

The Camden Confederate.

VOLUME II

CAMDEN, SO. CA., FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1863.

NUMBER 32

The Camden Confederate,

AT THREE DOLLARS A YEAR,

PAYABLE INVARIABLY HALF-YEARLY IN ADVANCE

Terms for Advertising:

For one Square—fourteen lines or less—ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for each insertion.

OBITUARY NOTICES, exceeding one Square, charged for at advertising rates.

Transient Advertisements and Job Work MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.

No deduction made, except to our regular advertising patrons.

J. T. HERSHMAN, Editor.

Mr Vallandigham.

The Chattanooga Rebel, speaking of the course Mr. Vallandigham, should pursue, says:

The roads which leads up the steep ascent of the future is [for him] direct and gaslighted all the way. It leads first out of some Confederate port to Nassau, thence to Canada and finally into the gubernatorial chair of Ohio. The return of Napoleon from Elba was the signal for general reaction in France. Thousands flocked to him on the instant. Nothing could keep the "little corporal," bars, nor iron, nor prisoners, nor island. He stood once more on his own native heath, the superstition of the popular heart clung to him and he triumphed. Let Mr. Vallandigham's return be as speedy. Let the absence of single month find him issuing an address to the people of his State from Lower Canada proclaiming these things to them:

"I a loyal citizen of the Union, and a soldier thereof and of freedom; banished against law and constitution; thrown contrary to my will across the lines of the public enemy; whose refusal to receive or recognize me establishes before all men my patriotism and my honor; I Clement L. Vallandigham, persecuted, exiled, reviled and coerced by tyrants and by bayonets, but not dead nor dumb, issue these words and declare myself a candidate for Governor of Ohio." The effect would be magical. Who would thereby be proven traitor? Who? Certainly not Mr. Vallandigham. This is his true course and the result of months (may they not be too late!) will justify it.

VERY GOOD FOR BRAGG.—A short time ago General Bragg, who has the reputation of being a most rigid disciplinarian, received a dispatch from the friend of a furloughed soldier, urging an extension of his leave on the ground that he had been married just one week. In reply, the General sent the following dispatch: "Dispatch received; furlough extended one month. See Deuteronomy xx, verse 7, and xxiv, verse 5. B. B."

On referring to the passages cited was found the following:

"And what man is there that hath betrothed a wife and has not taken her? let him go and return unto his house lest he die in the battle and another man take her."

"When a man hath taken a new wife, he shall not go out to war, neither shall he be charged with any business, but he shall be free at home one year; and shall cheer up his wife which he hath taken."

BRITISH GUARD.—The British subjects residing in Mobile have formed a company, known as the British Consular Guard, commanded by F. J. Milton, Captain, who have offered their services to the Mayor to aid in the preservation and good order of the city, in case of insurrection, invasion, inundation, devastation by fire, and all other duties not inconsistent with foreigners retaining their original nationality.

ANOTHER YANKEE RAID EXPECTED.—Refugees from Nashville inform the Atlanta Confederacy that General Mitchel is organizing a cavalry force of 20,000, for the purpose of making raids into Alabama and Georgia, and it was understood that Atlanta was to be the main point of attack. This was a general understanding a few days ago in Nashville.

The Views of Vallandigham.

During his recent imprisonment in Ohio Mr Vallandigham published the following card: Military Prison, Cincinnati, O., May 5, 1863.

To the Democracy of Ohio:

I am here in a military bastle for no other offence than my political opinions, and the defence of them, and of the rights of the people, and of your constitutional liberties. Speeches made in the hearing of thousand of you in denunciation of the usurpations of power, infractions of the Constitution and laws and of military despotism, were the sole cause of my arrest and imprisonment. I am a Democrat—for Constitution, for law, for the Union, for liberty this is my only crime. For no disobedience to the Constitution; for no violation of law; for no word, sign, or gesture of sympathy with the men of the South who are for disunion and Southern independence, but in obedience to their demand, as well as the demand of abolition disunionists and traitors, I am here in bonds to-day; but

"Time, at last, sets all things even!"

