



VOL. IV. NO. 6.

PORT ROYAL, S. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1873.

\$2.00 PER ANNUM.
(Single Copy 5 Cents.)

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Jas. C. BAILIE & BRO.,
RESPECTFULLY ASK YOUR ATTENTION to the following DESIRABLE GOODS offered by them for sale:

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

24 feet wide, and of the best quality of goods manufactured. Do you want a real good Oil Cloth? If so, come now and get the very best. Oil Cloth cut any size and laid promptly. A full line of cheap FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, from 60c. a yard up. Table cloths all widths and colors.

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 French Tambour Laces, "Exquisite," Nottingham Laces, "Beautiful," Tulle Laces, "Durable and cheap," from \$2.50 a pair and upwards.

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 "Rosewood and Gilt, Plain Gilt, Walnut and Gilt Cornices, with or without curtains. Curtains Bands, Pins and Loops. Cornices cut and made to fit windows and put up.

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 1,000 Window Shades of all the new styles of color. Beautiful Gold Band Shades, \$1.50, with all trimmings. Beautiful Shades 25c. each. Store Window Shades of all colors and sizes. Window Shades drawn and put up promptly. Walnut and painted wood Shades.

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 New Mattings, Plain and Fancy, in all the different widths made. Mattings laid with dispatch.

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 Plain and Striped French Terry for Curtains and Gimpes, Fringes, Tassels, Loops and Buttons. Curtains and Table Damasks. Curtains and Table Damasks made and put up.

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 English Embroidered Cloth and Piano Table Covers. Embroidered Table Piano and Table Covers. Piano and gold band Plaided Piano Covers. German Fringed Table Covers.

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 New patterns in any size or width wanted. To all of which we ask your attention. All work done well and in season, by

James G. Bailie & Brothers,
AUGUSTA, GA.

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Corner of Bay and Eighth Streets,
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DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,
FAMILY MEDICINES,
FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,
STATIONERY, PERFUMERY,
BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c.

Together with many other articles too numerous to mention. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash. Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded. feb 11.

PIERCE L. WIGGIN,
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Solicitor Second Circuit.
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Sept. 1-15.

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Wheelwrights & Carpenters.

Carts, Wagons and Carriages repaired in the best manner at low prices. All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to.

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Dr. Goethe offers his professional services to the public. He may be found at his residence, Gam's Hill, near Varnish's, Beaufort Co., S. C.

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BEAUFORT, S. C.

Dec. 1-15.

YEMASSEE
Eating Saloon,
AT THE
P. R. & S. C. R. JUNCTION.

The traveling public will find good meals on the arrival of trains. Also accommodations for men and women, and the depot.

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W. H. CALVERT,
Tin, Sheet-Iron, Copper & Zinc Worker.
DEALER IN
Japanese and Stamped Tin Ware. Constantly on hand, Cooking, Parlor and Box Stoves.

TERMS CASH.
Thankful for past favors, and hoping by strict attention to business in the future to merit your kind favor.

W. H. CALVERT,
Bay St., between 5th and 9th Sts.,
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CHARLESTON, S. C.
E. H. JACKSON

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The Acts of Congress and the Regulations of the Treasury Department in regard to the Redemption of Lands now in the possession of the United States by virtue of the Direct Tax Commission's sales can be had at this office. Price five cents. By mail five cents.

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ARCHITECT,
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Drawings of Models prepared for Patent Office. Studies for special purposes, made at short notice. Box 31, P. O. dec 1-15

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COTTON FACTOR

AND
Commission Merchant,
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Particular attention given to the sale of and shipment of Sea Island and Upland Cotton. Liberal advances made on consignments. dec 1-15

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Contractor & House Builder,
Jobbing Promptly Attended To
OFFICE.

Corner Bay and Ninth Street,
BEAUFORT, S. C.

dec 1-15

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SAW & PLANING MILL,
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D. C. WILSON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Yellow Pine Timber and Lumber,

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CYPRESS SHINGLES,
ALSO,
Builders & Contractors.

Plaster Lathes,
ALL KINDS OF
JOB SAWING
Promptly Done.

Flooring and Ceiling Boards Always on Hand.

Orders for Lumber and Timber by the cargo promptly filled. Terms Cash.

D. C. WILSON & CO.

nov 28-15

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P. M. WHITMAN,
Watchmaker and Engraver,
Mayo's Building, Bay Street.

Will give his personal attention to the repairing of WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY. Ornamental and plain Engraving done at short notice. Gentlemen having fine Watches can test them at this establishment by one of HOWARD & CO.'S fine REGULATORS.

