

## GIVES HIS SIDE

Mr. Green Reveals the Source of His Authority for the Famous

## OLD WARE SHOALS TALE

The Columbia Correspondent of the News and Courier Tells Where He Got the Foundation for the Story That the Mill Owners Refuse to Give Holiday.

To the Editor of The News and Courier: The News and Courier has been assailed by some of the newspapers of the State for the printing of a news item sent by me from Columbia, to the effect that the mill help at Ware Shoals would not work in the mill on the day Governor Blease spoke at a picnic given at Ware Shoals. The news item appeared in The News and Courier on May 18th. There has appeared a card in the press from a minor official of the mill, to the effect that the mill had voluntarily posted a notice that it would close down on May 18th.

On the same day that this card appeared, the State, which is the local morning newspaper in Columbia, printed an editorial, in which an effort was made to discredit the News and Courier correspondent in connection with the Ware Shoals article.

The editorial had a decided political tinge, insinuating that the news item was printed for political purposes, the intimidation gathered by a few people here who read the editorial being that the State sought to show that the item came out of the Governor's office or some close political friend, given designedly. This The News and Courier has already editorially denied.

The News and Courier correspondent had not intended to publicly notice the editorial in the State, but more recently certain reputable newspapers of the State, including the Anderson Mail, taking the State's editorial apparently at face value, without inquiring into the facts of the case, have denominated the story as to the Ware Shoals incident "sent from here as a 'fake,' or, in other cases, words to that effect.

It is, therefore, not in reply to the Columbia State's question as to the source of The News and Courier correspondent's information, (already answered editorially by the News and Courier, but in justice to The News and Courier itself, that we have deemed it best to give to the public the following letter, addressed today to the manager of The News and Courier's Columbia Bureau:

"Columbia, S. C., May 25, 1911. 'Mr. August Kohn, Columbia, S. C.—Dear Sir: Noting the controversy in the newspapers concerning the news item published in your paper on May 18, will say that I am the party who gave Mr. Green the news tip on this subject.

"Mr. B. D. Riegel, whom I met in the sleeping car with Mr. Williams, his Southern representative, coming from Greenville to Columbia told me that some of his employees at Ware Shoals had told the management that if the mill ran on the Thursday following that the help, or employees, would not report for work; that they intended to go to the picnic and hear Governor Blease. The next day I was in my office with Mr. Green and told him of this conversation. Hence his article in The News and Courier.

"If there is any misrepresentation of facts it was not by Mr. Green, and not by myself. There was no reason as far as I know, why Mr. Riegel should have made the statement to me that the help intended to remain out of the mill whether the mill was going to run or not. I know nothing about any posting of notices, and simply repeated a conversation with Mr. Riegel to Mr. Green.

"My reason for making a statement in the question is that it seems Mr. Green has been charged with having faked a news story. Yours very truly, B. F. Taylor."

Mr. Riegel is the treasurer of the Ware Shoals Manufacturing Company. It is hardly necessary that I should add who Mr. B. F. Taylor is. For the benefit of those, however, who do not know him I will say that he is the president of the Inter-State Cotton Seed Crushers' Association; secretary and treasurer of the South Carolina Cotton Seed Crushers' Association; vice president of the American Press Cloth Company; secretary and general manager of the Taylor Manufacturing Company, and is interested in other industries in Columbia. He is known by the people of South Carolina.

In addition to the letter directed to the manager of the Columbia Bureau of The News and Courier, there is in my possession a letter directed to me, giving practically the same statement as to the incident. This letter I have had since May 22.

The following editorial appeared yesterday afternoon in the Daily Record, Columbia's afternoon paper, edited by James A. Hoyt:

"The Anderson Daily Mail denominates as 'fake journalism' the story published in some of the South Carolina papers that the employees of the Ware Shoals Mill had demanded a holiday on the occasion of Governor Blease's speech at that place and the

## TAKES PLUNGE

THREE MILL MEN DIED AND TWO ARE FATALLY HURT.