Meanwhile, Democrats of Ohio, of the Northwest, of the United States, be firm, be true to your principles, to the Constitution, to the Union, and all will yet be well. As for myself, I adhere to every principle, and will make good, though imprisonment and life itself, every pledge and declaration which I have ever made, uttered, or maintained from the beginning. To you, to the whole people, to time, again appeal. Stand firm! Falter not an instant!

C. L. VALLANDIGHAM.

Since his arrival within the Southern lines, the following statement, evidently from his pen, has been made public by an agent of the Associated Press:

Mr. Vallandigham comes, upon compulsion, and against his consent, to the Confederate lines, and is received as a citizen of Ohio and of the United States in exile banished from his country for no offence except love of constitutional liberty and the true principles of his Government. Having been forcibly denied protection in the United States, he is obliged to seek it from the Confederate States.

Whilst, as an exile, he is confident of kind treatment and consideration from a generous and hospitable people, he desires to avoid all public appearance or demonstration, and to live in some retired place as a private gentleman fully sensible that as an "alien enemy," his residence in the Confederacy is solely by the generous consent of the Government and people till he can return safely to his home. He is confident his character is well enough known to satisfy every one that he is incapable of any word or act, either here, or on his return to Ohio, inconsistent with the relations which he thus sustains towards the South during his sojourn among us.

A QUEER STORY.—We find the following statement in a Northern paper: "The pilot of the iron-clad *Keokuk* passed through Philadelphia recently under arrest. In order that the Confederates might capture her, he ran the vessel upon Morris' Island. He is the same man who piloted Mason and Slidell through the blockade."

BRAGG AGAIN IN FULL COMMAND.—The Tullahoma correspondent of the *Mobile Advertiser and Register* telegraphs from Tullahoma that Gen. Bragg is again in full command of the Army of Tennessee, General Johnston having been relieved from that Department, and ordered to the command in Mississippi.

The Federal authorities have again commenced a war on papers opposed to them—prohibiting their circulation—they do not like to have their deeds shown up. Like the evil one, they prefer darkness to light.

NEW LIEUTENANT GENERALS.—The Richmond papers mention a rumor that Generals Ewell and A. P. Hill have been appointed Lieutenant Generals in the Confederate army.

Wanted—Wool!

FOR WHICH THE HIGHEST PRICE WILL BE paid.

—ALSO—

COTTON AND WOOLEN HOME-MADE JEANS and PLAINS, at McCURRY & HAMMERSLAUGH'S.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of the late WASHINGTON MYERS, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly attested.

February 27,

T. S. MYERS, Admr.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of WM. F. PERRY, deceased, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment—cash preferred—and all having demands will present them duly attested, to Wm. M. Billings, at Camden, or to the undersigned, at Flat Rock.

The creditors are anxious to be settled with, and I am desirous of closing up the business of the estate.

May 15

D. D. PERRY, Admr.

Proclamation by the Governor.



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, COLUMBIA, MAY 5, 1863.

WHEREAS INFORMATION HAS BEEN RECEIVED at this Department that "TERRELL," a slave, the property of C. F. Hinson, of Lancaster District, convicted by a court of magistrate and Freeholders, on Saturday, the 25th day of April last, of burglary and rape and sentenced to death, did, on his way to the jail of the said District escape from the Constable who had him in charge.

"The said Terrell is six feet three inches high, well proportioned of black complexion, and his front teeth much decayed; quick spoken, with heavy beard under his chin; the whites of his eyes inclined to a yellowish cast; and was dressed in a frock coat of a dark color, with pantaloons of similar material."

Now, know ye, that to the end that justice may be done, and that the said negro, Terrell, may be brought back to confinement to await the execution of the sentence. I, MILLEDGE L. BONHAM, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the state aforesaid do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery into any jail in this state.

Given under my hand and the seal of the [L. S.] State, at Columbia, this the fifth day of May A. D. 1863

W. R. HUNT, Secretary of State

May 6

Lancaster Ledger will insert three times, and all other in the state once.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA



ADJ'T & INSP. GENERAL'S OFFICE, } COLUMBIA, April 30, 1863. } CIRCULAR.