Having added to my stock one of J. BLISS & CO.'S fine Transit Instruments, I am now prepared to furnish Beaufort time to the fraction of a second.

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N. B.—Court will be held every Friday at Drick Church, N. Helena Island. nov 28-15

A. MARK,
BOOTMAKER,
Bay Street, Beaufort, S. C.

Having opened a shop upon Bay Street, I am prepared to do first-class work. nov 28-15

PURE WATER
Guaranteed by the use of the

AMERICAN DRIVEN WELL,
Now being put down in this County. They are

Cheap and Durable,
and give universal satisfaction. Pure Water can be introduced into any house by the AMERICAN DRIVEN WELL in a few hours. Apply to

M. L. MAINE, Sea Island Hotel, or to
E. G. NICHOLS, Permanent Agent.
Feb 1-15

S. MAYO,
BAY STREET, BEAUFORT, S. C.,

HARDWARE,
Liquors, Segars and Tobacco,
Net Yarns, Fish Lines & Cordage,

Glass, Paints and Oils,
White Lead and Turpentine.

Special attention given to mixing Paints, and Glass cut to order of any size. feb 1-15

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Cotton Factor
AND
Commission Merchant,
BEAUFORT, S. C.

nov 1-15

The Savannah Independent,
A FAMILY NEWSPAPER,
Established on the GREAT EAST PLAN, at the low rate of only

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR:
Address,
P. O. Box 865, Savannah, Ga.

W. G. CAPERS,
Upholsterer and Repairer.
Our Furniture put in good order, Picture Frames made. Mattresses stuffed at the shortest notice. Corner Bay and Ninth Streets. feb 1-15

Rapture.

In my rhyme I fable anguish,
Feigning that my love is dead,
Playing at a game of sadness,
Singing hope forever fled—

Trailing the slow robes of mourning,
Grieving with the player's art,
With the languid palms of sorrow
Folded on a dancing heart.

I must mix my love with death-dust,
Lest the draught should make me mad;
I must make believe at sorrow,
Lest I perish, over-glad.

THE LOST CHILD.

"If we only could get rid of Freddy,
we could have some fun!"
The speaker was Gracie Medford, a
bright, impetuous girl of nine, and the
sister of chubby little four-year-old
Fred, who was toiling on after her
through the woodland ways, and whose
lagging, short footsteps had made her
very impatient for the last hour.

"Don't hurry so, Kitty," she said, a
moment after. "If you do, we shall
lose Freddy; and I do feel sometimes
as if I wouldn't lunch care. I never
can go anywhere, or do anything, with
him to drag along. There, I can't keep
up with you, and that's the end of it!"

Kitty Smith turned round her sparkling,
spirited, brunette face.
"I declare," she said, "I think it's
too mean of your mother. She might
have a nurse for him just as well as not.
I don't know what good staying in the
country is going to do you. If you never
can run, or climb, or anything else, just
because you've got to stay to see to that
tiresome boy, I declare, I'm glad I
haven't a little brother."

"Me 'ove oo, Kitty," said little Fred,
trying to make peace. "Me 'ove oo
very much, Gracie."

And Gracie turned, impulsively, then,
and hugged her little brother, and
kissed him.

"So you do, Freddy; and sister
won't complain of you any more."
"Not a-y more?" Fred asked, with
a little quiver of hope and fear com-
mingle in the "any," which made it
almost a sob.

The little Medfords were Kitty Smith's
cousins; and their mother had brought
them out from the hot, dusty city to
pass July and August in the pleasant
country home where her sister Kitty
lived all the year.

There had been some talk about bring-
ing Freddy's nurse with them; but
Mary, who had been confined steadily
for the last four years to her little
charge, wanted a two months' vacation,
in which to make a journey to her Nova
Scotia home, and see again all the dear
old faces from which she had never been
parted until four years ago, when her
aunt, who was Mrs. Medford's cook,
procured for her the place of nurse girl
in the Medford establishment, and she
commenced her campaign with little
Freddy. Mrs. Medford really wanted
to give Mary this pleasure, and, more-
over, she was reluctant to incur her
sister's household with too many in-
mates; but she hesitated over the mat-
ter for a while, because her own health
was delicate, and she knew that she
should be quite unequal to constantly
looking after her sturdy, tireless little
boy. The affair was finally settled by
Gracie.

