesses in the Hazel murder trial, in 1908, wherein an agent of the Alaska Syndicate was accused of murdering laborers employed by rival interests.

A photograph of an expense account for \$1,334.40, of M. B. Morrissey, employed by the syndicate, it is claimed to entertain Government witnesses and jurymen in that connection, also was submitted to the committee. This evidence, Delegate Wickersham declared, also is in the possession of the Attorney General.

Delegate Wickersham urged on the judiciary committee the Douglas affidavit, involving the representatives of the Northwestern Commercial company, one of the Alaska syndicate concerns, and the Seaton Coal Company.

"On May 24, 1910," said he, "I sent to Attorney General Wickersham a copy of the affidavit, calling his attention to the fact that the Government had been defrauded of \$50,000 by perjury and a combination of these two concerns."

"What do you mean by the Alaska Syndicate," Chairman Clayton inquired.

"I refer to the Alaska syndicate, composed of J. P. Morgan, the Guggenheim brothers, Kuhn, Loeb and Co., Jacob H. Schiff and Graves."

"What do you mean by the Guggenheim brothers?" asked Mr. Norris of Nebraska.

"Senator Guggenheim and his six brothers."

"Who is Graves?"

"He represents Close Brothers, the English Syndicate, and other English concerns."

"Capt. Jarvis," added the delegate, "was the confidential agent of Morgan, in charge of the syndicate in Seattle."

SHOT HIM TO DEATH.

White Man Kills Negro Who Insulted His Wife.

After following him for 4 miles a white man named Bragg put a load of shot in the breast and another load tore off the top of the head of Ed Brown, a negro, at Jimps, Ga., Friday night. It is said the negro wrote Bragg's wife a letter and after handing it to her himself, started off in the direction of Jimps with a white man named Waters. Bragg was away from home at the time and when he returned his wife gave him the letter. He got his gun and started out after the negro and after following him for 4 miles found him at the station and later the negro was found in a pile of crossties with his head blown off.

Honey Bee Wrecks Auto.

While driving an automobile near Hartford, Conn., a little honey bee lighted on the nose of George Steel and used his stinger to good advantage. Steel let go the wheel with both hands and a moment later was lying under his car at the side of the road.