

Nation Dying of Hunger

While the people of the United States have been sending thirty million dollars' worth of relief to Europe and Turkey, two hundred thousand women and children in Albania have died of starvation.

While each woman and child in Belgium has had plenty to eat, women and children in Albania have gnawed at the carcasses of dead horses in the streets.

William Willard Howard, of New York, who has returned from his third trip to this hunger zone of Europe, predicts that the entire population of Albania will die of famine and pestilence unless helped. He says that in Albania corn is fifty dollars a bushel, flour eighty dollars a sack, and macaroni five dollars a pound.

"The tragedy of Albania," says Mr. Howard, "is that a nation is dying of hunger, while the people of the United States, laden with gifts for the rest of Europe and for Turkey, pass by on the other side."

"Thirty millions of dollars have been given by the people of the United States for relief work of various kinds in Belgium, Poland, Armenia, Syria and the warring countries of Europe, while two hundred thousand women and children in Southeastern Europe have starved to death unheeded and uncared for. Not one woman or child has died of hunger in Belgium; two hundred thousand in Albania.

"Is it fair—is it human—that the innocent women and children of Albania, who never did anyone any harm, should be trampled under foot and left to perish, at a time when all others are fed?"

"Is this American fair play? I have appealed for help in high places. I have begged a crust of bread of those who have given millions to Belgium, Poland, Armenia and Syria.

The Albanians are as much entitled to sympathy and help as others. They have not taken part in the war. They fed and sheltered the refugees from Serbia, even with the last measure of corn that the famine smitten villages possessed. They have not done any wrong; yet armies have swept over their country, taking what could be found to take, leaving to starving women and children only the carcasses of dead horses in the streets.

"I ask only American fair play for the famished children of Albania. I ask of all fair minded men and women in the United States: Why should the Albanians—three hundred thousand of whom are Christians—be left to starve, while we press forward, in generous rivalry, to feed the others? The Albanians are more numerous than the Armenians; yet we feed the Armenians and let the Albanians starve.

"Having appealed to deaf ears in high places I now appeal to the plain people—to fair minded men and women who would not let even a dog starve to death, no matter what his breed. I want to go back to Albania with a shipload of food. I have arranged for a ship—a new American ship, just launched and fitted for sea. The ship is ready and waiting.

"A number of distinguished gentlemen in New York—mostly clergymen and editors of newspapers—will co-operate in an appeal for a relief cargo for the ship. The treasurer selected to receive contributions is the Rev. Frederick Lynch, D. D., editor

Villa and Main Command March for Munitions Stored South of Parral

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 6.—Francisco Villa and his main command are marching toward Mesa de Sandias, 35 miles southwest of Parral, where a quantity of ammunition and arms and a large drove of horses are known to be hidden for the Villa forces according to an American refugee from Chihuahua City. These are hidden in the ranch of General Urbina, the Villa general who was killed by Villa troops because he would not divide his loot with Villa.

It was in the direction of Mesa de Sandia that Villa was going when he was being pursued by Major Tompkins, who was subsequently attacked by a crowd of civilians in Parral.

Passengers arriving tonight from Chihuahua City said that the feeling of apprehension among the people there had been greatly allayed because of the arrangements of General Trevino to protect the city against a surprise attack. No reports have been yet received regarding the Americans in Parral, they said, but refugees from Santa Rosalia confirmed the death of Dr. C. H. Fisher, an American at the hands of the bandits who raided that place.

The Associated Press correspondent at Chihuahua City, who reached the border last night, was informed before leaving Chihuahua City that Dr. Encarnacion Bronco Whitt, the physician of Guerrero, Chihuahua, who had been made prisoner by Villa and forced to treat the bandit's wounded leg, was in Guerrero Saturday in charge of Villa's temporary field hospital. Doctor Whitt is a Mexican citizen not a British subject. He was reported recently by refugees from Chihuahua City as having been killed by Villa bandits.

Danger of Bad Teeth

Crooked, twisted, gnarled and deformed teeth are a source of danger to the child, family, and state as well. Buck Teeth Ben soon gets too sensitive to be in touch with his playmates, and he stays in the background—getting farther and farther away from his fellows.

The child is in danger of being a recluse, a backward. Dentists are to be found all over the land. Call on them.

In every state, in almost every county, you will find people, so societies, calling the attention of mother to the necessities of dental cleanliness. Clean the teeth. You will find that a clean tooth never decays—you will find dark spots on the teeth under which lurk small germs that eat holes in the teeth. Get a little orris root and a good brush and rub your teeth. Get a brush for the boy and one for the girl. When you find the teeth and gums sore, bleed, the teeth fall into holes, the gums separate from the teeth, blackspots on the teeth inside and outside of jaw, there is bacteria on the teeth. If the teeth are in the last stage of decay, see a dentist.

