

the different Districts in this State, and Counties in North Carolina and Georgia, who are friendly to the enterprise, to meet us in Convention, on a day certain for consultation, with a view to harmonious and united action; and third, covering sundry details designed to carry out the views expected, and contribute as far as may be, to the consummation of the desired object.

1. *Resolved*, That we regard the project of connecting Charleston with the mountain region of this State by railroad as entirely practicable, and as of the utmost importance to our whole people, pecuniarily, socially and politically.

2. *Resolved*, That we look forward with delight and fixed confidence, to the ultimate accomplishment of this great work, and that we will contribute to the success of the enterprise, by every means in our power, consistent with a due regard to our individual interests.

3. *Resolved*, That we recommend to our fellow citizens of this District, to subscribe to the capital stock of said Road, with characteristic liberality, believing that the investment will at least be safe if not profitable, and productive of advantages to us as a people, that are not to be estimated by dollars and cents.

4. *Resolved*, That we approve of the action of the Greenville Convention, fixing Newberry village as a point upon the road, and that Greenville Court House is the only natural and proper point for the principle upper termini.

5. *Resolved*, As the deliberate judgment of this meeting, that in advancing from Newberry to the interior with said road, it is expedient to diverge partially to the left, running through a portion of Laurens, Abbeville and Anderson, to Greenville; for the following among many other reasons: The character of the country through which it would pass, offers more inducements—it would accommodate a much larger number of the people of this State, Georgia and N. Carolina, with commercial facilities—it would increase very materially the number of passengers and amount of transportation, rendering the stock of more value.

6. *Resolved*, That we recommend the friends of the contemplated rail road, to assemble at Anderson Court House, on the third Monday in November next, for a full, free and mutual interchange of opinion in reference thereto, and to devise, as far as may be, ways and means to insure its success.

7. *Resolved*, That our fellow citizens of Laurens, Newberry, Abbeville, Pickens, Greenville, and other Districts in this State, and such Counties in North Carolina and Georgia, as are friendly to the proposed work, be requested to meet us by their delegates on that occasion.

The Preamble and Resolutions were read by the Chairman, J. L. Orr, and enforced by him in a few practical remarks; after which they were advocated by J. P. Reed in an eloquent and forcible speech, in which he demonstrated the practicability of accomplishing the enterprise—the certain profits it would yield to the stockholders, and the great advantages resulting to them entire community, in a social, moral and political point of view.

The Preamble and each of the Resolutions were then put to the meeting separately, and unanimously adopted.

FEARFUL RAVAGES OF THE CHOLERA IN INDIA.—The ravages of the cholera at Kuraches had been most disastrous. Between the 14th and 23rd of June, about 8000 human beings were cut off, including 850 Europeans, of whom 815 were fighting men. Besides this, 595 Sepoys, and it is believed about 7000 native camp-followers, and inhabitants of the town, have died. The disease commenced its destructive course on Sunday, the 14th when the weather was unusually stagnant and oppressive. The Bombay Times says:

"Before midnight nine of the eighty-six were at rest: and men began to be borne into hospital in such numbers that it was difficult to make arrangements for their reception. It was a fearful night. With morning came the tidings that the pestilence was overspreading the town, and fifty had in twenty-four hours fallen victims. The Eighty-sixth were the earliest sufferers. They and her Majesty's Sixtieth, had for six months been in tents close to each other; the day after the disease appeared, they were marched out for change of air, and encamped by the seashore near Clifton. The Rifles were next attacked; then the Fusiliers; the Artillery and Native Infantry began to suffer after

this. For five fearful days did the destroyer lay his hand most heavily upon them; and in this time more than a thousand men were carried to their graves! The pestilence now began to abate—it had done its worst, and seemed about to withdraw; within less than a fortnight 900 Europeans, including 815 fighting men were carried away; 600 Native soldiers, and 7000 of the camp followers and inhabitants of the town, had been hurried into eternity. The conduct of the Governor, [Sir Charles Napier,] is stated to have been beyond all praise; anxiety for the sick conferring an alacrity on limbs that the hand of time might have stiffened. Only two officers had died. So sudden was death with some, that they were seized, cramp collapsed, dead, almost as fast as I have written the words. Previous health and strength were no guarantees; men attending the burial of their comrades were attacked, borne to the hospital and buried themselves the next morning. Pits were dug in the church yard morning and evening; sewn up in their beddings, coffinless they were laid side by side, one service read over all. Public works were suspended during 15th and 16th. Medicine seemed powerless; nothing that medical science could suggest took effect—they, were, in fact, dealing with corpses. It was not until the third day that medicine assumed any sway; since it has done so, I should say two-thirds of the cases have been saved.

