

A misunderstanding appears to have taken place between the American merchants in Holland, engaged in the India trade, and the Dutch government, in which the latter has been guilty of a breach of faith. Several American ships having arrived in that country with cargoes of tea, some time before the arrival of the Dutch East India Company's ships, the government agreed to take the American cargoes to dispose of them at the annual sales, in order to supply the demand of the market until their own arrived. In the mean time some Dutch tea ships came in, and the government then refused to permit more than half of the American teas (say 21,000 quarter chests) to be sold according to agreement; insisting that the sale of the remainder should be put off till the spring. The Americans complained heavily of this proceeding, and were under apprehensions that should others of the Dutch Indiamen arrive, the sale of their teas might be postponed indefinitely.

Camden Gazette.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1817.

A Committee, to whom was referred the consideration of the expediency of repealing or modifying the law, passed during the last session of Congress, relative to the compensation of members, after reviewing at some length the causes which induced that body to increase their pay, have reported the propriety of modifying that law, in such a manner as to meet the wishes of the people. A per diem compensation will, in all probability, be adopted, instead of a fixed salary. Upon a careful and diligent investigation of the subject, it appears that the old compensation was inadequate to the purpose of defraying their expenses, under the existing state of charges in Washington. We regret very much not having it in our power to communicate the Report at length, as it must be extremely interesting to the whole of our readers. We hope, however, to gratify that wish, by giving it an insertion next week.

Our readers, no doubt, recollect our having, sometime since, invited their attention to the business of establishing a colony, on the coast of Africa, for the settlement of free blacks. A proposition of that kind was first originated in New Jersey, and has since acquired a reputation, which should always accompany the exertions of Philanthropists, and profound politicians. It has already engaged the attention of Congress, and bids fair to eventuate successfully. It is a subject which we have always viewed as one of first moment; and on its fate rests ultimately the fate of a considerable portion of the Union.

Let illiberal minded persons say what they may, we predict this to be one of the happiest eras that America has ever yet witnessed. It will terminate in the expulsion of a formidable domestic enemy. We now behold men, dignified by talent, by standing and by wealth (if you will have it) raising their mellifluous voices in favour of a principle for which others have been contemned. It is the first ray of that Sun, whose beams are about to scatter those dark clouds which hang over the Southern hemisphere, threatening to deluge a land more strangely infatuated than any other on earth. The question is no longer one of such exquisite sensibility as to shrink from the touchstone of investigation. Its mimosa properties will, ere long, be changed into those of the diamond, which improve by being handled. It is now in the power of Congress to atone, in part, for the cruelty, the hardships and Tyranny, which have been exercised upon illfated Africa, for about three centuries by a large portion of the civilized world. The Honorable Mr. WRIGHT, of

Maryland, has already touched upon the very essence of that important measure. The prejudices and antipathies of a people are not to be subdued by rash and incautious measures. We must indulge their caprices for a time, and advance by preparatory steps. Were the full lustre of truth and justice to shine upon the benighted mind of prejudice at once, instead of conducting it gently along the path of reason, to the temple of wisdom, you would produce a perfect chaos in the intellectual world; and it is one, the operation of which would be at first slow, yet progressive.

The observations of the Honorable Mr. CLAY are so appropriate and beautiful that we cannot decline communicating a few of his remarks.

"That class, of the mixt population of our country, was peculiarly situated. They neither enjoyed the immunities of freemen, nor were they subject to the incapacities of slaves, but partook in some degree of the qualities of both. From their condition, and the unconquerable prejudices resulting from their color, they never could amalgamate with the free whites of this country. It was desirable, therefore, both as respected them, and the residue of the population of the country, to drain them off. Various schemes of colonization had been thought of, and a part of our own continent, it was supposed by some, might furnish a suitable establishment for them. But, for his part, Mr. C. said, he had a decided preference for some part of the coast of Africa. There ample provision might be made for the colony itself, and it might be rendered instrumental to the introduction, into that extensive quarter of the globe, of the arts, civilization and christianity. There was a peculiar, a moral fitness in restoring them to the land of their fathers. And if, instead of the evils and sufferings which we had been the innocent cause of inflicting upon the inhabitants of Africa, we can transmit to her the blessings of our arts, our civilization and religion, may we not hope that America will extinguish a great portion of that moral debt which she has contracted to that unfortunate continent?"

Gen. Villere has been declared by the Legislature of Louisiana to be their next Governor, by a majority of 43 to 3 votes over Judge Lewis.