"You might let Mary go, I think,
mamma," she said, when the discussion
was going on. "I shall be out of school,
you know, and having nothing to do but
play all day long; and Freddy can just
play around with me, and give you no
trouble at all."

"If you are sure you wouldn't get
tired of him," Mrs. Medford said, doubt-
fully. "You know Mary has always
taken care of him, and you have never
been used to have him interfere with
any of your pleasures. You know you
do like to have your own way."

"I think I do not like it better than I
love my brother," Gracie answered, with
earnest voice and somewhat heightened
color; and so the matter was settled.
Mary went to Nova Scotia, cook stayed
to keep house for Mr. Medford, whose
business obliged him to remain in the
city, and Mrs. Medford took Gracie and
Freddy to her sister Smith's house in
Borowdale.

They had been there three weeks
now, and the mother had been watching
the course of events in silence. She
saw very often that Gracie found little
Fred an annoyance, though she had
never confessed it in so many words in
her mother's presence. At first Mrs.
Medford was disposed to regret the
leave of absence she had given to Mary;
but she concluded, at last, that she had
done the very best thing for Gracie;
for what would she or any other child
be worth if she grew up without learn-
ing the lesson of self-denial, or tasting
the sweetness of giving up her own
pleasures for some one else? Surely
she had too much conscience, Mrs.
Medford thought, ever really to neglect
Freddy; and, even though she might
find it wearisome, the silent struggle
with herself was sure to do her good.

But, on this summer afternoon of
which I am telling you, the temper had
drawn very near to Gracie. She tried
for a while to resist his beguilements.
Kitty's words recurred, for a moment,
her sense of justice.

"Mamma is not to blame," she said.
"She did not make me undertake see-
ing to Freddy. She would have brought
a nurse, but I begged her to let Mary
go home. I thought it would be just
nothing to take care of Fred; but, oh
dear! it is an awful bore sometimes,
when I want to do something else."

Freddy did not know what bore
meant; but he understood clearly
enough that he was in Gracie's way,
and his sensitive little heart ached just
as sorely as if it had not been almost a
baby's heart. If Gracie had looked at
him just then she might have seen
some great tears on the tips of his long,
curling lashes; but he was a little man
in miniature, and he tried very hard to
make his voice sound firm and brave,
and he said, "Freddy is slower than he had to,"
said he, sturdily. "Freddy be steam-
engine now. So just go on fast, and
Freddy keep up. Freddy not pull or
dross, or hold on to our hand any more,
nozer."

"Are you sure you'll keep up?"
"Bery sure," sturdily spoken.

So Gracie eased her mind of its bur-
den, and soothed her conscience—for
had not Freddy promised?—and bur-
ied on after Kitty, who was in ad-
vance.

And after her, toiling with might and
main to keep up, trudged little Fred,
rubbing away with his round chubby
fists the tears that would come, but of
which, being a boy, he was secretly
quite ashamed.

Presently a great, gorgeous clump of
rhododendron, a little in advance of
them, moved the two girls to a simulta-
neous ecstasy. They had never in their
lives seen anything so beautiful as this
great tropical-looking shrub, rising
high above their heads, and making a
glory in the air with its magnificent
pink blossoms. Headless of Freddy,
they sprang forward breathless with
eagerness; and he, finding that his
short little legs were unequal to his am-
bition, resigned himself to his position
like a philosopher.

"Me tan't keep up, no way. Guess
me stay here, and rest Freddy. Gracie
sure find me when she come back
here."

And so Gracie surely would, if he had
kept right there in the path. But pre-
sently a yellow butterfly flew by—
one, two, three—a cloud of yellow but-
terflies, all going one way. It was too
much for Freddy.

"They be yeal gold, I guess," he
cried, looking after them longingly.
"Me get some for mamma—wear in her
ears—say, 'Thank oo, Freddy.'"

So the little sort legs, set in motion
again by the longing to please mamma,
started on once more, this time right
away from the path, in and out among
the trees; and the butterflies fitted on
before, as if blown by a wayward wind,
here and there, here and there, but
always away from the path. And in half
an hour only the wind, and the butter-
flies, and the Heavenly Father looking
down, knew where was Freddy.

The girls thought that it was not
more than fifteen minutes when they
turned to look for him; but then the
rhododendron blossoms were pink, and
the sky was bright, and a bird with a
golden throat sang to them; and all the
time Freddy was stumbling on right
away from the path. Gracie was the
first to think of him.

"Why, where is Freddy?" she asked,
with startled face.

