From the Richmond Despatch. Interesting Beligious News from the Soldiers.

We have been permitted to see some of the letters addressed to the Baptist Colportage Board, located in this city, by their colporteurs among the soldidrs, from which we extract a few interesting sentences.

Rev. C. F. Fry writes from the Greenbrier

encampment:

Lave visited most of the encampments in the Valley, and could have sold more than one hundred dollars worth of books a month, if my assortment had been larger, especially if I could have had a good supply of Testaments. A captain said to me, 'I am a sinner, and wish you to select some books to suit my case.' I did so; and at night he called his men into line and asked me to pray for them. Another captain seemed much interested on the subject of religion. I tried to explain to him the way to be saved, and in a few days I heard of his fighting bravely at Manassas. I have prayer and exhortation meetings frequently, which are well attended, and often tears flow from eyes unused to weep, while I point them to the Lamb of God."

Mr. J. C. Clopton has been spending all his

time among the sick and wounded in and around Charlottesville. He writes:

"This is a most inviting field, as hundreds are here on beds of suffering, and consequently disposed to consider the things that make for their peace. The deepest feeling is often manifested; they listen to what I say, and read with great eagerness the tracts and books I give them."

Rev. R. W. Cridlin, after having visited all the encampments between Aquia Creek and Matthias Point, has been transferred to Norfolk city, where he is selling some sixty dollars' worth of books a month, besides giving

away one half that amount. Says he:
"I visited Craney Island last Saturday; Col. Smith, who has charge of the forces there, is a pious man, and has prayers with his men every night. He seemed glad to have me labor among his command, and will doubtless render me any aid I may need."

Mr. M. D. Auderson writes from Aquia

Creek:

"I have gone nearly through the regiments stationed between Fredericksburg and the Creek. The soldiers are eager for religious reading; and frequently, when they have seen me coming, they run to meet me, exclaiming—
'Have you any Testaments?" Much of my time has been spent with the sick, in the hospitals, where, oftentimes my heart was made to rejoice, at witnessing the sustaining power of Christianity, in those who were struggling with the last enemy. One, with whom I had often conversed on personal religion, was sick —nigh unto death; I stood by him, but doubted the propriety of speaking; at last he fixed his eyes upon me, and said—'Talk to me about Jesus.' I asked if the Lord was with him, and he replied-'yes, with me, and that to bless. I know that my Redeemer liveth,' &c. Another remarked to me that, at home, he had been a prominent member of the church; but that since he had been in camp he had wandered off and brought reproach upon his profession, but that this sickness, from which he was then suffering, had been blessed to his soul, and that he should, with Divine help, live a new life, and consecrate himself to the cause of God. I have been able so supply many with the Bible, especially as the President of the Christian Association in Fredericksburg had given me a fine lot of brick, which is hollow and floats. Very con-Bibles."

The above is a specimen of the interesting letters from those who labor for the souls of soldiers. Never were there collected, on this earth, men who would so likely be influenced for good by such pious labors as the men who now defend Virginia's soil! Trained from when enjoyi their infancy to believe the Bible, fresh from the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circle, the "I never in the pure influences of the domestic circl family altar, the Sabbath School, the prayer meeting, and the sanctuary, they present a most inviting field for Christian effort-a field into which, we rejoice to know, the men of God are entering that they may gather sheaves unto eternal life.

on the 7th instant for Sedalia, a place West of a good many men in his State have done the Jet ason City, to take immediate command of same thing by only marrying one. the army concentrated there, said to consist of 35,000 men and 100 pieces of artillery, and start in pursuit of Gen. Price, whose whereabouts seems to be unknown to the enemy, although they constantly report him retreating to the South. The telegraphic corespondents of the St. Louis papers declared that Fremont will follow him and force battle, upon him, whithersoever he may go, whether to the Arkansas line or the banks of the Mississippi. The pathfinder may not have so far to travel .-New Orleans Delta, October 18.

HARD TIMES IN NEW YORK .- The striggency of the times in New York city may be learned from the fact that out of two hundred and fifty first class merchants-men who were

have failed it may be said their name

PENNINGS AND CLIPPINGS.

Beautiful extract-helping a young lady out of a mud puddle.