Don't wait until you have lost your best teeth to look after your mouth. Watch the boy's and girl's mouth. Disease often comes from decayed teeth.—Selected.

of the The Christian Work. Contributions in any amount—from the price of a loaf of bread upward—may be sent to the Balkan Relief Fund, 70 Fifth avenue, New York city."

Gold Scattered Over the Streets of Jefferson

Mr. L. E. Gardner in writing to the Jeffersonian gives the following interesting account of gold mining projects near Jefferson:

This gold mine was discovered by Burwell Brewer, nearly one hundred years ago. Mr. Brewer, and his assistants got their gold by using log rockets and sluice boxes, but in later years a northern company got in possession of the mine and made their gold by the hydraulic process. They were very successful, so much so, that they decided to work the mine on a larger scale. In 1889 the company built a 40 stamp mill down to the foot of the hill, on Fork Creek and opened a quarry on top of the hill and blasted out the ore and it was conveyed to the mill on a train of cars through a tunnel 1300 feet long. The stamp mill was put in operation April 1890. The output of gold for the first month, was 15 lbs. The mill didn't run many years before the hard pounded ore and poisonous gases and chemicals used at the mill began to damage farm lands along the creek below the mine.

The landowners sued the company for damages and the mill was shut down. The mine has not been worked since except on a small scale. The Northern company sold the mine tract to Mr. Bill U. Clyburn, of Kershaw a few years ago. Mr. Clyburn is the present owner. He has considerable farming done on the place, but no gold mining.

I believe this is one of the richest gold mines in South Carolina. All that is needed is money, necessary machinery, and plenty of will power to make the Clyburn mine a paying proposition.

I am not an expert at gold mining, but I've been a prospector for several years. I use a pan and pick for my outfit and I find some gold on every tract of land in this neighborhood. In reference to last weeks issue of the Jeffersonian, I see that my name is mentioned as a successful prospector in John Miller's gold mine. Now I wish to make some explanation. It is a fact that a darkey named John Miller, does own several lots near the foot of Brewer mine hill, and I have panned a lot of dirt from an old road, crossing his land and the gold shows up good. I've tried it several times and the prospects for gold is encouraging. I believe John Miller has a rich mine over there, and I believe it will pay to work the place. There are several places near Jefferson, that is rich in gold deposits, and should be worked.

I can find small particles of gold on the main street of Jefferson. Why should we ever complain of hard times when we have gold under us and in our fields, branches, and on every hill top, and for all we've got it we will need plenty of elbow grease to get it in our pockets.

Negro Hit by Train

Tuesday night as the Seaboard Air Line train No. 18 came up to the Cheraw station, Sandy Perkins, a negro, who was standing too close to the track, was hit by the cowcatcher and knocked senseless. His arm was broken, head cut, and he probably sustained internal injuries. He was taken to the Hamlet hospital on the same train that struck him. News received this morning was that he was in fairly good shape.—Cheraw Chronicle.

Deutschland Brings Ten Million Worth of Dyes and Drugs

New London, Conn., Nov. 1. | Ten million dollars' worth of dyestuffs and drugs and it was said "possibly stocks, bonds and precious stones" comprise the cargo of the German submarine merchantman Deutschland, according to a statement tonight by Capt. Paul Koenig, commander of the craft.

The Deutschland is in this port after having succeeded in making a second voyage from a German port to the American coast, despite the watchfulness of British and French war vessels.

First of the under-sea merchantmen by use of which Germany hopes to keep open a trade route with the United States, the Deutschland, according to her captain, is at present the only vessel of that fleet. The Bremen which started a voyage from the city after which she was named on August 26, he said, has been given up as lost. He thought "she must have struck a mine," but he added, "she has not fallen victim to this almost blockade. I am sure of that."

The Amerika, which some reports have indicated was a merchant submarine captured by the British, never existed, Captain Koenig asserted.

"I must keep up this traffic alone for the present, that is, the Deutschland must," he said. "In a fortnight I shall be gone, I hope, to return before the end of the year."

It was possible, the navigator stated, that other merchant submarines would be built by that time.

In a summary of his voyage, just completed, Captain Koenig, who returned with decorations from German royalty as marks of recognition for his pioneer voyage, said this was "a quiet trip." Recital of its incidents, however, developed matters of lively interest. The Deutschland did not lie on the ocean floor this time, as in the voyage which ended at Baltimore last July. The submarine instead varied the monotony of its sailing under the water or on the surface with occasional dodges beneath vessels identified as warships of belligerent Nationality or thought to be. Seven times, Captain Koenig said, he maneuvered in this way. The last time was off Nantucket yesterday when he sighted a "four-funnelled steamer" and dived beneath her.

"The storms gave us more trouble than this so called blockade," he continued. "We were beset by heavy southwest gales for days, and they were with us most of the way across. Fogs also hindered us. We might as well have been submerged, for the weather was so thick at times."

The superstructure of the Deutschland was dented by the blows of the seas, but she suffered no severe damage, her commander said.

