

THE TRI-WEEKLY HERALD.  
NEWBERRY, S. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 30, 1865.

Our thanks are due Mr. O. H. P. Fant, for copies of Augusta papers.

The Oath to be Forced.

We understand that the oath is to be forced on the citizens of Charleston, on the 1st of April, those refusing to be ordered off.

Call upon men of Business

In their hours of business, attend to your business, then go about your business. This is capital advice, and it is bestowed gratuitously, free of charge, for nothing. *Quantum sufficit.*

From Gen. Johnston.

Soldiers arriving, report, that Johnston fought Sherman with success on the 12th and 19th, when Sherman entrenched. On the 20th and 21st, heavy skirmishing occurred, and on the 21st Johnston fell back seven miles to avoid a flank movement of Sherman's.

Gen. Elliot, of this State, was wounded in the battle of the 19th inst.

From Petersburg.

We are indebted to an intelligent soldier for the following. He says that on the Bulletin board at Charlotte, he saw a dispatch under Gen. Lee's signature, stating that he had attacked and taken three lines of Grant's works on the Appomattox, with a loss on our side of 750 killed and wounded; but had subsequently to give them up, the works being under an enfilading fire. Many prisoners were taken, loss of enemy not ascertained. Date not remembered.

Served him Right.

We understand that the man Metts, who was hanged on Monday, at Frog Level, hailed from Lexington, but was originally from Georgia. He is said to have been quite desperate and had committed many outrages in the neighborhood in which he was taken, also as having been conspicuous in leading the Yankees through Lexington. At the time of capture three were in camp, one escaped, being shot at, the other was turned over to military authority.

Look out Little Boys.

We like to look at you on the street, when you are attending to mother's business, or at home, if there is nothing to do, but do not like to see you in a printing office unless specially sent there. You are apt to be in the way, talk loud, make pi, and do considerable if not more damage. When that is the case we become cross-eyed, and might perhaps hide you away where you'll not be found when foul time comes round, so look out.

Lugubrious.

"What's the news?" asked we of a friend on the street the other morning. His reply was as follows: "Oh the best in the world, just received a letter from home, wife sick, been sick a long time; smoke house broken into, and half my meat stolen; negroes contrary, ride my horses to death at night; wife asks the reason why, one boy pulls out a roll of money, big as my arm, and says that's the reason; you see he's gambling. Fences gone, provisions scarce, everything wrong, and I'm here on duty a quarter of a hundred miles from home. Oh dear, oh dear. Isn't that good news?" We caved and inwardly made a note, that may be he would go up if a change does not soon take place.

Columbia, and the "Phoenix."

We have received the 1st, 2d and 3d copies of Mr. Selby's paper, which has arisen Phoenix like from the ashes of poor, devoted Columbia. The first number contains an interesting article on the capture and sack of Columbia, also a severe and no doubt merited critique upon the removal of Gen. Johnston. A list of the owners and occupants of houses destroyed.

Columbia had a population of 20,000 souls when captured—mostly women, children and negroes. The scenes that occurred in that doomed city are indescribable, almost everything atrocious, vile and satanic was perpetrated. The accumulation of riches had made Columbia a centre of wealth. Young women of family were sent in numbers from other threatened sections to a city deemed secure. But alas! almost in one instant, beautiful Columbia, with her temples and palaces, her shrines of art and industry, her seats of learning, her beauty, wealth and refinement, is now laid in ashes. But with her unsullied robes she can once more raise her splendid portals.

We learn that there was enough food in Columbia to have sufficed that city five years. About twelve hundred watches were stolen.

The city is already beginning to arise, they are advertising in their tri-weekly press, for lumber, opening schools, auction sales, brass foundries, etc.

The "Phoenix" is published by Mr. Julian A. Selby, a practical printer of skill and energy, at \$1 per copy, no subscription received.

From Charleston—Yankee—Courier, March 14.