The Accident Happened About Five O'Clock Sunday Afternoon on the Seaboard Railroad.

Pinned beneath their engines in Watkins creek, on which are piled seventeen cars of coal, are the bodies of Engineers Lindsay and Green and Fireman Dooley. Two others are perhaps fatally injured as a result of a double-header Seaboard Air Line coal train going through a wooden trestle between Ellenboro and Bostic, N. C., about five o'clock Sunday afternoon.

The train was moving slowly east-bound and had passed nearly over the trestle when it gave way, both engines falling a depth of forty feet and seventeen steel coal cars piling on the engines. The second engine, on which were Engineer Lindsay and Fireman Dooley, was covered up completely and neither man has as yet been located. A mangled hip can be seen but it is not known to which man it belongs.

Engineer Lindsay's people live at Cherryville, while he made his home in Monroe. His white fireman, Roy Dooley, also made his home in Monroe; Dooley's people live at Wilmington. Engineer Rod Green, on first engine No. 704, lived at Monroe. His remains have been taken to an undertaker at Shelby.

Early Lewis, the colored fireman on Mr. Green's engine, felt the trestle give and jumped in time to save his life, although he is painfully and perhaps fatally injured about the head and shoulder. Don Nealy, a colored brakeman, was on the tender of the second engine. He has a broken back and the doctors say he will not recover.

Orangeburg Times and Democrat refers to the story as 'a lie out of the whole cloth.' Other papers have had similar comments. It will be well to proceed a little more cautiously in the matter of denouncing a story published in a reputable newspaper, written by a reputable newspaper man, whose chief asset in his profession is his reputation for truth and veracity.

"As for the Daily Record, this newspaper has no interest in the matter. The story was not published in this paper. But we are free to say that we have since read a letter written by one of the most reliable and most prominent business men of Columbia, confirming the 'tip' which he gave to the reporter who wrote the story. This gentleman was the reporter's authority for the story, and a man who was assuredly authorized to speak for the Ware Shoals Mill company. The story did not emanate from the Governor nor any of his friends."

The News and Courier correspondent was not concerned at all with the possible effect of the story sent out from here. It was recognized to be a news item. That it is probably not to the best interests of the Ware Shoals Manufacturing Company for it to be known that the men asked the management to let them off and then stated, according to The News and Courier correspondent's information, that they would take the holiday anyway, can be understood at a glance. That it hurt some people to know that the mill men were so anxious to hear Gov. Blease was another matter with which this correspondent was not concerned.

Newspaper men, other than those who are biased, will understand the situation, that a correspondent is only to guard the sources of information without regard to editorial policy. If the paper he represents does not wish to publish an article he writes, the correspondent's responsibility as to the matter ceases. The sooner the public learns the distinction between the editorial and the news columns, the sooner will the work of the higher newspapers be generally understood.

So that in the Ware Shoals matter, this correspondent was solely interested in the item from a news standpoint. He was not surprised that two papers tried to make political capital out of the incident, but surely the public will now see through the matter. The letter of Mr. Taylor quoted above, certainly nails the efforts of critics to discredit the article itself.

The News and Courier correspondent is not especially interested in the actual situation at Ware Shoals, as to what the men did, or did not, at the time Governor Blease was to speak there.

I would suggest, however, that some very interesting reading could be had if statements were secured from at least one or two men who were in attendance. Having been upheld by the statement of Mr. Taylor, quoting the treasurer of the mill The News and Courier correspondent does not desire to go any further into the matter.

I am informed, in writing, that one of the editorial writers of the Columbia State was in possession of the name of the gentleman who gave me the Ware Shoals information, shortly after the State's editorial appeared, but up to this time the State has not seen fit to make any amends for its 'two-by-four' insinuations.

Leon M. Green, Columbia Correspondent of News and Courier.—Columbia, May 25.

## STATE'S REPLY

THE Columbia Correspondent of the News and Courier.