We are requested to state, that no Fifty Dollar Bills, of the State Bank, signed JOHN C. FABER, have been issued from that Bank, and that, consequently, all Bills of that description must be counterfeits. It may also not be amiss to mention that all the old impression of Five Dollars were called in, October 1815, and a new emission of a different plate issued. The Bank has used every diligence to detect the counterfeiters of their Bills, and a reward of 500 dollars was paid by them to a person in Augusta, whose evidence convicted one of the culprits at Warrenton, Georgia.

Charleston Courier.

AGRICULTURAL PREMIUMS.
A resolve passed the Legislature of Massachusetts at its last session granting to the Agricultural Society of the state, 500 dollars annually, for two years; and to the Berkshire Agricultural Society, two hundred dollars, for two years, to be given in addition to their private funds, in premiums for the advancement of Agriculture, &c

New fortifications, (says the Boston Gazette,) are to be erected to defend the city of Charleston, S. C.

Gen. Gaines is to superintend the same.

ALL persons indebted to the Office of the Camden Gazette, for Advertising, or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment, as the Proprietors are desirous of closing their accounts for the last year.

January 1, 1817.

ATTENTION!—A meeting of the young men of Camden, who have associated themselves together for the purpose of forming an infantry company, will take place at M'Kenzie's Tavern, next door to Colonel Nixon's, on Wednesday evening next the 8th inst. for the purpose of appointing Managers for the Election of Officers. All persons wishing to join the Company are requested to attend on that evening.

January 2, 1817.

Hatting Business.

THE Subscriber informs his customers and the public in general, that he has removed to 25 Mile Creek, where he continues to carry on the HATTING BUSINESS, and will sell good Wool Hats at \$12 per dozen, delivered at Mr. John McNeils in Camden.

John Nauden.

January 1, 1817.

N. B. A generous price will be given for good clean WOOL.

TO THE PUBLIC.

MRS. RAY, proposes to open a Boarding House, for the accommodation of female Children, who may be sent to Camden for the purpose of going to School. Persons disposed to intrust their daughters to her care, may rest assured of having the greatest attention paid to them.

January 2, 1817.

LOST or Mislaid, a Book containing the Rules &c of the Camden Sockey Club. Any information respecting the same will be thankfully received by

A. HODGES.

January 1, 1817.

STOLEN from the subscriber, on the 21st ult. a Beaver hat, nearly new, with his name marked therein, to wit; J. H. Jowett, July 4, 1816. Any person giving information, so as the same may be recovered, will receive the thanks of the subscriber, and a reasonable reward.

JOSEPH H. JOWETT.

January 1, 1817.

A List of Letters Remaining in the Post-Office, Camden, Dec. 31, 1816.

GEORGE ASHLEY, Jordan Ashley, Reubin Arthur, Moses Baird, Richard Blount, 3. William Blackstockes, Dr. Thomas Briggs, 3. Richard Burd, Hugh Bird, Jehu Bates, John Burous, Michael Burnett, Thomas Brown, Lewis F. Breaker, Esq. John Best, Daniel Buckley, Elisha Cook, Paul James Crane, Abraham Childers, Jordan Choves, James Callahan, Maj. Capers, David Clunton, James Creighton, Doct Robert W. Carter, 2. Rev. Joseph B. Cook, Margaret Clinton, Judith Diggs, 2. Reuben C. Duke, George Drew, William Dixon, 2, William Dishuld, Asa Delozier, Allen Davie, John Doby, Gabriel Dessausure, Daniel Dunnagan, 2. Robert Donaldson, Samuel Dixon, Wm Drakeford, Col. J. Darrington, Thomas English, 2. John Fleming, Saml. Fields, Sherwood Fouk, 2. M. H. Goodwin, Danl. Gaskin, John Hughes, Stephen Hackney, John Horton, Wm. Harrison, Reuben Harrison, Daniel Harrison, Miles Hussey, Charles Hunter, Mr. Huntington, Martha Hughson, Stark Hunter, John Havis, Hcwell Horton, John Herbert, Sarah Horton, John Jones, Andrew Johnson, Darling Jones, 3. Robert James, Mrs. Jones, Henry Jarret, James Joy, 2. William Kirklin, Esq. Charles Lynch, Wm. Lenoir, Charles Love, Mathew Lyle, Dr. Wm. Langley, James Logan, Daniel Loring, Samuel Lauhorn, Charles M'Kenzie, Solomon Macontire, John Mayrant, Patrick M'Guire, Wm. M'Gill, Nathan Maples, Worshipful Master of Lodge No. 73. A. Y. M. Rosana Masingale, 2. Burgess Moor, Jn. Melone, James Martin, Mathew M'Graw, Stephen Nixon, Wm. Nettlea, James Navy, Capt. Wm. Nettles, Jeremiah Oatis, James A. Oliver, Wm. Pitman, Peggy Parks, John Peeples, John Parks, Wm. Peeples Joseph Parsons, Jockey Perry, Jonathan Payne, Thomas J. Polk, Mary M. Peeples, Anthony Turley, Catharine Rodes, Mary Rolin, Daniel Rose, Wm. Roberson, Charles Richardson, Mary Robison, James Roch, John J. H. Stark, Francis Steel, James S. Smith, Stephen Self, John Smith, Jeremiah Smith, James Stephens, Elijah Sill, Augustus Slaughter, Rev. S. Timmons, Absolum Wells, Laurence Williams, Daniel Walden, 2. Jones Williford, Robert Walsh, John Wells, Edward Watson, Solomon Williams, Jane Webb, John Wilkinson, Samuel Williams, John Walker, John S. Willett, M. Wilkinson, Mr. Williamson.