THE SCHOOLS.—"The cry is still they come;" children flock in daily by the hundred. The Morris and St. Philip streets schools are overflowing, and to-day the Normal school, the Free school in Meeting street, and Mr. Porter's school in Ashley street, will be opened. Mrs. Col. Beecher, sister-in-law of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, and of Mrs. Stowe, author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is acting as principal of the Morris street school. Father Brady, a Catholic clergyman, is giving free lectures on Botany, to teachers and others, in the Normal school in the afternoons.

CHARITIES—2,000 have been contributed by Northern dealers for the poor of Charleston.

The Navy off Charleston contributed \$2,000 to the people in Columbia, and the army would contribute a like amount.

PRICES—Beef is 25 cents per lb., pork 30 cts., and bass \$1.50 to \$2.

Negroes continue to be enlisted and drilled at Savannah. A large number of blacks were sent a few days ago from that city to Cuba to be sold as slaves on the plantations on that Island.

An advertisement in the Charleston Courier calls on the whites in that city to form a regiment under Col. Heavry. An editorial article asserts that the call is being filled by those loyal young men of that city who remained after its occupation by the Yankees.

THE SAMARITAN CITIES AND PEOPLE.—The citizens of Columbia owe an eternal debt of gratitude to the noble generosity of the people of Augusta, Charlotte, Chester, Newberry, Abbeville, Greenville, Sumter and other places, for their promptness and wonderful liberality which came to their relief and rescue at the hour of their worst tribulation. We were starving and they brought us food, naked and they gave us clothing, sorrowing and they poured into our souls the words of comfort, encouragement and sympathy. We should we forget the Samaritan love of these people of Charlotte and other towns who welcomed our fugitives to their homes and firesides. We shall not forget them, and it is grateful to know that if God sends us the storm, He guides us to the shelter, if He afflicts us with the scourge, He ends the misery, if He vests our hearts with trial, He strengthens us with faith until hope is renewed within us.—Columbia Phoenix.

GEN. FORREST AND DESERTERS.—The Register learns from a gentleman just from Mississippi that this true General is getting in deserters and stay-at-home soldiers by hundreds and thousands. He has adopted a new and decisive method. The house of a known deserter is visited, and its occupants are informed that "your father, husband, brother or son, is skulking from his duty while the country is invaded—I give you one week to send them to the ranks—failing in that, your houses will be burned, and you will be sent to the enemy's lines, for you are helping the enemy, and you must go where you belong." The effect of the speech is said to be marvellous, and only in a few instances has it been necessary to execute the threat.

SCRAPS OF TIME.—Try what you can make of the broken fragments of time. Clean up its golden dust—those raspings and parings of precious duration—those leavings of days and remnant hours which so many are sweeping out into the vast waste of existence. Perhaps, if you be a miser of moments—if you be frugal, and hoard up odd minutes, and half hours and unexpected holidays—your careful gleaming may eke you a long and useful life and you may die at last richer in existence than multitudes whose time is all their own.

BRING IN THE RAGS.—We want all the rags that can be brought to us and will give the highest cash price for all that may be delivered at this office, or at the Book Store. To all we would say:

"Save your rags, and save your tags,  
Save your good for-nothing bags—  
Bring them to this office, soon,  
Bring them morning, eve or noon."

EXAMPLE PREFERRED.—How many pairs of shoes, and how many rations will a thousand "patriotic resolutions," that "our soldiers have won the undying admiration of the world" buy for our barefooted and badly provisioned soldiers? Our soldiers would rather, just now, have example than precept. They have received a bountiful supply of the latter during the past four years.—Opelika Sentinel.

Woman differs from each other as widely in the leading traits of character, as the most opposite objects in nature. One is the soul of gentleness, tenderness and love, the chords of her heart vibrating with the softer strains of feeling and affection; whilst another finds her true element in the thundergust, and all the harsher discords of nature; or, like Madame Roland, delighting in and giving direction to the wild spirit of revolution.