## WARE SHOALS MATTER

James T. MacEnroe, Assistant Treasurer of the Company Reiterates His Former Statement That the Holiday Was Given Voluntarily and Was Not Demanded by Help.

The following editorial from The State of Monday, in answer to the letter of Mr. Green, Columbia correspondent of The News and Courier in reference to the Ware Shoals matter, is published in justice to all concerned:

Quite unsolicited, The State takes pleasure in reproducing from The News and Courier a privileged communication from its Columbia correspondent, drawn forth by an article in this newspaper, also republished. We regard the letter of Mr. Green as distinctly helpful to an accurate understanding of his post as disseminator of gubernatorial publicity.

Let us get to the meat. Following a story in The News and Courier from Mr. Green which positively conveyed the impression that the Governor of South Carolina was largely instrumental in borrowing a half million dollars in New York at a very low rate of interest, such rate stated to be lower than Governor Ansel secured. The State printed a card from the Treasurer of South Carolina citing facts which showed the Governor had no special part in getting the loan, and was only one of a committee to advertise for bids, said money being loaned by a Columbia bank. He showed also that the slap at Ansel's administration was unwarranted. In short, the story was slobbering and disingenuous. It has not been justified, and it will be observed that in the long letter from The News and Courier's Columbia correspondent there is no reference to that discredited boost for the Governor.

Then came the story about the Ware Shoals Company, which had our attention for the first time when an official of the company sent a positive denial. On the 17th of May The News and Courier's correspondent said the holiday had been "refused," and the head lines "played up" that assertion. An official of the company then declared in writing that the fact that there would be a holiday on that date had been posted—and so made a record—on May 1. There was no indication that a verification of this report in The News and Courier had been attempted before publication. The News and Courier gave a report from a nameless source as a fact: The State gave the official denial, citing a written record in refutation. And then, with remembrance of the New York loan matter, indulged in this harsh comment:

"We fear there is some one in Columbia very near the Governor of South Carolina who is conspiring to create a wrong impression regarding his excellency, and who is giving trustful newspaper correspondents misinformation concerning his achievements and concerning the enthusiasm of his friends and the malignancy of his enemies."

After this publication B. F. Taylor of Columbia mentioned to a member of The State's editorial staff, met on the street, that he had given Green the information about Ware Shoals. It would have been distinctly improper for The State to have printed that personal information. If Mr. Taylor desired the initial publicity of the fact in The State a line to the editor would have obtained it. There are elementary ethics in the conduct of newspapers supposed to be known to all.

It is noticeable, however, that while Mr. Taylor vouches for the accuracy of The News and Courier's rendition of his report to it, there is a wide discrepancy between what he records as having told Mr. Green and what was published. There is nothing in Mr. Taylor's statement regarding a "refusal" of the Ware Shoals management to comply with the alleged request, while The News and Courier's article, in body and headlines, carried that declaration. That was the harmful part, from the company's standpoint, of the whole publication. Was there warrant for thus indicating the "malignancy of his (the Governor's) enemies?"

As The News and Courier's correspondent refers to Mr. MacEnroe as a "minor official," a telegram was sent, not to him, but to the Ware Shoals Manufacturing Company. Here is the self-explanatory reply:

Ware Shoals, S. C., May 26, 1911. The Columbia State, Columbia, S. C.

Gentlemen: Mr. Wm. E. Gonzales, Editor.

I received your telegram of even date reading: "What is Mr. MacEnroe's authority to speak for your company as in his card we published May 22d. The News and Courier's correspondent today speaks of him as a minor official."

To this I immediately wired reply as follows, which I now beg to confirm: "Telegram to Ware Shoals Mfg.

## HANGED ON FRIDAY

PAID PENALTY FOR ATTEMPTING A HEINOUS CRIME.

Gave Out Statement Claiming that Whiskey Was the Cause of His Attempted Crime.