The New Orleans Delta says:—The government seems now to be actuated by an energy of action, which contrasts favorably with its previously tardy course, and gives promise of results more auspicious. On the 30th ult., a bearer of despatches for Commodore Conner arrives from Washington at Pensacola; and, on the same evening, he is speeding his way in the steamship Mississippi across the Gulf. On the same day, a bearer of despatches for General Taylor arrives in this city, and on Thursday he is placed on board the steamship Galveston, which starts her steam for Brazos St Jago, although her previous destination was Galveston. These are the circumstances on which we have based the opinion expressed above, and we think there is no mistaking their meaning. The impregnable properties of San Juan de Ulloa, or we much misinterpret the signs of the times, are shortly to be tasted.

The most startling event in European politics, by the mail of 19th September, is the appearance again of Don Carlos, to claim the throne of Spain, and the probable reorganization of his party, backed beyond doubt by England, if Louis Philippe persists in the marriage of the Duke de Montpensier, his son, with the Infanta of Spain. This marriage, the cabinets of Europe apprehend, would so strengthen the power and influence of France, as to render their opposition at this time indispensable to the future peace of Europe. The appearance of Don Carlos will either break off the match or a new revolution will be got up in Spain, the result of which cannot be foreseen.

New York Sun.

The amount of receipts at the N. York Custom House last week was \$1,548,651, of which \$141,000 were in treasury notes.

A very ingenious cannon has been recently exhibited in Montreal, invented by a French Canadian gentleman named Trochelle. It sponges, loads and discharges itself, and can be made to fire about sixty shot per minute. The model shown was worked by a small crank by the hand.

ESTIMATED COTTON CROP.—A writer in the Natchez Courier estimates the cotton crop of the present year at 1,650,000 bales, and he says that many well informed persons put it as low as 1,500,000.

We see it stated in an exchange that Isaac Franklin, who began life as a boatman, died recently at his residence in Summer county, Tennessee, leaving an immense estate, the most of which he bequeathed to a seminary to be built on his own plantation in that county. The property so bequeathed is estimated at \$600,000.

The bloody murrain has assumed an epidemic form at Little Rock, Arkansas, and is carrying off large numbers of neat cattle.

The workmen employed by the English master bakers are busy from 18 to 20 hours a day. As soon as one of them is married he is usually discharged: his employer fearing from the smallness of his wages, that he will steal bread to support his family.

The Rev. Mr. Jamieson, who was for ten years a Missionary in Thibet, preached in Dr. Swift's Church, Alleghany, lately. Mr. J. states that the art of printing has been practised in Thibet for 3000 years. They can only print 3000 copies a day, however, from each form—so that if they were ahead of us in type, we are far ahead of them in press-work.

Since Mr. Polk vetoed the River and Harbor Bill, the Western papers have called the snags in the rivers "Polk Stalks."

A correspondent of the Baltimore Patriot says:—"A Locofoco Judge of the U. S. District Court in one of the Southern States informs me that Santa Anna has fooled Mr. Polk, and says that he would have fooled him to the tune of a couple of millions more if Congress had granted the money Mr. Polk asked for."

DIAMONDS AND PLATINA.—At one of the late meetings of the association of geologists in New York, Dr. Jackson read a letter from Baron Humboldt, in which the writer stated that from the similarity of the gold regions of the United States to those of the Moral mountains, he was convinced there must be diamonds and platina in the former as well as in the latter. The chairman concluded by moving that committees be appointed to investigate the matter, and report the result of their researches to the next meeting.

NEW AND VALUABLE DISCOVERY.—Catch a rat in a wire trap, keep him until night. Then procure a preparation of phosphorus in oil. Apply it all over the rat, except his head, and turn him loose into his hole. Such scampering and getting out of the house as occurs, as his phosphore-scent majesty pursues his alarmed friends whom he is anxious to overtake, afford certainly a security against the return of the depreicators for a long season.

The Augusta Constitutionalist of 4th inst. says—We understand that a Company is formed, with a capital of seventy five thousand dollars, for the purpose of going into the business of manufacturing coarse cottons.