IN answer to the many inquiries addressed to the Adjutant and Inspector General in relation to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act for better organization of the Militia and for other purposes, passed at its late session, it is hereby made known that, according to the construction of said act as adopted at this office, person only between the ages of eighteen and fifty years are now liable to ordinary militia duty, which duty they are required to perform under the command of the militia officers without regard to the organization of companies formed for active service, in accordance with General Orders No. 10, issued from this office, and that the Patrol Laws have in no wise been altered by the recent acts touching the militia.

A. C. GARLINGTON,

Adjutant and Inspector General South Carolina. May 15

Papers of the State copy once.

American Guano,

FOR SALE BY THE BARREL AT THE "OLD CORNER," by E. W. BONNEY. January 30.

Fancy Soaps, &c.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE "OLD CORNER" Fancy Soaps, Tooth Brushes, Needles, Hair Pins, Knitting Needles, Pins, Shoe Thread, Black and White Spool Cotton, Black Flax Thread, Black Sewing Silk, Matches, Pearl Buttons, &c. May 8 E. W. BONNEY.

NOTICE



WE, THE OWNERS OF THE OMNIBUSSES running to and from the depot, feel compelled to advance our rates, as our expenses are much heavier than heretofore. From this date the Fare within the Town will be 75 cts. Fare to Kirkwood " \$1.50 cts.

J. K. WITHERSPOON. E. G. ROBINSON.

April 10

Council Notice.

INFORMATION HAVING BEEN RECEIVED by the authorities, that certain parties are in the habit of injuring, and defacing ornamental and shade trees, on the public squares and streets of the Town, by stripping them of bark, to make dye stuffs.

This is to give warning that all persons found guilty of this misdemeanor, shall be prosecuted to the utmost extent of the law, and a reward of Five Dollars will be paid, to any one giving such information as will lead to the conviction of the offender.

Surely there are trees enough in the wood, without resorting to such wantonness; as the destruction of some of the handsomest oaks within the limits of the Town.

R. M. KENNEDY, Recorder.

Council Chamber, February 26, 1863.

March 13

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION of our friends and the public generally to our stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Which is complete in all its various branches.

AND WILL BE SOLD FOR CASH ONLY.

McCURRY & HAMMERSLOUGH.

November 1

PROCLAMATION.



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, } COLUMBIA, April 18, 1863. }

WHEREAS, THE PRESENT SUPPLY OF provisions in this State is needed for the subsistence of the people thereof and the soldiers of the Confederacy therein; and whereas it is deemed important to prevent the exportation of the same for speculation:

Now, therefore, I, MILLEDGE L. BONHAM, Governor of South Carolina, by virtue of the power vested in me under the Constitution of this State, do issue this my proclamation, and forbid all persons, for the space of thirty days from this date, from exporting beyond the limits of this State, any Salt, Bacon, Pork, Beef, Corn, Meal, Wheat, Flour, Rice, Peas, Potatoes or other provisions of any description whatsoever. The following persons are excepted, viz: Quartermasters, Commissaries and other agents of the Confederate Government purchasing provisions for the army, who must exhibit satisfactory evidence of their official character and authority; persons from other States who purchase for their own private use and consumption, and not for resale, who shall make oath to that effect before the next magistrate previous to the removal of the articles purchased, which oath the magistrate shall preserve and furnish for the use of the Solicitor of the Circuit when required; agents of counties, towns, corporations and Soldiers Boards of Relief of other States, who exhibit satisfactory proof of their authority to purchase such provisions in behalf of such counties, towns, corporations or Soldiers Boards of Relief, for public use of for distribution at costs and charges, and not for resale or profit.

Salt made by non-residents and cargoes entering our ports from abroad, are also excepted.

It is enjoined upon all sheriffs, magistrates and constables, and all good citizens are appealed to, to aid in the enforcement of this proclamation, and also of the Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act to enforce any proclamation of the Governor, prohibiting the exportation of provisions," ratified the 10th day of April, A. D. 1863.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, at Columbia, this eighteenth day of April, [L. S.] in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

M. L. BONHAM.

W. R. HUNT, Secretary of State.

All papers of the State publish once a week for one month. May 22