The Swedis jitney driver drew up beside the road, jumped out and with wrench in hand crawled under the auto. Taking advantage of the stop the only passenger, a German, proceeded to eat a lunch consisting mainly of Limburger. Suddenly the driver emerged from beneath the machine and with bulging eyes and a hand on his nose stood staring at the auto. "What's the matter?" inquired the German innocently, between mouthfuls of cheese. "Ay don't know," said Ole. "But Ay tank the engine bane dead."

Wilson Apparently Elected by Safe Majority

What It Means to Win

Winning a prize at a county fair, even though it be only the prize at the bottom of the list, gives one a new pride in his work. He goes home feeling that life is worth living and work is worth doing. If it does not give one too much of a swelled head, it is a good thing for him to know that he excels someone in something. It encourages him in his work, for he knows then that he is on the right track. It shows him in which branch of his business he is being the most successful, and therefore, which one it will pay him best to develop as his specialty.

The winning of a blue ribbon makes a man a brother to kings; it fills him with an exaltation which is good for his soul, it sets for him a new standard in life.

If he is made of the right stuff he tries to live up to that blue ribbon in all things, he tries to make all his products as high quality for their kinds as was for its kind that which won the blue ribbon. Soon or late that spirit of better quality permeates his entire being and he becomes a bigger and a better man for having won that little strip of ribbon.

He realizes that his competitors who lost the honor to him are going to strive all the harder to win it from him next year. Therefore, he strives just as hard next year to excel his own accomplishment of the year before so that he may again win the honor of the blue ribbon rather than letting his competitors take it from him. And thereby the winning of that prize has raised his own standards of excellence and thus has benefited his business.—The Farming Business.

Providence Items

Please announce that we still have prayer service each Wednesday night at 7:30, at Providence church. Every body is invited to attend.

Several members of Providence Sunday school held a pleasant hour of prayer and song service at the home of Mr. J. E. Robertson Sunday afternoon to comfort the sick father who has been confined to his room for most three weeks.

Mr. M. H. Tadlock's feed was right seriously depleted Saturday night and Sunday because a colored man drove up with a horse to be fed until it was called for Monday. The horse had given out and could not go any farther, but was able to eat every thing that it came in contact with in the way of anything eatable.

Mr. H. Z. Outen went to Chesterfield on business last Monday. The young girls of Providence church are doing good work in their prayer meeting service. They meet each Sunday after Sunday school. All the young girls are invited to co-operate with them in their work. G

Bring Back Our Dog

Twenty-five cents reward, cash or trade, for return of or information concerning the present whereabouts of our white and black spotted Robert-tailed dog, which which went to town a few days ago and neglected to return home. I fear he is in bad company, and will appreciate your kindness in aiding me to get him back home. T. B. Watts.

Reports Received at 10 Today Give Wilson 23 Electoral Votes Ahead of Hughes, and Still Gaining. Republicans Acknowledge Democratic Victory.

Nearly complete returns from the National election show that the race for the presidency was close, and up to 9 o'clock this morning nothing positive can be given, though the returns point to the election of Woodrow Wilson. Returns were reported very slowly last night and many states are still in doubt. The Republicans claim Hughes elected, but the Democrats do not concede it to them. Most of the states on the Pacific slope have not been reported, and Vance McCormick, Democratic chairman, says indications are that these will go to Wilson, and that there is still a good chance that he has been elected. The big New York papers announced the election of Hughes last night about 9 o'clock.

The Republicans claim a majority in both houses of congress, but this claim is also disputed by the Democrats.

North Carolina defeated her one Republican congressman, and will send up a solid Democratic delegation.

The "Solid South" piled up the usual big Democratic majority.

Utah, strong Republican, went for Wilson in this election. Massachusetts, Missouri, Illinois and a number of other states are doubtful.

Below is given the electoral vote of the states as reported up to the hour of going to press. It will be seen that Wilson still has a chance. There are 531 electoral votes, and 266 are necessary to elect.

	Wilson	Hughes	Uncertain
Alabama	12		
Arizona			3
Arkansas	9		
California		13	
Colorado	6		
Connecticut		7	
Delaware		3	
Florida	6		
Georgia	14		
Idaho		4	
Illinois		29	
Indiana	15		
Iowa	13		
Kansas		10	
Kentucky	13		
Louisiana	10		
Maine		6	
Maryland	8		
Massachusetts		18	
Michigan		15	
Minnesota		12	
Mississippi	10		
Missouri		18	
Montana		4	
Nebraska	8		
Nevada		3	
New Hampshire		4	
New Jersey		14	
New Mexico	3		
New York		55	
North Carolina	12		
North Dakota		5	
Ohio	24		
Oklahoma	10		
Oregon		5	
Pennsylvania		38	
Rhode Island		5	
South Carolina	9		
South Dakota		5	
Tennessee	12		
Texas	20		
Utah	4		
Vermont		4	
Virginia	12		
Washington		7	
West Virginia		8	
Wisconsin		13	
Wyoming		3	
Totals	202	201	128