Paying the death penalty to which he was sentenced on March 26th, for attempting to criminally assault a well known white lady of Spartanburg on February 26th, Gary Gist, colored, was Friday hanged in the Spartanburg County Jail by Sheriff W. J. White, assisted by Sheriff Poole of Greenville, Sheriff Owens of Laurens, and Sheriff Thomas of Cherokee.

Gist ate heartily Thursday night. He read the 9th and 10th chapters in the book of St. Mark. He arose early Friday morning and told Jailer Wilson, who carried him his last meal, that he was ready to meet his God. No other person saw him Friday, except the Rev. R. S. Truesdale, pastor Central Methodist Church, and the Rev. J. S. Earle, a colored minister, who offered prayer and spiritual comfort.

A great morbid crowd gathered in front of the jail, but few were admitted. The death trap was sprung at 11.15, after Gist had stepped on it without a quiver. Passing by the Rev. Mr. Truesdale, in the corridor of the jail, the pastor said to him: "God bless you, Gary." "He will, and I am ready to go," the negro replied, and the black cap covered his face. His feet were bound and his hands cuffed. The trap fell. In 11 minutes physicians pronounced him dead. His body was given to his parents for burial.

Before dying Gist gave out the following statement to the press: "Whiskey brought me to this. I got my whiskey from Ed Johnson; I used a pint between 12 and 1 o'clock on that day, and didn't know anything until I came to the jail. Tell mother to meet me in Heaven, and all my relatives to be good. Tell all the young men, both colored and white, that my death should be a warning to them. And that it is best to live good lives. Good-bye, God bless everybody."

A wire was received from Governor Blease at ten o'clock stating that as the young lady upon whose person the attempt was made refused to sign the petition for an extension of time that he could not interfere. Gist's mother and father were both too sick to see him. Gist, it is remembered, entered the home of a white woman and pushing her over and also throwing her one-year-old infant to the floor, was prevented from accomplishing his purpose only by her screams, which brought assistance. He was captured, after an exciting chase, and placed in the county jail, where he has since been confined.

Co. received, with regard to card published May 22d. Same was corrected and I spoke with absolute authority."

In this connection can say emphatically that my statement in writing, of the 19th inst., was true to the letter, inasmuch as I made all the arrangements myself with the superintendent for the holiday to which reference has been made; and I again beg to state positively that the help did not apply to us for a day off, and our superintendent positively states that the help did not make any reference to this Jones picnic whatever. The closing of the mill was voluntary, and as stated before I am the man who made the arrangements.

I have read the article in The News and Courier today, and a mistake must have been made by some one. However, I still maintain that the statement as given out by me is the truth, and if any further information is necessary I shall be glad to furnish it.

Yours very truly, Jas. T. MacEnroe, Asst. Treasurer.

Mr. MacEnroe appears to be the biggest official in the office at Ware Shoals, and the statements in The News and Courier, whatever their source, stand officially denied.

The News and Courier's Columbia correspondent is delightfully gratifying when he says: "That it hurts some people to know that the mill men were so anxious to hear Governor Blease was another matter, with which this correspondent was not concerned." Evidently the knowledge was delightful to The News and Courier's news agent. But we really do not understand why any one capable of looking the bald fact of 55,000 votes in the face nearly nine months ago, should be "hurt" because of a local demonstration, far from being "hurt," The State is prepared to enjoy the pleasure derived therefrom by The News and Courier's Columbia news purveyor.

Meantime while not concerned in the conflict, we direct attention to the fact that the positive declarations, furnished by The News and Courier, regarding the Ware Shoals Manufacturing Company, stand officially denied and unproved.

## Meteor Causes Alarm.

The fall of a massive meteor early Friday caused consternation throughout Lassen county, Cal. The shock when the blazing missile struck Tule Mountain, was felt for thirty miles, causing the earth to tremble as though from a giant quake.

## GOES TO SPAIN

Diaz Leaves Mexico and Will Make His Home Across the Water

## GLOOMY LEAVE TAKING

The Aged Ex-President Steals Away in Dead of Night from the Former Scene of His Power, Takes Special Train for Vera Cruz, Where He Took Ship.