ISAAC SMITH, P. M.

FRESH GOODS.

Just arrived from Boston, and for Sale by ENOS WILLIAMS, At E. Cureton's Store, on Broad-street, opposite the Post-Office.

A General assortment of **DRY GOODS** suitable for the town and country—as they were lately purchased, they will be sold on good terms for cash or produce.—Among the assortment a.c.

One box of American Goods, assorted, with Plaids, Stripes and Shirtings, which will be sold low by the piece or larger quantity.

A few boxes of fine Straw Bonnets assorted. A large assortment of SHOES of all descriptions by the dozen or larger quantity. Crockery assorted, and Stone Ware, consisting of Jugs, Jars, &c. A few kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes. A few casks Yellow Paint. A few boxes Chocolate.

—ALSO—

A few Barrels Cranberries, which will be sold low by the barrel—together with many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

Merchants who wish to purchase to sell again may find it to their advantage to call.

January 2, 1817. 40

TO LET,

THE upper part of the House occupied by Messrs LEE & DELEON, Merchants. There is every necessary out-building and a good garden attached to the same—To be rented by the year. Enquire of

L. CIPLES, or

J. BOYKIN,

January 1, 1817. 40t

A TEACHER WANTED FOR THE WOODVILLE ACADEMY,

NEAR STATEBURG.

TO one who is capable of teaching the English, Latin and Greek Languages, grammatically, liberal encouragement will be given.—Recommendations as to morality and fair character will be required. Application to be made to either of the Subscribers, at Stateburg S. C.

THOMAS BAKER, W. R. THEUS.

December 30, 1816.

N. B. As this Academy, is intended to be liberal and permanent, good Boarding will be furnished, on fair terms, in the neighbourhood, which is as pleasant and healthy as any in the State.



EAGLE TAVERN.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from the house next door to Col. Nixon's, to the Brick house, lately occupied by Mr. Doby, where he continues to keep a

HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT.

He is truly grateful for the liberal patronage he has received in the public line, and assures those who may still favor him with their company, that no exertions shall be wanting to render his accommodations satisfactory. His stables are well supplied with provender, and faithful and trusty Hostlers, and he engages that all horses put under his care shall be particularly attended to.

JOHN HAVIS.

Camden, January 1, 1817.

Public Notice,

IS Hereby Given, that an Election will be held, on the second Monday in January next, and the day following the same, for a Sheriff, for the District of Kershaw, at the following places, viz:

At the Court House in Camden, Managers JAMES BROWN, JOHN DOBY,

At John Zell's on Flat Rock. DAVID FLETCHER, DAVID MILLER,

At Garlic's Store Liberty Hill. WILLIAM STOVER, JOSEPH PATTERSON,

At Wm. Martin's 25 Mile Creek. WILLIAM BLANFON, JOSHUA ENGLISH,

At J. Lissenby's junr. Lynchies Creek. CHARLES EVANS, LOVICK YOUNG,

The Managers to meet at the Court-House in Camden, on the Thursday following, to count the votes and declare the Election.

Camden, Dec. 28, 1816.

NOTICE.

I Do hereby forwarn all persons from trading for a certain note of hand given by PRESLER, O'NEAL, deceased, to Samuel M'Culloch, amount not recollected, dated the 15th day of February 1816—the note being given on conditions for certain performances, and failing to perform.

JOSHUA WATSON, Executor,

January 1, 1817. 40-2