THE YOUNGEST GOVERNMENT IN AMERICA.—The London Index says: On the 5th of March next there will be three Governments on the continent of America, one of which existed three years ago. On that day the Confederate States will be rather more than three years old; the Empire of Mexico will be about one year old; and the new Federation, of which Mr. Lincoln has been elected the first President, will be just one day old.

"There is a woman at the bottom of every mischief," said Joe.  
"Yes," replied Charlie; "when I used to get into mischief my mother was at the bottom of me."

After a clergyman had united a happy pair, not long ago an awful silence ensued, which was broken up by an impatient youth, exclaiming—"Don't be so unspeakable happy."

Col. A. F. Rudler, of the regular army, has been appointed commandant of the post, of Columbia and its precincts.

A farmer near Devenport, Iowa, has forty acres of onions, which are estimated to yield 915 bushels to the acre, or 6,600 bushels in all. At \$1.50 per bushel, this anti-scorbutic patch will bring \$54,000.

Sugar, Sugar, Sugar.

3 BARRELS of GOOD BROWN SUGAR, just RECEIVED and for SALE or BARTER by Mar. 30., 4—2t B. H. LOVELACE.

Brown Shirting.

5,000 yards BROWN SHIRTING, just received and for sale or barter by Mar. 30., 4—2t E. H. LOVELACE.

Caps, Caps.

10,000 GUN CAPS, a good English article, for sale by Mar. 30., 4—2t B. H. LOVELACE.

Shirting.

I HAVE on hand a large lot of 4-4 and 7-8 SHIRTING, Osnaburghs, Cotton Yarn, Cotton Cards, Log-wood, Indigo, Copperas, Nails, Tacks, and many other articles can be found by calling at my store. A. HARRIS. March 28 tf

Tire Iron.

I WILL trade Tire Iron for two good Milch Cows and Calves. A. HARRIS. Newberry, March 28. tf

Wanted.

FROM ONE TO A HALF DOZEN GOOD CANDLE-STICKS for which a liberal price will be paid. Apply at this office. March 25. tf

Cook Wanted.

A GOOD COOK, WASHER & IRONER.—Wanted to hire with the owner. None of our free negroes wanted. Apply at this office. March 21 tf

Notice.

TO BONDED MEN AND THOSE WHO HAVE NOT PAID THEIR TITHE BACON. I TAKE this occasion to notify you not to turn over your Bacon to any person but Tithe Collectors, or this Office, or bonded Commissary in the field. The receipts of any but Bonded men in the field are worthless. W. W. WALKER, C. A. Newberry, S. C., March 16, 1865.

Hand Saw Files.

A FEW DOZEN very fine HAND SAW FILES. Just received and for sale by March 21 tf B. H. LOVELACE.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

NEWBERRY DISTRICT.  
By John T. Peterson, Esq., Ordinary of Newberry District.

WHEREAS, Phebe Nates has applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Jacob C. Nates, late of the district aforesaid, deceased: These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary's Court, for the said District, to be holden at Newberry C. H., on the 10th day of April next, to shew cause, if any, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand and seal, this 27th day of Mar., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four. Mar. 30. JOHN T. PETERSON, o.s.d.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

NEWBERRY DISTRICT.  
By John T. Peterson, Esquire, Ordinary of Newberry District.

WHEREAS Lucy Gilliam has applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of James S. Gilliam, late of the District aforesaid, deceased. These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Newberry Court House on the 7th day of April next, to shew cause, if any why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand and Seal, this 24th day of Mar. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. Mar 30 JOHN T. PETERSON, o.s.d.

The State of South Carolina.

NEWBERRY DISTRICT.  
By J. T. Peterson, Esq., Ordinary of Newberry District.

WHEREAS, Frances Brennan has applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Dr. John E. Brennan, late of the district aforesaid deceased: These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Newberry Court House, on the 3rd day of April next, to shew cause, if any, why the said Administration should not be granted. Given under my hand this 20th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. March 21 2 JOHN T. PETERSON, o.s.d.