Porfirio Diaz, former President of Mexico, has become an exile, and will end his days in a strange land. He stole away from Mexico City with great secrecy at two o'clock Friday morning.

Only a few devoted friends whom he dared to trust, followed him to the station. He was bound for Vera Cruz to take ship for Spain, where in all probability he will end his days.

So carefully were the arrangements made for the ex-President's escape that detail could not be confirmed until next afternoon. Secrecy was due less to apprehension of a popular outburst than to a desire to reach Vera Cruz without the fact being known to marauding bands along the route.

Travel between Mexico City and the seaport usually is over the Mexican railway, a standard gauge railroad with modern equipment. Rails along this route, however, frequently have been removed of late by bandits, who were determined that Diaz, for reasons best known to themselves, should not leave the Capital. They are reported to have harbored the idea that Diaz would follow the precedent of other Latin-American Presidents and carry the national funds with him.

There is another railroad to the coast, a narrow gauge, owned by the Government. Taking it for granted that Diaz would take the more luxurious route, the bandits have not molested it. For this reason it was chosen by the ex-President for his trip.

Presumably De La Barra and the officials, have been informed, but their lips are sealed on every detail. Senor De La Barra, who was inaugurated as Provisional President only Friday, it is realized has not yet had time to bring about the reforms of free speech, and "liberty of the press," which have been demanded.

Gen. Diaz, still feeble from his illness and far from being a well man, left his home at two o'clock in the morning. A more dreary leave taking could hardly have been witnessed. Rain was falling and by the time the ex-President emerged from a house, a November chill was in the air. He was closely muffled and to aid in the disguise a borrowed automobile was used.

The route to the San Lazaro station had been mapped out over unfrequented roads. By a prearranged scheme, at the last moment, police were scattered along the line. At certain points the close friends of the former chieftain, excluding those who will accompany him across the Atlantic, fell in behind his car.

The "Diaz Special" followed a pilot train. The first train was occupied by a detachment of the 25th Infantry. Mr. Diaz was accompanied by his wife, son and a few close friends.

The trains ran without orders, to prevent the rebels along the line picking up news of Diaz's coming from the wires. Just when or on what ship Gen. Diaz will sail is a matter of conjecture. The French ship Espagne was due to leave Vera Cruz Thursday, but may have been held at the disposal of the party from Mexico City.

A Spanish liner, the Manuel Calva, is scheduled to weigh anchor Saturday, sailing via Havana to Barcelona. A German ship, on which the Diaz party recently reserved staterooms, reports that the reservations have not been cancelled.

Gen. Diaz will probably make his home in Spain, probably at Madrid. Senora Diaz was made a lady in waiting to the Spanish Queen, and Gen. Diaz has been made an honorary general in the Spanish army.

The inauguration of De La Barra as Provisional President was a very brief affair, occupying but ten minutes. To spectators it seemed as if he had scarcely moved down Avenida Cindo de Mayo with his splendid escort before he was on his way back to the National Palace at the heels of his galloping troopers, his carriage smothered with flowers.

Private telegrams received at Mexico City report that Gen. Diaz arrived at Vera Cruz Friday afternoon. According to the advice he boarded the Ypiranga, a Hamburg-American boat. The Ypiranga is due to sail South to Coatzacoalcas Saturday.

Railroad reports received state the pilot train was stopped by insurgents below Jalapa, but after learning that it was serving as a pilot to the general's train, it was permitted to proceed. None of the three suffered other delays.

## Preacher Fatally Burned.

The Rev. J. H. Hastie, a Baptist minister aged 69, was burned to death early Friday morning at Talladega Springs, Ala., when he went back into his burning home to recover some money left in a trunk.

## CONEY ISLAND BURNS

ESCAPE OF MAN-EATING LION CAUSES A SMALL PANIC.