We hope in a few weeks to announce the completion of the Canal, and that several other companies are organized for manufacturing purposes. There is no doubt that a number of Merchant Mills will be erected for the manufacture of flour. Augusta is destined to be a great mart for this article, and must, in a few years, export a large amount to distant markets.

PERPETUAL MOTION.—Under all kinds of difficulties and disappointments, attempts to discover perpetual motion are still made. There is a machine on exhibition at the Hartford fair, in which a wheel revolves by the expansion and contraction of a fluid. Oil is used, or quicksilver would answer. The proprietor says that a clock was attached to one of these machines two years ago, and it has kept it wound up, and it runs and keeps time. It is the invention of Col. Boon, of Ohio, who spent a life and fortune upon it.

MARRIED, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. D. M. Turner, Mr. B. P. HUGHES to Mrs. JANE C. DUNN, all of this District.

DIED, at her residence, in this District, on the 4th inst., Mrs. MARY DONNARD, wife of John Donnald, in the 61st year of her age. She has left a disconsolate husband and eleven children, a numerous train of grandchildren and other relatives to mourn their irreparable loss; but they "sorrow not as those who have hope," being persuaded that their loss is her gain.

Early in life, she became a convert to the Presbyterian faith, under the preaching of the Rev. Robert Wilson, then Pastor of Upper Long Cane Church, and was a regular and consistent member of Greenville Church, under the Pastoral care of Rev. Hugh Dickson, for 41 years. Her remains are deposited at the latter place, and we trust her spirit has ascended to the bosom of her God.

DIED, at the residence of William Jolly, in Pickens District, on the 2nd ult. Mrs. SARAH J. BRANYAN, consort of the late Thomas Branyan, of Abbeville District, aged 63 years.

DIED, at his residence in Abbeville District, on the 24th ult., THOMAS BRANYAN, in the 68th year of his age, after a short and severe attack of bilious fever. Mr. and Mrs. Branyan supported the characters of affectionate parents and kind neighbors. Called to their exit in a few days of each other, they seemed indeed to be "one flesh," and the affliction is doubly severe to their family of eight children and a large circle of friends. "All that live must die, passing through nature to eternity."

DIED, at Alligator C. H., Columbia co., East Fla., Mr. JOHN RASOR, in the 47th year of his age. He was a citizen of this District, and has left a wife and six children, an aged father, one brother and three sisters, and many other relations and friends to mourn their irreparable loss; but they mourn not as those who have no hope. He was a member of the Baptist Church for the last 14 or 15 years. Those seven gentlemen who were travelling with him, together with those kind friends about Alligator, are entitled to, and are hereby tendered, the most sincere thanks of his relations, for the very kind manner in which they treated him during his illness.

DIED, on the 19th of August, at the residence of John A. Speer, in this District, Miss FERIL T. PASCHALL, of Lafayette co., Miss., eldest daughter of Leah and Samuel Paschall, in the 18th year of her age. She had been a member of the M. E. Church for three years. Her confinement was short and her suffering great, but she endured them all with patience and fortitude which Divine grace alone could impart. She considered them as laid upon her in mercy by her Heavenly Father, and light when compared with her deserts and the heavenly glory for which they were designed to prepare her. She is now released, and faith would rejoice that she has exchanged the chamber of suffering for the mansion of eternal joy and the communion of the blessed society above. O that her parents, whose welfare concerned her so much, for whose salvation she would even have been willing to remain and suffer here, had it been the will of God. May we imitate her faith and piety and share with her the blessedness of Heaven.

A FRIEND.

Highly Important to one Concerned!

Whereas, many of my Medical and some of my Miscellaneous Books, are scattered through the land, some with, and some without, my consent: And Whereas, many of the Instruments belonging to my shop, or to the bed room of the sick, have been missing, some for many years; therefore I do most earnestly invite all persons having possession of any article loaned them by me, or any article belonging to me, to return them to my shop at their earliest convenience.

And, while I am "putting my name in the paper," I will just observe that I have a large amount of MONEY to raise this fall. Those persons, who for many years, have been in the habit of coming to me in the spring and saying "Doctor, I sold my cotton for but little, and had to buy my groceries out of the money, and then, when I had paid my merchant and my blacksmith, I had nothing left to pay you"—may hereby understand, that this excuse shall be taken no longer.