In Genoa, there is one priest or nun to every fifteen inhabitants.

The lady who made a dash, has since brought her husband to a full stop!

The larger the school fund, the less the prison allowance.

Man will wrangle for religion; write for it; fight for it; die for it; anything but live for it.

He that never changed any of his opinions, never corrected any of his errors.

The error of one moment frequently becomes the sorrow of a whole life.

The one exclusive sign of a thorough knowledge, says Aristotle, is the power of teaching.

Longfellow calls Sabbath the golden clasp which binds together the volume of the week. To some men it is indispensable to be worth

money, for without it they are worth nothing. Saratoga is a place where women go to study other people's characters and lose their

A universal cry after marriage, is, "I wish we had the money now we threw away at our

wedding!" There is one objection to people who "mean well," and that is they never can spare time to

carry out their meaning. The man who could'nt "trust his feelings," is supposed to do business strictly on the cash principle.

It has been discovered that feathers unskillfully cured and put into beds are deadly to persons with weak lungs.

Arithmetic is differently studied by fathers and sons—the first confining themselves to addition, and the second to substraction.

There are one hundred and twenty one German newspapers published in America, of which twenty-seven are dailies.

"You ask and you receive not, because you ask a-miss," said a young lady to an old gentleman who had popped the question to her.

Dr. Franklin says that "time is money." This may account for the fact that persons, when in most need of money, ask for time.

Some lone bachelor is guilty of the following: "Why is a lover like a sea serpent? Because it is the secreter (sea critter) of great sighs, (size.")

An old lady, being at a loss for a pin-cushion, made one of an onion. On the following morning she found that all the needles had tears in their eyes.

A DRAWING-ROOM TEST .- You can generally tell how popular you are with a lady by the length of time she keeps you waiting whilst dressing to receive you.

Purgatory.—"With regard to purgatory," says an old Popish writer, "I will not say a great deal; but this much I think—that the Protestants may go farther and fare worse!"

A genius down cast has invented a spy-glass of wonderful power. He said he looked through it at a third cousin, and it brought him relatively nearer than any of his brothers.

In Maine they have invented a new kind of venient, we should think, for gentlemen who are in the habit of carrying the article in their hats.

The shape of a kiss is said (by a western cditor) to be elliptical. This must be derived from the sensation one experiences when enjoying the luxury, for it is certainly

"I never shot a bird in my life," said a fellow to his friend, who replied: "For my part, I never shot anything in the shape of a bird, except a squirrel, which I killed with a stone, when it fell into the river and was drowned."

An editor says that a man in New York got himself into trouble by marrying two wives. Gen. Fremont and staff left Jefferson City A western editor assures his cotemporary that

> The pressure of the wind increases according to the square of the velocity. It amounts to 12 1-2 lbs. on the square foot in a storm moving at the rate of 50 miles per hour, and 50 lbs. on the square foot in a gale of 100 miles per hour velocity.

A liquor seller in a neighboring town has, since the election of a dry council, changed his sign. It now reads something as follows: " Notes and drafts negotiated and sold." That is, he takes the notes of his customers and gives them a "draft" of suthin to drink."

Policeman to a well dressed and good-looking young lady, waving his hand to stop the 'bus, and offering his arm-" Allow me, ma'am,

recarded as impregnable—only thirteen have The same to an old lady not well dressed—
"Now, ma'am, now is your time, hurry up your cakes."

Now is the Time

TO SUBSCRIBE

THE

CAMDEN

WEEKLY

CONFEDERATE,





PUBLISHED

EVERY FRIDAY,

TWO DOLLARS

PER ANNUM.

CONTAINS THE

Latest & most Reliable

NEWS.

TELEGRAPH

ANI THE

MAILS!

PMATION.

STATUTH CAROLINA,

EXECUARTMENT, July 6th, 1861.