Two Hundred Buildings Burned and Two Thousand Persons Rendered Homeless and Penniless.

Coney Island, the playground of New York, suffered the worst disaster of its history Saturday. "Dreamland," the largest of the amusement parks, was wiped out and about four blocks adjoining, covered with booths, restaurants, hotels, moving picture theatres and resorts of varied types, were destroyed.

The fire broke out at 2 o'clock in the morning and was not under control until three hours and a half later. The loss will amount to between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000. In all about 200 buildings were burned and perhaps 2,000 persons, concessionaires and employees, were turned into the street homeless and penniless. No lives were lost.

The fire was discovered, a tiny blaze, in the tarred scaffolding of "Hell Gate," a scenic railway close to the entrance to "Dreamland." Twenty minutes after a frightened watchman had turned in three alarms, one after another, as fast as his thumb could press the key, all "Dreamland," ten acres of closely packed buildings, was one blaze. The flames, urged by a strong wind, were visible for nearly fifteen miles.

Close to "Hell Gate," where the fire started, was the Bostock animal show, and nearer yet the infant incubator, a charity nursery, in which were six infants and their attendants. The children were taken out in their little glass houses and rushed out of danger by the police. Then came the work of taking out the animals, a costly collection, including several dangerous man-eaters. The animals were in a panic. Their roaring could be heard for many blocks above the crackling of the flames and the throb of the engines.

All went well until the transfer was nearly concluded. Then the biggest of the lions, in panic, broke from his bonds, smashed his way through the barriers and leaped into the streets, all poked by a throng of spectators. He dived straight into the middle of the throng. Consternation seized the multitude and the crowd rushed pell-mell in all directions in panic. He was hunted down and killed by policemen. Sixty other animals were burned to death.

## STATE UNIVERSITY CLOSES.

Commencement Exercises Begin on Sunday, June 4.

The Graduating Class, the Faculty and the Students of the University of South Carolina request your presence at the commencement exercises June 4 to 7.

The program is as follows: Sunday, June 4th—11:15 a. m.—Sermon before the Y. M. C. A. by Rev. C. Armond Miller, Charleston, S. C.

8:30 p. m.—Baccalaureate Sermon by Dr. Howard Lee Jones, D. D., Charleston, S. C.

Monday, June 5th—9:00 a. m.—Class Reunions.

8:30 p. m.—Joint Celebration of Euphradian and Clarosopic Literary Societies.

Tuesday, June 6th—10:00 a. m.—Class Day Exercises.

8:30 p. m.—Commencement Address by Lewis W. Parker, Esq. Address to Law Graduates by Hon. W. A. Henderson, Washington, D. C.

Wednesday, June 7th—11:00 a. m.—Commencement Procession Forms at Library.

11:15 a. m.—Commencement Exercises. Conferring of Degrees.

10:00 p. m.—Commencement Ball.

## THEY SLID TO SAFETY.

Six Persons Were Saved by a Small Cotton Clothes Line.

Six persons were saved from death in a fire in a four story New York tenement Friday by a long slide down a clothes line. The flames cut off the escape of the six and they were marooned on a balcony overlooking the street. Flames were shooting out about them when one of the party, a 6-year-old boy, with a jack knife cut down a long piece of clothes line which was hanging from a pulley over his head. He tied the slender rope to the edge of the balcony and one by one the six slid to safety. The boy went last.

## Very Unusual Case.

A very interesting case promises to come from the arrest of Prince Golpfin, a negro, charging him with the murder of George Walker, another negro, at Aiken, about three years ago. There are two men in the penitentiary serving sentences for this murder. Prince Golpfin was at the time also charged with a complicity in the murder, but he turned State's evidence, and the charges against him were not pressed.

## Baby Drinks Carbolic Acid.

Much sympathy is expressed for Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Peace, of Greenville, whose two-year-old baby died Friday afternoon from drinking carbolic acid. The child secured the bottle from a medicine chest and had swallowed part of the contents before it could be taken from him.