Headquarters,  
ARMIES OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES,  
February 11th, 1865.

General Orders No. 2.  
In entering upon the campaign about to open, the General-in-Chief feels assured that the soldiers who have so long and so nobly borne the hardships and dangers of the war, require no exhortation to respond to the calls of honor and duty.

With the liberty transmitted by their fathers they have inherited the spirit to defend it.

The choice between war and abject submission is before them.  
To such a proposal brave men, with arms in their hands, can have but one answer.

They cannot barter manhood for peace, nor the right of self-government for life or property.

But justice to them requires a sterner admonition to those who have abandoned their comrades in the hour of peril.

A last opportunity is offered them to wipe out the disgrace and escape the punishment of their crimes.

By authority of the President of the Confederate States, a pardon is announced to such deserters and men improperly absent, as shall return to the commands to which they belong within the shortest possible time, not exceeding twenty days from the publication of this order, at the headquarters of the department in which they may be.

Those who may be prevented by interruption of communication, may report within the time specified to the nearest enrolling officer or other officer on duty, to be forwarded as soon as practicable and upon presenting a certificate from such officer showing compliance with this requirement, will receive the pardon hereby offered.

Those who have deserted to the service of the enemy, or who have deserted after having been once pardoned for the same offence, and those who shall desert, or absent themselves without authority, after the publication of this order, are excluded from its benefits. Nor does the offer of pardon extend to other offences than desertion and absence without permission.

By the same authority, it is also declared that no general amnesty will again be granted, and those who refuse to accept the pardon now offered, or who shall hereafter desert or absent themselves without leave, shall suffer such punishment as the Courts may impose, and no application for clemency will be entertained.

Taking new resolution from the fate which our enemies intend for us, let every man devote all his energies to the common defence.

Our resources, wisely and vigorously employed, are ample, and with a brave army, sustained by a determined and united people, success, with God's assistance, cannot be doubtful.

The advantages of the enemy will have but little value if we do not permit them to impair our resolution. Let us, then, oppose constancy to adversity, fortitude to suffering, and courage to danger, with the firm assurance that He who gave freedom to our father's will bless the efforts of their children to preserve it.

March 18 6 R. E. LEE, General.

Headquarters,  
ENROLLING OFFICE, NEWBERRY,  
MARCH 20, 1865.

I. The attention of soldiers returning home on furlough in Newberry District, is again called to the requirements of paragraph II General Orders No. 141, A. & I. G. O. series of 1863.

II. The order referred to requires that soldiers returning home on furlough or on reaching places at which they will stay during furlough, will immediately report to the nearest Enrolling Officer, who will keep a register of their names, descriptive list, place where stationed, by whom the furlough was granted and the time at which it expires.

III. When a soldier on furlough is, at the expiration of the same, unable to travel to the Hospital Examining Board, he will be ordered before the Board of Examiners for Conscripits, which Board if they think proper will recommend an extension of furlough not to exceed thirty days.

IV. In cases where, from sickness or wounds, a soldier is unable to appear before the Board of Examiners for Conscripits, he will send up to the Enrolling Officer with furlough, a certificate of his attending physician, giving a full statement of his case, which certificate, if approved, will be referred to the Board for its action.

V. A strict compliance with the above requirements will be promptly enforced.

F. N. WALKER,  
Capt. & E. O. N. D.

March 21 6

Soldiers' Boards of Relief.  
OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF SO. CA.,  
Spartanburg C. H., March 1, 1865

THIS department is located for the present at this place. The Soldier's Boards of Relief in Districts and Parishes with which there is no communication by mail, will forward their returns by horse couriers immediately upon the receipt of this notice. The expenses of these couriers will be paid at this office. All other important communications for this office should be forwarded in the same way.

JAMES TUPPER,  
Auditor of S. C.

March 18

STRIPES, STRIPES.

A NOTHER Lot of those nice light striped OSNABURGS, for Spring and Summer use For sale by B. H. LOVELACE. March 21 tf