"Oh, he's all right enough!" Kitty
answered, "trudging along on the path
like a little snail. We'll go back for
him presently. Just see this kalmia.
We must get a little for your mother."

Gracie yielded,—to yield was the fatal
weakness of her character. She gath-
ered a splendid bunch of kalmia; and
then some cardinal flowers burning at
her feet attracted her; and then, at last,
she turned resolutely:

"Now I must find Freddy. Poor
little fellow! I shouldn't wonder if he
was crying. We've been away from
him as much as twenty minutes."

Kitty glanced at the western sky, and
saw the sun hanging low, a great red
ball on the misty horizon. She made
no remonstrance now against looking
for Freddy. She was more frightened
herself than she would have cared to
own.

Back along the path they flew, Gracie
in advance. At last she looked round,
her face white with terror.

"It was here we left him, Kitty—
just by these blue flags. We started on
the rhododendrons, you know. Oh,
where is he, where is he? Freddy!
Freddy! Freddy!"

But no little piping treble made an-
swer. Would that voice ever answer
her again? And, if it didn't, what was
the use of living? And she had thought
she was tired of him.

The two girls made frantic little
rushes from the path in every direction,
not going far either way, for on every
side the woods shut in round them, and
already the twilight was coming fast.
At last Kitty said:

"It is of no use, we are wasting time.
It is growing dark, and our best way is
to hurry home, and send some one to
look for him who can find him quicker
than we can."

"Well, then, you go, but I must stay
here and look. I've got to find him,
you know—he is my brother."

"All very well, if you could," Kitty
said, dryly. "I don't see how you'll
help matters, though, by getting lost
yourself, and giving the men to look
for instead of one."

Gracie had not courage enough to re-
sist this argument, which, indeed, had
its firm base in a self-evident fact; so
the two girls hurried homeward breath-
lessly. Once there, Kitty stopped out-
side to tell the story to her father,
while Gracie burst into the room where
her mother was.

"You may do anything to me, mam-
ma,—anything. If you should kill me,
I deserve it. And I don't think I should
care. I'm not fit to live."

"Then certainly you are not fit to
die," and Mrs. Medford laid her hand
on Gracie's throbbing forehead. "But
what is the matter? Why should I
do anything to you? and where is
Freddy?"

"That's what I've done, mamma,—
lost him!"

"In the woods, mother. He stayed
behind, when I thought he was coming,
and got lost."

"My baby, my poor little fellow,—
all alone in the lonesome woods, and
night coming on!"

As long as Gracie Medford lives, she
will never forget her mother's face at
that moment. She had never seen such
a look before. She began to cry, but
no one noticed her. Feebles of white
gown, and thin slippers, or head, were
lost in the confusion of the night. The
troubled by book agents, map peddlers,
and other persistent cattle, but now all
is lovely with him. When he sees a
man enter his gate with books under
his arm, he simply turns a cock and in-
stantly a thousand streams of water
dart across the whole length of the walk
from side to side. The book-peddler
retreats to the gate, gazes wistfully up
the walk for a time, concludes the man
of the house does not want to see him,
and then travels, wondering what sort
of infernal machines people will next
invent for the discouragement of honest
industry. This beautiful and useful in-
vention is not patented.

A Spanish Naval Fight.

We have the following particulars of
the engagement between the Spanish
Government squadron under Admiral
Lobo, and the fleet of the intransigent
vessels:

Upon the appearance off the harbor of
the national squadron, the Intransi-
gente Junta held a consultation and de-
cided to fight, although they had no
hope of achieving a victory. Some of
the garrison were in favor of surren-
dering the city, but the majority of men,
especially the deserters from the Gov-
ernment army, were determined upon
resisting to the last. Gen. Contreras
and several members of the Junta went
on board the Numancia. All the morn-
ing was consumed by the insurgent ves-
sels in taking in coal and provisions.
At noon, everything being in readiness,
the four vessels weighed anchor and
sailed out of the harbor amid loud
cheers from the populace and the in-
surgent troops.

After proceeding a short distance Ad-
miral Lobo's fleet—consisting of the
Vittoria, Almansa, Villa de Madrid,
Carmen, and two paddle-wheel steamers
—were met and the engagement instan-
tly begun.

The fight lasted two hours, when the
intransigent fleet was defeated and
driven back to Cartagena, their vessels
being badly damaged. The insurgents
showed great spirit, but handled their
ships badly. The Numancia at first hav-
ing to bear the brunt of the battle
alone. The firing generally was at too
long a range, but at the close of the en-
gagement, while the Vittoria was en-
deavoring to intercept the retreat of
the insurgent frigate Tetuan, broad-
sides were closely exchanged between
those two vessels. Gen. Ceballos has
ordered the people living in the neigh-
borhood of Cartagena to quit their
houses, as a bombardment by sea and
land will soon be opened.