## MANY GO FREE

Governor Blease Grants Paroles to Fourteen Diseased Convicts

## NAMES OF LUCKY ONES

As a Result of the Governor's Recent Visit to the Penitentiary, Eleven Prisoners Suffering with Chronic Ailments and One of Advanced Age Given Liberty.

Fourteen prisoners left the State Penitentiary on Monday. Of the fourteen men released by Governor Blease twelve are given the freedom upon the endorsement of the prison physician and the captain of the guard at the Penitentiary, following Governor Blease's personal visit to the prison when he saw these prisoners' condition.

One other prisoner leaves also as a result of Governor Blease's visit, and the fourteenth goes as the result of a hearing in the case Saturday, it being simply a coincidence that he will be released at the same time that the other prisoners go. According to the certificates eleven of the paroled prisoners are suffering with chronic illness and one gets his certificate because of advanced age.

There are nine life prisoners who will receive paroles. They are: John Hall, Orangeburg, burglary; Joe Gaddy, colored, Horry, murder; Frank Murray, colored, Berkeley, murder; Daisy Cicero, colored, Fairfield, murder; Green Brown, colored, Chester, murder; Walter Perkins, Greenville, murder; Hugh Campbell, Greenville, murder; James Carter, colored, Marion, rape. Arthur Whitener, colored, Chester, murder.

At the time Governor Blease went to inspect the hosiery mill a number of prisoners suffering with chronic illness were brought before him, and he stated at the time that he would release those who have a home to go to and whose cases would receive the endorsement of the captain of the guard and of the prison physician.

Some of those who left the prison had to be carried from the very door of their cells in the hospital building. One of the prisoners, an old negro, is blind; two others are suffering from locomotor ataxia, which disease renders them helpless; another fell from the third tier of the cell building and had one side paralyzed; he glided on his cheek bone and was saved from death in the fall, but has never been able to use one side since the morning he dropped from the dizzy height; two of the prisoners that leave have tuberculosis of the stomach.

One woman is in the list of prisoners. She was sent up from Fairfield County for murder in 1901, having been, therefore, in the penitentiary for ten years. She has asthma and for ten years. She has asthma and for ten years.

## TROUBLE FOR UNCLE SAM.

Because of Our Acrement of the Monroe Doctrine.

At Nashville, Tenn., Judge John W. Judd, who was sent to Porto Rico to investigate the laws and conditions in the islands by the war department, made a sensational speech before the Tennessee Bar Association Friday, in which he urged this nation drop the Philippines and adhere of the Monroe doctrine as it is understood.

A prepared paper on "Porto Rico and the Porto Ricans," was to have been read to the Convention by Judge Judd, but he stated that he could not read it, as the authorities at Washington had asked him not to give it to the public, asserting it would cause embarrassing diplomatic relations with other countries.

Judge Judd expressed the opinion that if the Monroe doctrine was adhered to as construed by President Roosevelt, it would eventually bring the United States into troubles not dreamed of today.

## BURGLAR FOUND HANGING.

Attempted to Rob New York House and Met His Death.

As an animal might be caught in a trap in the solitude of woodlands and held there until it died, a human being was found in New York recently—a man who attempted the burglary of a wealthy man's home. The body was identified as that of Joseph Tauer, twenty-seven years old, who had lived at No. 218 East One Hundred and Twenty-third street. Mrs. Elias Surin, wife of a woolen merchant, came from her summer home at Arverne and discovered in her town house at No. 138 West One Hundred and Twenty-third street, Manhattan, the body of the burglar hanging from the skylight. The lid of the skylight lay across the back of his neck. Slowly he had strangled. Then his body had dangled for days from the roof of the vacant house.

## Two Die in the Surf.

Mrs. William Shields and Mrs. John D. Cannon, members of prominent families of Palatka, Fla., were drowned while bathing in the surf at South Beach Thursday. The ladies were among the large crowd to the beach today on the Red Men's annual excursion.