Why not reverse the order of things, and pay me this fall out of the first sales of cotton; especially, as I earn my money by toiling for your comfort and life, with a pained head and distressed mind, through sleepless nights, while your merchant and blacksmith are enjoying sleep? I MUST, I WILL HAVE MONEY.

FRANKLIN BRANCH.

Oct 14 33 tf

NOTICE

Is hereby given to those concerned, that the citizens of Due West Corner, will apply for an Act of Incorporation at the next session of the Legislature.

May 15, 1846 11 29

New Fall and Winter Goods!

JOHN McILWAIN

Has just received a large supply of FALL and WINTER GOODS, which he offers at reasonable terms to those wishing to purchase. His stock has been laid in with great care and embraces every variety of the most Fashionable Goods brought to the country. His lot of

FANCY GOODS,

are particularly fine and extensive, finer perhaps than have ever been brought to this market.

The public are invited to give him a call and examine for themselves.

Oct 14

33 tf

PLANTERS' HOTEL,

ABBEVILLE C. H.



The subscriber announces to his friends and the public, that he has opened the above named Hotel, for the purpose of keeping public entertainment. His house will be furnished with every thing necessary for the comfort and convenience of regular or transient boarders at a moderate rate. Excellent and obliging ostlers and servants will be in attendance. Stables will be filled with provender, &c &c. He hopes by strict attention to business, to merit and secure a share of the public patronage.

M. D. ROCHE.

Oct 14

33 tf

Abbeville Sheriff Sales.

NOVEMBER.

By virtue of sundry Writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be sold, at Abbeville Court House, on the first Monday in November next, the following property:—

200 Acres of Land, more or less, bounded by Edward Collins and others, levied on as the property of Nathan Brown ads Jchu Mouchat.

114 Acres of Land, more or less, bounded by Jas Lindsay and others, levied on as the property of Joseph Sharp ads Lindsay & Sharp.

At Greenwood, on Tuesday the 3rd November next, three tables, one shop board, two pairs one water stand, two jars, one chest, one safe, four chairs, one coffee mill, one lot books, and one barrel and soap, levied on as the property of Willis B Cason ads E R Calhoun.

At the residence of Thomas Glasgow, on Tuesday the 3d November next, one clock, levied on as the property of James Bradford ads James Glasgow.

Terms cash. J. RAMEY, Sheriff.

October 14, 1846

Greenwood Association Schools. Three TEACHERS are wanted to take charge of the above schools the ensuing year; one for the Classical and two for the Female School, capable of conducting the literary and musical departments.

Applications will be received until the first of November next.

JOHN LOGAN,
SAML. TROWBRIDGE,
E. R. CALHOUN,

Oct 7

32 3t

Land for Sale.

Will be sold, at private sale, a tract of LAND situate on the road leading from Anderson C. H. to Vienna, four miles from Vienna, containing 310 acres, 60 of which are open. Upon the tract is a good DWELLING HOUSE and out houses. If the above is not sold at private sale before sale day in November, I will then offer it at public outcry. Terms, one half will be required in cash, the balance on a credit of one and two years with security and interest from date.

Oct 7 32 4t

B. T. SAXON.

NOTICE.

I have 10 or 12 good FIELD HANDS, male and female, which will be hired for the ensuing year at reasonable rates. Persons wishing to hire will do well to call upon John Hearst, sen'r, of this District, who is fully authorised to contract for me in relation to the same.

Persons indebted to me by Note or Account, will find them in the hands of Perrin & McGowen for collection.

Oct 7 32 8t

M. W. GRACY.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to Thos. R. Cochran and R. W. Hadden by Note or Book Account are requested to call at the Court House, in the back room of Mr John McIlwain's store Tuesday and Wednesday of October Court and satisfy the demands.

D. O. HAWTHORN.

Also, all persons indebted to Thos. Robinson by Note or Book Account are requested to meet at the same place and time above mentioned for the same purpose.

sept 30

THOMAS ROBINSON. 31 3t

Land for Sale.

A tract of land for sale one mile and a half of Cokesbury, containing 250 acres. Terms very reasonable. Apply to F. A. CONNOR or JOEL SMITH.

Sept. 8, 1846.

28 tf

NOTICE.

WHITLOCK, SULLIVAN & WALLER, having placed all their NOTES and ACCOUNTS in our hands for collection, with special instructions, those indebted by Note or Book Account, would do well to call and make payment as soon as convenient. Payment is not to be made to either of the partners, but alone to us.

July 22, 1846

21 tf