The correspondent of the Daily News
telegraphed from the vicinity of Car-
tagena that the naval action was brought
on by an attempt of the insurgent fleet
to escape to Oran, in Algeria. Addi-
tional particulars of the fight show that
the rebel ships failed to support each
other. The Numancia fired wildly.
The Tetuan behaved with the greatest
gallantry, and was frequently cheered
by the spectators on the shore, among
whom were hundreds of foreigners.

She narrowly escaped capture, owing to
her boldness in coming to close quar-
ters. An attempt was made by the
Government fleet to cut off her retreat,
but it failed.

The National Centennial.

As the grand idea of our national
centennial, says a New York journal,
is a national and international indus-
trial exposition it appears to us that
the national celebration for the Fourth
of July, 1876, at Philadelphia, could be
made in harmony with this grand idea
of a world's fair if it were made what
we may call an industrial procession of
the States and Territories. In such a
procession, with each State and Terri-
tory represented by a delegation of its
own people, bearing in front on a large
banner the State or Territorial coat of
arms, and with the products and pro-
cesses, as far as practicable, of its
leading and peculiar branches of in-
dustry borne in the line of march, we
would have a splendid and instructive
spectacle. It would be a passing pano-
rama of the States and Territories, re-
presenting in bold relief and in actual
life the people, the industries, the
products, the climate and the peculiar-
ities thereof in every State and Terri-
tory of the Union. More vividly than
any other device would such a procession
represent our people, our country and
its various and bountiful resources and
boundless capabilities. It requires no
great stretch of the imagination to
reach the impression upon citizen and
stranger, from a procession of a hun-
dred thousand men, women and chil-
dren, embracing the flag-bearer of Maine,
the tar-kilns of North Carolina, the big
churns of New York, the orange groves
of Florida, the monstrous grape clusters
of California and New Jersey, the
tower of gold and silver from
Montana, Colorado, Utah and
Nevada, the buffaloes of Nebraska,
the elk of Oregon, and the thousand
forms of the iron of Pennsylvania, and
so on, to the end of the glorious line.
This procession would appropriately be
led by the army and navy, as represent-
ing the forces of our national indepen-
dence, and it would properly be classed
with our civic societies as completing
the representation of a reign of peace.

We throw out this suggestion as en-
titled to consideration by the manage-
ment of this centennial enterprise; for
we think it embodies an idea for the
celebration of the one-hundredth anni-
versary of our national independence,
which, from its attractive novelties and
effective groupings of American life
and industry, will at our great world's
fair of 1876 be universally acceptable.

A Broken Window.

A San Francisco paper relates the fol-
lowing incident which recently oc-
curred there, which shows how easy it is
to collect a crowd in a large city: "A
man carrying upon his shoulder a heavy
iron bar struck it against a large glass
window and cracked the pane. The
window was one where loaded vehicles
frequently passed, and so to prevent
the jarring from causing the cracks to
extend, a ring was drawn about the
spot on the glass with a diamond point.
Somebody caught sight of the shivered
spot and the circle about it, and stop-
ped to look. Another did likewise; the
crowd increased, and in a short time
four policemen arrived on the run, it
having been reported at headquarters
that a pistol ball had been fired into
the office, and that the place had been
robbed. Of course the coming of the
police drew a still larger crowd, and the
office was almost besieged. The excite-
ment could not be allayed, and the
crowd dispersed until a placard was
hung up giving the explanation of the
affair, and even then a number lingered
near to spell out the words."

Shaving a Pig.

Men of talent often fail from turning
their talents in a wrong direction. Chief
Justice Chase, for example, would never
have made a successful barber. He lived
for a while in his youth with his
uncle, Bishop Chase, who prepared him
for college. One morning he told the
landlady Salmon to kill and dress a pig.
The landlady to man was not much of
a butcher, and when he came to the
delicate operation of skinning the pig,
horror! the hair set. But in his ex-
tremity he bethought himself of his
uncle's razor, and, in due course of
time had the porker shaved from tip of
snout to tail-end. The bishop, on his
return, complimented his nephew on
the neatness with which he had per-
formed his task. When, however, the
old gentleman came to shave himself,
his cherished razor was found in a sad
plight. An