A CCORDING ACT OF THE CONFEDE'
RATE CON titled an "Act to put into Operation the Gounder the Permanent Constitution of the Co States of America," it is required that each all vote, on the FIRST WEDNESDAY IN IBER NEXT, for President and Vice-President Confederate States, which officers are to urated on the twenty-second of February 11 whereas the existing law of the State proves the Electors for President and Vice-President be appointed by the Lepislature; and who Legislature of this State will not be in resion at the time prescribed by the aforesaic appointment of Electors:

Therefore, be it knovi, F. W. PICKENS, Governor in and over the following of South Carolina, by virtue of the power vest, by the Constitution, authorizing the Governot raordinary occasions, to convene the Generalty, do issue this my proclamation, calling up requesting the Senators and the Members Gouse of Representatives to convene in COI. ON THE FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEME, tensuing, that they may be present in the H. Representatives, on the said first Wednesday vember, to appoint Electors of President and esident of the Confederate States of American formity with the Act of the Confederate Colorcsaid.

As the Permanent Courts to be organized, an election will be required Senators from this State, and also, in all probeonsidering the peculiar state of the country important matters will be acted on at the samon of the Legislature.

Given under my hand and to the Green for the contraction of the Contraction.

Given under my hand and tof the State aforesaid, at Columbia, this the ay of July, in the year of our Lord one theight hundred and sixty-one, and in the eight year of the independence of the State of Scolina.

ISAAC H. MEANS, Secretaryte.
October 31

ELECTION CE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEIGHVEN, THAT an ELECTION for a Reprive in the Congress of the Confederate States he held at the different places of election in and District, on the FIRST WEDNESDAY IN MBER NEXT, being the sixth day of the said in accordance with the following Act:

An Act to alter and amend the n relation to the Method of Counting Votes in lections by the

people.

1. Be it enacted by the Sepata House of Representatives, now met and sittingeneral Assembly, and by the authority of the That hereafter, in all elections by the people, the ters shall proin all elections by the people, the ers shall proceed to count the votes 18, immediately after the final closing of the 12 the precinct where the votes have been taken, out a certificate of the result, which shall be 5 by the managers, or a majority of them, and the Court House, or place now fixed by la counting the votes, on the day subsequent to the of the said election, on or before the hour of felock, p. m., by one or more of the said manager vided, That nothing herein contained shall change manner of counting the votes in St. Luke's Par counting the votes in St. Luke's Par

2. That the managers of election, tmajority of them, who may assemble, shall proto examine the statement of the managers prov for in the first section of this act, and declare pault of the

In the Senate House, the twenty iday of January, in the year of our Lord olonsand eight hundred and sixty-one, and in thity-fifth year of the sovereignty and independ of the State of South Carolina.

WM. D. POR Presidetine Senate. JAMES SIM Speaker of House of Legentatives. MANAGERS.

Camden-J. S. Maroney, C. A. 1 and, W. D. Anderson. Cureton's Mill. - Frederick Bowelines Toam,

Eli Parker. Flat Rock .- James Fletcher, Josep | Hughes, Jesse Truesdale

Buffalo.—Wm. Mungo, Gillam Sowell Vato. Lizenby's.—L. McKinnon, Wm. King, alin Mc-Pherson.

Shrock's Mill.-B. S. McCoy, Henry Rade, Alexander McCloud.

Goodwin's.—A. D. McDowell, R. C. keford, Benjamin Cook.

Liberty Hill.-A. D. Jones, R. C. Patters Polls to be open from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

The managers shall, after the final clos of the

The managers shall, after the final clos of the polls at the precincts where the votes have k taken, count the votes publicly, immediately theres, make out a certificate of the result, which shall signed by the managers, or a majority of them, anken to the Court House on the day next subseque to the day of election, namely: on the seventh day Nowenber at or before 4 closely n.m., by one present vember, at or before 4 o'clock, p. m., by one more of the said managers.

BA order of the managers. October 31.

JERY SUPERIOR SEED POTATOESFINE Dairy Cheese; Figs and Sugar Raisins. Just received at the "Old Corner." March 12,-E. W. BO

DLOW STEEL.—Also, Plow Iron in Also, Plow Moulds and Horse Snoe Nails aces, Hames, Saddles, &c. Just received at the "Old mer." March 12,— E. W. BON Y.

BACON, Sides and Shoulders, of Baltimor aring and very fine, for sale at the 'old corner,' of E. W. BON, EY.

FINE assortment of CHAIRS, in a great wrie-A ty of Styles: Also, a fine Buggy Harn s just received and for sale at the 'old corner' by

E. W. BOXIEY

thay the \